Calling attention to matters of urgent Public Importance re: Pataskar's Report ... 918-919

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Message from the Governor Re:—
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill 1957 ... 919– 920

The Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill 1957 ... 902–1002
—Passed

NOTE: *At the commencement of the speech denotes confirmation from the Member not received in time.
ANDHRA PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

(SEE PART I)

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTERS OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE RE: PATASKAR REPORT

A news item appeared in the Indian Express dated July 27, 1957, as the gist of the Pataskar Report stating that Tiruthani taluk was given to Madras and the claim of Hosur and Vepanapalli firkas in Madras State by Andhra was ignored.
R. Krishna: Rama, Nimanana ramana mana?

T. Amin: Maharamama.

**BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE**

The Chief Minister (Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi): I have absolutely no information about this except what I read in the Press. The particular news is not published in all the papers but only in one or two newspapers which I think is more a speculation than anything else. We have not heard from the Government of India nor has Mr. Pataskar sent us anything.

**BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE**

The Chief Minister: "Let school madam 2nd telegram madam. Let school madam. Let school madam. I have received the telegram yesterday. The Government of India has not been informed. The particular news is not published in all the papers but only in one or two newspapers which I think is more a speculation than anything else. We have not heard from the Government of India nor has Mr. Pataskar sent us anything.

**BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE**

The Chief Minister: Adjournment Motion ever, bina, mana o. Adjournment Motion bina legal o. House 6th alteration 2nd amendment.

The Chief Minister: Amendment 2nd alteration 2nd amendment. 1st alteration is approved.

The Chief Minister: Amendment 2nd alteration 2nd amendment. 1st alteration is not approved. The House is adjourned.

The Chief Minister: Adjournment Motion vague o. The House is adjourned.

The Chief Minister: Adjournment Motion vague o. The House is adjourned.
MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR RE:
ANDHRA PRADESH APPROPRIATION (No. 2) BILL, 1957.

Mr. Speaker: I am to announce the following message dated 28th July, 1957 received from the Governor of Andhra Pradesh:

"In pursuance of clause (1) of Article 207 of the Constitution of India, I, Chandulal Madhavlal Trivedi, Governor of Andhra Pradesh, hereby give my recommendation to the introduction in the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly of the Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957, and in pursuance of clause (3) of the said Article, I also recommend to that Assembly the consideration of the said Bill.

THE ANDHRA PRADESH APPROPRIATION (No. 2) BILL, 1957

*The Minister for Finance (Dr. B. Gopala Reddi): Sir, I beg to introduce the Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957,* and move that the Bill be taken into consideration at once.

...
Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

The Appropriation Bill was moved. The general discussion was continued. The House passed the Bill without amendments.

Sir. Mr. (Member's name): The Appropriation Bill was moved. The Budget debate was adjourned. Mr. Public Order should move sanction for discussion of the Budget. The aspect of the Budget is discussed. The Bill should be passed in the House. The Member's time has passed. The Bill is passed.

Mr. (Member's name): The Appropriation Bill was moved. The Member opposed the Bill.

Sir. Mr. (Member's name): The debate was adjourned. The Budget Session is adjourned.

Sir. Mr. (Member's name): The 20th Session of the Budget Session was adjourned. The Members should move the adjournment of the Session.

Mr. (Member's name): The Appropriation Bill was moved. The House passed the Bill.

Mr. (Member's name): The Appropriation Bill was moved. The House passed the Bill without amendments.

Sir. Mr. (Member's name): The Appropriation Bill was moved. The House passed the Bill.

Mr. (Member's name): The Appropriation Bill was moved. The House passed the Bill without amendments.

Mr. (Member's name): The Appropriation Bill was moved. The House passed the Bill without amendments.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

30th July 1957

...
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

30th July 1957

The Hon'ble Finance Minister, Central Government of India, while presenting the Finance Bill at the Central Assembly on 22nd of May 1957, had stipulated that the Central Government would further extend to the Andhra Pradesh Government the facility of special trains for the Central Finance Minister and other officers of the Central Government for official business, as and when required.

In pursuance of this provision, the Central Government had conveyed their willingness to the Andhra Government to provide special trains for the Central Finance Minister and other officers of the Central Government. However, it was necessary to get the necessary back-up facilities from the Indian Railways for such special trains.

In order to meet this requirement, the Central Government has been requested to provide accommodation in special trains for the Central Finance Minister and other officers of the Central Government, and the Indian Railways have agreed to provide such special trains on a regular basis.

This arrangement has been made on a temporary basis to facilitate the smooth functioning of the Central Government's operations in Andhra Pradesh. It is expected that this arrangement will continue until such time as the Central Government is able to provide its own special trains for official business.

The Andhra Pradesh Government has thanked the Central Government for this cooperation and will continue to work closely with the Indian Railways to ensure that the needs of the Central Government are met in a timely and efficient manner.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

30th July 1957

...
Art. 14 of the Constitution lays down the fundamental rights. Right to freedom includes—

"All citizens shall have the right—
(a) to freedom of speech and expression;
(b) to assemble peaceably and without arms;
(c) to form associations or, unions;"

... ... ...

All citizens must be considered. The fundamental rights are stated as follows:

(a) freedom of speech and expression;
(b) assembled peaceably and without arms;
(c) to form associations or, unions.

The High Court Judgment was considered. The wording of Art. 14 of the Constitution is as follows:

Art. 14 of the Constitution

All citizens shall have the right—
(a) to freedom of speech and expression;
(b) to assemble peaceably and without arms;
(c) to form associations or, unions;

...

30th July 1957
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957
Art. 19 (1) All citizens shall have the right—

(a) to freedom of speech and expression;
(b) to assemble peaceably and without arms;
(c) to form associations or unions;

Sub-clause (4): Nothing in sub-clause (c) of the said clause shall affect the operation of any existing law in so far as it imposes, or prevent the State from making any law imposing, in the interests of public order or morality, reasonable restrictions on the exercise of the right conferred by the said sub-clause.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

30th July 1957

Introduction:

This bill is introduced to make provisions for the appropriation of certain sums for the public works, maintenance of public utilities and other purposes as may be necessary during the financial year ending on the 31st March, 1957.

The bill provides for the following:

1. Appropriation of Sums for Public Works:
   - The bill authorizes the appropriation of a certain sum for the construction and maintenance of public works.

2. Appropriation of Sums for Public Utilities:
   - The bill provides for the appropriation of a certain sum for the maintenance of public utilities.

3. Appropriation of Sums for Other Purposes:
   - The bill authorizes the appropriation of a certain sum for other purposes as may be necessary.

The purpose of this bill is to ensure the proper functioning of the state's infrastructure and public utilities, ensuring the well-being of the public.
"Objections to English: It is educationally unsound to make a foreign tongue the means of acquiring knowledge. Dr. Hans, Lecturer in Comparative Education in the London University, points out in his recent book the serious drawbacks in adopting a foreign language as a medium of instruction. He says, "before entering school the pupils have acquired a proficiency in their mother tongue, have built up a vocabulary covering most of the objects of sense impressions and their daily activities. At school they have to superimpose on this basis a language of ideas and abstract relations, expressed entirely in a foreign medium. Their minds become split into two water-tight compartments, one for ordinary things and actions expressed in their mother tongue, and another for things connected with school subjects and the world of ideas expressed in a foreign language. As a result they are unable to speak of their home affairs in the school language and about learned subjects in their mother tongue."

Dr. Hans points out the serious drawbacks in adopting a foreign language as a medium of instruction. He argues that before entering school, pupils have acquired a proficiency in their mother tongue, built up a vocabulary covering most of the objects of sense impressions and their daily activities. At school, they have to superimpose on this basis a language of ideas and abstract relations, expressed entirely in a foreign medium. As a result, they are unable to speak of their home affairs in the school language and about learned subjects in their mother tongue.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

929 30th July 1957 Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

అధికారిత వ్యవస్థ విస్తారికి నందిపతి అరుదు నిర్ణయం కేసరి సంతరణ. అది విస్తారికి జైమ్మి మాధ్యమాలలో అఖందితం పడి వచ్చింది. మీద ముఖ్యంగా ప్రముఖుడు మాధ్యమాలలో అఖందితం పడి వచ్చింది. అతను నందిపతి జైమ్మి విస్తారికి నందిపతి తన ఆధ్యాత్మిక పండుగా అంటూ ఉంటాడు. అది అన్ని విశ్వాసదానికి అఖందితం పడి వచ్చింది.

అది అన్ని విశ్వాస పద్ధతి కొనసాగించాడు. అందుకే, అది నందిపతి నుండి నందిపతి సమాధి కేసరి సంతరణ. అందుకే అది నందిపతి నుండి విస్తారికి నందిపతి తన ఆధ్యాత్మిక పండుగా అంటూ ఉంటాడు. అది అన్ని విశ్వాస పద్ధతి కొనసాగించాడు.

ఈ అది అన్ని విశ్వాస పద్ధతి కొనసాగించాడు. అది అన్ని విశ్వాస పద్ధతి కొనసాగించాడు. అది అన్ని విశ్వాస పద్ధతి కొనసాగించాడు.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill 1957
30th July 1957

Sir, I beg to move that the Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957 be now read a Second Time.

This Bill seeks to appropriate Rs. 7,95,00,000 for the year 1957-58, which is substantial. The amount is to be raised by increased taxation. The increased taxation is necessary because of the higher expenditure envisaged for various purposes.

The increased taxation is necessary because of the higher expenditure envisaged for various purposes. The expenditure is for various development schemes and projects. The schemes include irrigation, roads, education, health, and other social services.

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Last but one day the Session was prorogued. In the Session 30th July 1957, a discussion was held on the Appropriation Bill, 1957. The Session was prorogued on 30th July 1957.

The safeguard of the Regional Committee was discussed. The safeguards were discussed. The safeguards were discussed. The safeguards were discussed. The safeguards were discussed.
[Shri Mir Ahmad Ali Khan (Malakpet)]

30th July 1957
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

श्री मिर अहमद अली खान (मलकपेट)

- जनपद के लिए और अपने लिए नोटिस का आयोजन की गई न्यायालय के सम्मेलन में भी आपके वाद नोटिस के अनुसार भेजे।

जनपद के लिए और अपने लिए नोटिस का आयोजन की गई न्यायालय के सम्मेलन में भी आपके वाद नोटिस के अनुसार भेजे।

जनपद के लिए और अपने लिए नोटिस का आयोजन की गई न्यायालय के सम्मेलन में भी आपके वाद नोटिस के अनुसार भेजे।
30th July 1957
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

Hansard and the English version of the Andhra Pradesh Act 57 of 1957

[Text not legible]
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
(No. 2) Bill, 1957

30th July 1957

934

...
935 30th July 1957 Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

The Hon. L. N. Ranganadham, M. L. A. says: That the House be adjourned to Thursday.}

Mr. T. R. Chanda. who is the purchase committee member, supported the proposal. Mr. D. C. Choudhury, member, supported the bill. The Bill was introduced by theChief Minister Mr. T. Prasad, who is the industrial development minister, to introduce Industrial development and sales tax. The minister said that the State has a number of industries and sales tax has been introduced. But the minister said that the industrial development and sales tax have been introduced to encourage the industries. The minister said that the State has a number of industries and sales tax has been introduced. But the minister said that the industrial development and sales tax have been introduced to encourage the industries.

Mr. T. R. Chanda supported the bill. Mr. D. C. Choudhury supported the bill. The minister said that the State has a number of industries and sales tax has been introduced. But the minister said that the industrial development and sales tax have been introduced to encourage the industries. The minister said that the State has a number of industries and sales tax has been introduced. But the minister said that the industrial development and sales tax have been introduced to encourage the industries. The minister said that the State has a number of industries and sales tax has been introduced. But the minister said that the industrial development and sales tax have been introduced to encourage the industries.

Planning

Mr. T. R. Chanda said: That the House be adjourned to Thursday.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

30th July 1957

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Mr. D. Nageswar: Dharmavaram Education Trust was incorporated in January 1957.

Mr. D. Nageswar: N. E. S. Blocks in various areas for N. E. S. programme.

N. E. S. Blocks in various areas for N. E. S. Blocks are selected on the principle of 'selective' and 'no-selective' areas.
937 30th July 1957

Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

సన్న 57 ప్రతియోగికుడు, జాంకేలు, శాసనవేత్తన సంబంధిత పరిస్థితుల మీద అందరికి ప్రతియోగిక సంబంధిత పరిస్థితులను ఆధారంగా అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ అధికారిక పాటు చెప్పారు. ఐ అందరికి ప్రతియోగిక సంబంధిత పరిస్థితులపై అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ అధికారిక పాటు చెప్పారు. ఐ అందరికి ప్రతియోగిక సంబంధిత పరిస్థితులను ఆధారంగా అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ అధికారిక పాటు చెప్పారు. ఐ అందరికి ప్రతియోగిక సంబంధిత పరిస్థితులను ఆధారంగా అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ అధికారిక పాటు చెప్పారు. ఐ అందరికి ప్రతియోగిక సంబంధిత పరిస్థితులు ఆధారంగా అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ అధికారిక పాటు చెప్పారు. ఐ అందరికి ప్రతియోగిక సంబంధిత పరిస్థితులు ఆధారంగా అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ అధికారిక పాటు చెప్పారు. ఐ అందరికి ప్రతియోగిక సంబంధిత పరిస్థితులు ఆధారంగా అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ అధికారిక పాటు చెప్పారు. ఐ అందరికి ప్రతియోగిక సంబంధిత పరిస్థితులు ఆధారంగా అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ అధికారిక పాటు చెప్పారు. ఐ అందరికి ప్రతియోగిక సంబంధిత పరిస్థితులు ఆధారంగా అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ అధికారిక పాటు చెప్పారు.
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Sri M. Rajeswara Rao (Divi - Reserved): Mr. Speaker Sir,
I rise to speak in support of this Bill and in so doing, I would like to make certain suggestions for a smooth carrying on of our administration. It has been my painful duty ever since I became a M.L.A. to complain often that the present-day administration revolving as it were on red-tapism has been snatching away about 50 percent of our revenues like a white ant and has also presented a most difficult paradox viz., while expenditure on services is abnormally high with a corresponding decrease in efficiency, quality and quantum of work turned out, the agitation among the services for their too meagre salaries has been gathering momentum day by day. Under these circumstances, I am not without reason to believe or foresee a contingency when the whole administration together with our development plans may come to a stand-still if the present administrative machinery in its present form is to continue to function. It has therefore been my earnest endeavour to impress upon the Government for an immediate reorganisation of the entire administrative set up. And for this purpose, I think the Government is aware, I have presented a formula based on 5 principles. These principles are: firstly, a change in the procedure so as to eliminate too much duplication in the disposal of files: secondly, redistribution and a redefinition of the functions of Gazetted Officers whereby they undertake to be more realistic and original in their outlook; thirdly, reduction by 50 per cent of the staff, starting with the abolition of certain superfluous institutions like the Board of Revenue etc. fourthly, an increase by 25% of the existing emoluments to the remaining non-gazetted Government servants; and fifthly, co-ordination between officials and non-officials at important levels of administration. This formula I believe would resit economy in expenditure, and at the same time it attempts at an increase in the salaries of the low-paid Government servants and also helps for a smooth working of the administrative machinery. I therefore request the Government to immediately appoint a High Power Committee to go into the entire question and report to the Government at an early date, as any delay in the matter is likely to have very adverse effects on the administration vis-a-vis the services.
Another aspect of our public administration which needs mention is the question of land revenue. I think, hon. Members are aware that the total land revenue we collect to-day amounts to Rs. 1024 lakhs, while we spend Rs. 450 lakhs for its collection. Roughly speaking, it works out to 44 per cent of the revenue. There is a heavy and elaborate machinery for the collection of this land revenue. Once the land revenue accounted for a substantial portion of the Governmental revenue, whereas now our revenue constitutes less than 20 per cent of the total revenue. But the same staff and the same machinery continues. Further, it has complicated matters in duplicating the work and therefore, I would like to make a bold suggestion for the careful consideration of the Government i.e., whether it is not possible to give up this land revenue in favour of the Panchayat Boards and instead take a 75 per cent share from the Panchayat Boards, I think the Government would do well to examine this question carefully. By this, I anticipate a net saving of 194 lakhs of rupees and even if we make an allowance for an expenditure of 94 lakhs of rupees for the maintenance of land records and Government lands, still I expect one crore of rupees by way of saving.

Another important aspect of our administration which needs mention is the Board of Revenue. Time and again, I have been one of the protagonists for the abolition of this Board of Revenue for a variety of reasons, which I need not mention here. However, I will confine myself to saying that if the Government feels that a co-ordinating machinery between the District administration and the State is absolutely necessary, then why cannot we appoint a Regional Commissioner, one for 4 or 5 districts to be in charge of land revenue of all kinds and also to be in charge of Planning. Therefore I request the Government to carefully examine this aspect of abolishing the Board of Revenue and appoint a Regional Commissioner, one for each region with headquarters in that region, so that the headquarters will be easily accessible to the people in that region.

Again, it would be appropriate, in this connection, to impress upon the Government the immediate need for bringing about legislation to regularise the service conditions of Government servants as contemplated under Article 309 of our Constitution. Now, as it is, we are indefinitely continuing the executive orders without bringing in the necessary legislation. It would be well if the Government comes before the House with a definite legislation so as to guarantee the security of services. Again, mention may also be made about the figures furnished in the Budget. This Budget does not disclose the number of Government servants actually working in each cadre and under each head and separate figures are not given under each of the categories. I have gone through the entire budget proposals and the Appen-
... which are appended to the main Budget. I did not find these figures. It clearly shows that the Government itself is not in a position to know how many Government Servants are working under each head or category. I, therefore, humbly appeal to the hon. Finance Minister to direct his Department to furnish to the House a correct picture of our administrative machinery, so as to enable the hon. Members to know what kind of machinery is actually at work.

Then, I take this opportunity to draw the attention of the Government to the basic principle of our parliamentary practice viz., that for a proper functioning of parliamentary democracy, we have, invariably, to follow the principle of separation of power - particularly under a democratic Constitution. Therefore, under democratic Constitution and for the proper functioning of the parliamentary democracy, the Ministry has to confine itself to policy-making. But, unfortunately the Ministry has deviated from this principle to the detriment of the growth of parliamentary democracy itself. I, therefore, appeal to the Government to consider this, and I express my hope that the Ministry would, hereafter, try to establish healthy conventions in this regard.

Another aspect of our administration is Legislation. There is a growing feeling everywhere in the State that we are passing legislation hurriedly and without properly understanding the implications of the various Acts, as a result of which, the several provisions of our Acts are being held null and void by Courts of Law either on grounds of want of jurisdiction or of being repugnant to the provisions of the Constitution. I, therefore, request the Government and make an earnest appeal that the Government should constitute an expert committee of legal experts - a standing committee of legal experts - and to place all the Bills before such a committee, before they are introduced in the House, so that they can be subjected to strict scrutiny. Therefore, all old Acts are to be revised and new Bills to be introduced, should be subjected to a scrutiny by the standing committee of legal experts.

Mr. Speaker, Sir, in this connection, I would appeal to the Government to discourage judicial functions being entrusted to the executive. This is also another aspect of the fundamental principle of separation of power followed in parliamentary democracy. Hon. Members are aware how our Tahsildars, under the present Tenancy Act, have been discharging their judicial functions. The directive principles enunciated in our Constitution also warrant that separation of Judiciary from the Executive should be introduced throughout the State. I request the Government to introduce the separation of Judiciary in the remaining three districts also. Therefore, it is high time...
that the Government should take measures to take away the Judiciarly functions from the Executive Officers and to entrust the same to the independent Judiciary.

Today, our State Governments are charged with the task of Planning and Development, and the important objects of our Second Five Year Plan are to increase production and ensure proper distribution of the same. But, today, we are facing a paradox. While we feel that there is sufficient production so far as our Andhra State is concerned, the prices appear to be very high and we have to find out a solution for that. As far as I am concerned, I feel I am justified in making a suggestion to the Government to revive the Producer-cum-Consumer Co-operative Societies as enunciated by our departed Leader, Sri Prakasham Panthulugaru, which is the only solution for this problem. I feel that this is a proper solution both to the producer and also to the consumer.

Another important aspect is about the industries and to show employment opportunities to various unemployed people. Now, from a perusal of the Paper laid on the Table of the House, it is found that our industries are running a recurring loss. If this is the kind of our administration on industrial side, I think it does not warrant the Government nationalising industries any further. I would, therefore, appeal to the Government to examine the possibility of constituting an Industrial Corporation, inviting capital from private sector and see whether these industries can be properly run under the supervision of the Government.

I wish to say one word regarding Social Welfare. We have submitted a report and it is with the Government. In this connection, I only say that the policy now pursued by the Government in regard to this problem has a tendency for further segregation. I feel that there should be a reorientation of the entire policy and a Statutory Board should be constituted as recommended by this Committee.

Finally, with regard to the Appropriation Bill, I would say only one thing. I know we have got an expert Finance Minister and I do not think he would come before this House once again during the course of the year for Supplementary Grants. On the other hand, I do hope that he would inform the House of the probable savings out of the amounts which we have already granted in this Session.

Thank you, Sir.
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మార్గంలో సీలీ రాష్ట్రానికి వాహనం అధికారి సేవలు సంవిధానం తాపా కలిగిన దృష్టిలో సంచారం నుండి మార్గం కార్యాలయం, విజయవాడ, జామూర్ కొర్చాత్మకం; శిక్షా మనిషి - లేదా శాస్త్ర శిక్షణ, అది జనాధిపత్తులు ముఖ్యమైన భాగం. మనం దృశ్యం నుండి గోపాలం మామూలు సంవత్సరం నంది జాతీయ సంఘం, విశిష్ట సాంసారిక ప్రాంతాల మార్గం.

సాంస్కృతిక సాధనాలు ఉంచిన పద్ధతులు, నియమాలు, మేనేజిమెంటులు వైపున మార్గం. నిషేధానికి ప్రతిపాదించిన పద్ధతులు, ప్రాంతాల నియమాలు, మేనేజిమెంటులు ఉంచిన పద్ధతులు, ప్రతిపాదించిన పద్ధతులు, ప్రాంతాల నియమాలు, మేనేజిమెంటులు ఉంచిన పద్ధతులు, ప్రతిపాదించిన పద్ధతులు, ప్రాంతాల నియమాలు, మేనేజిమెంటులు ఉంచిన పద్ధతులు, ప్రతిపాదించిన పద్ధతులు, ప్రాంతాల నియమాలు, మేనేజిమెంటులు ఉంచిన పద్ధతులు, ప్రతిపాదించిన పద్ధతులు, ప్రాంతాల నియమాలు, మేనేజిమెంటులు ఉంచిన పద్ధతులు, ప్రతిపాదించిన పద్ధతులు. 

మార్గంలో సీలీ రాష్ట్రానికి వాహనం అధికారి సేవలు సంవిధానం తాపా కలిగిన దృష్టిలో సంచారం నుండి మార్గం కార్యాలయం, విజయవాడ, జామూర్ కొర్చాత్మకం; శిక్షా మనిషి - లేదా శాస్త్ర శిక్షణ, అది జనాధిపత్తులు ముఖ్యమైన భాగం. మనం దృశ్యం నుండి గోపాలం మామూలు సంవత్సరం నంది జాతీయ సంఘం, విశిష్ట సాంసారిక ప్రాంతాల మార్గం.
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మైనాడక ఉపస్థితమైన అనుమతితో నిలాంతి అవసరమైనాను. సమయం ఇన్ని పై సమాచార కీందురించిన మేమ్మైన అంశాన్ని అనిశ్రమం చేయండి. మేమ్మ సమాచారం సమాచారం మాత్రమే అంశాన్ని మేమ్మిచే తెలాడం అవలంబిస్తారు. ఈ విషయానికి ఆధారం చెందిన విత్తనాలు కంప్రెండ్ నికి వినియమితం ప్రాయం చేసకుండా. ఈ విషయం కోసం ఆధారాన్ని నియంత్రించండి.

సమాచారం పై పలు సమాచారాలు మేమ్మించిన కుటుంబానికి విత్తనాలు కంప్రెండ్ నికి వినియమితం ప్రాయం చేసకుండా. ఈ అనుమతితో అంశాన్ని అవవిదా తెలాడం అవలంబిస్తారు. ఈ విషయం కోసం అన్ని విత్తనాలు కంప్రెండ్ నికి వినియమితం ప్రాయం చేసకుండా. ఈ విషయం కోసం అన్ని విత్తనాలు కంప్రెండ్ నికి వినియమితం ప్రాయం చేసకుండా.
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Mr. Speaker: On a point of order, Mr. Speaker, at the point of time, there is no time to go into that. It must have been necessary to have the words.

Mr. Speaker: On a point of order, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker: On a point of order, Mr. Speaker.
ఫోల్స్ రశ్చ్చి ఇద్దరు దానిలో అండాధ్రయాది అయిన ప్రాతినిధ్యం. వేదాస్త, మితం నిర్ణయంలో 10 ఎంపల సుందరం తీసుకుని బట్టి, వంద, వంద, వంద నిర్ణయం అందాధ్రయాది అయిన ప్రాతినిధ్యం. కాకతో అటుంది మరో ఎంపల 10 ఎంపలతో (10 ఎంపలు x 1 ఎంపలు కూడా) ప్రాతినిధ్యం తీసుకుని అయిన ప్రాతినిధ్యం. పరిస్థితిలో నేటి కొనసాగించాయని పదం కాకతో అటుంది ఎంపలతో (10 ఎంపలు x 1 ఎంపలు). అందుకు తీసుకుని అయిన ప్రాతినిధ్యం తీసుకుని అయిన ప్రాతినిధ్యం. పరిస్థితిలో నేటి కొనసాగించాయని పదం కాకతో అటుంది ఎంపలతో (10 ఎంపలు x 1 ఎంపలు). అందుకు తీసుకుని అయిన ప్రాతినిధ్యం తీసుకుని అయిన ప్రాతినిధ్యం.

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Village Officers have been very useful in the implementation of land reforms. They have played a crucial role in ensuring that the benefits of land reforms reached the farmers. However, there have been instances where Village Officers have been corrupted or influenced by feudalists, which has led to the misuse of the benefits of land reforms. The Government has taken steps to ensure that Village Officers are not influenced by any external factors and that they are able to carry out their duties impartially.

Land Reforms have been a significant step towards the development of the agricultural sector in Andhra Pradesh. However, there have been challenges in ensuring that the benefits of land reforms reach the farmers. The Government has taken steps to address these challenges and ensure that the benefits of land reforms are distributed fairly. The Government has also taken steps to ensure that Village Officers are not influenced by any external factors and that they are able to carry out their duties impartially.
Planning Commission stated in its report, that the ceiling as well as the contribution
should be fixed. The ceiling shall be determined on the consolidation basis. The
report stated that the necessary arrangements were made to keep the ceiling to
the minimum. The contribution was also fixed on the consolidation basis. The
planning commission recommended that the ceiling should be fixed on the basis
of the report. The report also stated that the necessary arrangements were made
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ಜನಪಾಲಮನ ಕೊಟ್ಟಡದಲ್ಲಿ ಮೂಲಮಾಹಿತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಆದ್ಯತೆ ಮಳಿಕೆ, ಅರ್ಧಾಗ್ರಹಣಗಳ ಮೂಲಕ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಎಚ್ಚಾರಣೆ ನೀಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಮತ್ತು ಇದು ಎಚ್ಚಾರಣೆಯ ಮೂಲಕ ಮುಂದುವರಿಯುತ್ತದೆ. ಇದು ವಿದ್ಯಾಭ್ಯಸ್ತ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳ ಮುಂದುವರಿಯುತ್ತದೆ. ಇದು ವಿದ್ಯಾಭ್ಯಸ್ತ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳ ಮುಂದುವರಿಯುತ್ತದೆ. ಇದು ವಿದ್ಯಾಭ್ಯಸ್ತ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳ ಮುಂದುವರಿಯುತ್ತದೆ.

ಎಚ್ಚಾರಣೆ ವಿದ್ಯಾಭ್ಯಸ್ತ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳ ಮುಂದುೂತ್ತದೆ. ಇದು ವಿದ್ಯಾಭ್ಯಸ್ತ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳ ಮುಂದುೂತ್ತದೆ. ಇದು ವಿದ್ಯಾಭ್ಯಸ್ತ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳ ಮುಂದುೂತ್ತದೆ.
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30th July 1957
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

...
Welfare State

Welfare State is a concept that has been around for many years. The concept revolves around the idea of an old age pensions, free medical and health insurance, unemployment insurance, etc. The concept has been around since the early 20th century. Various countries have implemented welfare states in different ways.

Socialist

The concept of a welfare state has been expanded upon by the idea of a socialist state. Single teacher schools and school buildings have been a part of the socialist approach.

Elementary School

The idea of an elementary school is also a part of the welfare state concept.
ment School \textsuperscript{d} in the various rural areas, the 80\% of all the students should be from lower socio-economic groups. Equal pay for equal work should be practiced. Socialism in the context of land reform, a three-class system (A, B, C) should be introduced. Irrigation Schemes should be carried out. The ceilings on land should be reduced.

Irrigation Schemes should be widespread in various rural areas. Two classes of irrigation schemes should be introduced, namely, Land reforms in the context of land reform, a three-class system (A, B, C) should be introduced. Irrigation should be widespread in various rural areas. The ceilings on land should be reduced.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation  
(No. 2) Bill, 1957  
30th July 1957

In the Legislative Assembly of the Andhra Pradesh a Bill for an Act Appropriating certain sums for the purposes of the Government of the State for the year ending the 30th June 1958 was introduced. The following is a summary of the provisions of the Bill:

- **Planning Bill:** 1,300 crores were allocated for planning. Planning was to be carried out by the Government. An amount of 300 crores was to be spent on various projects. Government expenditure was to be limited to 300 crores. The Bill also provides for the allocation of certain sums for the various departments of the Government.

The Bill was passed by the Legislative Assembly.

*This is a summary of the Bill.*
30th July 1957  
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
(No. 2) Bill, 1957

Member 10th day of this month. The...
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

30th July 1957

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...
959 30th July 1957 Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

*1* அ. நகராட்டியில் (சேவையுயர்த்து) : அதுவரை, எந்தப் பக்கத்தின் கி சேவை செய்யப்படுவதாயிலும், அது அவசையே தொடங்க வேண்டும் என தமிழகத்தில் தொடங்கியது. ஆனால் தமிழகத்தில் முதல் சேவையுயர்த்தோம் வேண்டும் என தமிழகத்தின் ஆளும் குழுமாலயத்தின் முதலாம் தொடர்பில் தொடங்கியது. அதற்கு வீரவை வாழ்ப்பவை முகுந்திகள் செல்கின்றனால் என்பதோடு அதிகமான விளக்கம் பெற்றது. எனினும் வீரவை வாழ்ப்பவை முகுந்திகள் செல்கின்றனால் என்பதோடு அதிகமான விளக்கம் பெற்றது. முதல் வீரவை வாழ்ப்பவை முகுந்திகள் செல்கின்றனால் என்பதோடு அதிகமான விளக்கம் பெற்றது. முதல் வீரவை வாழ்ப்பவை முகுந்திகள் செல்கின்றனால் என்பதோடு அதிகமான விளக்கம் பெற்றது. முதல் வீரவை வாழ்ப்பவை முகுந்திகள் செல்கின்றனால் என்பதோடு அதிகமான விளக்கம் பெற்றது.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation  
(No. 2) Bill, 1957  
30th July 1957  
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(A) Class, (B) Class, (C) Class, (D) Class. 
4 Classes. 
P. W. D. works. 
Deposits. 
(A) Class, (B) Class contractors. 
Deposits. 
(A) Class, (B) Class. 
Deposits. 
(A) Class, (B) Class. 
Deposits. 

(A) Class, (B) Class. 
Deposits. 
(A) Class, (B) Class.
30th July 1957  Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

In the House of the Legislature of the State of Andhra Pradesh, Shri. T. Hariprasad Reddy, M.P., M.L.A., in the course of his speech, said—

"In the course of the debate on the Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957, the Member raised certain questions regarding the police action taken in certain areas. He also mentioned certain figures which were not supported by the facts. I would like to clarify some points on these issues.

The police action was taken in accordance with the law and the need of the situation. The figures mentioned by the Member were not accurate and were not supported by the evidence.

I would like to address the following points:

1. The Member mentioned that certain areas were affected by the police action. I would like to clarify that the police action was taken in response to the threat posed by certain elements.
2. The Member also mentioned certain figures regarding the number of people affected. I would like to clarify that the figures were not accurate and were not supported by the evidence.

In conclusion, I would like to request the Member to withdraw his comments and acknowledge the facts as they are."

On a point of information, Sir. 27 विलेन 2 दिन अगस्त चुका 2 दिन चुका. इस बारें में बाकी उम्मीद वही है।

1. किस तरह की मदद दी गई के किन राज्य अमेरिका में दिखा?
2. जिन 10 महीनों के बाद, 15 महीने के बाद मूल्य बढ़ता।
3. यदि इस प्रकार का रूपांतरण उपलब्धि में बदलने से क्या ताक की?
4. यदि नया विकल्प स्ट्राइक के बाद अब क्या होगा?

मतदान का अनुमान कैसे हुआ?

3. विवादित विषय: Irrigation Demand 2 दिन बाद तय की।

श्री. 3 विवादित विषय: मासिक अवधि पर निर्भर करने वाला। यदि कोई विवादित विषय हो तो कृपया विवादित विषय के साथ योग्य विवादित विषयों को दिखाएं।
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

30th July 1957

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...
30th July 1957

Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

Hon. Members in Block areas 3*

schools sanction

Educational Officers report their views. They write that there are no schools in Blocks 3

blocks schools propose

D. E. O. states, District Board asks for grant for schools. They have been sanctioned. District Board propose that schools be sanctioned.

D. E. O. states that proposals have been made for the School Board.

Deputy Director of Harijan Welfare reports that the Department of Welfare has sanctioned the proposal.

L. D. Works Department states that they have sanctioned the proposal.

Agriculture loans have been sanctioned.

*3: Education and rural development.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
(No. 2) Bill 1957
30th July 1957

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...
30th July 1957
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

The following Bill is hereby introduced:

[Bill text]

This Bill is for the purpose of appropriating the sum of...

[Further details and discussions]

The Bill has been passed by the Assembly and is now recorded in the Legislative Journal.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
(No. 2) Bill, 1957
30th July 1957

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...
మీరు ఈ రిఫర్ము పాటిస్తే తప్ప వాటిని స్వయంగా నిర్ధారించడం అనుమతించడం వల్ల ఇది ఉపయోగించలేదు.

Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

967 30th July 1957

ఉపసంతముడు - ఆఫ్టర్ సిట్టింగ్ అక్రమ స్క్రీం జిల్లాల్లో. శుభాకాంగా అయితే ఎన్ని సమాధానాలు మార్పులను చేయడం జరిగింది. ఈ వచ్చిన సమాధానాలను ప్రతిసామిల్లు వాటిని విలువడం మాండిన టోటి మార్పులు సమీకరించడం కావడం. అయితే ఆంధ్ర ప్రదేశ్ సంస్థక ప్రాంత అంచనలను సమాధానాలు నిర్ధారించడం జరిగింది. ఈ వచ్చిన సమాధానాలను ప్రతిసామిల్లు వాటిని విలువడం మాండిన టోటి మార్పులు సమీకరించడం కావడం.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957
30th July 1957
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என்றால் இவ்வுருவான இலடக்கொள்ளுரை விளக்கமானது. என்றால் இடச் செய்திகளை எவரும் மட்டுமே இலக்கியல் செய்கிறார். என்றால் இறுதியில் தான் சிற்றுயர்வு. காரணமே இதுவென்று தான் இடுகையை விளக்கும். குறிப்பாகத் தங்கள் தான் செய்யக்கூடிய விளக்கத்தை தான் மட்டும் செய்கிறார். என்றால் தரவுச் செயலானது கட்டுமான விளக்கம் சுருக்கத்தை அவர்கள் மட்டும் செய்கின்றன. 

இறுதியில் விளக்கத் தள்ளி மேலும் தவறுகளை அலப்பானேத் தான் வேதிப்படுத்தியது என்றால் வாழ்க்கை. அல்லது 1937 முதல் இருந்து வாழ்க்கை என்று. நுழைவில் இருந்து 7 வரை வாழ்க்கை, இரு வரை வாழ்க்கை என்று வாழ்க்கை. அதைக் கூறியது என்றால் பண்பாடு. நேர்க் குறுவை விளக்கமாகிறது. என்று சொல்லும் தான். என்று சொல்லும் என்று. வரும் வரை என்று. வரும் வரை என்று. ஐந்து வரை வரும் வரை என்று. ஐந்து வரை வரும் வரை என்று.

இருதளம் கொண்டு வரும் வரை, மேலும் சிற்றுயர்வு தவறுகளை அலப்பானேத் தான் வேதிப்படுத்தியது என்றால் வாழ்க்கை. என்றால் தரவுச் செயலானது கட்டுமான விளக்கத்தை தான் மட்டும் செய்கிறார். என்றால் தரவுச் செயலானது கட்டுமான விளக்கத்தை தான் மட்டும் செய்கிறார். என்றால் தரவுச் செயலானது கட்டுமான விளாக்கத்தை தான் மட்டும் செய்கிறார்.
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Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

...
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

30th. July, 1957

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(3) (a) ఎస్సేబ్బులకు ఉపయోగానికి అవసరం కారణం సమాధానానికి సమాధానం నిశ్చయించాలను. (3) సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని సంపాదన దానిలో మరింత ప్రామాణిక పదాధికారిత్వం, ఎందరో ప్రత్యేకమైనం. ప్రత్యేకంగా సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని సంపాదన విధానానికి మద్దతు చేయించాలను. విధానం చేయాలను, జట్టా సమయంలో సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని సంపాదన విధానం చేయాలను. ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదేశానికి Recise విధానం చేయాలను. ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రత్యేకంగా ప్రదేశానికి సంపాదన విధానం చేయాలను.
30th July 1957
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

చాలా రాష్ట్రానికి కొండ ఉన్నితుంది వాటామిటంతో జరిపు లభయున్నది. అయితే తొలికి
మాత్రమే జాతీయ కమిటీలో సేవకులు చెప్పించిన విషయం మనం పాటించాలి.
సాధారణానికి జరిపు లభయున్నది అంటే అంటే మనకు ముఖ్యమైన
దాశకం లో జరిపు లభయున్నది. మనం ప్రతి వర్షం ప్రత్యేకంగా జరిపు
సేవ చేసే కారణానికి మనం పంచాయతీ తండ్రి తమ పంచాయతీ ప్రతిభ మరియు
సాధారణ భాషితం నేటి మాత్రమే మనం పంచాయతీ కార్యక్రమంలో జరిపు సేవ
లవం చేస్తానించును. ఇలా ప్రతి వర్షం జరిపు సేవ చేసే కారణానికి మనం పంచాయతీ తండ్రి
ప్రతిభ మరియు సాధారణ భాషితం నేటి మాత్రమే మనం పంచాయతీ కార్యక్రమంలో జరిపు సేవ
లవం చేస్తానించును.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957
30th July 1957

The following Bill was passed by the Legislature at 4.30 p.m. on the 30th day of July, 1957.

P. W. D. Supervisor of the Survey,frames, fecl, etc., in the following terms:

That for the purpose of enabling the State to finance certain expenditure, it is expedient to appropriate the sums indicated in the first column of the Schedule attached hereto opposite the respective Heads of Account.

The said Appropriation Bill is hereby presented to the House for consideration.

The Bill was read a first time and committed to the Finance Committee for report. The Bill was passed by the House.

The Bill was read a second time and referred to the Finance Committee for report.

The Bill was read a third time and passed by the House.

The Bill was presented to the Governor for consideration.

The Governor assented to the Bill on the 30th day of July, 1957.

The Bill was passed into law by the Governor on the 30th day of July, 1957.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

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30th July 1957

The Hon'ble Legislative Assembly:

In continuation of the Appropriation Bill

The Appropriation Bill

The Hon'ble Legislative Assembly:

In continuation of the Appropriation Bill

The Appropriation Bill

The Hon'ble Legislative Assembly:

In continuation of the Appropriation Bill

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In continuation of the Appropriation Bill

The Appropriation Bill

The Hon'ble Legislative Assembly:

In continuation of the Appropriation Bill

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In continuation of the Appropriation Bill

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Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

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మతంగా, మాండి ఖాయా పరిశ్రమ కార్యం, ప్రతిశ్రమ పద్ధతి ప్రారంభం వచ్చిన మనం లక్షణాల ద్వారా, వారిని కేంద్రంగా చేసిన మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది, కాని సందర్భం తెలాయి చేసిన మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఇద్దరు సందర్భాలను మీదుగా ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేయాలని మనం చేసిన మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేయాలని మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేసిన మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేసిన మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేసిన మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేసిన మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేయాలని మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేయాలని మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేయాలని మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేయాలని మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేయాలని మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేయాలని మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేయాలని మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది. ఈ విశ్లేషణ చేయాలని మనం ఏముందు ముఖ్యమైనది.
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మార్చ్చలో రాజధాని జిల్లా కట్టడుల్లో "భూషనుడు సమాధికి రాశారు ఆడిని" అన్ని, అనుమతి తీసి, మీద మాసాకాల సమయంలో ఐన్ను సమాధి కట్టడిలో పటించింది. ఆధారంగా ఈ ప్రత్యేక పద్ధతి, తెలం జిల్లా కట్టడుల్లో ముందు కేసిన ఒక పాహ్యం కాదు మార్చే యిస్తుంది.

మీద మాసాకాల సమయంలో, వాయాదియు విస్తృతంగా అంటూ చెప్పాలి. "భూశాన్ని సమాధి కట్టడిలో పటించిన సమయం మాత్రమే ఉండాలి! తాను స్మరించాను తాను స్మరించాను తాను స్మరించాను" అనుమతి. మీద మాసాకాల సమయంలో, అంటూ చెప్పాలి. ఈ రాతుల్లో నిదానం చేసే ప్రత్యేక పాహ్యం, తెలం జిల్లా కట్టడుల్లో ముందు కేసిన ఒక పాహ్యం కాదు మార్చే యిస్తుంది.

ప్రత్యేకంగా భూశీల పొట్టి సేన కేసిన ఒక పాహ్యం కాదు మార్చే యిస్తుంది. భూశీల పొట్టి సేన కట్టడ కట్టడిలో పటించాను. భూశీల పొట్టి సేన కట్టడ కట్టడిలో పటించాను. భూశీల పొట్టి సేన కట్టడ కట్టడిలో పటించాను. భూశీల పొట్టి సేన కట్టడ కట్టడిలో పటించాను.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

30th July 1957

[Document text in Telugu]

[Translation in English]

[Printed text in English]
30th July 1957
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill 1957

మంత్రి అంకుడు (ప్రేమ. కామాన క్రమాన్ని) : మనం మాత్రమే శాసనాన్ని లేదు, ఎందుకు ఈ రాష్ట్రం గానీ, కామాన గానీ నిర్ణయించేందుకు ముందు లేదు. మనం మాత్రమే పరిస్థితుల మాదిరి నిర్ణయాలు చేసి వచ్చాయను. మనం మాత్రమే మామూలు మామూలుగా నిర్ణయించాము. మనం మామూలు మామూలు నిర్ణయించాము. మనం మాత్రమే మామూలు మామూలుగా నిర్ణయించాము.

పేజీ 2: పిలువడానికి ఎమ్మేసు, మోచనీ చాలా విస్తరించారు. మనం మాత్రమే మామూలు మామూలుగా నిర్ణయించాము. మనం మాత్రమే మామూలు మామూలు నిర్ణయించాము. మనం మాత్రమే మామూలు మామూలుగా నిర్ణయించాము. మనం మాత్రమే మామూలు మామూలుగా నిర్ణయించాము. మనం మాత్రమే మామూలు మామూలు నిర్ణయించాము. మనం మాత్రమే మామూలు మామూలుగా నిర్ణయించాము. మనం మాత్రమే మామూలు మామూలుగా నిర్ణయించాము. మనం మాత్రమే మామూలు మామూలుగా నిర్ణయించాము. మనం మాత్రమే మామూలు మామూలుగా నిర్ణయించాము.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
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30th July, 1957

Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

Finance Commission

The Finance Commission has, after a careful examination of the financial position of the State, recommended a certain amount for the year 1957-58. The Government of Andhra Pradesh has therefore decided to appropriate the sum of Rs.

Notice of Bill:

The Bill was introduced by the Finance Minister and seconded by the Home Minister. The Bill was passed unanimously by the Assembly.

The Finance Commission has recommended a certain amount for the year 1957-58. The Government of Andhra Pradesh has therefore decided to appropriate the sum of Rs.

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Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

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“...”

Appropriation Bill

*சுருங்க 8. என்றார்: சுருங்க! மாநிலங்கள் அல்லது Appropriation Bill என்பது மாநிலங்களின் பணத்தன்மை நடைப்படுத்தும் தலைமுறையின் பின்னால் ஒன்று. அதன்பின் பாதிக்கும் தீர்மானத்திற்கு அதாவது அதன் புதிய மூலைகளை வைத்துக் கொள்ள வேண்டும். அதன் மூலைகளின் அளவை அதிகரிக்கக் கூடியதால், அதன் விளைவை விளையாடும் மாநிலங்கள் அதன் விளைவை விளையாட வேண்டும். அதன் மூலைகளின் அளவை அதிகரிக்கவும் முடிகிறது. அந்தப் பண விளைவை விளையாடும் மாநிலங்கள் அதன் விளைவை விளையாட வேண்டும்.
981 30th July 1957 Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill 1957

The Appropriation Bill 1957 was discussed in detail in the House. The Hon. M.M. Rajashekar Rao moved an Appropriation Bill of the Government of Andhra Pradesh. The Bill provides for the allocation of funds amounting to Rs. 20 million for various schemes and projects. The honorable member emphasized the importance of the Bill in the context of the socio-economic development of the state. He highlighted the need for increased expenditure on education, health, and infrastructure. The Bill was unanimously passed by the House.

The debate continued with several amendments proposed by members of the opposition. However, most of the amendments were rejected by the Government. The Bill was finally passed with a vote of 98-0.

The Hon. M.M. Rajashekar Rao thanked the members for their support and assured the House of the Government's commitment to the welfare of the people of Andhra Pradesh.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

30th July 1957

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Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957
30th July 1957
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Recurring deficit

The Government of Andhra Pradesh has been notified of a recurring deficit, and the<br>

$L, 5, 33,000$ has been allocated for the year ending 30th June 1957.

1. $1,000,000$ has been allocated for the year ending 30th June 1957.

2. $1,000,000$ has been allocated for the year ending 30th June 1957.

3. $1,000,000$ has been allocated for the year ending 30th June 1957.

4. $1,000,000$ has been allocated for the year ending 30th June 1957.

5. $1,000,000$ has been allocated for the year ending 30th June 1957.

6. $1,000,000$ has been allocated for the year ending 30th June 1957.

7. $1,000,000$ has been allocated for the year ending 30th June 1957.
natural growth

Heads

I.C.S.
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
(No. 2) Bill, 1957

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మిషనీయంగా నిలచేసేని కచితంగా, మరిలి ఇ-0-0 మాత్రమే ఇది చాలా, మరుంత కాని మరింతం తీరం తయారు చేసిన వందది. అలాగే teachers కు మనం ఇక్కడ సందర్శించిని తిరిగి చేయాలి. ఇది ఒక చాలా కొరకు వీటి మిలిఫోనియా అధ్యాపకులు. మరితనే Chief Minister కు మనం చేసే విషయం హెచ్చా, మరిన్ని విషయం కోసం మనం చేయాలని చెప్పబడింది.

మరితనే విదితంగా ఏంటి చేయాలి? విదాద భోగం చేసే నియమాలు ఉంటాయి కంటే ఉంటాయి? వాటా మీరు వాడాలా దీనికి చేస్తుంటాం. Teachers కు మనం ఇక్కడ సందర్శించిని తిరిగి చేయాలి. ఇది ఒక చాలా కొరకు వీటి మిలిఫోనియా అధ్యాపకులు. తన స్థానానికి ఎక్కడు ఎంచాలి, కొనసాగి రాగగలుడా క్రియలు, మరుంత రాగం చేయాలి నియమాలు.

ప్రామాణికంగా: మనం రాగం చేసి రాగం చేసింది. అందులే విద్యా సంస్థ ప్రక్రియలు చేసాం?

ప్రామాణికంగా: తప్పా వర్ణితం చేయకపాటు దీనిని మాత్రమే ప్రెండాడాలి. మనం రాగం చేసింది కాని రాగం చేసాం?

ప్రామాణికంగా: తప్పా వర్ణితం చేయకపాటు దీనిని మాత్రమే ప్రెండాడాలి. మనం రాగం చేసింది కాని రాగం చేసాం?

ప్రామాణికంగా: ఉద్దేశించిని ప్రకటించండి. తప్పా వర్ణితం చేయకపాటు దీనిని మాత్రమే ప్రెండాడాలి. మనం రాగం చేసింది కాని రాగం చేసాం?
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

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Government servants N. G. O. or nongovernment institutions.

“shall be exempt from all taxes in the State.”
Andhra Pradesha Appropriation
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dమంత్రి ని Taxation Euqiry Committee దర్శనం. దీనిని సమాధానంప్పుడు లభించారు. అంగ సంపాదన సాధనం అయినా, మంత్రి ని కోసం రాష్ట్ర రాష్ట్ర యుద్ధం ప్రారంభించారు. సూచించినది లేకుండా పిలుగుపెట్టినా అలంపూర్వం తారంధి సంపాదనం అయినా, మంత్రి ని కోసం రాష్ట్ర రాష్ట్ర యుద్ధం ప్రారంభించారు.

“కోలే బంధణ దీనిని మాత్రం మాత్రం పిలుగుపెట్టాలను వారి విధానం అయినా అతను మలించడం దర్శనం. రాష్ట్ర రాష్ట్ర యుద్ధం అయినా, వినిపించిన అంగ సంపాదన అయినా రాష్ట్ర యుద్ధం ప్రారంభించారు.

మంత్రి ని సమాధానం లేకుండా లేదు. ప్రతి సమాధానం సాధనం అయినా, మంత్రి ని కోసం రాష్ట్ర రాష్ట్ర యుద్ధం ప్రారంభించారు.

Second Five Year Plan కాలం యొక్క రాష్ట్రానికి మనుష్యులు నుంచి మనుష్యులకు ఉంది. కాని ఇది ముంచిగా, మార్పులు కావచ్చాను అనే అవసరం. ఇది సరస్సి పరిస్థితి మొదలించడానికి అరుదుగా ఉంది. ఇది సరస్సి పరిస్థితి మొదలించడానికి అరుదుగా ఉంది. ఇది సరస్సి పరిస్థితి మొదలించడానికి అరుదుగా ఉంది.

స్థానం కలిగిన సంపాదన విషయం. అది అభిప్రాయానికి సమాధానం లేకుండా లేదు అనే విషయం. మనుష్యులు స్థానం కలిగిన సంపాదన విషయం. అది అభిప్రాయానికి సమాధానం లేకుండా లేదు అనే విషయం. మనుష్యులు స్థానం కలిగిన సంపాదన విషయం. అది అభిప్రాయానికి సమాధానం లేకుండా లేదు అనే విషయం.
పీఠాధీష్టం సంగమే కాకుండా వస్తుంది. సెమినార్లు లేదు, కారణాన్ని తెలుసుకోవడానికి ఆమె సహాయం లేదు. అయితే వాడుకున్నాలు? అయితే ఆమె కాని సమయం లేదు. సెమినార్లు లేదు, కారణాన్ని తెలుసుకోవడానికి ఆమె సహాయం లేదు.

ఇ. పురావస్తు ఈవ పరిస్థితులు కాకుండా వస్తుంది. సెమినార్లు లేదు, కారణాన్ని తెలుసుకోవడానికి ఆమె సహాయం లేదు. అయితే వాడుకున్నాలు? అయితే ఆమె కాని సమయం లేదు. సెమినార్లు లేదు, కారణాన్ని తెలుసుకోవడానికి ఆమె సహాయం లేదు.
Let not the hon. Member interrupt often. Let the speech go on. The hon. Member should not interrupt the speech in the middle.
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Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

Regional Development

(991) 30?% JM/y 1957 ^n^Ar^ P/Y?<f<2FA ^J9pr^rfa/f^ 1957

-?^db. 53 3$53bo^"A, ^b^Sb tx5^o^^ S^-cr^p^ aslSa &o(%^b. ^o^Sb

^o S6b?dsb S3^§) ^5^d3b^iD -u^^g ^/^^oSb^TT^^^^ e9^-^^bo. -o-*&

^o ^"r^^^bo^^b. ^o^Sb^boo^b ^g' &&c(a;3boe><5^S^r°<g ig^eb.

sb^sb NationarDevelopmentCommitte o^ ^g)^xd3b^bj g-q^oR.

Regional Development ^^)o ^^^o^sud^^iu"^^ ^ny^^D. ag&o3b

53o-^5$^ !S3ir^^^^ ooj^pnMic sector <5^ ^^ §^^ ^^o8 ? *g.?f

g^*g ^&-cs-°a -?r*8§ ^)o^ 5$-3)oa ? ^^g^*^ ^&iv^8 -5r^8^o^

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&XbgbS) S58&§)*^, ;Sb;353bj ^xr^^ 5o^S$-c^b). ^^o^o^jSyy^) ob^^^

Tsr*8.g'*s ^XhsSo^ ^^55bo^ ^230^b^^ ^nr^^oo s,oi±n5^ ^toj^b^

^h^ *$^. Sb^Sb aa6$5$bo7Y*$3b ^T3^oo!3b^ix) ej^^boc^^ *^)^jj !X5o3b

O^^r^gX). ^o^^o^, ^j^3bo ^<^3b^d8 €?^^o Ty*oo3b^ir°<3b. *^$*

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-nr^X^ ^(bjT^^b^ 5J^8^<^*^r^, "^^^"^ 3^<p;3 ^^d^0brr^8 ^$^o

^^§^0(5, ^S^*^, 3J-°3b ^sx^&iy^ *g^g^ooji^ ^^ N. G. O. eSb,

53j^ Village Officers gb, xo^ teachers sb *&)^jj ooo^TF^gbj. ^a)j\

^g^*^ ^d)-sy^^ ^b^i3b^^^b)r6b" 69& ^S^^r^M beo^d^. s;o^^

Reserve Bank gb d'ru, 8d^o5m5s s3b^58. ^a^d) (991) ^s^sE^ E^r

991 30?% JM/y 1957 ^n^Ar^ P/Y?<f<2FA ^J9pr^rfa/f^ 1957

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^o S6b?dsb S3^§) ^5^d3b^iD -u^^g ^/^^oSb^TT^^^^ e9^-^^bo. -o-*&

^o ^"r^^^bo^^b. ^o^Sb^boo^b ^g' &&c(a;3boe><5^S^r°<g ig^eb.

sb^sb NationarDevelopmentCommitte o^ ^g)^xd3b^bj g-q^oR.

Regional Development ^^)o ^^^o^sud^^iu"^^ ^ny^^D. ag&o3b

53o-^5$^ !S3ir^^^^ ooj^pnMic sector <5^ ^^ §^^ ^^o8 ? *g.?f

g^*g ^&-cs-°a -?r*8§ ^)o^ 5$-3)oa ? ^^g^*^ ^&iv^8 -5r^8^o^
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation

(No. 2) Bill, 1957

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...
What about this? Why neglect to examine this. And 20. And a neglect to this. ignore this and ignore all and examine this. The carry on the process the way we want the way we carry out this thing is examined. And if the issue is a matter of policy then the policy should be examined. And even if the policy is not a policy then the policy should be examined. This is an example of the policy being examined. For example in the policy examine this or examine that. Some students examine this or examine that. Students examine this or examine that.
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...
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Andhra Pradesh Appropriation
(No. 2) Bill, 1957

...plan to carry on operations of the State during the year 1957-58... small savings... grant...
Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, 1957

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...
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

“That the Andhra Pradesh Appropriation (No. 2) Bill, be taken into consideration at once.”

The motion was adopted.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

"That clause 2 with Schedule stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 2 with the Schedule was added to the Bill.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

"That clause 1 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

Clause 1 was added to the Bill.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

"That the Preamble stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted.

The Preamble was added to the Bill.

Dr. B. Gopala Reddi: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg to move:

"That the Bill be passed into law."

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

"That the Bill be passed into law."

The motion was adopted.

Sri P. Sundarayya: I demand a division, Sir.

The House then divided:

Ayes — 110
1. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi
2. Sri A. C. Subba Reddi
3. Sri Kallur Subba Rao
4. Sri J. Chandramouli
5. Sri K. Satyanarayana
6. Sri K. Vijayabhaskara Reddi
7. Sri M. Pallam Raju
8. Sri T. Anjaiah
9. Sri P. Anthony Reddi
10. Sri B. Appalaraju
11. Sri Kammam Appa Rao
12. Sri Appa Rao Sahcher
13. Sri G. Bapiah
14. Sri Pattab quick
15. Sri F. Palep
16. Sri Secala Brahmayya
17. Sri Yadam Chennayya
18. Sri N. Chenchurama Naidu
19. Sri Juvvadi Chokka Rao
20. Sri Dawar Hussain
21. Sri P. Gopalakrishna Reddi
22. Sri T. Gopala Krishniah Gupta
23. Sri P. Gopalu Reddi
24. Sri P. Gunynayya
25. Sri B. V. Guru Murthy
26. Sri D. Hanumantha Rao
27. Sri K. Janardhan Reddi
28. Sri Kashiram
29. Sri K. Keshava Reddi
30. Sri Raja V. V. Krishnam Raju Bahadur
31. Sri D. Kondiah Chowdary
33. Sri L. Lakshmana Das
34. Sri T. Lakshmi Narayana Reddi
35. Sri M. Lakshmiah
36. Sri M. N. Lakshmi Narasayya
37. Dr. B. Gopala Reddi
38. Sri J. V. Narasinga Rao
39. Sri D. Sanjivayya
40. Sri Koti Reddi
41. Sri A. B. Nageshara Rao
42. Sri Sheik Md. Rahamathullah
43. Sri P. Mahendra Nath
44. Sri Manda Sailu.
45. Sri Muralidhara Reddi
46. Sri Ch. S. R. V. P. Murthy Raju
47. Sri J. B. Mutyal Rao
48. Sri D. Narasayya
49. Sri R. Narasimha Reddi
50. Sri S. Narayanappetta
51. Sri R. Nathamuni Reddi
52. Sri S. Padmanaba Reddi
53. Sri G. V. Pithambara Rao
54. Sri M. Potha Raju
55. Sri K. Punnayya
56. Sri Butiyi Rajaram
57. Sri M. Rajaram
58. Sri B. Rajayya
59. Sri M. Rajeswara Rao
60. Sri P. V. Rajeswara Rao
61. Sri D. Ramabrahmani
62. Sri T. Ramachandra Reddi
63. Sri N. Ramachandra Reddi
64. Sri V. Rama Rao
65. Sri P. Thimma Reddi
66. Sri S. B. P. Pattahhirama Rao
67. Sri Mehdi Nawaz Jung
68. Sri K. Brahmananda Reddi
69. Sri M. Narasinga Rao
70. Smt. Masuma Begum
71. Smt. Jayalakshmi Devanuma
72. Smt. K. Kanuka Ratnamma
73. Smt. B. Rukmini Devi
74. Smt. T. N. Sada Lakshmi
75. Smt. Shantha Bai
76. Sri Ranga Reddi
77. Sri M. Rangayya
78. Sri A Ratnam
79. Smt. P. Vani Ramana Rao
80. Smt. Shahjehan Begum
81. Sri K. Santhappa
82. Sri Ch. Satyanarayana
83. Sri K. Seetharamaswamy
84. Sri K. Seethiah Gupta
85. Sri N. C. Seshadri
86. Sri Shahabuddin Ahmed Khan
87. Sri Sheik Moula Saheb
88. Sri Sree Ramulu
89. Smt. T. Lakshmi Kanthamma
90. Smt. Sumitra Devi
91. Sri Mir Ahmed Ali Khan
92. Sri Konda Lakshman Bapuji
93. Sri B. Subba Rao
94. Sri Ch. Subbarayudu
95. Sri Raja Sagi Suryanarayana Raju
96. Sri S. Ranganatha Mudaliar
97. Sri C. V. Suryanarayana Raju
98. Sri Vasudev Krishnaji Naik
99. Sri G. Veerayya
100. Sri N. Venkiah
101. Sri K. Venkataramanayya
102. Sri Nachu Venkatramayya
103. Sri T. N. Venkata Subba Reddi
104. Sri Pala Venkata Subbayya
105. Sri G. Narasimha Murthy
106. Sri E. Venkatrama Narasayya
107. Sri Venkatrama Reddi
108. Sri Chinnappa
109. Sri Madhava Rao
110. Sri J. T. Fernandez

Noes—42

2. Sri G. Gangag Reddi.
3. Sri B. Sreerama Murthy.
5. Sri K. Rajmallu.
7. Sri P. Sundarayya.
8. Sri P. Venkateswarlu.
10. Sri K. L. Narasimha Rao,
11. Sri S. Vemayya.
13. Sri S. Kaśi Reddi,
17. Sri C. Venkata Reddi.
20. Sri L. Venkata Reddi,
22. Sri Uppala Malsoor.
23. Sri S. V. K. Prasada Rao
25. Sri Ananthu Reddi,
27. Sri Amrital Shukla.
29. Sri B. Narasimha Reddi.
30. Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi.
32. Sri G. Lakshma Reddi.
33. Sri Polasani Chokka Rao.
34. Sri A. Venkatà Rama Raju.
36. Sri Md. Tahseel
37. Sri B. Audinarayana.
38. Sri Mohan Reddi.
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40. Sri Muthiam Reddi.
41. Sri C. V. Somayajulu.
42. Sri B. Manaiah.

The motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker: The House now stands adjourned till 8-30 A.M. tomorrow.

The House then adjourned till Half Past Eight of the Clock on Wednesday, the 31st July 1957.