Eleventh Day of the Fifth Session of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly

ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Friday, the 12th April, 1957

The House met at Three of the Clock

[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

Questions and Answers

(See Part I)

Panel of Chairmen

Mr. Speaker: Under Rule 9 of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules, I nominate the following members as Panel of Chairmen:

2. Sri Gadiraju Jagannadha Raju.
4. Srimati Arutla Kamala Devi.

On a point of information (ప్రపంచాని) — On a point of information ద్వారా ప్యాంచ్ ప్రశ్నలు 16 తేదీ సంవత్సరానికి సాంస్కృతికం. 105 సంఖ్య లేదు జ్ఞానాన్ని ప్రశ్నలయిక స్థానం. భారతీయ రాజకీయ సమావేశ ప్రశ్నలు అందాలం. నేతృత్వ సంవత్సరం.
Mr. Speaker:—Under rule 87 of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules, I nominate the following members to be the members of the Business Advisory Committee.

2. „ P. Ranga Reddi, Government Chief Whip.
3. „ P. Sundarayya, Leader of Communist Party.
4. „ R.B. Ramakrishna Raju, Leader of the Nationalist Party.
5. „ B. Rathnasabhapathi, Leader of the Socialist Party.
The Chief Minister (Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi):—May I know, Sir, when you have appointed Mr. P. Ranga Reddi as Government Chief Whip? He was never appointed as Government Chief Whip till now. And I am surprised to hear it. I do not know who appointed him.

Government Party Whip — Chief Whip of a party that is in power. Ranga Reddi was never appointed as Chief Whip. Moreover, I am surprised to hear that he was never appointed as Government Chief Whip. I do not know who appointed him.

12th April, 1957.

**House Committee**

*Mr. Speaker* :—Under Rule 202 of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly Rules, I nominate the following members to be the members of the House Committee for the financial year, 1957-58 :—

1. The Deputy Speaker (Ex-officio Chairman).
3. " Dawar Hussain.
4. Srimati C. Ammanna Raja
5. Srimati Arutla Kamala Devi.
7. " P. Sundarayya.
11. " V. Kurmayya.
15. " A. C. Subba Reddi.
Constitution of the Committee on Public Accounts

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg to move:

"That with reference to rule 165 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Andhra Legislative Assembly made under clause (1) of Art. 208 of the Constitution of India, this Assembly do proceed on a date to be fixed by the Speaker to elect fourteen members, to be members of the Committee on Public Accounts for the financial year 1957-58."

[The hon. Member Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya was seen standing].

Mr. Speaker:—Will the hon. Member resume his seat?

When the Speaker is on his legs, no member should rise in his seat.

(Pause)

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

"That with reference to rule 165 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Andhra Legislative Assembly made under clause (1) of Art. 208 of the Constitution of India, this Assembly do proceed on a date to be fixed by the Speaker to elect fourteen members, to be members
of the Committee on Public Accounts for the financial year 1957-58.”

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker:—In accordance with the regulations made by me for the conduct of election according to the principle of proportional representation by means of single transferable vote, I fix 3 p.m. on 16th April, 1957 as the date on or before which notice of nominations for election to the Committee on Public Accounts should reach the Secretary.

If the number of candidates nominated exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled namely, fourteen, there will be an election, the date and time of which will be intimated later.
Constitution of the Committee on Public Accounts.

12th April, 1957.

The Committee met at 9 a.m. and sat in public.

It was placed for consideration that the Committee:

It is placed for consideration.
Constitution of the Committee on Estimates.

*Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi* :—I beg to move :

"That with reference to rule 185 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Andhra Legislative Assembly made under Clause (1) of Article 208 of the Constitution of India, this Assembly do proceed on a date to be
fixed by the Speaker to elect fourteen members, to be members of the Committee on Estimates for the financial year 1957-58”.

Mr. Speaker :- The question is:

“ That with reference to rule 185 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Andhra Legislative Assembly made under Clause (1) of Article 208 of the Constitution of India, this Assembly do proceed on a date to be fixed by the Speaker to elect fourteen members, to be members of the Committee on Estimates for the financial year 1957-58 ”.

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker :- In accordance with the regulations made by me for the conduct of election according to the principle of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote, I fix 3 p.m. on 16th April, 1957, as the date on or before which notice of nominations for election to the Committee on Estimates should reach the Secretary.

If the number of candidates nominated exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled namely fourteen there will be an election, the date and time of which will be intimated later.

Constitution of the Committee on Privileges

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi :- I beg to move :

“ That with reference to rule 172 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Andhra Legislative Assembly made under Clause (1) of Article 208 of the Constitution of India, this Assembly do proceed on a date to be fixed by the Speaker to elect ten members to be members of the Committee on Privileges for the financial year 1957-58 ”

Mr. Speaker : The question is:

“ That with reference to rule 172 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Andhra Legislative Assembly made under Clause (1) of Article 208 of the Constitution of India, this Assembly do proceed on a date to be fixed by the Speaker to elect ten members, to be members of the Committee on Privileges for the financial year 1957-58 ”.

The motion was adopted.

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Mr. Speaker:—In accordance with the regulations made by me for the conduct of elections according to the principle of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote, I fix 3 p.m. on 15th April, 1957, as the date on or before which notice of nomination for election to the Committee of Privileges should reach the Secretary.

If the number of candidates nominated exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, namely, ten, there will be an election, the date and time of which will be intimated later.

Papers laid on the Table of the House

Amendment to the Andhra Public Service Commission Regulations.

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—I beg to lay on the Table of the House, a copy of Notification issued with G.O.No. 121, General Administration (Services-A), dated 8-12-1956 making an amendment to the Andhra Public Service Commission Regulations in accordance with clause (5) of Article 320 of the Constitution.

Rules for the conduct of elections of Municipal Councillors

Sri K. Brahmananda Reddy:—I beg to lay on the Table of the House, under sub-rule (4) of Rule 85 of the Rules for the conduct of elections of Municipal Councillors, a copy of G.O. (Ms.) No. 401 L.A, dated 12-3-1957.

Rules for the Conduct of Elections of Municipal Councillors.


Message from the Governor

Mr. Speaker:—I have to announce to the House that the following message dated the 9th April 1957 has been received from the Governor of Andhra Pradesh:

"In pursuance of Clause (8) of Article 207 of the Constitution of India, I, C. M. Trivedi, Governor of Andhra Pradesh
hereby recommend to the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly the consideration of the Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957".

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...
The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957.

Sri V. B. Raju: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957, and move that the Bill be taken into consideration at once.

The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957.

...
The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957
12th April, 1957.

(1) Miner’s licence, (2) Digger’s permit, (3) Proprietor’s certificate, (4) Dealer’s licence

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

"That the Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957, be taken into Consideration at once ".

(Pause )

Mr. Speaker :—The hon. Members, Sri Vavilala Gopala-krishnayya, Sri B. Rathnasabhapathi, Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu and Sri B. Sankaraiah have given notice of amendments to the effect that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee. So, let these hon. Members move that amendment and discuss that.

(End of Speech)
24
12th April, 1957.

The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957.

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§ 3. a. o^:—irregular and fluctuating. 

§ 3. a. o^:—irregular and fluctuating.
I can supply that information to the hon. Member later.

Labourer or employ

financial statement —

Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Bill be referred to a Select Committee"

provisions

Mineral Rules

Clauses

financial implications,
Mr. Speaker: Motion moved. "That the Bill be referred to a Select Committee".

Statement of objects and reasons on "The Practice of smuggling mica from non-Royalty paying area to Royalty paying areas so as to evade the payment of Royalty and other taxes to the Government has been prevalent in the mica mining areas".

12th April, 1957.

The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957.

Non-Royalty paying area

Select Committee

Smuggling

Select Committee

Licence Royalty

Licence and Royalty are appropriate to the control of mica and its products. The term "licence" as used in the licence Royalty Bill is defined as a licence to exploit mica and its products. The term "royalty" is defined as a royalty to be paid by the person or company exploiting mica and its products. The term "licence" refers to the permit granted by the government to the person or company to exploit mica and its products. The term "royalty" refers to the payment made by the person or company to the government for the right to exploit mica and its products.

The licence Royalty Bill provides for the payment of licence Royalty to the government by the person or company exploiting mica and its products. The licence Royalty is calculated on the basis of the amount of mica and its products exploited. The licence Royalty is paid to the government as a form of tax on the exploitation of mica and its products.

The licence Royalty Bill also provides for the renewal of the licence Royalty. The licence Royalty is renewable on a yearly basis. The licence Royalty is renewed by the person or company exploiting mica and its products paying the licence Royalty for the next year.

The licence Royalty Bill also provides for the registration of the licence Royalty. The licence Royalty is registered with the government by the person or company exploiting mica and its products. The registration of the licence Royalty is necessary for the renewal of the licence Royalty.

The licence Royalty Bill also provides for the cancellation of the licence Royalty. The licence Royalty can be cancelled by the government if the person or company exploiting mica and its products fails to pay the licence Royalty or if the person or company exploiting mica and its products engages in activities that are not permitted under the licence Royalty.

The licence Royalty Bill also provides for the enforcement of the licence Royalty. The government has the power to enforce the licence Royalty by taking legal action against the person or company exploiting mica and its products who fail to pay the licence Royalty or who engage in activities that are not permitted under the licence Royalty.

The licence Royalty Bill also provides for the levy of penalties. The government can levy penalties on the person or company exploiting mica and its products who fail to pay the licence Royalty or who engage in activities that are not permitted under the licence Royalty.

The licence Royalty Bill also provides for the exemption of the licence Royalty. The licence Royalty can be exempted from the payment by the person or company exploiting mica and its products if the person or company is unable to pay the licence Royalty or if the person or company is engaged in activities that are not permitted under the licence Royalty.

The licence Royalty Bill also provides for the audit of the licence Royalty. The government has the power to audit the licence Royalty to ensure that the licence Royalty is being paid in accordance with the licence Royalty Bill.
12th April, 1957.

Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957.

The Hon'ble Chief Minister said—Mr. President, Sir, I beg to move that the Select Committee's report on the Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill be accepted. The Bill was passed by the House on 14th March, 1957. The Select Committee's report was received on 21st March, 1957.

The Select Committee's report has been considered by the House and has been approved by the Government. The report states that the Bill is necessary to regulate the mica industry in the State. The Bill seeks to provide for the control of mica mining, processing, and trade in the State. It also seeks to prevent the import of mica into the State.

The Select Committee has recommended that the Bill be passed as it stands. The report has been approved by the Government and has been presented to the House.

The Bill, if passed, will enable the Government to control the mica industry in the State. It will also enable the Government to prevent the import of mica into the State. The Bill is necessary for the proper development of the mica industry in the State.

Select Committee is submitting amendments to the Bill. The amendments refer to clauses of the Bill. The Select Committee refers to the amendments formally move the clause for amendment. The Select Committee refers to the amendments.

Clause 32 of the Bill passes. The Bill passes the House of Assembly. The black market, sales tax, royalties, income-tax, and sales tax are explained. The Select Committee explains the principles of the Bill. The Select Committee is submitting amendments to the Bill.

Income-tax, sales tax, royalties, and income-tax are explained. The Select Committee explains the principles of the Bill. The Select Committee is submitting amendments to the Bill.
Mica mine proprietor 

Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair

The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957

12th April, 1957.

Labour conditions are already in existence according to Labour Minister
Prohibition of, possess and trading in mica without licence, proprietors certificate or digger's permit.

Nothing in sub-section (1) shall apply to:

(a) The possession, sale or purchase of manufactured mica.

Proprietor's certificate of royalties. The proprietor shall pay royalty to the Government in the following manner: 100, 200, 300 per 1000 tons. Mining royalty is paid at the following rates: 80 per 1000 tons.
84 I2%A ,4jpf M, 1957. TA^ ^MdAra Fm&^A M^ B^H, 1957

Royalty in mines. Royalty is payable to the State in the minimum of 3 rupees every month per ha. minimum 3 rupees every month per ha.

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The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957  
12th April, 1957.

... propose a Sales Tax Bill and amendment accounts. No objection was raised to the amendment as trivial.

The Select Committee is empowered to pass simple bills verbally.

P-II—4

...

The Bill sought to control the black market in mica by setting licence fees and penalties for unauthorized trade. The black market was seen as detrimental to the economy, with licence fees acting as a deterrent.

Licence fees were set at 500 for 500, 1000 for 1000, and 1500 for 1500. The black market was deemed detrimental to the business point of view, with the licence fees acting as a deterrent.

The government sought to control the black market in mica by setting licence fees and penalties for unauthorized trade. The black market was seen as detrimental to the economy, with licence fees acting as a deterrent.
12th April, 1957.

The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957.

...
Scope of the Bill


In the Parliament of the United Provinces of Eastern and Western Ghats, of which the Governor is by the virtue of this Bill, was requested to consider the Bill.

The Select Committee upon the Bill, 6th of April, 1957, reported that the Bill be passed with the following amendments.

1. Licence.


3. Rules.


5. Government of India.

6. Unbalanced Budget.

7. State trading.

8. Smuggle.


12th April, 1957.

The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957.

As stated in the preamble of the Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957, the Bill seeks to provide for the regulation of mica trade, to secure the effective enforcement of antitrust laws, and to provide for the maintenance of a fair and just trade in mica.

The Bill is constituted of 9 sections, namely:

1. The Act.
2. Repeals and modifications in existing laws.
3. Transitory provisions.
4. Additional provisions.
5. Clerical and minor corrections.
7. Repeal.
9. Transition.

The Bill aims to provide for the prevention of anti-competitive practices, the maintenance of fair trade practices, and the promotion of the public interest in the mica trade.

The provisions of the Bill are designed to ensure that the trade in mica is conducted in an open, fair, and transparent manner, and that anti-competitive practices are not allowed to impede the growth of the trade.

The Bill also provides for the appointment of a Mica Trade Officer, who shall be responsible for the enforcement of the provisions of the Act and for the maintenance of a fair and just trade in mica.

The provisions of the Bill are expected to provide a significant boost to the mica trade, and to ensure that the benefits of the trade are shared fairly by all those involved in the trade.
The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957.  
12th April, 1957.

Mr. Chairman—Colonel Sir Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose.

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The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957.

12th April, 1957.

Ag. mark  signify quality control and quality marking system. In the Select Committee's report, it is mentioned that the policy of marking mica was to ensure that only mica of adequate quality was supplied to consumers. The Select Committee noted that the policy was aimed at ensuring that mica of satisfactory quality was passed on to the consumer. This resulted in better quality control and quality marking system.

[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

Sir, I have a notice on the Order Paper:—move notice in order to move a supplementary amendment. I第二 move notice in order to move a supplementary amendment. 32.

Sir, the Bill contains certain provisions which are not clear. I propose to move an amendment to provide for a clear and definite meaning of the terms 'State trading' and 'State control'. I second the amendment of the Hon. Member opposite. The amendment proposes to insert a new definition of 'State trading' and 'State control'. The amendment is necessary to ensure that the provisions of the Bill are properly understood. The amendment will clarify the intentions of the Bill and prevent any ambiguity in its interpretation.
The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957.

12th April, 1957.

Socialistic planning 11. mica mining as an industry, licensing & black marketing mica mining rules & motor transport rules and regulations. Licensing rules as the licensing of mica mining is an industry in which black marketing is uneconomical. Licensing rules as the mining lease as the mining lease is given. Licensing rules as the mining lease is given.
The Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957.  12th April, 1957.  45

To the State Assembly of the Government of Andhra Pradesh

SCHEDULED MINERALS

Scheduled minerals  are  those  minerals  which  are  specified  in  the  Act  and which the Government has declared to be in the public interest. The Scheduled minerals include coal, crude mica, and royalty. Lease of coal is regulated by the Scheduled minerals Act, 1957. Royalty is payable on the production of coal. The rules governing the lease of coal and the payment of royalty are contained in the mining rules. The lease is for a period of 5 years, and the royalty is payable at a rate of 1% of the value of the coal produced. The maximum royalty payable is 8% of the value of the coal produced.

Lease for the production of crude mica is regulated by the Scheduled minerals Act, 1957. The lease is for a period of 5 years, and the royalty is payable at a rate of 1% of the value of the crude mica produced. The maximum royalty payable is 8% of the value of the crude mica produced.

Mining Concessions Rules

The Mining Concessions Rules are contained in a separate schedule to the Bill. These rules govern the granting of mining concessions and the payment of royalty. The rules provide for the establishment of a Mining Concessions Court to determine disputes arising out of the grant of mining concessions.

Welfare activity of the State Trading Corporation

The State Trading Corporation is engaged in the welfare activities of the State. The Corporation is responsible for the distribution of essential commodities at subsidized prices. The Corporation also provides loans to small-scale industries and carries out various welfare activities.

The Select Committee report on the Bill

The Select Committee has recommended amendments to improve the Bill. The Committee has recommended that the Bill be improved in certain respects.

Experts

The Bill is to be considered by the Experts Committee.

Acts

The Bill is to be considered by the Acts Committee.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

“That the Bill be referred to a Select Committee.”

The motion was negatived.

The question is:

“That the Andhra Pradesh Mica Bill, 1957, be taken into consideration at once.”

The motion was adopted.

Sri V. B. Raju: What is the limit for sending the amendments? Upto what date and what hour the office will accept the amendments?

The House then adjourned till Half Past Two of the Clock on Saturday, the 13th April, 1957.