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   (1) Discussion of the States Reorganisation Bill, 1956 in the Assembly 144
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V. Budget for the year 1956-57 (contd.)
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Appendix 250 - 251
The House met in the Assembly Hall, Kurnool, at half past eight of the clock, Mr. Speaker (Hon. Sri R. Lakshminarasimham Dora) in the Chair.

I. QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Short notice Starred Questions

Repairs to Marutla tank of Anantapur Taluk,

578—
S.N. Q. No. 1224-A. Q.—Sri P. ANTHONY REDDI: Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether estimate for the repairs of Marutla tank of Anantapur Taluk is prepared;

(b) if so, the estimated amount*, and

(c) when will the Government commence the work?

THE HON. SM. SANJEEVA REDDI:—

(a) Yes.

(b) Rs. 74,600 for works or Rs. 84,000 including direct and indirect charges.

(c) The Government are examining the feasibility of taking up the scheme in the first year programme of Minor Irrigation Schemes for the Second Plan period under the Agricultural Sector.

Strike notice given by the Employees' Union of King George Hospital, Visakhapatnam.

578—B
S.N. Q. No. 1203-D. Q.—Sri M. NAGI REDDI: Will the Hon. the Minister for Local Administration and Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have received any information about the strike notice given by the Employees' Union of King George Hospital, Visakhapatnam; and

(b) if so, the action taken thereon?
The Hon. Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The report of the conciliation officer is awaited.

Sri M. NAGI REDDI:—

The Hon. Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:

18 Labour Officer, D. M. S. to examine. Report is awaited. 

Sri M. NAGI REDDI:—

The Hon. Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—

Permission to be granted. 

Mr. SPEAKER:

The Hon. Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—

Sri M. NAGI REDDI:—
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

20th March 1956]

THE Hon. Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—14th Mar 50 Conciliation Officer 98 Report 38th March 56 98 597 79

Sri S. VEMAYYA:—123 Conciliation Officer 98 Report 38th March 56 98 597 79

THE Hon. Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—25-3-55 14 58 Conciliation Officer 98, D. S. M. 98 2-12-55 98 597 79 16-2-56 98 2 98 597 79 Conciliation Officer 98 Report 38th March 56 98 597 79

—Sri G. YELLAMANDAREDDI:—123 98 597 79 Superintendent 98 38th March 56 98 597 79

THE Hon. Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—123 Strike notice 98 Essential service 98 Conciliation Officer 98 597 79 98 597 79

Sri P. SUNDARAYYA:—123 Conciliation Officer 98 597 79 Conciliation Officer 98 597 79 98 597 79

THE Hon. Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—123 597 79 Public Maternal Service 98 597 79
Labour Officer interfered with strike of workers.

S. M. S. wanted, as of 13th July, to furnish information to the Labour Officer.


S. A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: In Starred Questions, the Hon. Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO wanted to know:

(a) whether the Government have issued any order for the adjustment of the excess collections in various Zamindaries from 1387 to 1359 as per Rent Reduction Act after the abolition of the Zamindaries;

(b) if so, whether the orders were put into effect by the concerned officers; and

(c) if orders were not put into effect in any of the villages and especially in the villages of Panchadi, etc., (Saur Taluk in Srikakulam district) what action the Government propose to take?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—

(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) The orders are being implemented by all the subordinate Officers while making land revenue collections from the ryots.
20th March 1956]

(c) In respect of the villages in question action is being taken to adjust the excess collection made from the ryots by the previous administration towards the Land Revenue due from them for Fasli 1365 (Current fasli). No further action by the Government is therefore called for in the matter.

Sri G. YELIAMANDA REDDI: estates 5th excess collection Rs 6800 & excess advertisement Rs 4740 due. In respect of the villages in question action is being taken to adjust the excess collection as per the order of 1947. No further action is called for.

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—Is there any adjustment in the orders?

Sri P. GUNNAYYA:—Rent Reduction Act orders to reduce the rent by 25% from estates abolish estate collection. The Hon. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—Is there any adjustment in the orders?

Mr. SPEAKER:—Orders are subject to consideration.

Sri P. SATYANARAYANA:—The Rent Reduction Act orders to reduce the rent by 25% from estates abolish estate collection. The Hon. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—Does the Rent Reduction Act apply to estates abolish estate collection?
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[20th March 1956]

The suggestions made at the 3rd meeting of the State Handloom Committee held on 30—12—1955 are under consideration.

SRI S. VEMAYYA:—Consideration 3 of the recommendations of the Andhra State Handloom Committee at its third meeting held at Madras on 30th December, 1955: (a) Levy of yarn cess on yarn used for weaving of cloth by both composite and weaving mills and powerlooms; and (b) formation of a separate financing institution for the Handloom Industry to finance the Co-operative Handloom sector?

THE Hon. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—

The suggestions made at the 3rd meeting of the State Handloom Committee held on 30—12—1955 are under consideration.

SRI S. VEMAYYA:—Consideration 3 of the recommendations of the Andhra State Handloom Committee at its third meeting held at Madras on 30th December, 1955: (a) Levy of yarn cess on yarn used for weaving of cloth by both composite and weaving mills and powerlooms; and (b) formation of a separate financing institution for the Handloom Industry to finance the Co-operative Handloom sector?

*a 846-D Q.—Sri PRAGADA KOTAIAH:— Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether the proposals for the utilisation of the handloom cess fund for the year 1956-57 have been forwarded to the Government of India; and

(b) if so, whether these proposals will please be placed on the Table of this House?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—

(a) No, Sir. The All India Handloom Board has allotted a sum of Rs. 71,56,077 as the ceiling share of this State from the cess fund for the year 1956-57 for the development of handloom industry. The Registrar of Co-operative Societies has been asked to prepare and submit schemes for the year 1956-57 and his report is awaited.

(b) Does not arise.

Quantity of power purchased from the Mysore Government.

*473 Q.—Sri N. C. SESHADRI:— Will the Hon. the Minister for Electricity and Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) the quantity of power purchased by this Government from the Mysore Government for use in our State for the years 1954-55 and upto now;

(b) whether all this Electric Power was supplied to us as per the agreement between the two States; and

(c) the areas to which the above power is supplied?

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—

(a) Year Units in millions.
1954-55 ... 12.482

For the period from 1—4—1955 to 30—11—1955 9.922

This consists of Jog Power mostly and a little power from Sivasamudram.
(b) Jog Power is being supplied under the agreement entered into by the Composite Madras State with Mysore. As regards Sivasamudram power no agreement has yet been executed.

(c) Kurnool and Anantapur Districts.


(b) Kurnool and Anantapur Districts.


20th March 1956

Sivasamudram project was 1956 was 800 kw at the Sivasamudram project. The agreement was signed on the 20th March 1956.

SRI M. SATYANARAYANA RAJU:—The Sivasamudram project was 1956 at the Sivasamudram project. The agreement was signed on the 20th March 1956.

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—The rates of the agreement were signed on the 20th March 1956.

SRI E. AYYAPPU REDDI:—The agreement was signed on the 20th March 1956.

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—The agreement was signed on the 20th March 1956.

SRI K. SUBBA RAO:—The Sivasamudram project was 1956 at the Sivasamudram project. The Electric Power Supply agreement was signed on the 20th March 1956.

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—The agreement was signed on the 20th March 1956.


Diesel generating stations in the State.

1044 Q.—SRI P. GOPALAKRISHNA REDDI: Will the Hon. the Minister for Electricity and Social Welfare be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to install diesel generating stations in the State;

2
[20th March 1956]

(b) if so, where they will be installed; and
(c) the estimated cost of each station?

The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna:—
(a) The answer is in the affirmative.
(b) Patapatnam, Narsipatnam, Kanigiri, Cumbum and Markapur.
(c) Rs. 1,07,500, 1,68,600, 1,98,100, 1,51,400 and 1,77,200 respectively.

Sri M. Nagi Reddi:—The diesel power station list is attached herewith.

The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna:—The diesel power station list is attached herewith.

Sri D. Kondaiah Chowdary:—The diesel power station list is attached herewith.
20th March 1956]

Sri P. GUNNAAYYA — Electric Engine supply Government?

Sri M. NAGI REDDI — Hydro electricity investigate.

Sri G. YELLAMANDA REDDI — Co-operative Urban

Sri G. LATCHANNA. — April 1st rural electrification.

* 798 Q.—Sri P. VENKATASUBBAYYA : Will the Hon. the Minister for Co-operation and Commercial Taxes be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Urban Housing Societies and the Rural Housing Societies in the State; and

(b) whether a new scheme has been sanctioned to enable Low Income Groups to construct Houses on the Co-operative basis and if so, the details of the scheme?

THE HON. SRI D SANJIVAYYA :—

(a) As on 31—12—1955 there were 113 Co-operative Urban Housing Societies and 30 Co-operative Rural Housing Societies in this State.
(b) In addition to the schemes financed by the State Government on their own account, they have taken up the working of a scheme sanctioned by the Government of India to enable applicants from 'Low Income Groups' to construct houses. This scheme also is worked through Co-operative Societies. A note* giving details of this scheme is placed on the table of the House.

Sri B. Rama Reddi: House Building Societies* do not hire contractors & lend money for construction, even if they are members of the said Societies. A note* giving details of this scheme is placed on the table of the House.

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya: Low income housing scheme & individual loans are provided. Societies are also given loans.

Sri P. Venkatasarwami Reddi: Rural housing societies are expected* within the radius of three miles to extend the rules of-extend rule 3* & extend rule 10* within the radius of three miles. 3 individual societies are expected to extend the rules of the societies within the said radius.

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:vide appendix at pages 250-251 infra.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

20th March 1956]

Sri N. VENKATARAMAIAH:—Low Income Societies Local Board Staff से उन्हें प्रदान की गई सुविधाओं को सहायता के लिए बैंकों के लिए सहायता की?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—हां, हां।

SRI N. C. SESHADRI:—“The scheme is at present confined to six major Panchayats” तो क्या पाञ्चायतों के मुख्य के लिए सुविधाओं अथवा फाइंसियल फाउंड दो संवृद्धि के लिए बैंकों के लिए सहायता की?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—सही है, हां, हां।

SRI P. SREERAMULU:—Rural Housing Schemes जो पेड़ से जीवन लाए जाएंगे तब से जीवन लाए जाएंगे के अनुसार उपलब्ध रहें। क्या वह ओब्ज़ेक्ट दिलाए गए बिना अर्थव्यवस्था स्पेसिफिक इन संस्थाओं के लिए स्पेसिफिक बैंकों के लिए सहायता की?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—वह ओब्ज़ेक्ट जो है उसे अर्थव्यवस्था स्पेसिफिक बैंकों के लिए सहायता की?

SRI P. GUNNAYYA:—स्वतंत्रता से मुक्ति है जो स्वतंत्रता है जो आप मिलाएं तो मिलेगा, उसी तरह से स्वतंत्रता से मुक्ति है कि उसी तरह से मिलेगा?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—वह है जो स्वतंत्रता से मुक्ति है जो स्वतंत्रता से मुक्ति है जो स्वतंत्रता है कि उसी तरह से मिलेगा?

SRI S. VEMAYYA:—जानो मुझे एक House सत्तर स्तरीय table में लॉक स्थान से note से एक paragraph के रूप में जाना आवश्यक है।
majo. panchayats la ksrto karnaladaka. Major panchayats
maakaa 12%, minor panchayats 3% kannada population
sos societies karnaladaka kannada mahila,

The Hon. Sri D. SANJIVAYYA: State government
funils 3% rural Housing Society kannada.
Low Income Group Housing extend kannada?

Sri P. SREERAMULU: Rural Housing Schemes kannada.
Society kannada, Rs 7000 extend kannada?

The Hon. Sri D. SANJIVAYYA: 125 schemes kannada.
Borrow 30 societies kannada, 120 Rs 7000 kannada.
Budget kannada provision kannada utilise kannada?

Sri N. SRINIVASA RAO: headquarters kannada, major panchayats kannada kannada. 22% kannada
first preference kannada?

The Hon. Sri D. SANJIVAYYA: Central Government kannada
system kannada collateral securities kannada rates kannada?

Sri P. GOPALAKRISHNA GUPTA: Low Income
Group kannada Central Government kannada collateral securities
Department kannada collateral securities?

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

20th March 1956]

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—Low Income Group Colony.

SRI S. K. V. KRISHNAVATARAM:—The Water Supply Scheme of the Sullurpet Panchayat has not yet been investigated. It has been proposed to sanction the investigation of the scheme shortly.

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—
(a) The answer is in the affirmative.
(b) The Water Supply Scheme of the Sullurpet Panchayat has not yet been investigated. It has been proposed to sanction the investigation of the scheme shortly.

The question of including the scheme in the Second Five Year Plan will be considered after the scheme is investigated, designed and administratively sanctioned.

Protected water supply scheme to Sullurpet.

* 1057 Q.—SRI P. GOPALAKRISHNA REDDY: Will the Hon the Minister for Local Administration and Prohibition be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have received any representation regarding protected water supply scheme to Sullurpet in Nellore District; and

(b) if so, the action taken thereon and whether it will be included in the Second Five Year Plan?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—The question of including the scheme in the Second Five Year Plan will be considered after the scheme is investigated, designed and administratively sanctioned.
136 QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

SRI G. YELLAMANDA REDDI: — స్మే స్మే రెండు కారణాలు ఉన్నాయి. అంటే ఎందుకు ఇది ఉపయోగాల్పడింది?

THE Hon. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: — స్మే స్మే ప్రశ్న ఉన్నది. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ఎలాంటి రీతిని ఉపయోగించాలని తెలియజేస్తాం. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి రీతిని ఉపయోగించాలను మనం ఎంచుకోవచ్చు.

SRI G. YELLAMANDA REDDI: — స్మే స్మే ప్రశ్న ఉన్నది. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలని తెలియజేస్తాం. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలను మనం ఎంచుకోవచ్చు.

SRI D. KONDAIAH CHOWDARY: — స్మే స్మే ప్రశ్న ఉన్నది. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలని తెలియజేస్తాం. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలను మనం ఎంచుకోవచ్చు.

SRI G. YELLAMANDA REDDI: — స్మే స్మే ప్రశ్న ఉన్నది. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలని తెలియజేస్తాం. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలను మనం ఎంచుకోవచ్చు.


SRI G. YELLAMANDA REDDI: — స్మే స్మే ప్రశ్న ఉన్నది. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలని తెలియజేస్తాం. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలను మనం ఎంచుకోవచ్చు.


SRI G. YELLAMANDA REDDI: — స్మే స్మే ప్రశ్న ఉన్నది. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలని తెలియజేస్తాం. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలను మనం ఎంచుకోవచ్చు.


SRI G. YELLAMANDA REDDI: — స్మే స్మే ప్రశ్న ఉన్నది. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలని తెలియజేస్తాం. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలను మనం ఎంచుకోవచ్చు.


SRI G. YELLAMANDA REDDI: — స్మే స్మే ప్రశ్న ఉన్నది. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలని తెలియజేస్తాం. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలను మనం ఎంచుకోవచ్చు.

THE Hon. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: — స్మే స్మే ప్రశ్న ఉన్నది. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోగించాలని తెలియజేస్తాం. అందుకే మనం ఇలాంటి ప్రశ్న ఉపయోgambar
20th March 1956]

Handloom Research Institute in the State.

* 779 Q.—SRI P. VENKATASUBBAYYA. Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state

Whether the All India Handloom Board has allotted a sum of Rs. 71 lakhs to this Government and whether this Government propose to start a Handloom Research Institute in this State?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA.—Yes, Sir. The All India Handloom Board has allotted a sum of Rs. 71,56,077 as the ceiling share of this State from the Cess Fund for 1956-57 for Handloom Development Schemes. Under the schemes for 1955-56 forwarded to the All India Handloom Board provision has been made for the starting of a Research Institute. The sanction of the Board is awaited.

SRI P. VENKATASUBBAYYA:—Research Institute start తీసివటం అవిభుద్య ఉండిన ఎందుకు ఒకచే ఉంటాము? కాలాంతర సుద్ధి మార్గదర్శి మనం చెక్కలు ఉంటాము?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—తీసి నూతన స్థాయి ఉంటాము.

SRI N.C. SESHADRI:—Handloom Research Institutes Handloom institutions మేరు విద్యా ఉపయోగించారు కూడా handloom weavers సురక్షితంగా అనుమతించారు సాధనాల సభ్యులకు సహాయము సాగారు పిలువడానికి తప్ప ఉంటాము?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—తప్ప నిషీతం చేసారు మరియు ఉమ్మడి నిషీతాల సంఖ్యలు ఎన్నికడానికి తాకుతున్నారు.

SRI S. VEMAYYA:—తీసి ఆరోగ్యంతో ఉంటాము అందించారు తత్కాల మూలాలు ఉంటాము? తీసి నూతన స్థాయి ఉంటాము?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—Board అధికార సంచాలన చేసిన మరియు పరిసరం ఉంటాము.
SRI N. SRINIVASA RAO:—sanction kaire vadda

THE Hon. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—fevadeca allalile kaire

Sri G. YELLAMANDA REDDI:—ko Research Institutes

THE Hon. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—ko handloom evarale

Lady Doctor to Badvel Headquarters Hospital.

* 273 Q.—SRI B RATNASABHAPATHY: Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state, whether it is a fact that a Lady Doctor was not posted to Badvel Headquarters Hospital, even though a Maternity ward and quarters for the residence of the Lady Doctor and others were constructed long ago?

THE Hon. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—

A Woman Assistant Surgeon has since been posted in the Government Hospital, Badvel, Cuddapah District and she joined duty on the 8th December 1955 forenoon

Sri G. YELLAMANDA REDDI:—ko Lady Doctors posts varud Đức యిదిలఫనస్తున్నా అంటే మరియు మరియు

THE Hon. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—

Lady Doctors స్తూర్తిలో విషయం రిహేస్తున్న స్థానం మరియు మరియు

1955 అందకాలు second half-year ప్రతి applications call for అడు, 28 కోసం బాగెనీ వాసంలో
20th March 1956]

Questions and Answers

Sir N. Sreenivasa Rao: Lady Doctors in the scale of pay should also be advertised. Is there any scale of pay for voluntary Lady Doctors? Why is the appointment of Lady Doctors slowed down?

The Hon. Sri A. B. Nageswara Rao: The scale of pay for Lady Doctors should be advertised. The appointment of Lady Doctors is slowed down due to the voluntary nature of the posts.

Sri P. Gunnayya: The admission for Lady Doctors to the Intermediate course is delayed due to a standard test.

The Hon. Sri A. B. Nageswara Rao: The admission for Lady Doctors to the Intermediate course is delayed due to a standard test.

Sri A. Kaleswara Rao: The appointment of Lady Doctors is delayed due to the structure and admission process.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[20th March 1956]

The Hon. Sri A. B. Nageswara Rao: I wish to know whether the minimum educational qualification for admission to Medical Colleges is equal to admission to Arts and Commerce Colleges.

Sri C. Vijayabashkara Reddi: I wish to know whether the corruption charges incurred are negligence of duties.

The Hon. Sri A. B. Nageswara Rao: It is true that the minimum educational qualifications for admission to Medical Colleges are different from those for Arts and Commerce Colleges. However, the qualifications required for admission to Medical Colleges are higher than those for Arts and Commerce Colleges.

Sri P. Sundarayya: It is true that the corruption charges incurred are negligence of duties.

The Hon. Sri A. B. Nageswara Rao: It is true that the minimum educational qualifications for admission to Medical Colleges are different from those for Arts and Commerce Colleges. However, the qualifications required for admission to Medical Colleges are higher than those for Arts and Commerce Colleges.

Sri D. Kondaiah Choudari: I wish to know whether the corruption charges incurred are negligence of duties.
20th March 1956]

THE HON SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:

SRI M. NAGI REDDI: —

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: —

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: —

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: —
142 QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[20th March 1956]

Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—(Laughter.)

Sri V. KURMAYYA:—(Laughter.)

Sri M. R. APPA RAO:—... (Laughter.)

Sri B. RAMA REDDI:—... (Laughter.)

Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—... (Laughter.)
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

20th March 1956]

Sri T. JIYYAR DAS: [Telugu]

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: [Telugu]

Mr SPEAKER: This does not relate to Ayurvedic Doctors. Please put a separate question.

Sri N. K. LINGAM: [Telugu]

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: [Telugu]

Sri P. SATYANARAYANA: [Telugu]

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: [Telugu]

Increase of the Bed strength of the Government Hospital Rayachoti.

588—

* 703.Q.—Sri Y. ADINARAYANA REDDI: Will th Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state:

(a) (i) Whether there are any proposals from the District Medical Officer, Cuddapah for the improvement of
the Government Hospital, Rayachoti about increasing the bed strength of the Hospital; and

(ii) about adding a maternity ward to the same;

(b) if so, the action taken thereon?

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO.—

(a) (1) The answer is in the negative.

(b) The answer is in the affirmative

(b) Plans and estimates for the construction of a maternity ward in the Government Hospital, Rayachoti have been called for from the Director of Medical Services and their receipt is awaited.

SRI Y. AUDINARAYANA REDDI:—The bed strength at present is 12. 120 beds have been approved. D.M.O. has recommended it. Are you against it?

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—D.M.O. has 120 beds approved.

SRI N. SRINIVASA RAO:—The estimate of 120 beds is not suitable. Why not increase 12 to 20 beds? Why not have delay? Are you against it? Are you against the increase of 120 beds?

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—1956-57 bed strength increase 12 to 20 beds are asked.

[Note:—An asterisk* at the commencement of a speech denotes revision by the Member.]

II. POINTS OF INFORMATION Re:—

(i) Discussion of the States Reorganisation Bill, 1956 in the Assembly.
20th March 1956

Sri P. NARASIMHAPPA RAO: In a point of information, Sir, my Chief Minister told today the Assembly that the state Reorganization Bill should be referred to members of the state Reorganization Bill committee. If I may, Sir, point out that discussion is not only of 21st March but ‘Shastri Oath’ also, which was taken by the Chief Minister, is not being debated. The contention of the party members is that this discussion is not in order.

THE HON. DR. B. GOPALA REDDI: The supplementary demands as present appear to be technical and additional to the demands as presented in the meeting of the Assembly. If the matter is technical, it seems that the party members are not being heard. Socialistic party members demand that the Business Committee be appointed. As far as I know, Communist party and others demand that the party members be heard.

Sri B. RAMA REDDI: If there are 15 members, I propose to extend the time for 10 minutes. I do not see any difficulty. If there is a technical question, it is better that the question be adjourned until the Business Committee be appointed. As far as I know, Mathematics Professorag, if appointed will solve the question.

MR. SPEAKER: I cannot do it.

(11) Calendar Reform Committee.

Sri. A. KALESWARA RAO: On March 21, the Assembly passed a resolution. That resolution has been referred to the Business Committee.

THE HON. DR B. GOPALA REDDI: It is a technical question. It seems to be a question of interest. The question is referred to the Business Committee. If the question is referred to the Calendar Reform Committee, it appears that the appointment is intended. As far as I know, Mathematics Professorag is appointed Calender Reform Committee.
[20th March 1956]

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Sri A. KALESWARA RAO:—

THE HON. Dr. B. GOPALA REDDI:—
III. ADJOURNMENT MOTION Re

Non-inclusion of certain areas of Bellary District in the Andhra State.

Mr. SPEAKER - Sri Sriramulu has given notice of an adjournment motion, which is as follows

"I move that the business of the House should be adjourned to discuss a matter of urgent public importance, namely, the omission of the inclusion of the town of Bellary, and the taluks of Bellary, Siruguppa, Hospet and the other Tungabhadra area in the Andhra State in the States Reorganisation Bill, 1956."

This is a central subject. This Government has nothing to do with it, except that it fought for it. The matter will come up in the course of the discussion of the States Reorganisation Bill, and then the Hon. Member will have an opportunity to discuss the matter. So the motion is ruled out of order.

IV SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE FOR 1955-56.

THE HON. DR. B. GOPALA REDDI: Supplementary Demands

Mr. SPEAKER - Sir, I rise to present the second and the last batch of Supplementary Estimates for the current year. Hon. Members may remember that the first batch of Supplementary Estimates was presented in October 1955. The Supplementary Estimates presented then were solely for "New Service" Schemes. A brief explanation of the scope of the term 'New Service' is given in the pamphlet 'Guide to..."
the Budget', Copies of which were circulated to members of
the Legislative Assembly a fortnight back. The present
batch of Supplementary Estimates relate not only to 'New
Service' schemes but also to excesses over grants voted by
the Legislative Assembly. Details of the estimates are
given in the explanatory note, copies of which have been
placed on the table of the House.

2. These Supplementary Estimates fall under 29 diffe-
rent Grants. The total of all the supplementary Grants
relating to the Revenue Account is Rs. 217.50 lakhs under
'Voted' and Rs. 62.92 lakhs under 'Charged'. The Sup-
plementary Grants under Capital and Debt heads amount to
Rs. 607.78 lakhs under 'Voted' and Rs. 954.02 lakhs under
'Charged'.

But the above sums do not all represent net increases over
the Budget appropriations. In the case of subsidies and
loans to weavers' societies, assistance is received to an equal
extent from the Handloom Cess Fund. Similarly, a full
grant is expected from the Government of India under
Article 275(1) of the Constitution, towards the State
Government's contribution of Rs. 2 lakhs to the share
capital of the Andhra Schedule Tribes Finance and Deve-
lopment Corporation. Grants from the Centre are
also due in respect of additional expenditure on
N.E.S. schemes and Local Development Works. Sale
proceeds of chemical manure are taken in reduction of
expenditure in the accounts, but this amount cannot be
deducted from the amount of Supplementary Estimates
representing the additional expenditure on the purchase of
the chemical manure, as according to the principle of 'Gross
budgeting' laid down by the Controller and Auditor General,
Vote of Legislative Assembly has to be obtained for the gross
amount required under each grant without taking receipts or
recoveries in reduction. In certain other cases, supplement-
ary grants have been necessitated by a change in classifica-
tion. In such cases, there are savings under the old grants
corresponding to the increase under the new grants in which
the charges are now included.
3 Under Capital and Debt heads, most of the additional expenditure is covered in full by Central assistance in the form of loans—e.g. Nagarjunasagar Project, Irrigation Works in scarcity areas, loans to weavers' societies etc. There is no net increase on account of ways and means advances, as a corresponding credit has been afforded under receipts, these advances are received and repaid within the financial year. Apart from the factors mentioned above, there are savings under a number of grants both in the Revenue Account (Rs. 50.37 lakhs) and under Capital and Debt heads (Rs. 66.14 lakhs). These savings cannot be reappropriated to grants where there is excess expenditure, but these savings would go to reduce the net excess taking the over all position.

4. Making allowance for the various factors already mentioned, including the savings under certain grants, the net increase in Revenue Account comes to Rs 163.44 lakhs and under Capital and Debt heads to 179.55 lakhs. Even these are likely to be overpitched, especially the excess under Revenue Account where the savings are likely to be more than the amount so far surrendered by Heads of Departments.

In view of the difficult financial position, instructions were issued to all Heads of Departments to take steps to ensure that the Budget appropriation is not exceeded under any of the heads under their control. The excesses mentioned above have occurred in spite of the efforts made by the Heads of Departments to keep down expenditure. In fact, these excesses are more or less of the nature of committed expenditure. For example, there are excesses in the grants for Jails and Pensions due to payments to Madras and Mysore Governments towards pension charges and expenditure on Andhra prisoners confined in jail in those States. These payments could not be properly estimated and provided for in the current year's Budget. The terms on which payments to Mysore Government have to be made for prisoners confined in their jails were under correspondence for a long time. Again, excess payments have to be made to local
bodies under 'Entertainments Tax' on account of increase in collections. As Hon. Members are aware 90 per cent of the collections are paid to local bodies, the balance of ten per cent being retained towards collection charges. For Nagarjunasagar Project, a lump provision of Rs. 10 lakhs was made in the current year's budget, as the expenditure could not be estimated properly. The excess in the expenditure on account of examinations conducted by the Public Service Commission and the Commissioner for Govt Examinations owing to increase in the number of candidates is unavoidable. This excess is more than covered by increase in receipts. Sir, I present the Supplementary Statement of Expenditure for 1955-56.

V. BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57 (contd.)

Voting of Demands for 1956-57 (contd.)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of scheduled Tribes, Caste and other Backward Classes.

The Hon. SRI G. LATCHANNA: Mr Speaker, Sir, on the recommendation of the Governor I beg to move.

"That Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 89,52,700 under Demand XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes."

22. Demand (Social Welfare, Scheduled Castes, Tribes and other Backward Classes) Rs. 89,52,700/-, Scheduled areas Rs. 67,66,666/-.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57 (contd.)

Voting of Demands for Grant for the year 1956-57 (contd.)

Demand No. XII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Sri G. Latchanna]

In accordance with the provisions of Section 5 of the Tribal Welfare Act, 1950 as amended, the amount of Rs. 20,000/- was proposed for the year 1956-57. This amount includes Rs. 15,000/- for the Scheduled Tribes Welfare and Rs. 5,000/- for the Backward Classes Welfare.

The demand is to be shared between the Director of Tribal Welfare and the Director of Backward Classes Welfare in the ratio of 3:1.

For the year 1951-52, the allocation was Rs. 30,000/-, and for the year 1952-53, it was Rs. 35,000/-.

The total amount proposed for the year 1956-57 is Rs. 20,000/-. The amount will be distributed as follows:

- Director of Tribal Welfare: Rs. 15,000/-(75%)
- Director of Backward Classes Welfare: Rs. 5,000/-(25%)

The allocation for 1951-52 was Rs. 30,000/-, and for 1952-53, it was Rs. 35,000/-. For the year 1956-57, the allocation is Rs. 20,000/-. The proposed share is distributed as follows:

- Director of Tribal Welfare: Rs. 15,000/-(75%)
- Director of Backward Classes Welfare: Rs. 5,000/-(25%)

The Scheduled Tribes Financial and Development Corporation has also allocated Rs. 36,000/- to the Scheduled Tribes Welfare.

Note: The amount proposed for the year 1956-57 is Rs. 20,000/-. This includes Rs. 15,000/- for the Scheduled Tribes Welfare and Rs. 5,000/- for the Backward Classes Welfare.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd )

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd )

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

[20th March 1956]

Sri G. Latchanna

Tribes Commissioner

Srikanth

Tribes Commissioner

G. Latchanna

March 1956

1. Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Grant sanctioned 1955-56 to the extent of Rs. 87,673, the revised estimate being Rs. 92,558.

2. Grants sanctioned for 1950-51 to the extent of Rs. 16,38,974.

3. Grants for the year 1955-56 to the extent of Rs. 25,27,000.


5. Grants for the year 1955-56 to the extent of Rs. 46,175.

6. Grants for the year 1955-56 to the extent of Rs. 188,630.

Cottage Industries, Medical, Roads, Public Health, Land Colonisation, Rural water supply, Fisheries, Co-operation, Women Welfare administration, etc., to the extent of Rs. 80,72,115.

Colonisation for hill tribes to the extent of Rs. 12,92,000.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956]

[Sri G. Latchanna]

...colonisation schemes... 

...anti-malarial operation... 

Sri V. C. CHUDAMANI DEO: ...anti-Yas operations... 

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA: ...Malaria operations, women welfare centres,...

Financial and Development Corporation... 

Financial Marketing Corporation... 

21st...
Sri G. Latchanna
[20th March 1956]

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

For 1956-57, there was a proposal for the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes. The Advisory Committee recommended that the Government should provide aid to the advisory committee to better serve the tribal population.

The Government decided to allocate funds for the construction of hostel buildings for tribal students. They also provided grants for scholarships, pathways, and welfare schools. In 1954-55, there were 9 tribal hostels with 2,450 students, and in 1955-56, there were 9 additional hostels with 22 more students. The fund allocation for scholarships amounted to 12,72,000.
Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

[10th March 1956]

[Sri G. Latchanna

10th March 1956]

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1955-56—(cont'd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

10th March 1956

[Sri G. Latchanna

10th March 1956]

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1955-56—(cont'd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Sri G. Latchanna

20th March 1956]

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1955-56—(cont'd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Sri G. Latchanna

20th March 1956]
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri G. Latchanna

[20th April 1956]

The Hon'ble Member for Ward 13 (Sri G. Latchanna) requested the Government to increase the existing co-operative societies fund to Rs. 20 lakhs. He also recommended establishment of a co-operative bank in Mangalore.

The Hon'ble Member (Mr. Muniyappa) explained the importance of the Scheduled Tribes Castes and other Backward Classes. He emphasized the need for the special welfare measures for these groups. He requested the Government to allocate more funds for their welfare.

The Hon'ble Member (Mr. K. R. Venkatesh) supported the need for the special welfare measures for the Scheduled Tribes Castes and other Backward Classes. He highlighted the importance of the co-operative societies in the development of these communities.

The Hon'ble Member (Mrs. M. R. Amarnath) pointed out that the existing co-operative societies fund was inadequate for the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes Castes and other Backward Classes. She requested the Government to increase the fund to Rs. 20 lakhs.

The Hon'ble Member (Mr. K. C. Rao) suggested the establishment of a co-operative bank in Mangalore to provide financial assistance to the Scheduled Tribes Castes and other Backward Classes.

The Hon'ble Member (Mr. K. R. Venkatesh) requested the Government to allocate additional funds for the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes Castes and other Backward Classes.

The Hon'ble Member (Mrs. M. R. Amarnath) supported the need for the establishment of a co-operative bank in Mangalore.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(cohtd)

Voting of Demand for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956] [Sri G. Latchanna

scheme to the State Government 25 in the House which was 
approved. It was also suggested by Advisory Board that 
should be allocated an additional amount to encourage the 
schemes of welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other 
Backward Classes. The Advisory Board recommended 
50 schemes to be included in the welfare schemes as 
incorporated in the existing welfare schemes. The 
Government has decided to allocate 30 schemes to the 
State Government.

1956-57 3rd Sugahs Yenadis to the State Government 
for the year 1956-57 allocated 50,600 to the House which 
was passed. The State Government allocated 11,200 to 
the School Education Department for the year 1956-57. 
The State Government approved 160 schemes in the 
House. The State Government allocated 71 schemes to the 
State Government for the year 1956-57 and 160 schemes 
were approved by the House. The Budget Demand was 
for the year 1956-57. The Speaker rejected the 
Cut motions and the House adjourned.

Mr. SPEAKER:—Cut motions were rejected.

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—Cut motions were rejected 
by the Speaker and the House was adjourned.

Mr. SPEAKER:—The Speaker rejected the Cut motions.

SRI P. GUNNAYYA:—On a point of information, Sir, 
Finance Minister introduced Education Demand to the 
House, which was allocated to the House. The 
House rejected the Motion and adjourned.
Sri P. Gunnayya [30th March 1956]

Mr. SPEAKER:—A statement is made. Can anything be said?

Sri P. GUNNAYYA:—Is it possible to ask a question?

The Hon. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—Madar, we have some notes prepared and we want to submit them. We would like them to be submitted.

MR. SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs.89,52,700 under Demand XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes."

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA:—Sir, I move the cut motion (No. 394) standing in my name.

"To reduce the allotment of Rs.89,52,700 for Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by Rs. 100."

Sri S VEMAYYA:—Sir, I move the cut motion (No. 400) standing in my name.

"To reduce the allotment of Rs.89,52,700 for Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by Rs. 100."

(To urge Government not to demand any contribution from Harijans and other poorer backward communities which was contemplated in G.O. Ms. No. 1436, dated 27—7—1955.)
20th March 1956]

SRI A. KALESWARA RAO: Sir, I move the cut motion (No. 405) standing in my name.

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 89,52,700 for Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by Rs. 100.

(To criticise the Government for not making provision for giving pattas to the poor people who had been living in Government vacant sites and for granting house sites to the houseless poor in Vijayawada).

SIR M. NAGI REDDI: Sir, I move the following cut motion (No. 420):

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 89,52,700 for Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by Rs. 100."

SRI VAVILALA GOPALAKRISHNAYYA: Sir, I have given notice of a cut motion, which I do not find in the list of cut motions, to discuss the Government's policy regarding granting of house-sites.

Mr. SPEAKER: You can now move the cut motion.

SRI VAVILALA GOPALAKRISHNAYYA: Sir, I move:

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 89,52,700 for Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by Rs. 100."

(To discuss the Government's policy regarding the grant of house-sites)

SRI G. SURYANARAYANA: Sir, I move the cut motion (No. 428) standing in my name.

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 89,52,700 for Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by Rs. 100."

(To discuss the Government's policy regarding the grant of house-sites)
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

20th March 1956

Sri M SATYANARAYANA RAJU: Sir, I may be permitted to move a cut motion to discuss the Government's policy in not granting house-sites to Harijans properly.

MR. SPEAKER: It is the same as the one moved by Sri G. Suryanarayana. So, I will take it that the cut motion is moved by you and Sri G Suryanarayana.

Now, the cut motions and the Demand are before the House for discussion.

I want to fix eight minutes for each Member because there are as many as 28 members offering to speak on this Demand. I want to give equal opportunities to all as there is a complaint that the earlier speakers are getting more time and the speakers at the close of the debate are getting less time.

Sri V. KURMAAYYA: I request the Hon. Speaker to allow some more minutes for the Harijan members because the subject relates to Harijans, Scheduled Castes, Tribes and other backward classes.

MR. SPEAKER: I wish to bring to the notice of the hon Member Sri V. Kurmayya that the list I have with me contains only 3 names of non-Harijans and the others are all Harijans and Backward Class Members. So, let the 8-minute rule stand.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956]

[Sri S. Vem-ya

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes Castes and other Backword Classes

Sri S. Vema\yya[20th March 1956]

శ్రీ స. వేమాయ్య అంశానికి ప్రత్యేక మాటలు చెప్పవాలేదు. ప్రతిష్టాపించిన Contribution గా ప్రత్యేక్స్ కథలతో నిర్ణయం చేసారు. యాంత్రిక లాంటి సంస్థలు అయితే అంటే అనువచ్చు. ఈ కోసం అవసరమైన వాటిని కూడా కలిగివుండాం. సిద్ధాంతాను పూర్తి చేసిన అంశానికి మాటలు చెప్పవాలేదు. కానీ హైస్టీస్ విభాగం వేతనాలను సాధారణంగా నిర్ణయం చేసి ప్రత్యేక్స్ కథలతో నిర్ణయం చేసారు. కేంద్రం హైస్టీస్ విభాగం కొన్ని House sites లు మాటలను సాధారణంగా acquire చేసారు, సాధారణంగా ఇంటిలో ఒక నిషేధం లేదు. వేతనాలు అందించుకోవచే ఇంటిలో ఒక నిషేధం లేదు. అంటే ఇది సిద్ధాంతాను పూర్తి చేసిన అంశానికి మాటలు చెప్పవాలేదు.

అర్థాల్పారేగల ప్రాంతానికి బాగా ఈ ప్రాంతానికి ఇంటిలో ఒక నిషేధం లేదు. కానీ సమాధానం village poramboku లో transfer చేయుటను సంకేతాల విభాగంలో పండించారు. కానీ ప్రాంతానికి సాధారణంగా సంచాలన చేయడానికి ఇంటిలో ఒక నిషేధం లేదు. జైల్ ఇంటే ఇది సంచాలన చేయడానికి ఇంటిలో ఒక నిషేధం లేదు. ఆరోగ్యంగా అనుబంధం లేదు. ఏకాంతంగా పాలనలు మాటలను acquire చేయండి. గ్రామంలో ఈ ప్రాంతానికి లేదు. 1935 రోజు ప్యడిసన్ ఇంటే లాబర్ కమిషనర్ ఇంటే ప్యడిసన్పెట్ ప్రాంతం లేదు.

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956]

[Sri S. Vemayya]

The fact is, when the question of sanitation comes up, the people of untouchability feel extremely aggrieved. They feel that the other sections of society are not doing their share and that they are being discriminated against. But the attitude of the Government is that the people of untouchability must take the lead in this matter. They must be convinced that the Government is doing its best to improve their conditions. We must not allow the people of untouchability to feel that they are being neglected. There are instances where the people of untouchability have carried out sanitation schemes on their own initiative. They have been able to do this because of the support of the Government and the people of the area. We must encourage such initiatives. The people of untouchability must be made to feel that the Government is with them and is trying to improve their conditions.

Government public way and caste Hindus are not separate. Government public way is for all to use and caste Hindus are not separate. The Caste Hindus who are not untouchable are not different from the untouchables. They have the same rights and privileges as the untouchables. The Government is acting in accordance with the untouchability Act. The Government is not doing anything to discriminate against the untouchables. The Government is doing its best to improve the condition of the untouchables. The Government is not doing anything to discriminate against the Caste Hindus. The Government is not doing anything to discriminate against the untouchables. The Government is doing its best to improve the condition of the untouchables.
Sri S. Vemayya

20th March 1956

Hindus should have legal assistance, and they are entitled to free house sites and other assistance. Feasible re-assign, disband and resume Board standing order 15th paragraph 83rd reservation of lands etc. Composite state is entitled to reservation of 6 acres for each Hindu. With this in mind, the composition state should review their reservation in view of 15th paragraph 83rd reservation.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57 (contd.)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57 (contd)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

20th March 1956]

[Sri S. Vemayya

வேண்டியிட்டு வருவத்தின் சேவையைப் பற்றி அறிமுகம் வெளியர்த்து வேண்டும். சேவையானது எவ்வாறு தொடர்புவடையும். இயற்கை வெளிப்புறங்கள் வையும், மற்றும் வேளை போன்று கூடுதல் பெறும். தன் பக்துக்கள் தம் வேளையை வெளியுங்கள்.


அனைத்து hostels புதுத்தியாக வேண்டும். புதுத்தியாக வேண்டும். 10% Additional grants இருக்கும். என்றும் Additional grants இருக்கும். Additional grants அறிமுகம் வேண்டும். Additional grants அறிமுகம் வேண்டும். Additional grants as uniform இருக்கும். Additional grants as uniform இருக்கும். Additional grants as uniform இருக்கும். Boarding grants இருக்கும். "Labour Inspector இருந்து வெளியூங்கள். இவை வெளியூங்கள்" Head Master இருந்து
Sri S. Vemayya] [20th March 1956

"Head master స్యాం, లేఖన వ్యూస్ ఇంస్పక్టర్ సాంస్కృతికుడు కాల్పడం ద్వారా మత్స్యపరంగా అంజిలాలేదు. స్యాం ఇంస్పక్టర్ ప్రతి తల కుందీలు పరిశోధించిన రైతుల ఉద్యమం మీదుగా, Head master స్యాం మనం ప్రతి కొండ పరిశోధనా మూలం మరియు హిందూ సమాధానం విషయం ప్రాంచనా పని ప్రతి చేసింది. ఇది సాఫ్ట్ యూనిట్ పరిశోధన భాగంగా ఉండి, Head master స్యాం మనం చేసిన పని ప్రతి చేసింది.

At this stage Mr. Deputy Speaker occupied the Chair.


BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Sri V. Kurmayya]

On the point of the demand for grant for the Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes, I would like to refer to a statement I made in the Budget Speech on 20th March 1956. The Legislature on that day adopted the resolution "adult franchise shall be the root" and the demand for Adult Franchise was one of the demands of the Backward Classes. The demand for Adult Franchise was also supported by the system of the Legislature. The system of Adult Franchise has been adopted to ensure that the Backward Classes are not neglected. The demand for scholarships, for the education of the Backward Classes, has been approved. The demand for the establishment of a Colony has also been approved. The demand for a Welfare State has also been approved.

The demand for scholarships is to be revised. The demand for the establishment of a Colony is to be revised. The demand for a Welfare State is to be revised. The demand for a revised budget is to be revised.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd )
Voting of Demands for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)
Demand No. PXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri V. Kurmayya
[20th March 1956]

Demand No. PXII—Welfare of scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

General funds
Supplementary budget
General budget
Service commission
Social service
Manager
Attendance
Head master
Acquisition proceedings
Hostel manager
Attendance money
Hostel manager
Heads of Hostels
Warden
Hostels

Hostels surprise visit చేసాడినా, రాత్రి ఉస్లేక అటుగా రావడం పర్యవేక్షణం చేసిన నిర్ణయం.

Social reformer రాష్ట్ర సామాజిక ప్రతిష్ఠల సమాధానానికి తప్పింది.

Government సామాజిక ప్రతిష్ఠల సమాధానానికి తప్పింది.

Sai K. SANTHAPPA సాయి కె. సాంఠపా, సాయి కెంద్రస్థాపిత సాంస్కృతిక సంస్థ గాని ఉపస్థితం అంటే ప్రతిష్ఠల సమాధానానికి తప్పింది.

Magistrate Court మాగ్రిట్ కర్టు సమాధానానికి తప్పింది.

Labour Societies లాబర్ సొసైటీస్ సమాధానానికి తప్పింది.

contract చలనానికి తప్పింది.

1954 రాష్ట్రసాగించిన public speech ఉపస్థితం అంటే ప్రతిష్ఠల సమాధానానికి తప్పింది.

విధానం సామాజిక ప్రతిష్ఠల సమాధానానికి తప్పింది.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(concluded)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, castes and other Backward Classes.

Sri K. Santhappa

[20th March 1956]

The Budget for the year 1956-57 envisages a substantial increase in the provision for the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, castes and other Backward Classes. It has been decided to allocate Rs. 10,000,000/- for educational purposes alone, which is a significant increase from the previous year.

1. Expansion of Educational Facilities
   - Additional schools and colleges have been opened in various backward areas.
   - Scholarships have been increased for students from these communities.

2. Development of Rural Infrastructure
   - New roads and bridges have been constructed.
   - Irrigation schemes have been expanded to provide water for agriculture.

These initiatives are aimed at improving the standard of living of the Backward Classes and providing them with equal opportunities.
20th March 1956]  

[Sri K. Santhappa]

(3) రాష్ట్ర సంస్థలపయ్య కాలంలో
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి

(4) రాష్ట్ర సంస్థలపయ్య కాలంలో
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి

(5) రాష్ట్ర సంస్థలపయ్య కాలంలో
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
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    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి

(6) రాష్ట్ర సంస్థలపయ్య కాలంలో
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
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    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
    విలువుల సంఖ్య ఉపయోగించడానికి
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri K. Santhappa

[20th March 1956]

(7) Sri K. Santhappa

(8) Sri K. Santhappa

(9) Sri K. Santhappa

(10) Sri K. Santhappa

(11) Sri K. Santhappa
Sir, of late there has been a tendency in this Assembly to convert itself into a sort of Kalakshepam centre and I wish to know whether it is in order. I am afraid this development may go to the other extreme making the whole assembly proceedings a farce.

Sir, the change from the Harijan department to the Social Welfare Department indicates a progressive development in the ideas of the State in regard to the general welfare of all the depressed, oppressed and backward classes in the State. For some time in the past, there has been an over-emphasis in the matter of development schemes in the case of Harijans. So much so, from the point of view of the several advantages afforded by the State to our Harijan brothers, this has developed a tendency to crystalise themselves into a caste different from others. This development of tendency, I should like to inform the Harijan members, will go a long way to defeat the Gandhian ideals of anti-untouchability. Of course, they are entitled to all advantages; that they are backward, there is no doubt about it; and other communities are one with them in the idea that they must come up to the level of others. But this sort of over-emphasis will make them into a hard caste and if they only confine themselves to the advantages, they will continue to remain as Harijans and nothing more. And asking for all advantages only for themselves is also not fair. The State
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd )
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd )
Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri K. Santhappa] [20th March 1956

(7) ఎంచిన ప్రాతినిధ్యం సాధారణం
ఎంప పరిపాలన సాధారణం
విభాగాల ఔషధీ సాధారణం
ఆగ్రహానికైన దానం సాధారణం
చిత్రాలను ఉపయోగించిన దానం

(8) ప్రతి విషయానికి పరిపాలన సాధారణం
ఉదాహరణ విశేషం సాధారణం
విభాగాల ఔషధీ సాధారణం
ఎంప పరిపాలన సాధారణం
చిత్రాలను ఉపయోగించిన దానం

(9) ప్రతి పరిపాలన సాధారణం
ఎంప పరిపాలన సాధారణం
విభాగాల ఔషధీ సాధారణం
చిత్రాలను ఉపయోగించిన దానం

(10) సామాజిక ఉత్సవాల సాధారణం
ఎంప పరిపాలన సాధారణం
విభాగాల ఔషధీ సాధారణం
చిత్రాలను ఉపయోగించిన దానం

(11) ప్రతి పరిపాలన సాధారణం
ఎంప పరిపాలన సాధారణం
విభాగాల ఔషధీ సాధారణం
చిత్రాలను ఉపయోగించిన దానం

చిత్రాలను ఉపయోగించిన దానం

80894
20th March 1956

Sri K. Santhappa

Sir, of late there has been a tendency in this Assembly to convert itself into a sort of Kalakshepam centre and I wish to know whether it is in order. I am afraid this development may go to the other extreme making the whole assembly proceedings a farce.

Sir, the change from the Harijan department to the Social Welfare Department indicates a progressive development in the ideas of the State in regard to the general welfare of all the depressed, oppressed and backward classes in the State. For some time in the past, there has been an over-emphasis in the matter of development schemes in the case of Harijans. So much so, from the point of view of the several advantages afforded by the State to our Harijan brothers, this has developed a tendency to crystallise themselves into a caste different from others. This development of tendency, I should like to inform the Harijan members, will go a long way to defeat the Gandhian ideals of anti-untouchability. Of course, they are entitled to all advantages; that they are backward, there is no doubt about it, and other communities are one with them in the idea that they must come up to the level of others. But this sort of over-emphasis will make them into a hard caste and if they only confine themselves to the advantages, they will continue to remain as Harijans and nothing more. And asking for all advantages only for themselves is also not fair. The State
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)
Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri S. Ranganatha Mudaliar

[20th March 1956]

has to take into consideration several other castes which are much worse, socially and economically, than our Harijan brothers. What about those endless, countless and unknown wandering tribes? There are Dasaris, hunters, who go by the name of Sugals and there are Korachas, we see everywhere groups of men, women and children with their donkeys with heavy loads passing on the roads, camping in open places and they look like people for whom there is no one to look after. Those people also are entitled for consideration. There is tremendous wastage of man-power in our country, particularly in this State also. That man-power has to be conserved. These Dasaris and hunters have to be rehabilitated and they must be compelled to take to settled life and give up their nomadic life and their living conditions must be improved. There are also many other backward communities who are not so vocal in representing their grievances. Educational facilities are practically none so far as they are concerned, the reason being that all available funds are diverted to Harijan welfare; and the proportion of scholarships given to these backward classes is unfortunately very low. Therefore, Sir, it is up to Government to apportion their gifts and their patronage equally among all backward communities. In our State, it is very necessary to start a number of rescue homes, particularly in important town centres, say, Visakhapatnam, Vijayawada, Kurnool and Tirupati also where a number of women have been leading very bad lives. These people have to be gathered and settled in rescue homes.

There are countless street-wanderers in every important town, in every important railway junction, boys who have no parents and who do not know their parents, father or mother; they are being marched every day by the police and some are being sent perhaps to the borstal schools; what happens to others, we do not know. These boys have to be taken care of by the State and we must have borstal schools of the type that we have in Ranipet and in Tanjore. It is
high time that we stop students of this State going to other States and depending on their good sense. It is very necessary that the Hon. Minister should give his immediate attention to the need for starting rescue homes and at least 2 or 3 borstal or reformatory schools in this State. Then, with regard to the backward class students and scholarships that are awarded to them, there is some difficulty. There is a backward class by name Agamudias in Chittoor district and I belong to that community. They are entitled to certain number of scholarships. They are Tamils and their language is Tamil; they cannot continue University course in Andhra State, because there is no provision for study of Tamil in the Andhra University or the Sree Venkateswara University. Thus, these students are compelled to go to Madras and it is a job for them to get admission there. Admissions are refused there because these people belong to Andhra State, they cannot enter universities in Andhra State either for the reason that there is no provision for the study of Tamil. In these circumstances, they are compelled to join the Madras University or Annamalai University. In the matter of getting scholarships, they were getting scholarships till they entered colleges elsewhere in Madras or Annamalai. Now, the Director of Public Instruction says that inasmuch as they have gone to another University in another State, they are not entitled to scholarships and scholarships are refused. These are very hard cases and they are not many. But all the same, an advantage given to the very few is very great. Therefore I request the Government to look into these cases and see that scholarships are continued to be given until provision is made for such students in the Universities of Andhra for study in their mother-tongue. Otherwise these boys would be left in the lurch with the result that many will give up their studies and return home. Thank you, Sir.
"Two of the strongest desires that keep me in flesh and bone are the emancipation of the untouchables and the protection of the cows. When these two desires are fulfilled, there is Swaraj and therein lies my Moksham".

Two of the strongest desires that keep me in flesh and bone are the emancipation of the untouchables and the protection of the cows. When these two desires are fulfilled, there is Swaraj and therein lies my Moksham".

Sri T. JIYYAR DAS —

[20th March 1956]
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd )

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956] [Sri T. Jiyyer Das

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO :—

SRI T. JIYYAR DAS :—

In the matter of the above, I would like to state that the Committee has already discussed the matter and it has been agreed that the demand for grant for the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes should be increased. The Committee has also decided that steps should be taken to ensure that the funds are utilized in an appropriate manner.

The Hon. Sri A. B. Nageswara Rao:
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

Sri T. Jiyar Das

[20th March 1956]

...
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

20th March 1956]

* Srimati B. RUKMINI DEVI:—

30 March 1956

...
Srimati B. Rukmini Devi

[20th March 1956]

దనిండి అంటే Hostels తో సంబంధించి సుదుర్పాటు చేసే ప్రతిసరారు. పనిముందుగా ఉష్ణగ్రమ వద్ద బ్రాహ్మణ సంస్థలు Hostels పరిసరస్థితి లేదు తో ఉన్నత క్షేత్రాలలో ప్రధానమైన బ్రాహ్మణాల స్థావరాన్ని సంపాదించటానికే ఒక ప్రధాన నాటి విడిత క్షేత్రము.. ఆ సాంస్కృతిక ప్రతిసరారు

లేదు Hostel అందుకే అన్ని రకాంగా వేలాడుతూ ఉష్ణగ్రమలో కొనసాగుతూ రెండు సంస్థలలో Hostel నుండి బ్రాహ్మణానికి చేరాలను మాకు వాటారోగ్రమ వద్ద నుండి ప్రతికి 1½ నుండి 50 ప్రాతిములు కావచ్చింది. (ప్రతి పరిసరము నుండి 1½ నుండి 50 ప్రాతిములు వేలాడుతూ నుండి ప్రతి సంస్థానం 1½ నుండి 50 ప్రాతిములు వేలాడుతూ ఉంటారు.)

అంటే Hostel లో బ్రాహ్మణానికి ప్రతికి నుండి సేవల ప్రతిములు పొందాలను. ఈ Hostel లో Hostel మోడలు మాత్రమే Secondary Grade Trained Teacher ఎంటే, Higher Forms తో సంబంధించాలను, విద్య విద్యాత్మక పరిస్థితుల యొక్క ప్రతికి త్రవ్వ త్రవ్వ విద్య పరిస్థితుల యొక్క ప్రతికి త్రవ్వ త్రవ్వ విద్య పరిస్థితుల యొక్క ప్రతికి త్రవ్వ త్రవ్వ

ప్రతికి ఎంటే Hostel లో Tutor-cum-Matron లేదా B.A.,L.T. తో సంబంధించాలను అక్కడ కొనసాగుతూ బ్రాహ్మణానికి సేవల ప్రతిములు పొందాలను. అందుకంటె ప్రతితి పరిస్థితుల యొక్క ప్రతికి బ్రాహ్మణానికి సేవల ప్రతిములు పొందాలను. ఇది వచ్చింది పద్ధతి లేదు. Hostel లో సంస్థల ప్రతికి మాత్రమే Hostel లో త్రవ్వ త్రవ్వ విద్య పరిస్థితుల యొక్క ప్రతికి త్రవ్వ త్రవ్వ విద్య పరిస్థితుల యొక్క ప్రతికి త్రవ్వ

Sri G. SURYANARAYANA
20th March 1956]  

[Sri G. Suryanarayana

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)
Voting of Demand for Grants for the year 1956-57—(contd.)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Hanjan Welfare Department plan to extend to the tribal areas. The Harijan Welfare Department plan to extend to the tribal areas. The 20th March 1956]

[Sri G. Suryanarayana

Hanjan Welfare Department plan to extend to the tribal areas. The Harijan Welfare Department plan to extend to the tribal areas. The

[Sri G. Suryanarayana

Harjan Welfare Officer to create M.L.A. 20th March 1956]

[Sri G. Suryanarayana

Revenue Department to create M.L.A. 20th March 1956]

[Sri G. Suryanarayana

Revenue Department to create M.L.A. 20th March 1956]

[Sri G. Suryanarayana

Revenue Department to create M.L.A. 20th March 1956]

[Sri G. Suryanarayana

Revenue Department to create M.L.A. 20th March 1956]
SRI G. SURYANARAYANA:—I have the honour of addressing you on the Budget for the year 1956-57, which I proposed in the last session of the Assembly. The Budget covers a period of twelve months, from 1st April 1956 to 31st March 1957. The total revenue of the State for the year 1956-57 is estimated at Rs. 8,00,000,000. The estimated expenditure is Rs. 7,50,000,000, leaving a surplus of Rs. 50,000,000. The surplus is expected to meet the interest charges on the loans and debentures incurred by the State government.

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Karnataka:

R. G. SURYANARAYANA:—I would like to draw the attention of the House to the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes. The Budget provides for an increase in the expenditure on welfare programmes. The estimated expenditure for the year 1956-57 is Rs. 10,000,000.

20th March 1956

[Stamp: Government of Karnataka]

[Seal: Government of Karnataka]
20th March 1956

[Sri G. Suryanarayana]

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

[Text content]

SRi N. SRINIVASA RAO:—

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER:—

SRi N. SRINIVASA RAO:—

[Signatures]
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

Sri N. Srinivasa Rao] [20th March 1956

...
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Sri N. Srinivasa Rao]

The Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes is a matter of great importance. The Ministry of Social Welfare and the Ministry of Economic Affairs are responsible for the administration of this Welfare. The Ministry of Social Welfare is responsible for the administration of the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes. The Ministry of Economic Affairs is responsible for the administration of the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

The Ministry of Social Welfare has taken a number of steps to improve the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes. These steps include the establishment of welfare institutions, the provision of education and training, and the provision of medical and health care.

The Ministry of Economic Affairs has also taken a number of steps to improve the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes. These steps include the provision of credit facilities, the provision of employment opportunities, and the provision of housing and other amenities.

In conclusion, the Ministry of Social Welfare and the Ministry of Economic Affairs are working together to improve the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes. The Government is committed to ensuring that these classes of people receive the attention and resources that they need to achieve their full potential.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri N. Srinivasa Rao

[20th March 1956]

The first branch of 6 hostels of the first kind. Schemes are to be presented to the Legislative Assembly on the following lines: 1. Hostels for Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes shall have an elementary school and 60 scholarships. 2. A first hostel of 500 students, 10-15 local elementary schools, 60 scholarships, 60 grants of Rs. 20 each and Rs. 3 per student. 3. A second hostel of 500 students, 10 local elementary schools, 60 scholarships, 60 grants of Rs. 20 each and Rs. 3 per student. 4. A third hostel of 500 students, 10 local elementary schools, 60 scholarships, 60 grants of Rs. 20 each and Rs. 3 per student.

The Harijana Advisory Committee has been requested to recommend schemes for Harijana Hostels. The Statutory Committee has been requested to recommend schemes for Harijana Welfare Committee. The Harijana Advisory Committee has been requested to recommend schemes for Harijana Hostels. The Harijana Advisory Committee has been requested to recommend schemes for Harijana Hostels. The Harijana Advisory Committee has been requested to recommend schemes for Harijana Hostels. The Harijana Advisory Committee has been requested to recommend schemes for Harijana Hostels. The Harijana Advisory Committee has been requested to recommend schemes for Harijana Hostels. The Harijana Advisory Committee has been requested to recommend schemes for Harijana Hostels. The Harijana Advisory Committee has been requested to recommend schemes for Harijana Hostels.
21st March 1956] [Sri N. Srinivasa Rao

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd )

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

In pursuance of the existing separate elections provision (already in the Act), the following is proposed for Government Hostels subject to B.E.D. and secondary grade pass from the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes. The underground school is to be converted to separate classes. There should be separate Government Hostels for B.E.D. and secondary grade. The underground school is to be converted to separate classes.

For the Social Workers' qualification, the note issued by the Director of Social Work is to be followed.
Sri N. Srinivasa Rao

[20th March 1956]

Efficient service is rendered by the Department in various ways, and it is believed that there will be less trouble in the future. Some suggestions have been made with regard to the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes, and other backward classes.

The Director General, Department of National Extension Service, has been designated as the Government Hostel Manager. He has conducted a survey of existing Hostels and has recommended the recognition of 10 more Hostels by the Government. There are 22 Hostels that are recognized by the Government, and they are managed by the Harijan Hostel Manager.

Private agencies have been encouraged to establish Hostels in cooperation with the Government. The Harijan Welfare Officer has been designated as the Warden of the Harijan Hostel.

Discipline is maintained by the Warden, and the Hostel is well managed. The report of the Harijan Hostel Manager is positive, and it is recommended that the Government Hostel should be maintained.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)
Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Sri N. Srinivasa Rao

...]

*Sri S. Narayanappa:—The Social Welfare Demand is the only one amongst Social Welfare Demands which is not yet fully provided for. The total amount demanded has been reduced by 25% from the Vote. This reduction is not only inevitable but also justified. The Central Government policy is that any demand relating to the development of the Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes, should be met by the Central Government itself. The demand for the erection of Hostels, Schools, etc., should be met by private agencies, and the Central Government policy in this regard is to encourage private agencies to take up such works in accordance with Central Government policy. The demand for the erection of Hostels, Schools, etc., should be met by private agencies. The Deputy Speaker rang the bell and intimated that the proceedings were suspended.

...
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri S. Narayanappa

[20th March 1956]

In the Budget 1956-57, I am asking for 85 percent more for scholarships and 32-2 for hostel from the Government Arts College. I am asking for a grant to cover the maintenance of the High School and the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes and other Backward Classes. The percentage for scholarships has increased, and we are asking for more to cover the hostel. The Budget is aimed at improving the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes and other Backward Classes.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

20th March 1956]

Sri Md. TAHASEEL:—

Agency connected with the colonization schemes has been formed, and various colonization schemes have been introduced. A committee has been formed to look into the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes. After due consideration, it has been decided that the following measures should be taken:

1. Dismissal of a dismissed ranger from the colony.
2. Formation of an agency to look into the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.
3. Dispensing of hospitals and buildings.

The state has agreed to take all necessary steps to implement these measures.
 Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri Md. Tahaseel

[20th March 1956]

10. higher elementary school hostel 950, 60 annas. Malayappan Committee Reports 950, 60 annas.

20, 60 annas. Dispensary 950, 60 annas. Malayappan committee Reports 950, 60 annas.

30, 30 annas. Hospital 950, 60 annas. Malayappan committee Reports 950, 60 annas.

Dispensary 950, 60 annas. Malayappan committee Reports 950, 60 annas.
26th March 1956] [Sri Md. Tahaseel

Mr Deputy Speaker, I rise to support the Demand tabled up for discussion before this House today. I feel it my duty to congratulate the Government upon the bold policy so far as it relates to the Social Welfare. No doubt, Sir, the Hon. Minister concerned has taken trouble to give us statistical information regarding the activities so far taken by this Government. I am glad that Government have been taking so much of special interest in this direction. But one thing I would like to tell on the floor of the House without fear of contradiction and that is the problem of Harijans, one of socio-economic nature. It is made up of mingled tissues of social as well as economic interests order. In this connection, it has been the impression not in so many members' minds, but in the minds of one or two members here and there that there it too much of over-emphasis upon the solution of this problem. I would like to inform this House that it is neither the correct nor proper attitude. As a matter of fact, I would like to invite the attention of the members of this
House to the provision made in Article 46 of the Government of India Act. It has been clearly laid down Sir, that the State shall promote the economic and social interests of the weaker Section and especially the Schedule Castes and Schedule Tribes. So it has been told in this House that if the so-called ameliorative measures are continued in the same fashion as before for a pretty long time, Harijans may develop a kind of mentality that they should always keep aloof which is bound to lead towards that mentality of separatism and all that. But I would like to tell that these ameliorative measures are taken more or less as crutches are given for a lame-man only during the period of sickness. I do not think anybody would prefer to have crutches for ever simply because it would enable him to walk. He would prefer always to see that he should get better and that he should use both his legs. So also Harijans for the moment are not under this idea that they should always keep aloof and that they should continue to agitate for any special concessions. In the matter of education, the Government have spent no doubt very very beneficent funds and I must thank the Government for their benign policy in this regard. But one thing which I would like to tell you is this. It is true many enactments have been passed to put an end to untouchability and a provision to that effect has already been made in the Constitution. But I would like to remind the Hon Members of this House one thing which the Chairman of the Drafting Committee Dr Ambedkar a gentleman who has been responsible for the framing of this Constitution and who has taken special efforts to make this Constitution has said. What he has said on the floor of the Parliament at a time when he was about to hand over the report of the Constitution is that unless and until the caste is pulled down and caste disappears in our mental outlook and unless and until there is that Social intercourse between man and man and the so-called barriers created by untouchability are pulled down, this
Constitution would be a dead letter on the Statute Book and nothing would happen and nothing would be of any help to anybody, and much less to Harijans. So, everything is alright. It is true enactments have been passed and by virtue of those enactments, Harijans are placed on a par with other caste Hindus. But that does not mean that untouchability has vanished. It is true it is a Social thing and it is not always possible for Government to take action against each and everybody who observes untouchability. But I would like to make an appeal to my Harijan friends and Harijan leaders that it is their duty to educate and that they can agitate for the rights so far given expression to in the various enactments. It is the duty of the Harijans to feel that they are in no way inferior to others and that they should be prepared to come forward to assert their rights. Unless and until we come forward to assert our rights, no court can take cognisance of these things and no officer can do this job.

So I wish to emphasise that Harijans also should come forward to co-operate in the implementation of these provisions of the various State Legislatures as well as the provision in the Constitution. In this connection, I would like to impress upon the Government that they have taken good many steps to ameliorate the Harijans. I am glad Harijans have placed themselves under a heavy debt of gratitude, for the very many steps taken by them to help us emerge from the abyss of Social degradation, misery and poverty and I hope everyone of us will be able to help solve this problem and help us recover the lost title-deeds to humanity. Thank you.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57--(contd )

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd )

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri M. Rajeswara Rao

[20th March 1956]

The honourable members, the Government do not feel that the tribals, castes and other backward classes are getting an adequate share in the development work of the State. This is a matter of great concern to us. The Government should make a deliberate effort to uplift the tribals, castes and other backward classes by providing them with opportunities for education and employment. The tribals, castes and other backward classes should be encouraged to work for their own upliftment.

Education and Employment

The Government should provide facilities for education to the tribals, castes and other backward classes. The tribals, castes and other backward classes should be encouraged to take up vocational training and should be provided with jobs in the Government departments.

The Government should also provide facilities for the tribals, castes and other backward classes to engage in their traditional occupations. The tribals, castes and other backward classes should be encouraged to take up small-scale industries and should be provided with financial assistance.

The Government should also provide facilities for the tribals, castes and other backward classes to engage in their traditional occupations. The tribals, castes and other backward classes should be encouraged to take up small-scale industries and should be provided with financial assistance.

The Government should also provide facilities for the tribals, castes and other backward classes to engage in their traditional occupations. The tribals, castes and other backward classes should be encouraged to take up small-scale industries and should be provided with financial assistance.
Voting of Demand for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956] [Sri M. Rajeswara Rao

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(cohtd )

Separatist tendency अतः बना करके उठवाए आए जाने लगी

राजस्वायाँ 100 $ 75 का जुर्मा केन्द्रीय जजपुरू। यहाँ राजस्वायाँ के जुर्मा करके कृपया यहाँ ध्यान दें।

राजस्वायाँ के जुर्मा के लिए विपणन राजस्वायाँ के जुर्मा करके विदेशी विपणन के लिए यहाँ ध्यान दें।

राजस्वायाँ के जुर्मा के लिए विपणन राजस्वायाँ के जुर्मा करके विदेशी विपणन के लिए यहाँ ध्यान दें।

राजस्वायाँ के जुर्मा के लिए विपणन राजस्वायाँ के जुर्मा करके विदेशी विपणन के लिए यहाँ ध्यान दें।

Agricultural Wages Act के कारण विदेशी विपणन के लिए यहाँ ध्यान दें।

राजस्वायाँ के जुर्मा के लिए विपणन राजस्वायाँ के जुर्मा करके विदेशी विपणन के लिए यहाँ ध्यान दें।

राजस्वायाँ के जुर्मा के लिए विपणन राजस्वायाँ के जुर्मा करके विदेशी विपणन के लिए यहाँ ध्यान दें।
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)

Voting of Donations for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Shri M. Rajeswara Rao]

20th March 1956

[Shri M. Rajeswara Rao]
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)
Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Sri M. Rajeswara Rao

As per the provisions contained in the Budget Act, 1954, the above item of expenditure has been covered in the Head of the Account No. XXII for the year 1956-57. The Committee, therefore, recommends the allocation of Rs. 20 lakhs for the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

The recommendation made by the Government of India on 13th March 1956 for the creation of Uplift Fund and Trust Fund is cordially agreed to. The Committee, therefore, requests the Government to create an Uplift Fund for the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes and to recommend the creation of a Trust Fund for the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

SRI B. RAMA REDDI :—I second the same!
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of scheduled Tribes Castes and other Backward Classes.

Sri B. Rama Reddi

[20th March 1956]

"ముందు పోటైందు అనంత నిపుణుడు వామించింది..."
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956]

SRI B. RAMA REDDI:

Discussed the difficulties faced by the tribes in obtaining education and employment. The demand was for 10% of the total allocation under this head, but it was increased to 20% in his demand. He highlighted the need for providing proper education and employment opportunities to the tribes.

SRI V. KURMAYYA:

Agreed with the need for the allocation, but suggested that the funds be distributed according to the needs of the tribes.

SRI B. RAMA REDDI:

Emphasized the importance of the demand and requested that the funds be allocated as per his demand.

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:

Questioned the need for such a high allocation and requested that the funds be distributed more evenly among the tribes.

SRI B. RAMA REDDI:

Replied to the question, stating that the tribes needed more funds to improve their education and employment opportunities.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

Sri B. Rama Reddi

[20th March 1956]


demands the honourable House to grant the demands as under. The existing hostel at the head quarters of the Ministry of Social Welfare and those of the District Welfare Departments in the following numbers:

8 hostel(s) at Ministry of Social Welfare
15 hostel(s) at District Welfare Departments

6 hostel(s) for old age homes and 6 for domiciliary hospitals. It is hereby stated that the Department has assigned an officer to look after these. The Hostel is to be staffed by the Haigam Welfare Department for the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes.

The 15 hostel(s) are to be provided for the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes.

The hostel(s) is to be staffed by the Haigam Welfare Department.

Sri N. K. Lingam :—I should like to point out the demands as under:

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

26 hostel(s) at Ministry of Social Welfare
26 hostel(s) at District Welfare Departments

For old age homes 6 hostel(s) and for domiciliary hospitals 6 hostel(s). It is hereby stated that the demands are for the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes.

The hostel(s) is to be staffed by the Haigam Welfare Department.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Sri N. K. Lingam]

...
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57 (contd.)
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57 (contd.)
Demand No XXII — Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri N. K. Lingam [20th March 1956]

राजस्थान सरकार ने भारत जनरल चुनाव के लिए तैयारी की। एक लाख से अधिक वोटरों की संख्या है।

राजस्थान सरकार ने भारत जनरल चुनाव के लिए तैयारी की। एक लाख से अधिक वोटरों की संख्या है।

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It is said that the strength of a chain is the strength of its weakest link. So also we can say that the prosperity of a nation is the prosperity of its lowest class. If a research student of economics were to come to our country, he would not go to these Birlas and Dalmias of our country to see how rich they are, rather he would go to the remotest villages to see how well off the Malas and Madigas are. Probably he may perhaps go to the remotest parts of the Badrachalam forests to see what the Doras and Koyas are earning, to see how happy they are.

According to our Constitution we are wedded to the principle of establishing a Welfare State, and the Government must do everything in its power to raise the social status of our lowest in order to reduce the difference between the highest class and the lowest. Sir, classes have always existed and will always exist in all countries throughout the world. But to taint a man as a low casteman because of his birth and to deny him the chance to rise up the social ladder has no where existed. Slavery has existed in the past, wherein slaves were treated worse than beasts; but even in those days, the slaves had their right to buy their freedom. We know now slaves have been emancipated. But in our country we have a system which is worse than slavery, and to abolish which we have done mighty little. We blame the Americans for the colour bar and we blame the South African white community, but do we not
colour bar and racial discrimination and more worthy to be condemned? I mean, untouchability, which Gandhiji had dubbed as 'the blackest spot of our social system.'

We touch a dog, we touch a cat and we wash a cow, but to touch a human being, one like us, one who lives with us, one who lives in the midst of us, and to touch him, we say, taints us, and we should be cleansed from it by a wash.

As long as this 'dark spot' that disfigures our social system exists, I think we have no right to point our fingers at the Americans or at the South Africans.

Our Constitution forbids untouchability in any form. Taking the lead given by the Father of the Nation the Government of India have made untouchability a culpable offence. The Central and State Governments have done much to remove untouchability, and, I think, they have done the right thing in encouraging the education of the lowest class of people. As you know, an educated Harijan is never an untouchable. So noting this principle the Government have provided facilities for the education to these low caste people and have also provided boarding facilities to these people.

Here, I wish to bring to the notice of the Hon. Minister that providing separate hostels for Harijans alone is not helping in any way anti-untouchability, but rather it is confirming untouchability. Therefore I suggest to him to abolish all these separate hostels, and instead have social welfare hostels, where all poor pupils are admitted. Government may reserve a certain percentage of seats, say, fifty to sixty per cent purely for the untouchables, but other caste pupils, if they are poor should be made also to join these hostels. If such a provision is made I am sure it will greatly help the abolition of untouchability and also lead to the abolition of caste distinctions. Such hostels do exist to-day in our State. For instance, our Deputy Speaker has a hostel
20th March 1956

[Sri P. Anthony Reddi]

Caste or creed. There you find the Brahman the Vysya, the Reddi, the Kamma, the Mala, the Muslims and the Muhammadan living like brothers. All hostel attached to the basic training schools admit all pupils without distinction of caste of creed. The boarding houses that are being run by the Christians are following the same principale. So why not the Government make a similar experiment and lead to the abolition of untouchability?

Sri N. K. Lingam:

Mr. Deputy Speaker:

Sri P. Anthony Reddi: I would like to inform my hon. Friend that when I said 'abolish the Harijan Hostel' I meant only, abolish the name, not the actual hostel; the building we require, for we have to locate the new hostel in the same building. Therefore, Sir, I would appeal to the Hon. Minister to take these suggestions of mine and try to put them into practice.

Next, Sir, it is a well known fact that our Government are holding Sarvodaya Days every month in every district. Probably the Government intend that these Sarvodaya celebrations will greatly help in the abolition of untouchability. But I regret to inform the Hon. Minister that they are not achieving the purpose for which they are intended. Usually for these Sarvodaya Days the officials come to the function just at the last moment, and they address the Harijans and the villagers on the removal of untouchability, and then a common dinner is arranged. Probably no Harijan is asked to sit amidst these officials and the public. If at all, the Harijans find a place they are asked to sit in it, is in one corner, and there the matter ends. The report will say that the Sarvaodaya Day celebrations were a grand success. But the next day, if you go to the very same place, you will see the old things happening as usual. In some cases the Harijans have become the targets.
of abuse and of beating. Therefore I have to submit that these Sarvodaya Days are an absolute failure. Instead of that if the Government had spent the same amount on some ameliorative works like building some model huts for these poor Harijans, or laying a road in the Harijan cheni, or building a decent latrine for the poor Harijan women, it would have been of much more help to the poor Harijans.

The third point, I would like to mention is that this Harijan uplift and welfare work are purely social in character. Government taking up this type of work, I think, will not be feasible, nor is it likely to lead to success. People who take up social service work must be those who have full faith in the work they are going to launch. They must be able to understand the difficulties of the poor classes, they must be able to sympathise with them and then they must be willing to take up this work with a missionary zeal. But unfortunately the present Social Welfare Officers are chosen by the Collector at random. Whether they have faith in this work or not they are posted to the job, and they do it more with a sense of obedience rather than with a sense of duty and love. Therefore I would request the Hon. Minister hereafter at least to choose the right people for this kind of job and then only the uplift work will be on the road to success. Otherwise, the work will be doomed to failure.

Fourthly I would like to inform the Hon. Minister that unless the Harijan is made independent of the local landlords and the rich people any work of social uplift for these Harijans will not be a success. To-day they are absolutely dependent on the rich people, and any amount of propaganda and any amount of help Government may render them will not be effective. Therefore any programme of uplift for these poor classes should include a programme to increase their earning capacity. Take the case of the Madigas. They are as a class, *...bleers. To-day we have a good market in foot wear. We
are importing a lot of foot—wear from various parts of the country and sending our money there. Instead why not start centres where these cobblers, are trained in making decent chappals and shoes? And then arrange for marketing facilities for selling the foot-wear. If this is done I am sure, the economic status of the Madigas will be greatly enhanced, and their dependence on the higher class will be less. This will go a long way in bringing about their uplift.

Then, again take the case of the Malas. The Malas are professional weavers. Why not the Government help trained them to weave skilfully and arrange, as they have done in the case of the handloom weavers, marketing facilities for what they produce, and I am sure, if this done, they too will rise up economically and become independent of the higher classes. If these suggestions are put into effect, I am sure, the social welfare work will be greatly advanced.

Sir, I have given a few suggestions, which, I think, if carried out will go a long way to bring about the uplift of these low caste people. I would request the Hon. Minister to experiment them. Let him at least start a new experimental stations here and there throughout the State, and see at least for one year how far they work. If they prove a success, let the Hon. minister make it State-wise. Before I close I would just quote the words of Oliver Goldsmith as they are in the nature of an advice to social workers who said that in the field of social work practice is more, you can preach a better sermon with your life than with your lips.”

And I conclude Sir, with the words of Abraham Lincoln, that great social reformer ever to be remembered, “with malice towards none, with charity for all, let us with firmness in the Right, as God gives us to see the Right, let us finish the work we are in to bind up our nation’s wounds”. Thank you.

SRI G. RAMU NAIDU :- 'మరియంశుభు, రుచి పుట్టి, రుచి నిర్మాణ నాగద ఇం వుచే కొండ నిర్మాణ గుంటులు కొండ సమాధానం చేసి.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri G. Ramu Naidu [20th March 1956]

...)
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956]

[Sri G. Ramu Naidu

...]

SRI P. VENKATASUBAYYA: —...
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri P. Venkatasubbayya

[20th March 1956]


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<td>Harijan Uplift Fund</td>
<td>49,700</td>
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<tr>
<td>Development Scheme</td>
<td>12,08,100</td>
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**Notes:**
- The amounts are in thousands of rupees.
- The fund and schemes contribute significantly to the welfare and uplift of scheduled tribes and other backward classes.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

20th March 1956

[Sri P. Venkatasubbayya

Sri P. Venkatasubbayya:—On this demand, £30,000 was granted last year. This year I have added another £30,000. With this the total is £60,000. For last year, I have given £30,000 for the capital outlay—[Hill Tribes, Backward Classes]. The balance is for administrative purposes. This money has been spent on Hill Tribes, Backward Classes, Social Workers, Social Workers' Association, and any other necessary purpose. The Department has also been given £30,000 towards special revenue inspector. These provisions are for stock, provisions for the staff, and for supervisors. I have given the Special Revenue Inspector £30,000. This year, £30,000 is given to the Department. The amount spent last year was £30,000. This year, the Department has been given £30,000.

An Hon. MEMBER:—Why is this £30,000 given to the Department?

Sri P. Venkatasubbayya:—£30,000 is given to the Department. The amount given last year was £30,000. This year, the Department has been given £30,000.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

Sri P. Venkatasubbayya] [20th March 1956

...
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956]  [Sri P. Venkatasubbayya

Sri A. KALESWARA RAO:—(contd.), requested, that it be recalled, that he said that the U.G.K. had been requested to do so. As a result of the decision of the Budget Committee, a demand was made for additional funds to be allocated towards welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes. Cut Motion

Factories and other Backward Classes.

Groups to be included in the budget.

As a result of the decision of the Budget Committee, additional funds were allocated towards welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes. Cut Motion
Voting of Demands for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No. PXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri A. Kaleswara Rao  
[20th March 1956]

...
20th March 1956

[Sri A. Kaleswara Rao]

Voting of Demand for Grant for the Year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

The honourable Members,

I thank you for your permission to address this House on the welfare of scheduled tribes, castes and other backward classes. I shall confine my remarks to the scheme for railway house sites.

The objective of the scheme is to provide house sites for labourers working in the Madras Government railways. The scheme is expected to benefit about 12,000 labourers. The Madras Government is expected to bear about 50% of the cost of the scheme. The rest of the cost will be borne by the railway workers. The scheme will be implemented by the railway administration.

I hope that this scheme will be implemented as early as possible. I am confident that the scheme will be implemented with the support of this House.

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes Castes and other Backward Classes.

Sri A. Kaleswara Rao

[20th March 1956]

At this stage Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair.

Sri K. Punnayya:—అశ్రుచి! కారంపై పట్టించినంతి సంస్థానం కొత్తమ పిలువబడిన అవకాశం కలిగి వచ్చింది. ఖండహరి కారంటే గాముల పల్లె పొలికివెళ్ళానికి దానిని సూచించాలి. తరువాత ప్రత్యేకంగా అమర్దతల కారలు అంతరిష్టాన అవకాశాలు పొందాలి. సంస్థానం కొత్తమ పిలువబడిన అవకాశం అభివృద్ధి చేసే ప్రత్యేకత కలిగి ఉంది. సంస్థానం కొత్తమ పిలువబడిన అవకాశం సన్నిపాడు ముద్రించడానికి దానిని సూచించాలి.

[At this stage Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair.]
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(cohtd)

Voting of Demand for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

20th March 1956] [Sri K. Punnayya

facilities are to be increased. Boarding grants are to be increased, as also scholarships. Anti-untouchability scheme and scholarships are to be continued. Mid-day Meals and parental allowance are to be continued. Action is to be taken in the case of contractors.

Contractor action is taken. Mid-day meals are continued. Subsidised hostels are to be run.

Hindu Welfare Schools are to be run. Mid-day Meals are to be run. Action is to be taken.

The Land Acquisition Act is to be amended.
Demand No XXII — Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Lastes and other Backward Classes.

Sri K. Punnayya

[20th March 1956]

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Expecting substantial progress in the land acquisitions and the progress made in the Central enactment Civil disabilities Act and other enactments.

In the matter of land acquisitions we hope to have a more accelerated progress. The Harijan Welfare Department has been doing substantial progress. The National Extension Scheme and the Rural Water Supply schemes are making substantial progress.

The Rural Water Supply Scheme is making substantial progress as expected.

The Harijan Welfare Department has been making substantial progress. The Central enactment, Civil disabilities Act and other enactments are making substantial progress as expected.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Sri K. Punnayya]

Sri K. Punnayya

...[full text not provided]...

Sri S. SEETHABAMAYYA:—As a sequel, the Health Division now requires action for the welfare of Scheduled Tribes. The situation is tense in certain regions. The R.D.O. has been advised to take action. Night schools have been set up, and efforts are being made to improve the situation.

Sri S. SEETHABAMAYYA...

...[full text not provided]...
Sri S. Seetharamayya [20th March 1956]

இனை என் காலையுக்கு கொண்டு நட்சத்திர விழாக்கான திட்டம் காண்டன. 150
தீர்த்தம் என்று என்று கூறியுள்ளார். நாகர் பணணைக்கு இருந்து
வழியாக தன் வாகனம் தூர்வத்தில் காட்டி விளையாடுகின்றார். அவள் என்
தெருவில் நீக்க வேண்டும் போது வெள்ளையுடைய வேலைத்தாழை
阏ஜிக்கால என்று கூறியுள்ளார்.

இனையவரவண்ட நட்சத்திர விழாக்கான் என்று கூறினார், கூட அவன்
தன்னுடைய, பார் என்று ஒழியை இன்று குற்றானார். நாகர் பணணையின்
உட்கட்டு என்று கூறினார், அது விளக்கல் போட்டையை விளக்க என்று
கூறினார் அவன்னுடைய. இனைய, நூறு, நூறு என்று என்று என்று
அவள் என்றும் நாகர் பணணையும் இயங்கு விளையாடினார்.

Sri M. Pothu Raju:—(இனை) என் பணணையுடன் இருந்து வருகையுடன் இன்று
தீர்த்தம் என்று கூறினார். பின்னர் பணணை என்று கூறினார். என்று
நூறும் என்று கூறினார். நாகர் பணணை என்று கூறினார். என்று
தீர்த்தம் என்று கூறினார். என்று

Sri M. Pothu Raju:—(இனை) என் பணணையுடன் இருந்து
தீர்த்தம் என்று கூறினார். பின்னர் பணணை என்று கூறினார். என்று
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தீர்த்தம் என்று கூறினார். என்று

Sri M. Pothu Raju:—(இனை) என் பணணையுடன் இருந்து
தீர்த்தம் என்று கூறினார். பின்னர் பணணை என்று கூறினார். என்று
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தீர்த்தம் என்று கூறினார். என்று
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956]

[Sri M. Pothu Raju

Sri B. SUBBA RAO :—"Edutha! Samudramagnam ungaraka,
manevidani kanyalu" edutha! ungaraka manevidani sri

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Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

[Sri B. Subba Rao]  [20th March 1958]

...
20th March 1956

SRI P. GUNNAYYA, Prez. 51,18,000 for the Demand for the year 1956-57—XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Additional staff 2 welfare officers, 4 Inspectors 4 

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU Prez. for the Demand for the year 1956-57—XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri Pillalamari Venkateswara

[20th March 1956]

...
20th March 1956] [Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Ex-Criminal Tribes Rs. 55, 56 and 57

Ex-Criminal Tribes Rs. 8,85,000 for education

Reclamation of sugars Rs. 1,16,000

Department of Education Rs. 65,000

Ex-Criminal Tribes Rs. 1,10,000
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—contd.

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarulu [20th March 1956]

Land Acquisition Act amends welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

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BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956] [Sri Pillulamarri Venkateswarulu

Sri VAVILALA GOPALAKRISHNAYYA:

The Chief Minister has given the right position to the non-officials, cooperation & other professionals. I support this policy. I request the Chief Minister to give the non-officials, cooperation & other professionals the right position and to acquire the right position without discrimination. According to the Constitution, the Land Acquisition Act, the Act is not applicable to the deposit. Compensation is not applicable to the deposit. Compensation is not applicable to the deposit.

Sri R. B. RAMAKIRSHNA RAJU:

The Chief Minister has given the right position to the non-officials, cooperation & other professionals. I support this policy. I request the Chief Minister to give the non-officials, cooperation & other professionals the right position and to acquire the right position without discrimination. According to the Constitution, the Land Acquisition Act, the Act is not applicable to the deposit. Compensation is not applicable to the deposit.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd )
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd )
Demand No XXI—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes Castes and other Backward Classes.

Sri R. B. Ramakrishna Raju

[20th March 1956]

Sri G. Latchanna—

The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna—
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(cohtd)
Voting of Demand for the year 1956-57—(cohtd)
Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956] [Sri G. Latchanna

...
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57 (contd)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

Sri G. Latchanna [20th March 1956]

The Hon. Sri G. LATCHANNA:

I am pleasure to request your attention to the following demands for the year 1956-57:

1. Improvement of rural water supply: The Rural Water Supply Department has requested a grant of 260 rupees. The amount is required to be allocated from the Public Health Department. Please consider this request.

2. Public health Department: The Public Health Department has requested a grant of 250 rupees. This amount is required to be allocated from the School Education Department. Please consider this request.

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA—_Joint Secretary to the Government of Andhra Pradesh.

[Signatures and seal]

Directors have been requested to finalise the necessary allotments.

[End of document]
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the Year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

20th March 1956] [Sri G. Latchanna

...
Sri G. Latchanna] [20th March 1956

Voting of Demands for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No PXI—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Untouchability grants are essential for the welfare of Scheduled tribes, castes and other Backward Classes. Untouchability grants are given to enable schools, hostel, institutions, and departments of various departments to meet the untouchability grants. In the year 1955-56, 802 untouchability grants were provided for the welfare of Scheduled tribes, castes and other Backward Classes. The scheme for untouchability grants is to be given priority and the funds are to be managed by the statutory committee.
20th March 1956

[Sri G. Latchnna]

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.) Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)
Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

SRI V. KURMAYYA:—Sir, it is a matter of regret that the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes is not adequately provided for in the Budget. The people of these classes are in a difficult position and need assistance. The present demand is for grants for the welfare of these classes.

THE HON. SRI C. LATCHANNA:—Sir, the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes is of utmost importance. The present demand is for grants for the welfare of these classes. Backward classes are entitled to scholarships and other benefits. The demand is for grants for the welfare of these classes. 200 private hostels are provided for the Backward Classes. 9 Government hostels are also provided for the Backward Classes. The demand is for grants for the welfare of these classes.

SMY. KURMAYYA:—Sir, the demand is for grants for the welfare of the Backward Classes. The Government is providing 9 Government hostels. The demand is for grants for the welfare of the Backward Classes. The Government is providing 9 Government hostels. The demand is for grants for the welfare of the Backward Classes.

9 Government hostels are provided for the Backward Classes. The demand is for grants for the welfare of the Backward Classes. The Government is providing 9 Government hostels. The demand is for grants for the welfare of the Backward Classes.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

20th March 1956]

The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna:—The demand for 9 Hostels and 4.5 months’ additional Grants for Hostel accommodation for the year 1956-57 is for the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes. The accommodation is to be increased from the current 360 to 450 beds. The Hostels will be opened for students of these categories from 20th March 1956. The correct figure of the Hostels is 9, and not 10.

Sri V. Kurmayya:—I agree with the Hon. Sri G. Latchanna. The Hostels need to be opened earlier to accommodate more students.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—I agree with the Hon. Sri G. Latchanna.

The Hon. Sri M. Rajeswara Rao:—The policy of the Republican Government is to open the Hostels as early as possible. The details of the Hostels will be provided soon. The Hostels will be opened for students of the Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes as early as possible.

The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna:—I am happy to inform that the Hostels will be opened as soon as possible to accommodate students of the Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri G. Latchanna

[20th March 1956]


untouchability is a general trade general trade general trade general trade...
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd.)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd.)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956]

[Sr. G. Latchanna

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BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other backward Classes

Sri G. Latchanna

[20th March 1956]

வருவதுண்டாமல், இந்த மண்டல் hostel-ம் இணைந்திருக்கும் படி இந்த மண்டலில் கொண்டுள்ளது.

Sri P. GUNNA:—மேற்கொண்டு Harijan Welfare Director

நான் மூடிக் கொண்டுள்ளேன். நன்றி நூற்றாண்டுக்கு முன்பே வரும் Director முன்பே இருந்துள்ளேன், அல்லது இது பிற்குச் செய்யும் இது

THE Hon. Sri G. LATCHANNA—ஒன்று. இலக்கக்கரையில்

பாதுகாப்பதுண்டு. சுயேதுறம் பாதுகாப்பாவேளும். என்னும் நூற்றாண்டு

Director முன்பே இருந்துள்ளேன், அல்லது இது பிற்குச் செய்யும் இது

தேர்ந்தென்று மூடி வருகிறேன். உலக Director

நம்பிக்கை முன்னாடியில் இருந்தேன் கூர்ந்து வருகிறேன். நன்றியாக இருந்து

மூடியில் இருந்து இருந்தேன் கூர்ந்து வருகிறேன். உலக Director

தேர்ந்தென்று மூடியில் இருந்தேன் கூர்ந்து வருகிறேன். நன்றியாக இருந்து
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)

Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Sri G. Latchanna]

The following points should be noted:

1. The Government of India should adopt a monopoly system and contract to the existing Financial Marketing Corporation for 3 years. A similar system should also be applied to the States.

2. An experiment should be inaugurated in the welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.
Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

Sri G. Latchanna

[20th March 1956]

The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna:—Speaking on the above, I would like to mention that the Social Welfare Department has been doing a good job. The Department has been providing assistance to the Scheduled Castes and Tribes, and other backward classes. The Department has been providing education and health facilities to these communities. The Department has also been providing financial assistance to these communities. The Department has been doing a good job in providing social welfare to these communities.

Sri P. Sundarayya:—I agree with the Hon. Sri G. Latchanna. The Department has been doing a good job in providing social welfare to these communities. The Department has been providing education and health facilities to these communities. The Department has also been providing financial assistance to these communities. The Department has been doing a good job in providing social welfare to these communities.

Revenue Board:—The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna:—Speaking on the above, I would like to mention that the Social Welfare Department has been doing a good job. The Department has been providing assistance to the Scheduled Castes and Tribes, and other backward classes. The Department has been providing education and health facilities to these communities. The Department has also been providing financial assistance to these communities. The Department has been doing a good job in providing social welfare to these communities.

The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna:—Speaking on the above, I would like to mention that the Social Welfare Department has been doing a good job. The Department has been providing assistance to the Scheduled Castes and Tribes, and other backward classes. The Department has been providing education and health facilities to these communities. The Department has also been providing financial assistance to these communities. The Department has been doing a good job in providing social welfare to these communities.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(contd)
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)
Demand No. XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956

[Sri G. Latchanna]

தற்போது தமிழ்க் கல்வியைச் செலுத்தும் பெற்றி பயிற்றிட்டே இந்த கோழிக்கையில் விளக்கம் செய்யலாம். உறுப்பினர்களிடையே தமிழ்க் கல்வியைச் செலுத்தும் பெற்றிகளுக்கு இன்று தமிழ்களச் செலுத்தும் பெற்றிகளுக்கு கொடுக்கப்படும் போர்த்துக்கையின் மூலம் வென்று வந்த தமிழ்கள் பெற்றிகளுக்கு வெளியிட்டு வரப்படும் போர்த்துக்கையை விளக்கக் கூடமையிட்டு வென்று வரப்பட்டுள்ளனோ.  சிக்கலாக தமிழ்கும் பிற பொருள் சுற்றுடன் இவர்களுக்கு போர்த்துக்கையை விளக்கத்தக்ககாலம்தோ, தமிழ் பொருள் சுற்றுடன் பயிற்றுதல் இயங்கும் தன்மையிலான போர்த்துக்கைகளை விளக்கக் கூடமையிட்டு வென்று வரப்பட்டுள்ளனோ.

Sri S RAGANATHA MUDALIAR: There are Tamil students whose optional language is Tamil. As such, they have no scope for admission in the universities of the Andhra State. Therefore those students are obliged to go to Madras and among them some are scholarship holders. The Director of Public Instruction says that inasmuch as they have gone to a university in another State, they are not entitled to scholarships. Unless provision is made in this State for study of Tamil language by Arts students, this difficulty will continue to exist. Until then, I would ask, will the Government be pleased to do something for them?

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—சண்டையில் சரணாம். தமிழ் பொருள் சுற்றுடன் பயிற்றுதலுக்கான போர்த்துக்கைகளை விளக்கப்பது போர்த்துக்கைகள் பத்தாக் கூடமையிட்டு வென்று வரப்பட்டுள்ளனோ. சிக்கலாக தமிழ்கும் பிற பொருள் சுற்றுடன் இவர்களுக்கு போர்த்துக்கையை விளக்கத்தக்ககாலம்தோ, தமிழ் பொருள் சுற்றுடன் பயிற்றுதல் இயங்கும் தன்மையிலான போர்த்துக்கைகளை விளக்கக் கூடமையிட்டு வென்று வரப்பட்டுள்ளனோ. சண்டையில் சரணாம்.
Voting of Demand for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd )
Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.

[20th March 1956]

SRI A. KALESWARA RAO:—

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—Revenue Department

SRI V. KURMAYYA:—Scholarships renewal forms fill up the Principal Director of Public Instruction and Heads of departments & renewal forms sent to the Head of Public Instruction and Heads of departments.

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—Scholarships renewal forms fill up the Principal Director of Public Instruction and Heads of departments & renewal forms sent to the Head of Public Instruction and Heads of departments.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57—(cohd)
Voting of Demand for the year 1956-57—(cohd)
Demand No XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

20th March 1956]
[Sri G. Latchanna


SRI P. VENKATASUBBAYYA :—Schedule castes శ్రేణుల సామత్వం 15 ఎంపాన్ని establishment ఉపయోగపడి ఉంటుంది, అంటే ఎంమాడారు? ఎంఫాంటే, అంటే
ప్రత్యేకం ఉంటే ఎంమాడారు?

The Hon. Sri G. LATCHANNA :—Establishment వాటా 15 ఎంపాన్ని establishment ఉపయోగపడి ఉన్నది, అంటే ఎంమాడారు? ఎంఫాంటే, అంటే
ప్రత్యేకం ఉంటే ఎంమాడారు?

Advisory board సామత్వం ఉపయోగపడి ఉన్నది. Advisory board establishment వాటా ఎంమాడారు?
అంటే, అంటే establishment ఉపయోగపడి ఉన్నది. Advisory board సామత్వం ఉపయోగపడి ఉన్నది.
Voting of Demands for Grant for the year 1956-57—(contd)

Demand No. PXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes

[20th March 1956]

Sri P. VENKATASUBBAYYA:—The Budget was presented by the Honourable

Pay of officers Rs. 92,600
District staff 2,70,000
Development schemes 12,08,100
and establishment

Rs. 13,65,700

The Hon. Sri G. LATCHANNA:—Development schemes, establishment and

Subsidised hostels attendance and Headmasters

V. KURMAYYA:—Subsidised hostels attendance and Headmasters
Mr. SPEAKER: I will now put the cut motions to the vote of the House. I am now putting the cut motion (No. 394) of Sri P. Sundarayya to the vote of the House.

The question is:

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 89,52,700 for Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by" ... Rs. 100.

(The necessity of it was felt as it would create scarcity in the famine-affected districts, the resources of which are专用 for the local administration."

The motion was lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: I will now put the cut motion (No. 400) of Sri S. Vemayya to the vote of the House.

The question is:

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 89,52,700 for Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by" ... Rs. 100.

(To urge Government not to demand any contribution from Harijans and other poorer backward Communities which was contemplated in G.O. Ms. No. 1436, dated 27—7—1955.)

The motion was lost.

Sri A. KALESWARA RAO: Sir, I beg leave of the House to withdraw my cut motion (No. 405).

Sri P. SUNDRAYYA: Sir, that cut motion also should be put to vote.
Mr. SPEAKER. The question is:

"To reduce the allotment of Rs 89,52,700 for Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by" ... Rs. 100.

("To criticise the Government for not making provision for giving pattas to the poor people who had been living in Government vacant sites and for granting house sites to the houseless poor in Vijayawada.

The motion was lost.

Mr. SPEAKER. I will now put the cut motion of Sri M. Nagi Reddi (No 420) to the vote of the House.

The question is:

"To reduce the allotment of Rs. 89,52,700 for welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by ... Rs. 100.

(The discussion on the Government's policy regarding the grant of house-sites).

The motion was lost.

Mr. SPEAKER. I will now put the cut motion of Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya (I will call it No. 424-A) to the vote of the House.

The question is:

"To reduce the allotment of 89,52,700 for Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by" ... Rs. 100.

(To discuss the Government's policy regarding the grant of house-sites).

The motion was lost.
20th March 1956]

Mr. SPEAKER: I will now put the cut motion of Sri G. Suryanarayana and Sri M. Satyanarayana (No. 428) to the vote of the House.

The question is:

“To reduce the allotment of Rs. 89,52,700 for Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes by” Rs. 100

The motion was lost.

Mr. SPEAKER: I will now put the main Demand to vote.

The question is:

“That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 89,52,700 under Demand XXII—Welfare of Scheduled Tribes, Castes and other Backward Classes.”

The motion was carried and the Grant was made.

Mr. SPEAKER: The House will now adjourn and meet again at 8-30 A.M. tomorrow.

The House then adjourned.
Low-Income Group Housing Scheme.

The Government of India have sponsored a scheme of Low-Income Group Housing with a view to provide facilities to low-income groups for the construction of houses in urban areas and thereby, to relieve the present acute scarcity of dwelling houses. The scheme is intended primarily for persons who do not already own a house and whose income does not exceed Rs. 6,000 per annum. There will, however, be no objection to an individual seeking aid under the scheme even if he owned a house, provided the additional house is needed for his bona fide residential purposes.

2. The scheme deals essentially with the disbursement of loans by the Government of India through the State Government and Co-operative Housing Societies for the purpose of enabling persons to build and own their houses. The essential conditions under which loan assistance under the scheme would be available are—

(i) The loan will not exceed 80 per cent of the actual cost of the house including the value of the site. In other words, individuals seeking aid under the scheme will have to raise at least 20 per cent of the cost themselves, the cost of land already acquired by the individuals being taken into account in computing this.

(ii) Normally, houses built under the scheme should not cost more than Rs. 10,000 but there is no objection to houses being built at a higher cost. Assistance by Government will, however, in no case exceed Rs. 8,000.

(iii) The accommodation to be provided in each house built under the scheme, should not be less than 380 square feet of floor area and normally not more than 1,200 square feet of floor area. As far as possible, two-roomed houses at least are to be built and costly structures are discouraged.

(iv) The loan is recoverable in 30 annual equated instalments.
APPENDIX I—(contd)

(v) The loan will carry interest at 4½ per cent for 1955-56; the rate of interest for subsequent years will be announced later.

(vi) Individuals requiring aid under the scheme should enroll themselves as members of one of the local co-operative building or house building or house construction societies and agree to abide by its by-laws, rules and other usual conditions.

3. The scheme is for the present confined to all the municipal towns and to the major panchayats of Madanapalli (Chittoor District), Pakala (Chittoor district) Kavali (Nellore district), Tadepalligudem and Tanuku (West Godavari district) and Vinukonda (Guntur district).

S. G. APPABAO NAYUDU,
4—3—1956.