THE ANDHRA LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES
OFFICIAL REPORT

FRIDAY, 29TH JULY, 1955.
VOLUME VI—No. 2.

CONTENTS

I. QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ... 161 — 202
II. ADJOURNMENT MOTION RE:
   EVICTION OF TENANTS FROM TEMPLE LANDS ... 203
III. BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56 :
   VOTING OF DEMANDS FOR GRANTS — (contd.)
   DEMAND NO. XXVII — ELECTRICITY ... 204 — 210
   DEMAND NO. XXIV—CIVIL WORKS-WORKS ... 203 — 207

Paper laid on the table of the House ... 211 — 211
THE ANDHRA LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Friday, 29th July 1955.

The House met in the Assembly Hall, Kurnool, at eleven of the clock, Mr. Speaker (The Hon. Sri R. Lakshminarayana Dora) in the Chair.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Short Notice Starred Questions.

73A—

*1279-A. Q.—SRI V. VISWESWARA RAO:—Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:—

(a) whether the Government have received reports from the Collector on Budameru Floods and the breaches caused to the Budameru bunds; and

(b) if so, the steps taken by the Government to repair these breaches?

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—

(a) Yes.

(b) Instructions were issued by the Government to the Chief Engineer (Irrigation) to close the breaches and to strengthen the flood banks immediately. All breaches closing works and strengthening low places would have been completed in all respects by now.

SRI V. VISWESWARA RAO:—I have received the Collectors reports. Reports cannot be accepted. The Collectors reports cannot be accepted.

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—Hon. Members will kindly place instructions on the file. Hon., Hon. Members will kindly place instructions on the file.

MR. SPEAKER:—As these two questions Q. 73-B and Q. 73-C, relate to assignment of lands to political sufferers,
Assignment of lands to Political Sufferers.

73 B—

*1397-E. Q.—SRI P. SUNDARAYYA :—Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) the number of political sufferers for whom so far the land has been allotted; and

(b) the number of those political sufferers whose applications are still pending on 1—7—1955 ?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI :

(a) 1898
(b) 3777

Assignment of lands to Political Sufferers.

73-C.—

*400 Q.—SRI P. RANGA REDDI :—Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) whether a Special Collector has been appointed to look to the assignment of lands to political sufferers;

(b) whether the assignment of lands to political sufferers is completed in all the Districts; and

(c) if not, how many cases in each district are still pending?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI :

(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) The answer is in the negative. The Government have however directed that the work relating to assignment of lands to political sufferers should be completed before the end of October, 1955.
(c) The number of applications of political sufferers pending in each district on 1—7—1955 is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Pending</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Srikakulam</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visakhapatnam</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Godavari</td>
<td>182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Godavari</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Krishna</td>
<td>469</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guntur</td>
<td>1,653</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>324</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor</td>
<td>131</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuddapah</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anantapur</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,777</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA:—What is the number of applications of political sufferers pending in each district on 1—7—1955 as follows?

THE HON. SHRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—Can you provide individual cases of political sufferers as a supply for 30 days? Does the supply of aces of political sufferers depend on the assurance of the Hon. Members?

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QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[29th July 1955]

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI: ఈ ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి.

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: ఈ ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి కాకుండా, 10 సంఖ్య ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. మారంపు ఇవి అందించారు. ఈ ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి కాకుండా.

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI: అప్పుడు నాటి సంఖ్య విశ్లేషించండి. నాటి సంఖ్య విశ్లేషించండి. నాటి సంఖ్య విశ్లేషించండి.

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: ఇప్పుడు ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. అంశానికి ప్రత్యేక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. ఈ ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి.

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI: ఈ ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. ఈ ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. ఈ ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి.

SRI P. RANGA REDDI: ఇప్పుడు ప్రాతిపదిక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. ఈ ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. ఈ ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి.

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: ఈ ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి.

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: ఈ ప్రత్యేక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. ఈ ప్రత్యేక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. ఈ ప్రత్యేక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. ఈ ప్రత్యేక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి.

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI: ఈ ప్రత్యేక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి.

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: ఈ ప్రత్యేక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. ఈ ప్రత్యేక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. ఈ ప్రత్యేక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి. ఈ ప్రత్యేక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి.

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI: ఈ ప్రత్యేక ప్రశ్నను పరిశోధించండి.
29th July 1955

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: — 11, என்பது ஒரு தருத்த வேலை செய்யவும் முடியும் புதுக்கோட்டையில் நம்பியிருக்கும் நிலை தவறாக தருவார் என்று கூறியிருக்கும் அல்லது கூறிய்படையாக நம்புவது. என் நோக்கம் எனக்குத் தன்மையே இருக்கும்.

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI: — குறிப்பிட்டு என்ன கூறிக்கொண்டாய் எனக்கு சொன்னோம். எனது அமாவாசையில் கூறியிருக்கும் பாரம்பரியானது செய்ய வேண்டையா வாழும் இடங்களில் புதுக்கோட்டை வேலைச்செய்து விளையாடும் என்பது எச்சொன்னோம் orders மறை விளையாட்டு?

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: — எனது நோக்கம் மறை விளையாட்டு சாவை கின்னும் சம்பாளியின் படி list எனூம் புதுக்கோட்டை குறிப்பிட்டு. துறைகளின் நாட்கள் application உடனும் விளையாடப் பட்டு வேண்டும். அவை கையெழுத்து வழக்குகள் அழைக்கப் பின்னர் application வழங்குவதொரு துறைச் சாவை குறிப்பிட்டு வாழும் அனுமானம் அதற்கானே.

Sri.P. SUNDARAYYA: — என் குறிப்பிட்டு B Form என்பதே, Grow More Food Campaign இன் கூறும் கோடு campaign இல் நடைபெருகவும் இதுவரை தோன்றுவதே. புதுக்கோட்டை கூறியிருக்கும் சம்பாளியின் வழங்கிய orders எச்சொன்னோம் என்படும்?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI: — என்பன் எச்சொன் என்ன கூறிக்கொண்டாய், Political Sufferers என்பான் வழங்கும் யோசையன் நுழை என்பதே. என்று political sufferers என்று வழங்கும் யோசையன் நுழை என்பப்போன் என்று வெவ்வேறு சொன்றே.

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: — என்பது என் குறிப்பிட்டு, என்று கூறியிருக்கிறே. என்று கூறியிருக்கிறே.
THE Hon. Sri K. CHANDRAMOULI:—The question is, as to whether assignees have power to change the appointments of members of provincial congress committee. At present, Board Standing Orders refer to this, but a policy of the Provincial Congress Committee is not referred to. Is a policy required?

Sri P. SUNDARAYYA:—The power is vested in the assignees to change the appointments and to appoint members to fill the vacant seats. This is a question of Provincial Congress Committee policy and not the Board Standing Orders.

THE Hon. Sri K. CHANDRAMOULI:—As such, they have the power of appointment?

Sri A. KALESWARA RAO:—Unfortunately, there is no special policy regarding the appointment of members to fill the vacant seats. The question of Provincial Congress Committee policy is not referred to Board Standing Orders.

THE Hon. Sri K. CHANDRAMOULI:—It seems that the Provincial Congress Committee has not yet decided on a policy regarding the appointment of members to fill the vacant seats.

Sri A. KALESWARA RAO:—Unfortunately, there is no special policy regarding the appointment of members to fill the vacant seats. The question of Provincial Congress Committee policy is not referred to Board Standing Orders.

THE Hon. Sri K. CHANDRAMOULI:—It seems that the Provincial Congress Committee has not yet decided on a policy regarding the appointment of members to fill the vacant seats.
29th July 1955

SRI A. BAPINEEDU:—condemned tanks а
репремени на разных характерах дежурных служб их "целоваво" каземетом "нейтральной" воды. Если вы обнаружите службу воды в этом формате.

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—то
представление, communal purposes и
дипломатии различных законов 1948 г. и
законодательные акты 1954 г.

SRI P. SUNDAKAYYA:—принципиально ресурсом планах 1948 г. и
законодательные акты 1954 г.

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—документальную информацию планах 1948 г. и
законодательные акты 1954 г.

Mr. SPEAKER:—It is clearly said by the Hon. Minister.

SRI P. SUNDAKAYYA:—наши задания и
положение в 1948 г. и 1954 г.
THE HON SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI: The assignments which have already been made to political sufferers will be upheld. That is how I understand the Hon. Minister.

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: My point is, how could it be upheld?

MR. SPEAKER: That the Hon. Minister has replied.

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: I want to know the policy.

MR. SPEAKER: I am afraid we cannot go into policy or reasons.

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: Then, I would request the Hon. Speaker to allow half-hour debate on this.

MR. SPEAKER: Now we have only two days left for the budget and one day for guillotine. We will consider it some time later in the next meeting.

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU: Assignees occupy the floor.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

29th July 1951

occupancy rights, agricultural labour കൊടുങ്ങല്‍ കല്പിക്കില്‍ കേടു വായിക്കാം, ഇങ്ങിനെ, assign അധീനം എന്നിട്ട് മാത്ര പദ്ധതിയെന്നാണ്?

THE HON SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:— Occupy കൊടുങ്ങല്‍ മുഴുവൻ കൊടുങ്ങല്‍? occupy എന്നിരിക്കുന്നു അകറ്റ് പദ്ധതി

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU:— എന്നു രംഗം serious question ഒന്നില്‍ ഉള്ളത് രണ്ടില്‍ കണക്കു തുടരാന്‍ പ്രത്യേകം clear ഉത്തരം കാണാം കൊണ്ട്. Assign എന്നാണ്. Assignees cultivate വ്യാഖ്യാനിക്കുന്നു. ഒ നടത്തിമാറുന്ന ലോകാഗ്രിക്കൽ
labour എന്ന കാര്യം. എല്ലാ കായലിനും എന്നിരിക്കുന്നു യാതൊരു

THE HON, SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:— ഒന്നില്‍ കണക്കുരം, ചെറു
നൈല്‍പരി എന്നിരിക്കുന്നു നേടാന്‍ കാണാം എന്നാണ്‌ പറഞ്ഞിട്ട്‌?

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU:— എന്നാണ്‍ സത്യം പറയുന്നു എന്നാണ് അദ്ദേഹം assign എന്നാണ്. Cultivate േച്ചെലെ എന്നാണ്. എഴുതിയിരിക്കുന്നത് അനുസരിച്ച്
occupation പുറക്കു എന്നും എന്നാണ് കണക്കു തുടരാന്‍ സ്വന്തം
അനുമതി എന്നാണ്. എന്നാണ് assign വ്യക്തം എന്നാണ് കാണാം എന്നാണ്
അവരുടെ എടുപ്പ്, എന്നാണ്‌ അനുകലനം എന്നും

THE HON, SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:— സ്വന്തം എന്ന അവരുടെ
അനുകലനം. Assign' നടത്തിമാറുന്നു എന്നാണ്‌ പറഞ്ഞിട്ട്‌?

SRI P. SURYANARAYANA:— എന്നാണ്? എന്നാണ്‌ സന്തുരം 
സാധ്യമാകുന്നു എന്നാണ് application എന്നാണ് എന്നും സന്തുരം. എന്നാണ്
പുറക്കു എന്നാണ് എന്നാണ് എന്നാണ്
ആണ്. എന്നാണ് എന്നാണ് എന്നാണ്

THE HON, SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:— Agriculturarl 
purposes എന്നാണ്‌ എന്നാണ്‌ എന്നാണ്‌ എന്നാണ്

Mr. SPEAKER: The same question is reiterated.

Recognition of the Andhra Engineering Association.

*55-A Q.—Sri S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state—

(a) whether the Government have received the representation from Andhra Engineering Association in January 1955 for the recognition of their Association; and

(b) if so, the action taken thereon?

THE Hon. Sri N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—

(a) No representation was received in January 1955.

(b) Does not arise.

Sri S. VEMAYYA:—apadu© representation otrqrd

tv tuhwe r^onr1955/* recognize ^3&??*&§ !^^*^c^*^^^i^ ^S^a^cxi^d^! / ^

Tam Hon. SriN.SANJEEVA REDDI: ^%g^ g*oT§
ed' direct -tr ^$o*3r<?a§ ^& &o^^. Association,
Chief Engineer g? contact ^3^o5y -sy^^ t^^irc^§ 138& ^-o&r^^
29th July 1955]

Sri PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU :— N. G. Os, Association to recognise N. G. Os, Government Employees Association to recognise.

The Hon. Sri N. SANJEEVA REDDI :— The Hon. Sri N. SANJEEVA REDDI :— Government Employees Association to recognise the Government Employees Association to recognise. Only Andhra Branch is being opened here. That is what exactly I said. The papers have gone back to the Chief Engineer. The Chief Engineer will be consulted. In due course it will be done.

Committee to investigate into Rural Indebtedness.

76—

*115 Q.—SRI S. VEMAYYA :—Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to set up a Committee to investigate as to the rural indebtedness of the Agriculturists in the State; and

(b) if so, when it will be set up?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI :—

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

SRI S. VEMAYYA :— Rural indebtedness as to whether there is a committee to enquire into rural indebtedness?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI :— Subsequently?

SRI G. YELLAMANDA REDDI :— If the committee so constituted committee so constituted?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI :— If so, then.
[29th July 1955]

SRI P. VENKATASUBBAYYA:—1951-52 గా రాయిసిన Reserve Bank of India తౌంగారు కార్యాలయ co-operative officials కంటే సాధారణ. అందా ప్రశ్నలు ఉంచడానికి అది అందాయితే మాత్రమే మార్పులు ఏర్పడతాయి. అంతే వాడినంతి సంచార recommend చేయాలి?

THE Hon. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—అందా ప్రశ్నలు proposals కొనసాగాయి. అందుకు Co-operative Registrar తౌంగారు. అందుకు అందాయితే చుట చేసి చేయాలి.

SRI S. NARAYANAPPA:—అందాయితే ప్రశ్నలు Reserve Bank తౌంగారు సాధారణే. అందుకు అందాయితే ప్రశ్నలు తౌంగారు సాధారణే. అందుకు అందాయితే ప్రశ్నలు తౌంగారు సాధారణే. అందుకు అందాయితే ప్రశ్నలు తౌంగారు సాధారణే. అందుకు అందాయితే ప్రశ్నలు తౌంగారు సాధారణే. అందుకు అందాయితే ప్రశ్నలు తౌంగారు సాధారణే. అందుకు అందాయితే ప్రశ్నలు తౌంసాగాయి.

Mr. SPEAKER:—అందాయితే ప్రశ్నలు proposals లేదా?

SRI VAVILAI.A GOPALAKRISHNAYYA:—అందాయితే relief కార్యాలయాలు Reserve Bank తౌంగారు సాధారణే. అందాయితే ప్రశ్నలు తౌంగారు సాధారణే. అందాయితే ప్రశ్నలు తౌంసాగాయి. అందాయితే సూచించాలి reject చేయాలి సహకరించండి రెండవ సాగాయి?

THE Hon. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—అందాయితే మూడవ సాగాయి. అందా సాగాయితే మూడవ సాగాయి.

Sri PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU:—అందాయితే కార్యాలయ సాగాయితే, అందుకు మరింత పరిస్థితి ఉండాలి కేసి?

THE Hon. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—అందాయితే సాగాయితే మూడవ సాగాయి. అందాయితే కార్యాలయ సాగాయితే, అందుకు మరింత పరిస్థితి ఉండాలి కేసి?

SRI A. KALESWARA RAO:—అందాయితే కార్యాలయ సాగాయితే Madras Agricultural Relief Act ప్రామాణికంలో pass చేయాలి. అందుకు మరింత పరిస్థితి ఉండాలి కేసి?

Sri PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU:—అందాయితే కార్యాలయ సాగాయితే, అందుకు మరింత పరిస్థితి ఉండాలి కేసి?
29th July 1955

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—The Agriculturists Relief Act fluctuates. The Agricultrists Relief Act has been received by the State, and the number of fluctuations is awaited. 

Public and Private Industries.

77—

*84 Q.—SRI S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state—
(a) the number of industries under public sector; and
(b) the number of industries under private sector now in the State?

THE HON. SRI K. VENKATA RAO:—
(a) Two, Sir.
(b) The total number of industrial units under the private sector in this State is 1940 covering 62 kinds of industries.

SRI S. VEMAYYA:—The subsidy is 1940. The total number of industrial units under the private sector in this State is 1940 covering 62 kinds of industries.

THE HON. SRI K. VENKATA RAO:—

SRI T. LAKSHMINARAYANA REDDI:—Whether in private sector, public sector, mixed sector, or are mixed sectors?

THE HON. SRI K. VENKATA RAO:—Mixed sectors are.


78—

*508 Q.—SRI S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Electricity and Social Welfare be pleased to state—
(a) whether the copy of the report of the Backward Classes Commission has been received by the State; and
(b) if so, whether it will be made available to M.L.A.s?
The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna:—
(a) No, Sir.
(b) Does not arise.

Sri S. Vemayya:—Are Backward Classes Commission's recommendations now accepted? No, it is, and there are recommendations of the Backward Classes list also in the Commission, whether the recommendations are accepted?

The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna:—The question is about the report received by the Government and not about what this Government submitted to the Backward Classes Commission.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is about the report received by the Government and not about what this Government submitted to the Backward Classes Commission.

Filling of vacancies on Regional Transport Authorities.

118 Q.—Sri S. Vemayya:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Co-operation and Commercial Taxes be pleased to state—
(a) whether the non-official vacancies caused on account of the discontinuance of District Board Presidents, on District Road Traffic Authorities have been filled up now; and
(b) if so, who they are?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—
(a) The Regional Transport Authorities of this State as constituted in July 1954 do not include either Presidents of District Boards or any other non-official members. The question of filling up non-official vacancies does not therefore arise.
(b) In view of the answer to Clause (a) this does not arise.
29th July 1955]

SRI S. VEMAYYA:—will the Hon. the Minister for Local Administration and Prohibition be pleased to state the amount of money spent for the enforcement of the Prohibition Law in the State for 1954?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—Chairman, D. S. P. Vice chairman, Divisional Engineer, High- Ways, District Board personal Assistants.

SRI S. VEMAYYA:—District Board Presidents.

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:—As the two questions Nos. 80 and 31 relate to Prohibition, the answers may be given together and supplementaries will follow.

MR. SPEAKER:—As the two questions Nos. 80 and 31 relate to Prohibition, the answers may be given together and supplementaries will follow.

Amount spent on enforcement of prohibition.

80—

*190-B Q.—SRI S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Local Administration and Prohibition be pleased to state the amount of money spent for the enforcement of the Prohibition Law in the State for 1954?

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—
The total expenditure incurred in connection with the enforcement of Prohibition in this State during the year 1954 was Rs. 31,29,167-4-3.

Report on Prohibition.

31—

*217-A Q.—SRI S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Local Administration and Prohibition be pleased to state—

(a) whether this Government submitted any report other than the Ramamoorthy Committee Report to the
Government of India in pursuance of the directions of the Centre to submit the same; and

(b) if so, whether it will be placed on the Table of the House?

The Hon. Sri A. B. Nageswara Rao:—

(a) Yes.

(b) A copy of this Government's letter* No. 46739-L/54-10, Revenue Department, dated 4th August 1954 to the Secretary, Planning Commission, Government of India, New Delhi is placed on the table of the House.

Sri S. Vemayya:—

Prohibition Department has issued an order on the above lines. If so, whether it will be placed on the Table of the House?

The Hon. Sri A. B. Nageswara Rao:—

Yes.

Sri P. Sundarayya:—

Prohibition Department and Police Department met on January 13th and...

Sri G. Yellamanda Reddi:—

Vide Appendix at pages infra.

*Vide Appendix at pages infra.
29th July 1955

public co-operation ఇందు, అంతే సంఘాతం సమాధానం పనిచేసి, ప్రతి సంఘాతం పనిచేసి. చాల సంఘాతం సమాధానం చేయాలి. లేక సమాధానం చేయాలి. దేశానికి మంత్రిపత్రిక గతిగా పాలించండి. యొక్క ప్రతి సంఘాతం పనిచేశాం. సంఘాతం పనిచేశాం. సంఘాతం పనిచేశాం. యొక్క ప్రతి సంఘాతం పనిచేశాం. సంఘాతం పనిచేశాం. సంఘాతం పనిచేశాం. యొక్క ప్రతి సంఘాతం పనిచేశాం. సంఘాతం పనిచేశాం. సంఘాతం పనిచేశాం.

THE HON. SRI A. P. NAGESWARA RAO: అందులో మూడు రోజులు ఉంటే.

Sri A. KALESWARA RAO: ఇది కొనసాగింది.

11-80 a.m.

SRI S. JAGANNADHAM: ప్రతిపాదన అందులో మూడు రోజులు ఉంటే, ప్రతిపాదన అందులో మూడు రోజులు ఉంటే. ప్రతిపాదన అందులో మూడు రోజులు ఉంటే. ప్రతిపాదన అందులో మూడు రోజులు ఉంటే.

THE HON. SRI A. P. NAGESWARA RAO: ప్రతిపాదన అందులో మూడు రోజులు ఉంటే. ప్రతిపాదన అందులో మూడు రోజులు ఉంటే.

MR. SPEAKER: It is a hypothetical question. This need not be answered.

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU: ప్రతిపాదన అందులో మూడు రోజులు ఉంటే. ప్రతిపాదన అందులో మూడు రోజులు ఉంటే.

THE HON. SRI A. P. NAGESWARA RAO: ప్రతిపాదన అందులో మూడు రోజులు ఉంటే.

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU: ప్రతిపాదన అందులో మూడు రోజులు ఉంటే.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[29th July 1955]

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi: It is a matter of opinion.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu: It is being published in Government reports.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi: Every word in the report need not be a Gospel truth. We may not agree with the report and we don't agree with Ramamurthi Committee's Report.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu: It is not Ramamurthi Committee's Report. It is only a report by a Committee of the Government. It is a report published on behalf of the Government and there are also other reports.

Mr. Speaker: The Government say that it is not a report by Government. The Government may or may not accept it.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu: The Government may not accept any report. But there are Government reports on this subject. Even in those reports it is accepted that Prohibition has failed.

Mr. Speaker: We have heard on the floor of the House that the Government are not going to accept that report. Let there be no more ado about it.

Sri N. Sreenivasa Rao: The Government have complete prohibition.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

20th July 1955

Mr. SPEAKER: Marks has nothing to do with Prohibition.

AN Hon. MEMBER:— Marks has nothing to do with Prohibition.

Mr. SPEAKER:— (Laughter)

The Hon. Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:— Marks has nothing to do with Prohibition.

The Hon. Sri A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:— Marks has nothing to do with Prohibition.

Mr. SPEAKER:— (Laughter)

Sri PRAGADA KOTAIAH:— Prohibition has nothing to do with Prohibitions.

Sri N. C. SESHADRI:— Prohibition duties.

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Sri N. C. SESHADRI:— Prohibition duties.
[29th July 1955]

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: — prohibition staff. Excise staff

SRI C. SUBBARAYUDU: — prohibition effective ..

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: — prohibition effective ..

SRI G. YELLAMANDAREDDI: — prohibition hand over ..

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: — prohibition hand over ..

SRI B. SANKARAIYAH: — prohibition hand over ..

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: — prohibition hand over ..

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU: — prohibition ..

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO: — prohibition ..
29th July 1955

SRI K. SUBBA RAO:—In the above resolution, the prohibition issue has to be dissolved. If the prohibition issue is not dissolved, it has to be dissolved by the prohibition officer. How can the prohibition issue be dissolved? Is it possible to dissolve the prohibition issue?

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—Yes! It is necessary. If the prohibition issue is not dissolved, it has to be dissolved by the prohibition officer. The prohibition officer has to enforce the prohibition.

SRI G. YELLAMANDA REDDI:—Are you sure? The prohibition officer has to enforce the prohibition. Can he dissolve the prohibition issue?

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—Yes, he can dissolve the prohibition issue if it is not dissolved. The prohibition officer has to enforce the prohibition.

SRI C. SUBBARAYUDU:—I am not sure. I think the prohibition officer can dissolve the prohibition issue if it is not dissolved. The prohibition officer should dissolve the prohibition issue.

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—Yes, the prohibition officer can dissolve the prohibition issue if it is not dissolved. The prohibition officer should dissolve the prohibition issue.

SRI P. RAMACHARLU:—The prohibition staff should dissolve the prohibition issue if it is not dissolved. The prohibition officer should dissolve the prohibition issue.

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—Yes, the prohibition officer should dissolve the prohibition issue if it is not dissolved. The prohibition officer should dissolve the prohibition issue.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[29th July 1955]

SRI S. K. V. KRISHNAVATARAM:—Prohibition is a necessary evil and the Government is considering whether to start State Veterinary Councils in the State. The Hon. Chief Minister has addressed a complaint and examined it. The certificate will be issued.

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—The matter is under consideration.

SRI M. NAGI REDDI:—The Prohibition Department is considering whether to start State Veterinary Councils in the State.

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—The matter is under consideration.

MR. SPEAKER: The Hon. Chief Minister will give answers to questions Nos. 82 and 83 together and supplementaries will follow.

State Veterinary Councils.

82—

* 114-A Q.—SRI S. VEMAYYA: Will the Hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state—

(a) whether there are proposals with the Government to start State Veterinary Councils in the State now; and

(b) if so, when they will be constituted?

THE HON. SRI B. GOPALA REDDI:—

(a) and (b): The matter is under consideration.

Veterinary College for Andhra.

83—

* 777 Q.—SRI S. R. Y. SIVARAMA PRASAD: Will the Hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state—

(a) whether there is a proposal with the Government to start a Veterinary College for Andhra; and
29th July 1955]

(b) if so, whether the Government decided upon any place for the location of the College?

THE Hon. SRI B. GOPALA REDDI:

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Government have decided to start the 1st year of the B.V.Sc. course in July 1955 temporarily in the premises of the Agricultural College Estate, Bapatla making use partly of the available facilities there pending a decision on the permanent location of a full fledged Veterinary College.

SRI S. VEMAYYA:

The Hon. SRI B. GOPALA REDDI:

Sri S. R. Y. SIVARAMA PRASAD BAHADUR:

MR. SPEAKER: Questions Nos. 84 and 85 may be clubbed together and answers given.

Jail Reforms.

84—

60. Q.—S RI S. VEMAYYA: Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state whether there are proposals with the Government to reform the condition of the jails now?

THE Hon. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:

There are no proposals with Government to reform the condition of Jails now.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[29th July 1955]

Jailors in the State.

85—

* 122 Q.—SRI S. VEMAYYA: Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state—
(a) the number of Jailors in the State now; and
(b) the number of Harijans out of them?

THE Hon. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:
(a) The number of Jailors both Gazetteed and Non-Gazetteed is six.
(b) Nil.

SRI S. VEMAYYA: Will there be any change in the list of Jailors?

THE Hon. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: No.

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU:—

THE Hon. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—

Sri PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU:
29th July 1955

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: దేశంలో విశిష్ట ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు ఉంచడం జరిగింది. లేదా యుద్ధానికి జరిగింది. ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు జరిగింది. అందుకే యుద్ధానికి జరిగింది.

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: ప్రతి వర్షం ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు జరిగింది. ప్రతి వర్షం ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు జరిగింది. అందుకే యుద్ధానికి జరిగింది.

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు జరిగింది. ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు జరిగింది. అందుకే యుద్ధానికి జరిగింది.

Sri N. SREENIVASA RAO: ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు జరిగింది. ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు జరిగింది. అందుకే యుద్ధానికి జరిగింది.

SRI P. SREERAMULU: ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు జరిగింది. ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు జరిగింది. అందుకే యుద్ధానికి జరిగింది.

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: I. G. of Prisons

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU: ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు జరిగింది. ప్రతిష్ఠత్తు జరిగింది. అందుకే యుద్ధానికి జరిగింది.
28th July 1955

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: இணைக்கப்பட்ட முக்கிய பொருளை

SRI S. K. V. KRISHNAVATARAM: இணைக்கும் முக்கிய பொருளை

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: இணைக்கப்பட்ட முக்கிய பொருளை

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: இணைக்கப்பட்ட முக்கிய பொருளை

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: இணைக்கப்பட்ட முக்கிய பொருளை

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: இணைக்கப்பட்ட முக்கிய பொருளை

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: இணைக்கப்பட்ட முக்கிய பொருளை

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: இணைக்கப்பட்ட முக்கிய பொருளை

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: இணைக்கப்பட்ட முக்கிய பொருளை

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: இணைக்கப்பட்ட முக்கிய பொருளை

SRI RAJA RAM: இணைக்கப்பட்ட முக்கிய பொருளை
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

29th July 1955

SRI VAVILALA GOPALAKRISHNAYYA:—What is to be done with the freedom of the people?

THE Hon. Sri N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—The freedom of the people has to be protected by the Government. The freedom of the people cannot be taken away on any account. The freedom of the people has to be protected by the Government.

SRI C. SUBBARAYUDU:—Whether accommodation will be provided for the people who are living in the slums?

THE Hon. Sri N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—Yes, accommodation will be provided for the people who are living in the slums.

MR. SPEAKER:—Questions Nos. 86 and 87 relate to jamabandi. They may be clubbed together and answers given.

Abolition of Jamabandi System.

86—

* 224 Q.—SRI S. VEMAYYA: Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state whether there are proposals with the Government to abolish Jamabandi System in the State now?
THE Hon. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:
The answer is in the negative.

Postponement of Jamabandi in the State.

87—

*557. A Q.—SRI S. VEMAYYA and SRI B. SANKARAYYA: Will the Hon. Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) whether it is a fact that the Jamabandi in every district in the State has been postponed; and

(b) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE Hon. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:

(a) and (b):

The jamabandi for fasli 1364 in districts where it has not already been held has been ordered to be held after 1—7—55 as the Revenue staff in all the districts will be preoccupied till the end of June 1955, with the formulation of District, Taluk and Village plans for the Second Five Year Plan.

SRI S. VEMAYYA:—sentence 1364 దిగిత సత్యాయాతి పండిత పాలన ఏమిటి విస్తరించారు. యంత్రానికి విడించటం లాభం, చాలా పండిత లను సాధ్యం అయితే పరిస్తితి ఉండది. ఇందులో ఎందుకంటే పంధరాయ బంది నిర్దిష్ట పండిత నిర్ధారణ ఉండదు?

THE Hon. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—sentence 1364 దిగిత సత్యాయాతి పండిత పాలన ఏమిటి విస్తరించారు. యంత్రానికి విడించటం లాభం, చాలా పండిత లను సాధ్యం అయితే పరిస్తితి ఉండది. ఇందులో ఎందుకంటే పండిత నిర్ధారణ ఉండదు?

SRI B. SANKARAYYA:—sentence 1364 దిగిత సత్యాయాతి పండిత పాలన ఏమిటి విస్తరించారు. యంత్రానికి విడించటం లాభం, చాలా పండిత లను సాధ్యం అయితే పరిస్తితి ఉండది. ఇందులో ఎందుకంటే పండిత నిర్ధారణ ఉండదు?

THE Hon. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—sentence 1364 దిగిత సత్యాయాతి పండిత పాలన ఏమిటి విస్తరించారు. యంత్రానికి విడించటం లాభం, చాలా పండిత లను సాధ్యం అయితే పరిస్తితి ఉండది. ఇందులో ఎందుకంటే పండిత నిర్ధారణ ఉండదు?
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

{29th July 1955}

SRI P. RAJAGOPALA NAIDU:—Is the 10, 12 3rd Edition of T. A. allowed to be sold?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—District Administration?

Mr. SPEAKER:—It has already been answered.

SRI V. VISWESWARA RAO:—Are the fines and penalties to be increased?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—Yes.

SRI C. SUBBARAYUDU:—Is the time of the case extended?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—Yes.

SRI VAVILALA GOPALAKRISHNAYYA:—Are the Board Standing Orders altered?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—Yes.

SRI S. VEMAYYA:—Was the 1864 Act restored to the 6th Amendment?

THE HON. SRI K. CHANDRAMOULI:—Yes.

Subsidy to Kondapalli Toys Industry.

* 85 Q. —SRI S. VEMAYYA: Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state—

(a) whether the Government of India sanctioned any subsidy to encourage "Kondapalli Toys" industry to this State for the year 1953-54;
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[29 th July 1955]

(b) if so, whether the amount was spent; and
(c) how it was spent?

THE Hon. S Sri K. VENKATA RAO:

(a) No, Sir.
(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Sri S. VEMAYYA:—(Speaking in Telugu)

The Hon Sri K. VENKATA RAO:—(Speaking in English)

1955-56 £600 training facilities to the tune of £750.

Sri V. VISWESVARA RAO:—1954-55 £ Government co-operative society £900 training facilities £650. 1955-56 £500 for affording training facilities in the art of toy manufacture to young men at Kondapalli.

The Hon. Sri K. VENKATA RAO:—In the financial year 1955-56 a £500/- grant was given for training facilities at the tune of £500.

Committee to inquire into the Working of the Co-operative movement.

* 655 Q.—Sri P. VENKATASUBBAIYYA: Will the Hon. the Minister for Co-operation and Commercial Taxes be
pleased to state whether there is a proposal with the Government to appoint a Committee to enquire into the working of the Co-operative movement?

The Hon. Sri D. SANJIVAYYA: No, Sir.

Sri P. VENKATASUBBAYYA: Co-operative Society Act VI of 1932.


332—

Students studying in other countries.

621 Q. —Sri P. GOPALAKRISHNA REDDI: Will the Hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) the number of students of this State studying outside India, in England, America, Russia and China; and

(b) the number of students that were given Government help?

The Hon. Sri B. GOPALA REDDI:

(a) the number of students of this State studying outside India:

(i) England ... 4
(ii) America ... 10
(iii) Russia ... Nil
(iv) China ... Nil

(b) Sri P. Bhujangarao, Assistant Lecturer in Mathematics, College of Engineering, Anantapur has been deputed to U.S.A. under Point Four Programme during 1954. The
cost of passage both ways is met by the State Government. As his absence is treated as on duty, he also gets the pay and allowance admissible to him.

SRI P. RANGA REDDI:—వర్ధంతంపై మాత్రమే ప్రశ్న 14 అక్టోబర్ పై బయలుతుంది? అందువలరు అనేక కాలం ఉండదు?

THE HON. SRI B. GOPALA REDDI:—Out of the 10 students studying in U. S. A., one is a lady and the rest are men.

Mr. SPEAKER:—Questions Nos. 333 and 334 may be clubbed together and answers given.

Iron Ore near Jaggayyapeta, Nandigama Taluk.

333—

*116 Q.—Sri A. KALESWARA RAO: Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government are aware that iron ore is available in the land about 2000 acres in area near Jaggayyapeta, Nandigama taluk which belongs to Government;

(b) whether any persons applied to Government to give those lands on lease to them and if so, their names; and

(c) if not, whether the Government themselves arrange for taking out the ore and export it?

THE HON. SRI K. VENKATA RAO:

(a) Yes, Sir, but the actual area is not yet determined.

(b) Several applications have been received for the grant of mineral concessions for iron ore over the area, but as the Government have been examining a scheme proposed by Prof. Mahadevan for the utilization of these reserves, the area has not yet been granted to anybody on a mining concession for iron ore. As the matter is still under consideration, the Government do not consider it advisable in the public interest to disclose the names of the applicants.

(c) Does not arise.
Opening of an Iron Factory near Jagayyapet.

334,

* 1148-A. Q. : SRI A. KALESWARA RAO :—Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to open an iron factory near Jagayyapet; and if so when;

(b) whether the Government propose to open some more cement, soap and sugar factories?

THE HON. SRI K. VENKATA RAO :—

(a) The question is under examination and no final decision has yet been reached.

(b) Yes, Sir. But they will be in the private sector.

SRI A. KALESWARA RAO :—స్వాభావికంగా అడిగారే అనాడులు ఉండాలను అందరిస్తే ప్రాంగణం ఉండాలను ఉంటే కాని మరొకటిగా ఉంటే కాని అదికాలే ఉంటే హిందూరు అర్ధం అంగీకరించాలను లేదు?

THE HON. SRI K. VENKATA RAO : ఏమాయితో తెలుగు విధానం ఉండాలను అంటే హిందూరు అర్ధం అంగీకరించాలను లేదు. అంటారెండు తెలుగు ఉండాలను లేదు. ఆ విధానంలో ఉంది ఉండాలను లేదు. కాని తెలుగు అర్ధం విధానం లేదు. ఆ విధానంలో ఉండాలను లేదు.

SRI V. VISWESWARA RAO :—ఎందుకంటే అంటారేండు విధానం ఉండాలను లేదు. ఎందుకంటే అంటారేండు విధానం ఉండాలను లేదు. ఎందుకంటే అంటారేండు విధానం ఉండాలను లేదు?

THE HON. SRI K. VENKATA RAO:—దొరికటానం అంగీకరించే అంటారేండు 5 ఎక్కువ 80 ఎక్కువ అంగీకరించాలను. అది ప్రతి private lands యొక్క విధానం ఉండాలను. కాని ప్రతి private lands యొక్క పాలన ఉండాలను. ఇది licence అంగీకరించాలను. Private lands యొక్క విధానం ఉండాలను. ఇది ప్రతి యొక్క విధానం (యంత్రపరిధిలిని) policy యొక్క.

SRI A. KALESWARA RAO :— ఎందుకంటే ఇది యొక్క విధానం?

29th July 1955
The Hon. Sri K. VENKATA RAO:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Electricity and Social Welfare be pleased to state:

whether there is a proposal to open hostels for the benefit of the Harijan students in the Taluk Headquarters town of Bobbili, Saluru, Palakonda and Patapatnam?

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—Proposals are under consideration.

Sri P. GUNNAYYA:—Is there any proposal to open hostels for the benefit of the Harijan students in the Taluk Headquarters town of Bobbili, Saluru, Palakonda and Patapatnam?

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—Proposals are under consideration.

Sri L. LAKSHMANA DAS:—Are there hostels for Harijan students in the headquarters town of Bobbili?

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—Policy has been decided in this regard. Proposals have been made for hostels for Harijan students in the headquarters town of Bobbili.

Sri N. SRINIVASA RAO:—Are there hostels for Harijan students in the headquarters town of Bobbili?

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—Proposals have been made for hostels for Harijan students in the headquarters town of Bobbili.
29th July 1955

SRI N. VENKAIAH:— How many hostel children are in different hostels? Is there any hostel? Why?

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:— How many hostels are in the state? Which are in Anantapur?

SRI P. VENKATASUBBAYYA:— Director of Harijan Welfare explained that the hostels were attached to high schools and were managed by the Department of Education. The Department ensures proper management of hostels and maintains discipline.

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:— You have mentioned that in the current hostel children are happy and well-fed. Are the hostel children happy and well-fed? Is there any problem in maintaining discipline?

12 Noon

SRI S. NARAYANAPPA:— Why are the hostel children happy and well-fed? Are there any grants to private persons?

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:— The children are happy and well-fed.

SRI PRAGADA KOTAIAH:— The children are happy and well-fed. Are there any problems with the hostel maintenance?

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:— The children are happy and well-fed. Are there any problems with the hostel maintenance?

Harijan Welfare Schools in Anantapur District.
the number of Harijan Welfare Schools in the Anantapur District and whether there is any proposal to start new schools for 1955-56?

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:

The number of Harijan Welfare Schools in the Anantapur District during 1954-55 was 64. There is no proposal to start new schools for 1955-56 in the Anantapur District.

UNSTARRED QUESTIONS.

High School Teachers.

1—

29 Q.—SRI S. VEMAYYA: Will the Hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state—

(a) the number of High School Teachers in District Board and Municipal High Schools in the State now; and

(b) the number of Harijans out of them now?

A.—(a) 8,953.

(b) 155.

Sub-divisional Magistrates, etc.

2—

908 Q.—SRI M. RAJESWARA RAO:—Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state the number of (i) Harijans and (ii) Backward Classes working as (a) Sub-Magistrates (b) First Class Magistrates (c) Sub-divisional Magistrates; and (d) District Magistrates, on 31st March 1955?

A.—(i) Harijans: ... Nil.

(ii) Backward Classes:—...

(a) Sub-Magistrates: ... 8

(b) Additional First Class Magistrates: 1

(c) Sub-divisional Magistrates: ... Nil

(d) District Magistrates: ... 1
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

29th July 1955

Tahsildars, Deputy Tahsildars, etc.

3—

43 Q.—Sri S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) the number of Tahsildars,
(b) Deputy Tahsildars; and
(c) Upper Division Clerks in the Revenue Department in the State (in the districts) now?

A.—(a) 205.
     (b) 482.
     (c) 994.

Typhoid Cases.

4—

158 Q.—Sri S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state—

(a) the number of typhoid cases admitted into Government Hospitals;
(b) the number of deaths; and
(c) the number cured in the State for the year ending 1954?

A.—(a) 4,537.
     (b) 317.
     (c) 4,220.

Secretariat Service.

5—

67 Q.—Sri S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state the number of Government servants in the Secretariat Service now categorically and the number of Harijans out of them in each item?
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[29th July 1955]

A.—It is presumed that the Honourable Member requires information only about members of the Andhra Secretariat Service and not about those of lower ranks as well. Particulars of the staff as on 16th April 1956, are furnished below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the Category</th>
<th>Total number of persons in the entire Harijans Secretariat</th>
<th>Number of Harijans out of them</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Superintendents</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Assistants</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Nil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Clerks</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Nil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Division Clerks</td>
<td>292</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Division Clerks</td>
<td>152</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typists including Stenotypists</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of cases on the file of Sub-Magistrates (Judicial).

6—

910 Q.—Shri M. RAJESWARA RAO:—Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state—

(a) the total number of cases on the file of each of the Sub-Magistrates (Judicial) during the calendar year 1954; and

(b) the number of cases disposed of by them during the year in West Godavari district?
A.—(a) and (b)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Magistrate, Eluru</th>
<th>Total Number of cases on file</th>
<th>Number of cases disposed of</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Sub-Magistrate, Eluru</td>
<td>2,318</td>
<td>2,083</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Additional Sub-Magistrate, Eluru</td>
<td>1,517</td>
<td>1,418</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Principal Sub-Magistrate, Bhimavaram</td>
<td>1,494</td>
<td>1,433</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Additional Sub-Magistrate, Bhimavaram</td>
<td>1,104</td>
<td>1,077</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Sub-Magistrate, Koyur</td>
<td>2,447</td>
<td>2,406</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Sub-Magistrate, Tanuku</td>
<td>1,556</td>
<td>1,390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 Sub-Magistrate, Narsapur</td>
<td>1,489</td>
<td>1,470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 Sub-Magistrate, Chintala-pudi</td>
<td>1,517</td>
<td>1,485</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 Sub-Magistrate, Palacole</td>
<td>1,301</td>
<td>1,275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 Sub-Magistrate, Tadepalli-gudem</td>
<td>1,597</td>
<td>1,535</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The figures given above are only for the period from 1st April 1954 to 31st December 1954, as the Scheme of Separation was introduced in West Godavari district only on 1st April 1954, and there were no Judicial Magistrates prior to that date.

Reserve Sub-Registrars, etc.

223 Q.—Sri S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) the number of Reserve Sub-Registrars in the State now working in pursuance of G.O. Ms. No. 3327, Revenue, dated 30th December 1949;
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[29th July 1955]

(b) the number of Section Writers in Registrar and Sub-Registrar’s Offices in the State whose services have been regularized for the year ending 1954;

c) the number of Section Writers who have put in 5 years and above, whose services have not been regularised; and

d) (1) the number of permanent; and

(2) temporary Sub-Registrar’s Offices in the State now?

A.—Clause (a)—G.O. Ms. No. 3327, Revenue, dated 30th December 1949, is no longer in force. There are 16 Reserve Sub-Registrars working in Andhra State.

Clause (b)—137.

Clause (c)—Nil.

Clause (d) (1)—170.

(2)—14.

Cases of Plague.

8—

287 Q.—Sri S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state—

(1) the number of attacks; and

(2) deaths from plague for the year ending 1954, in the State?

A.—The number of attacks and deaths from plague during the year 1954 was 65 and 23 respectively.

Compensation to victims of accidents.

9—

193—B Q.—Sri S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Electricity and Social Welfare be pleased to state—

(a) the number of accidents, (1) fatal, (2) non-fatal that took place in the factories; and
29th July 1955]

(b) the amount of compensation paid to the victims for the year 1954 out of clause (a) in the State?

A.—Clause (a)—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Fatal accidents</th>
<th>Non-fatal accidents</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>116</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Clause (b)—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount of compensation paid to</th>
<th>Rs. A. P.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>fatal cases</td>
<td>15,733 0 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>non-fatal cases</td>
<td>29,210 14 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>44,943 14 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

_Bull-dozers, Tractors etc._

10—

277 Q.—Sri S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state—

(a) the number of (i) Bull-dozers, (ii) Tractors, (iii) Oil Engines and (iv) Pump sets in the State now; and

(b) the number out of them in good condition?

A.—(a) The number of bull-dozers, etc., under the control of the Agriculture Department in the State now and the number out of them in good condition are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Number under the control of the Agriculture Department</th>
<th>Number in good condition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bull-dozers</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tractors</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil engines</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pump sets</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Original suits in the District Munsif's Courts of Kovvur and Tanuku.

11—

914 Q.—SRI M. RAJESWARA RAO :—Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state—

(a) the number of original suits instituted in the Courts of the District Munsifs at (i) Kovvur and (ii) Tanuku of West Godavari district during the calendar years 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954, and

(b) the total number of cases taken in appeal from the judgments of each of those courts during the period?

A.—The information is given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of original suits filed in Kovvur District Munsif's Court</th>
<th>Number of original suits filed in Tanuku District Munsif's Court</th>
<th>Number of cases taken in appeal from the judgments of Kovvur District Munsif's Court</th>
<th>Number of cases taken in appeal from the judgments of Tanuku District Munsif's Court</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1950</td>
<td>670</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1951</td>
<td>724</td>
<td>545</td>
<td>183</td>
<td>130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1952</td>
<td>761</td>
<td>644</td>
<td>183</td>
<td>92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1953</td>
<td>768</td>
<td>691</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1954</td>
<td>382</td>
<td>544</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

29th July 1955]

Assessed and unassessed waste land in Gudur and Sulurpet Taluks.

12—

641 Q.—Shri. P. GOPALAKRISHNA REDDI:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) the extent of the assessed waste land and unassessed waste land available for grant on pattas to the people in Gudur and Sulurpet taluks of Nellore district; and

(b) the extent of cultivable waste land fit for cultivation in Nellore district by taluk-war?

A.—Clause (a)—The extents of assessed and unassessed waste lands available for assignment in Gudur and Sulurpet taluks of Nellore district are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gudur taluk</td>
<td>4320-54</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulurpet taluk</td>
<td>156-76</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Clause (b)—The extent of cultivable waste land fit for cultivation in each taluk of Nellore district is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Taluk</th>
<th>Extent in acres.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nellore</td>
<td>6,771</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rapur</td>
<td>10,424</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kovkur</td>
<td>14,709</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kavali</td>
<td>21,112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Udayagiri</td>
<td>22,916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atmakur</td>
<td>24,217</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kandukur</td>
<td>25,895</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kanigiri</td>
<td>43,437</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13—

333 Q.—SRI S. VEMAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state—

(a) the amount of money granted to Pradesh Bharat Sevak Samaj in the State for the year (i) 1953-54, (ii) 1954-55 towards the schemes of Local Development with half grant; and

(b) (i) the number of such works; and

(ii) with estimated costs?

A.—(a) (i) Rs. 3,000 for 1953-54.

(ii) Rs. 27,050 for 1954-55.

(b) (i) 7.

(ii) Rs. 61,100.

Reserved and Non-Reserved Forest in Salur, Bobbili, etc., Estates.

14—

567 Q.—SHR P. GUNNAYYA:—Will the Hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state the number of acres of reserved and non-reserved forest areas in Salur, Bobbili, Parvatipur, Sangamvalasa and Kuruppm Estates?

A.—The information is furnished below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Estate</th>
<th>Area proposed to be treated in ACS.</th>
<th>Area retained as unreserved in ACS.</th>
<th>Area proposed to be reserved in ACS.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Salur</td>
<td>6,200</td>
<td>33,136</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Bobbili</td>
<td>1,135</td>
<td>18,427</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Parvatipur</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Sangamvalasa</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Kuruppm</td>
<td>34,721-85</td>
<td>77,279-15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
29th July 1955]

Sessions cases tried by the Sessions Judge, West Godavari Division.

15—

916 Q. — Sri M. RAJESWARA RAO: — Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state the total number of Sessions cases tried by the Sessions Judge, West Godavari Division and the number of them which ended in (a) (i) hanging (ii) transportation for life (iii) imprisonment for less than 3 years, and (iv) acquittal during each of calendar years 1953 and 1954?

A. — (a) & (b) The information is given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1953</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1954</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cultivable waste land.

16—

948 Q. — Sri M. RAJESWARA RAO: — Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(i) the total extent of cultivable waste land in each district; and

(ii) in each of the Firkas of Divi taluk of Krishna district on 31st March 1955?

A. — The information required has to be gathered from all villages in the State. The volume of work will be heavy and the Government consider that its usefulness would not be commensurate with the labour and time involved in collecting it.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Royalty from mica mines.

17—

474 Q.—SRI P. GOPALAKRISHNA REDDI :—Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state the total amount of royalty collected from the Mica Mine owners for the years 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954 respectively in Nellore district?

A.—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Royalty collected.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1951</td>
<td>Rs. 76,524 11 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1952</td>
<td>Rs. 67,755 8 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1953</td>
<td>Rs. 53,363 10 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1954</td>
<td>Rs. 46,693 0 9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Acquisition of House-sites for Harijans in Srikakulam district.

18—

585 Q.—SRI P. GUNNAYYA :—Will the Hon. the Minister for Electricity and Social Welfare be pleased to state—

(a) the amount allotted to Srikakulam district for the financial year 1954-55, towards acquisition of house-sites for Harijans;

(b) the amount actually spent for acquisition of house-sites; and

(c) if so, the number of cases of acquisition actually completed during the year with the names of the villages?

A.—(a) A sum of Rs. 73,710 was allotted towards acquisition of house-sites for Harijans in Srikakulam district for the year 1954-55;

(b) The amount spent during 1954-55 was Rs. 4,552-10-8;
29th July 1953]

(c) The number of cases completed is four as given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of village</th>
<th>Extent acquired</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Devunipalavalasa village, Chipurupalli taluk</td>
<td>3—00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathiti village, Pathapatnam taluk</td>
<td>1—90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Komarada village, Parvatipur taluk</td>
<td>4—14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Narasipuram village, Parvatipur taluk</td>
<td>2—98</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Free distribution of Manures, etc.

19—

900 Q.—SRI M. RAJESWARA RAO:—Will the Hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state the total expenditure incurred by the Government for free distribution of manures (fertilizers), seeds, etc., in each district and in each of the taluks of Krishna district for agricultural purposes for the year 1954-55?

A.—The expenditure incurred in each district by the Government on free distribution of manures (fertilizers), seeds, etc., during 1954-55 was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Seeds</th>
<th>Manures (fertilizers)</th>
<th>Agricultural implements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor district</td>
<td>7,147 13 9</td>
<td>3,697 12 3</td>
<td>1,591 11 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuddapah district</td>
<td>200 0 0</td>
<td>200 0 0</td>
<td>Nil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurnool district</td>
<td>200 0 0</td>
<td>200 0 0</td>
<td>Nil.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
20—

952 Q.—SRI M. RAJESHWARA RAO :—Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) the number of appeals preferred before each of the Estates Tribunals under the Madras Estates (Abolition and Conversion into Ryotwari) Act, 1945, since their constitution upto 31st March 1955 ;

(b) the number of appeals remanded by them for disposal by the Settlement Officers upto 31st March 1955 ;

(c) the number of appeals finally disposed of by them upto 31st March 1955 ;

(d) the total expenditure incurred on the establishment of these Tribunals upto 31st March 1955 ; and

(e) the amount of travelling allowance and daily allowance claimed by the staff of the Tribunals up to 31st March 1955 ?

A.—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Estates Abolitional Tribunal.</th>
<th>Total.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chittoor, Vizianagaram.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clause (a)...</td>
<td>1,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clause (b)...</td>
<td>185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clause (c) ...</td>
<td>778</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clause (d)...</td>
<td>1,93,537</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clause (e)...</td>
<td>32,474</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

21—

604 Q.—SRI P. GUNNAYYA :—Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state—

(a) the expenditure incurred in Amudalavalasa and Nagirikatakam firkas under National Development Schemes for the year 1953–54 ; and
29th July 1955]

(b) the various items of expenditure under the different class of works and improvements and the places benefited thereby?

A.—(a) As all the National Extension Service Blocks in this State were inaugurated in the first week of April 1954, no expenditure was incurred during the year 1953-54 in Amudalavalasa, National Extension Service Block.

(b) This question does not arise following the answer to the main question.

Glass Beads Training Centres.

22—

756 Q.—SRI P. GOPALAKRISHNA REDDI:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state—

(a) how many Glass Beads Training Centres are conducted by the Government in this State;

(b) how many students were trained at these centres each year ever since their inception;

(c) The annual expenditure on each centre?

A.—(a) Two glass beads training centres one at Gudur and the other at Renigunta are conducted by the Government. The centre run at Kalahasti has been shifted to Gudur in 1954.
(b) The number of students trained each year at these centres are furnished below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Place</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of candidates trained in manufacture of bangles</th>
<th>Number of candidates trained in manufacture of beads</th>
<th>Total number of students</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kalahasti ...</td>
<td>1947-48</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kalahasti ...</td>
<td>1948-49</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kalahasti ...</td>
<td>1949-50</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kalahasti ...</td>
<td>1950-51</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kalahasti ...</td>
<td>1951-52</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kalahasti ...</td>
<td>1952-53</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kalahasti ...</td>
<td>1953-54</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gudur</td>
<td>1954-55</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renigunta...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Centre opened on 17th May 1955 only).

(c) The annual expenditure on the centre at Gudur is Rs. 29,000 and on the centre at Renigunta is about Rs. 5,400.

**Works executed in National Extension Service Blocks:**

943 Q.—Sri M. RAJESWARA RAO:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Industries be pleased to state the number and the nature of the works executed in each of the National Extension Service Blocks of Krishna district and the Bhimadole Block of West Godavari during the year 1954-55?

A.—The number and nature of the works executed in each of the two National Extension Service Blocks in
Krishna district and the Bhimadole Block of West Godavari district are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nature of work</th>
<th>Number completed</th>
<th>Number in progress</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Krishna District—Tiruvur Block—**

| Wells                        | 11    | 6                  |
| Road and culverts            | 2     | 5                  |
| Schools                      | 2     |                    |
| Library                      | 1     |                    |
| Park                         |       | 1                  |
| Community centres            |       | 1                  |
| **Total**                    | 16    | 13                 |

**Krishna District—Nuzvid Block—**

| Wells                        | 13    | 10                 |
| Road and culverts            | 6     | 3                  |
| Library                      |       | 1                  |
| Community centres            |       | 3                  |
| Maternity Centres            |       | 1                  |
| **Total**                    | 19    | 18                 |

**West Godavari District—Bhimadole Block—**

| Wells                        | 4     |                    |
| Road and culverts            | 15    | 13                 |
| Schools                      | 3     |                    |
| Community centres            | 2     |                    |
| Drinking water ponds and tanks| 3     | 1                  |
| **Total**                    | 27    | 14                 |

Adjournment Motion.

Eviction of tenants from temple lands.

Ms. SPEAKER:—The hon. Member Sri. B. Ratnasabhapathy Setty has given notice of an adjournment motion to
discuss the serious situation arising out of the sudden and unexpected wholesale eviction of tenants by the trustees from the temple lands for having failed to pay rents in advance on account of the steep fall in the prices of agricultural commodities. It is neither definite nor of public importance. I rule it out of order.

[Note:—An asterisk * at the commencement of a speech indicates revision by the Member.]

III. BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.
VOTING OF DEMANDS FOR GRANTS—(contd).
DEMAND XXVII—ELECTRICITY.

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—Mr. Speaker, Sir, on the recommendation of the Government I beg to move:

“That Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,16,00,100 under Demand XXVII—Electricity.”

電力の状況についての議題は、急激な値段の低下による租税の未払いの結果、寺院の土地から住民の突然の大量の驅除を引き起こした。それは明確でないし、公的意味も重要でない。私はこれを議題から外す。

[Note:—An asterisk * at the commencement of a speech indicates revision by the Member.]

III. 预算1955-56年度
投票要求项目的拨款—（续）。
需求XXVII—电力。

THE HON. SRI G. LATCHANNA:—Mr. Speaker, Sir, on the recommendation of the Government I beg to move:

“那政府能授予一個不超過1,16,00,100的款項，於需求XXVII—電力。”

1. 电力建设
2. 电力建设
3. 电力建设
4. 电力建设
5. 电力建设

根据预算委员会的估计，24,25,00,700的基金将用于电力设施。
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri G. Latchanna]

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.

Demand XXVII—Electricity

- steaming engines, oil engines supply 16,250 K.W. power.
- diesel sets supply 5,150 K.W. power.
- hydropower supply 2700 K.W. power.
- steam power supply, 3400 K.W. power.
- diesel sets power 5,150 K.W. power.
- hydro power 1700 K.W. power.
- steam power 19,96,00,000 Rs.
- diesel sets 7,94,00,000 Rs.
- hydro power 3,50,40,000 Rs.
- exhibition Rs.

- steam power 70% 30%
- diesel sets 80% 20%
- hydro power 50% 50%
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955—56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

Sri G. Latchanna

[29th July 1955]

...
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)
Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955]  [Sri G. Latchanna

After schemes are subjected to scrutiny in the House, a pause is observed for 25 schemes for small generating stations, i.e., 108 schemes and 5 other schemes which are also entertained. Besides, small generating stations like the aforementioned main lines and 52 schemes for small schemes for electricity are also entertained. Electricity and thermal stations are also represented. Electricity demands and thermal stations are also represented. Electricity demands and thermal stations are now being considered in the 25 schemes wherein engines, machinery, designs of various schemes are ordered. Thermal stations are also considered hydro power schemes. Since last year, 25 schemes for hydro power stations are now considered. Electricity demands are also entertained. The Planning Commission has examined 8 such projects and now considering detailed investigations, scheme, reports and recommendations. The Planning Commission has also examined 8 such projects and now considering detailed investigations, scheme, reports and recommendations. The Planning Commission has also examined 8 such projects and now considering detailed investigations, scheme, reports and recommendations. The Planning Commission has also examined 8 such projects and now considering detailed investigations, scheme, reports and recommendations.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

Sri G. Latchanna [29th July 1935]

The demand for electricity.SCHEME AND WORKS.

(1) Contribution of the demand to the Departments of Thermal and Hydro Power Supplies.

The demand for the year 1955-56 of the Department of Electricity for Compensation for the thermal power supply and the thermal power cost at the uniform rate of Rs. 33.60 per unit was met by Rs. 26,336 as a surcharge cost unit of Rs. 3 per unit.

In the year 1955, the Director of Industries and the Legal Department notified the Director of Industries to authorise the formation of a new power supply for the distribution of thermal power to the public, and to grant a surcharge cost of Rs. 3 per unit. The Memorandum submitted by the Director of Industries and the Legal Department was approved by the Government of the State of Mysore. The memorandum was submitted to the Governor of the State of Mysore, and the Government of the State of Mysore issued the necessary orders.

The memorandum submitted by the Director of Industries and the Legal Department was approved by the Government of the State of Mysore. The memorandum was submitted to the Governor of the State of Mysore, and the Government of the State of Mysore issued the necessary orders.

The memorandum submitted by the Director of Industries and the Legal Department was approved by the Government of the State of Mysore. The memorandum was submitted to the Governor of the State of Mysore, and the Government of the State of Mysore issued the necessary orders.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955—56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri G. Latchanna]

The High Court has writ orders, which have legal complications. The Electricity Department has refused to create a demand for the relief of the Auditor General. The Auditor General has petitioned the Court for relief. The Court has ordered the Electricity Department to give relief to the Auditor General for the minimum charges of Rs. 3,360. The Auditor General has sought relief for the petitioners. The petitioners have sought relief for the Auditor General. The Auditor General has sought relief from the Court for the petitioners. The petitioners have sought relief from the Court for the Auditor General. The petitioners have sought relief from the Court for the Auditor General.

12-30 p.m

The petitioners have sought relief from the Court for the Auditor General. The petitioners have sought relief from the Court for the Auditor General. The petitioners have sought relief from the Court for the Auditor General. The petitioners have sought relief from the Court for the Auditor General. The petitioners have sought relief from the Court for the Auditor General. The petitioners have sought relief from the Court for the Auditor General. The petitioners have sought relief from the Court for the Auditor General.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)
Demand XXVII—Electricity

[29th July 1955]

Mr. SPEAKER:—Motion moved—"that Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,16,00,100 under Demand XXVII—Electricity."

322—

(454) Sri. P. SUNDARAYYA:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,16,00,100 for Electricity by Rs. 100

(To discuss the necessity for the supply of electricity to Palakonda and Rajam and Veerghottam and other villages).

323—

(44) Sri. P. NARASIMHAPPA RAO:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,16,00,100 for Electricity by Rs. 100

(To discuss the necessity for the supply of electricity to Palakonda and Rajam and Veerghottam and other villages).

326—

(157) Sri. G. YELLAMANDA REDDI:
To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,16,00,100 for Electricity by Rs. 100

(To discuss the failure to extend electricity upto Jaggaiahpet and then to Munagala Paragana).
29th July 1955]

330—

(286) SRI VAVILALA GOPALAKRISHNAYYA :

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 1,16,00,100
for Electricity by ... Rs. 100

(Sri Neelakanta Raja Reddy: since long it has been neglected ... but, now it is very necessary.)

MR. SPEAKER:—The main Demand and the cut
motions are now before the House for discussion.

SRI VAVILALA GOPALAKRISHNAYYA:—On a point of
information, Sir. Notice has been given to the Members inform­
ing them that the Second Five Year Plan will be discussed
in the Assembly on the 3rd August. I request that copies of
the draft plan may be supplied to the Members even to­day so
that we may prepare for the discussion.

Mr. SPEAKER:—I request Government to supply
Members with copies of the draft plan in advance, so that it
may facilitate discussion.

Sri P. NARASIMHAPARAO:—సర్, ఎదురు? ఎందుకంటే
Electricity Minister ఎక్కడ సమాధానం లేనిని. నా వ్యతిరేక cut
motion మనంపై తిరుగుతుంది అది సమాధానం లేని ఎందుకంటే
యోగ్యంగా Demand లో ఎక్కడ సమాధానం లేని. పొందాలను పాటు
వాటిని ప్రస్తుతం చేసి, మాత్రం ఏక్కడ అంటాలను. భార్య సర్ ఉండానేయను. చాలా చాలా సమయంలో ప్రసిద్ధులు చేసాం చేసాం. మరియు సర్ చేసాం ఎందుకంటే చేసాం. మరియు
చేసాం ఎందుకంటే చేసాం. ఎందుకంటే చేసాం. 1920 సాంచపులు సమాధానం
ఎక్కడు సమాధానం లేని ఎందుకంటే చేసాం. మరియు

212  BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1956-57.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)
Demand No. XXVII—Electricity

Sri P. Narasimhappa Rao

[29th July 1955]

The Hon. Sri B. Gopala Reddi:

Sri P. Narasimhappa Rao:—The scheme of the Machkund main line should be expanded. The demand for grants to the extent of Rs. 4200, which includes the sanction of assistant engineer's remuneration, cannot be revised. It is a scheme of socialistic pattern and it is proposed to extend it.

The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna:

Sri P. Narasimhappa Rao:—The scheme should be expanded. The scheme is under consideration.

Mr. Speaker:

Sri P. Narasimhappa Rao:—The scheme should be expanded. It is under consideration.
29th July 1955]

[Sri P. Narasimhappa Rao

The Hon. Sri B. Gopala Reddi:—Sir!

Sri P. Narasimhapparao:—Sir! Sir, my esteemed colleagues, Hon'ble Minister for Electricity, has already taken up the Electricity Demand for half an hour. We have only four hours today, and we have allotted two hours for each Demand, Electricity and Civil Works respectively. The Hon. Minister has already taken up half an hour out of the two hours for Electricity. Shall we have both the Demands today, or, shall we take up Civil Works tomorrow?
SRI P. SUNDARAYYA:—No, Sir, we shall keep to the programme. The guillotine is coming on the 1st August, and in the mean time we want to cover as many Demands as possible.

Mr. SPEAKER:—So we have only an hour and a half more for this Demand, one hour now and half an hour after lunch. The Hon. Minister will be called upon to reply at 3 or 3:10 p.m. So I request hon. Members to limit their speeches as far as possible.

12:30 p.m.

*SRI G. BUSANNA:—I request that the electricity rates be lowered. Factories are facing great difficulties. Factories are incurring heavy expenses. The Hon. Minister will be called upon to reply at 3 or 3:10 p.m. So I request hon. Members to limit their speeches as far as possible.

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BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)
Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri G. Bassanna]

Sri N. T. Chengalrayana Naidu:—

The factory output is to be increased. The factory has been running at a low capacity, and the output is very poor. The factory is expected to be shut down.

Sri N. T. Chengalrayana Naidu:—

It is requested that the Sanitation Board should be constituted in the constituency. The Board should be asked to consider the electrification of the constituency.

Sri N. T. Chengalrayana Naidu:—

The contract for the electrification of the constituency should be canceled.
Sri N. P. Chengalraya Naidu] [29th July 1955

Sir, it is the declared policy of the State Government as well as that of the Union Government to encourage cottage industries by the supply of electricity. This has been carried on to a large extent all over India. But when it comes to a question of slate industry in Markapur, this Government seems to be indifferent to it. I will not say, 'callous', for I would not use that word.

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An hon. MEMBER:—Then why do you say it? (Laughter)

Sri N. VENKATAIAH:—That is the way of parliamentary expression. Sir, this industry was started by the people without any encouragement by the Government at any time, and they have been living on this industry without
subsidy from the Government, nor are they going to ask for it. It must be remembered that about three thousand families are making their livelihood by this industry. This industry is being carried on in small homes, houses and in small places by children, women and old people. If such industry is not to be encouraged I do not know what else is Government going to encourage. The Government are giving subsidy to several cottage industries, but this industry has not yet been thought of by them. What we now ask for is supply of electricity. It is not a question of the people alone asking for that energy. Even the Tariff Board has recommended it. But unfortunately, in spite of repeated requests and representations this Government has turned a deaf ear to it. It seems they are blind to the aspect of economic development of that area. This Markapur area is a very backward area. Markapur and Cumbum taluks go together, and perhaps they are the worst area in the entire Andhra State. We do not get any water from the major projects to be started, and so there is no scope for improvement of agriculture. The only way we can improve agriculture is by lift irrigation, and for that electric energy is required. There are two thousand wells in Markapur taluk and three thousand wells in Cumbum taluk, and if electric energy is supplied the people can irrigate their lands by lift irrigation. The Gundlakamma river is flowing through these two taluks to a distance of sixty miles and so if only lift irrigation is provided we would develop thousands of acres. Government know all these facts already; and yet, they do not move in the matter. We ask Government for this, not as a gift, but for cost. While in the Composite State the then Government considered the matter and sanctioned a scheme. They said they would supply electricity from Ongole. But before that thing matured, the new State was formed, and this Government has restricted that scheme to a small area, Giddalur area. I do not know how Government chose that area; for, there are not many wells from which ryots
could draw water. Markapur and Cumbum taluks would not be benefited by this at all. So I would request Government to reconsider the matter and see that the entire scheme is sanctioned at an early date. The scheme should comprise the two taluks. It is no use having a small plant here and a small plant there. If it is done in a small scale it will not be economical. The poor ryots will be the losers. So I request the Government to have a consolidated scheme for the entire area of the two taluks of Markapur and Cumbum and provide lift irrigation from the Gundlakamma river and thus improve the economic condition of the people there.

SRI Y. CHANNAYYA: Electricity Demand

SRI P. ANTHONI REDDI: Electricity Demand
29th July 1955

[Sri P. Anthoni Reddi

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

France: "Agriculture is the sole foundation of the economy of a State." Napoleon Bonaparte.

N. M. Munuswami:—Sir, I have no objection to the amendment. The agriculture is the foundation of the economy of a State. It is not just an economic activity but also serves as the source of livelihood for a large section of the population. The amendment is in the interest of the overall development of the State. The adoption of the amendment will ensure better planning and execution of agricultural projects.

Sri L. K. Advani:—Sir, I support the amendment. The amendment will help in the proper utilization of the funds allocated for the agricultural sector. It will ensure that the funds are used for the intended purpose and will improve the living standards of the farmers.

Sri T. N. Seshan:—Sir, I am supporting the amendment. The amendment is necessary to ensure that the funds are used for the intended purpose and will help in the overall development of the State.
Sri M. Munuswami

[29th July 1955]

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)
Demand XXVII—Electricity

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Sanction (prop.)

Sanction (prop.)

Sanction (prop.)
29th July 1955

SRI A. C. SUBBA REDDI :— എന്താണ് തെന്നൽ ആവശ്യമായതെന്നാണ് പറയാൻ പോകാതെ. താങ്ങളുടെ പ്രാഥമിക വൺ മാസം 5 വേദികളുള്ള വില്ലയാണ് ഇത് വില്ലകളിലാണ്. കമ്മിറ്റ്യൂരിന്റെ മാത്രമായി 1650 വേദികളും ഇത് വിക്രമപ്പെട്ടില്ലും. 5 വേദികളും 5000 വേദികളും വശത്താണ് ഇതിന്റെ വിശേഷത. 1000 വേദികളും ഇവയും പെട്ടില്ലുമാണ്. 5 വേദികളും 5000 വേദികളും വിൽക്കാനാണ് ഇവയുടെ സ്വത്ത്-പ്രതിപാദം. എന്നിവിടങ്ങളിൽ നാമുഷുക്കളുടെ വേദികളിൽ നിന്നും എടുക്കുക എന്നാണ് തെന്നൽ ആവശ്യമായത്രേ. എന്നിരുന്നു ശരിയും, ശരിയും ഇതാണെന്ന് കാണാം. നമ്മുടെ പാർട്ടിക്ക് അതിന്റെ പ്രതിപാദം ഇറങ്ങാണ് നാമുകൾക്ക് അനുസ്മരണിക്കേണ്ടതും. എന്നാണ് 20 വേദികൾ വിശാലമായി എതിരാനം. എന്നാണ് എന്താണ് എന്ന് പറയുക. എന്താണ് എന്താണ് എന്ന് പറയാവുക. എന്താണ് എന്താണ് എന്ന് പറയാവുക. സ്വദേശം ദേശം എന്താണ് എന്താണ് എന്ന് പറയാവുക. 

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER :— അതിനും പറയുമാണ് എനിക്ക്.
Sri A. C. Subba Reddi] [29th July 1935

Sri M. SATYANARAYANA RAJU : — ముందు నిర్మాణ సమాచారం విస్తృతం కావచ్చు, దొరగిన తదను ప్రతిపాదించిన అనుసరణ కార్యాలు. అందుకే, గుర్తించడానికి నమోదు చేయబడింది కాదు. కానీ ఇది రాష్ట్రంలో తలాకాన్ని సంచారించడానికి మూడు సంవత్సరాల మేధా అంగాన్ని ఉపయోగించాడు. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. సుమారు 25 ఎకిపిట్టి సంపాదించడానికి వాటాంతరంలో నిలిచింది. దీనిలో ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదంగా ఉండాలి. అది ప్రమాదం ఉండాలి.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri M. Satyanarayana Raju

The amount that was invested by the Government should be paid in ten equal instalments of ten years with agreement. The agreement shall not expire until the amount paid is repaid. The amount that was invested by the Government should be paid in ten equal instalments of ten years.

1.00 p.m.

Srimati B. RUKMINI DEVI:—It is unfortunate! The agreement should be fulfilled. The agreement should not expire until the amount paid is repaid. The amount that was invested by the Government should be paid in ten equal instalments of ten years.
Srimati B. Rukmani Devi] [29th July 1955

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955—56
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)
Demand XXVII—Electricity

Srimati B. Rukmani Devi] [29th July 1955

The Hon'ble Treasurer, Srushti D. Ramabrahmam:—

An irrigation demand for a grant of Rs. 6943 M to the irrigation department of Mysore State is placed before the House. The Hon'ble Treasurer has already informed us that the total demand for the year is Rs. 135,000,000. The irrigation department has requested an increase of Rs. 1,000,000 over the previous year's grant.

The Hon'ble Treasurer has also informed us that the private utility has been allowed to write off Rs. 2,000,000 which has been paid to it. The Hon'ble Treasurer has also informed us that the Mysore State government has been asked to contribute Rs. 5,000,000 towards the irrigation department.

Sri D. Ramabrahmam:—

The Hon'ble Treasurer has already informed us that the total demand for the year is Rs. 135,000,000. The Hon'ble Treasurer has also informed us that the private utility has been allowed to write off Rs. 2,000,000 which has been paid to it. The Hon'ble Treasurer has also informed us that the Mysore State government has been asked to contribute Rs. 5,000,000 towards the irrigation department.

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Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955]  [Sri D. Ramabrahman

Mr. DEPUTY SPEAKER:—Can you give us the cost of this scheme?

Sri D. RAMABRAHAM:—Yes, and also the maximum charge.

M. L. As:—I am concerned with the agriculturalists. Can you give us the scheme and also the maximum charge?
Sri D. Ramabrahmam] [29th July 1955

Sri P. Sreearamulu :—

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)
Demand No. XXVII—Electricity

Sri D. Ramabrahmam

...
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955—56

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri P. Sreeramulu]

The Hon'ble Chief Minister, by virtue of powers conferred on him under Local Government Act, 1951, sanctioned for revenue for the year 1955-56 10 lakhs of rupees for the assistance to cottage industries in respect of power connection. The following districts, viz., 1. Kurnool, 2. Prakasam, 3. Anantapur, 4. Kadapa, 5. Chittoor, 6. Nellore, 7. Krishna, have sanctioned for revenue expenditure for the year 1955-56. Sanction for Taluk headquarters of revenue expenditure also sanctioned. Review of the functioning of Power Supply and Construction to rural areas is also recommended. Demand for supply and construction of railway crossings also sanctioned. Sanction for the supply and execution of works in rural areas, railway crossings, P.W.D. crossings, canal crossings, and similar works are also recommended. Sanction for the supply and execution of works in rural areas, railway crossings, P.W.D. crossings, canal crossings, and similar works are also recommended. 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Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)
Demand No. XXVII—Electricity

[29th July 1955]

*SRI K. APPARAO:—I would like to bring to your notice that the extent of the work has been increased from 1,000 to 1,500 kwh, and the additional work includes the supply of electricity to the village of Sripuram. I would like to suggest that the work be extended to include the supply of electricity to the surrounding villages. This would help in the development of the area.

*SRI K. SANTHAPPA:—I would like to mention that the Upper Pennar Project is progressing well and is expected to be completed by the end of the year. The project is expected to provide electricity to the local community and improve the standard of living in the area.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand No. XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri K. Santhappa]

Sri P. GOPALU REDDI: We have had the Schemes in 1952 sanctioned. In 1953 schemes sanctioned with the sanction of the Ministry. These Schemes were sanctioned by the Ministry in 1952 and 1953. When the Ministry sanctioned the Schemes, they were based on the reports of the investigations.

[Sri R. Santappa]

Electricity investigation on demand. The demand is for increased production side. We have had the Schemes sanctioned in 1952 and 1953. The Ministry has sanctioned the Schemes based on the investigations. The Ministry has sanctioned the Schemes based on the investigations.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56,
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

Sri P. Gopalu Reddi

29th July 1955

Sri B. G. M. A. Narasinga Rao:

The demand for current supply is for the establishment of a hydroelectric project at Timagubhadra, Matchkhand, Nandikonla, and Naudikona. This project is to generate electricity and supply it to the grid. The project is at an advanced stage of planning and is expected to be completed soon. The project will also provide hydro power for the local community.

The demand for the purchase of oil engines is for the establishment of a hydroelectric project at Thungabhadra, Matchkhand, and Nandikonla. The project is expected to be completed in the near future, providing electricity to the local community.

The demand for the purchase of oil engines is for the establishment of a hydroelectric project at Timagubhadra, Matchkhand, and Nandikonla. The project is expected to be completed in the near future, providing electricity to the local community.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri B. G. M. A. Narasinga Rao]

Mr. Deputy Speaker:—Order, order; time aoa.

Sri B. G. M. A. Narasinga Rao:—Order, order; time aoa.

Order, order; time aoa.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

Sri B. G. M. A. Narasinga Rao] [29th July 1955

Andhra Power System, Rayalaseema Power System are regular power systems. The power system requires regular cadres and operation subordinate service, work shop establishment, construction subordinate service, nominal muster roll, etc. The erection, testing, and commissioning are important. The operation subordinate service requires provision of regular cadres and cadre for construction subordinate service, nominal muster roll, etc. The Andhra Power System, Rayalaseema Power System are regular power systems.

The following increments are required:

1. Provident Fund increments.
2. Work charge increments.
3. Increments in the department.

Chief Engineer, dated 1st January. 

...
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955—56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955] [Sri B. G. M. A. Narasinga Rao

Mr. DEPUTY SPEAKER:—[2-45 p.m.]

(AFTER LUNCH—2-45 p.m.)

(Mr. Speaker in the Chair)

Sri PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU:—Mr. Speaker,

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswara Lu: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I have pleasure in seconding the proposals for the demand for electricity. 29th July 1955, Sri B. G. M. A. Narasinga Rao. Electricity supply in respect of the five year plan.

Electricity supply is required to be rectified. 75 15.

A motion for the adjournment of the House was carried.

Motion moved by Mr. M. M. Narasimha Reddy.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)
Demand XXVII—Electricity

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu] [29th July 1955

... Electricity Department 的做法 也需要 采取 同样的 方式。若 有 发生 故障，应 立即 予以 修理。目前 的 电力 供应...
29th July 1955]  

[Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu]

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56,  
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)  
Demand XXVII—Electricity

Electricity Industries are charged $5.00 per unit of demand. The Electricity Industries are charged $7.50 per unit of demand. The demand for electricity varies according to the demand. The Electricity industries are charged $1.00 per unit of demand for electricity supply. 

The B. & C. Mills are charged $2.00 per unit of demand, whereas the industries are charged $1.00 per unit of demand. The industries are charged $1.00 per unit of demand, whereas the industries are charged $3.00 per unit of demand. The industries are charged $2.00 per unit of demand, whereas the industries are charged $1.00 per unit of demand. 

The disparities between the industrial and consumer charges are significant. The industrialists are charged $1.00 per unit of demand, whereas the industries are charged $2.00 per unit of demand. The industrialists are charged $3.00 per unit of demand, whereas the industries are charged $4.00 per unit of demand. 

Managing Director's remuneration is $10,000 per annum. The industrialists are charged $15,000 per annum. The industrialists are charged $20,000 per annum. The industrialists are charged $25,000 per annum. 

Industrialists charge the supply of electricity to large concerns, but do not charge the supply to small concerns. 

Download B. & C. Mills to charge $2.00 per unit of demand. The industries are charged $1.00 per unit of demand. But, the industries are charged $2.00 per unit of demand. The industries are charged $3.00 per unit of demand. The industries are charged $4.00 per unit of demand. 

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Industrialists charge the supply of electricity to large concerns, but do not charge the supply to small concerns.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu [29th July 1955]

Electric charges must be controlled. The profit on electricity consumption statistics show industries consume 80 to 40% while industrialists consume 40%. Industrialists claim control over electricity rates.

Industries must control profits in proportionate charge concession rate. The industries minister has laid out schedules in the cabinet's decision on rates and disparity.

Electricity charges must be controlled. The profit on electricity consumption statistics show industries consume 80 to 40% while industrialists consume 40%. Industrialists claim control over electricity rates. The industries minister has laid out schedules in the cabinet's decision on rates and disparity.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu]

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.

Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu]

Electricity

G.O. orders that the maximum 25 units for a unit rate of 0.5-0 be. One unit rate of 0.4-6, the maximum for 12 units of 0.4-0 be returned. In the electricity for agricultural and rural purposes, the rate for 75 units of 0.5-6, the rate for 100 units of 0.4-0, and for 150 units of 0.4-0. The rate for industrial electricity is 0.6-0.6, and the rate for seasonal loads is 0.5-0.6.

Industrialists have power for electricity production. They are allowed to return 50% of their consumption. Disparity exists in the rates of 100 units, 200 units, and 300 units. The return is 100, 200, and 300 units.

Supply to industrial purposes supplying to 8 H.P. and above is seasonal, seasonal loads are seasonal, such as ginning, cotton pressing, Cotton mills etc., there will be monthly minimum. The rate for monthly minimum is 0.5-0.6. There will be monthly minimum for 150 units. The rate for monthly minimum is 0.6-0.6. The rate for monthly minimum is 0.7-0.7.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

SRI Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu] [29th July 1955

The monthly minimum charge for 50 units is Rs 175. Above 5 H. P. the annual minimum guarantee is Rs 250.

Disparity between industrialists and agricultural purposes is Rs 50, which is a seasonal concession. Schedule No. 6 provides for supply of electricity at Rs 1/6 per unit.

Supply to agricultural purposes: All consumption up to 5 H. P. has a monthly minimum guarantee of Rs 175. Above 5 H. P. the guarantee is Rs 250. Disparity up to 5 H. P. is Rs 50.

Industrialists have a seasonal concession. Particular industries and agricultural purposes have different rates. Industrialists have a seasonal concession.

Disparities are revised as necessary.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu

Demand XXVII—Electricity

- Commercial or industrial purposes
- Municipalities electricity supply unit
- Municipalities house consumption
- Local bodies public purposes
- Municipalities subsidy

Mr. Venkateswarlu:

3 p.m.
Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu]  
[29th July 1955]

"..."
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955–56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955] [Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu

The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna:—

...
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)
Demand No. XXVII—Electricity

Sri G. Latchanna] [29th July 1955

small industries 5 agriculturalists 5 minimum rate 5
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)
Demand No. XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri G. Latchanna]

Electricity is a seasonal agriculture service. The minimum rate should be seasonal. A seasonal factory should have a minimum rate. Minimum rate should be seasonal. The seasonal electricity should be seasonal. The service should be seasonal. The connection weight, depreciation and maintenance of Government should be seasonal. The seasonal electricity rate should be seasonal. The seasonal manufacture should be seasonal. The seasonal service should be seasonal. The seasonal repair should be seasonal. The seasonal financial should be seasonal. The seasonal agricultural sets should be seasonal. The seasonal tabular forms should be seasonal. The seasonal tariff should be seasonal. The seasonal service should be seasonal. The seasonal maintenance should be seasonal. The seasonal financial should be seasonal. The seasonal agricultural sets should be seasonal.

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Demand XXVII—Electricity

[29th July 1955]

Sri G. Latchanna]

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56

Demand XXVII—Electricity

Demand XXVII—Electricity

[29th July 1955]

Sri G. Latchanna]
29th July 1955] [Sri G. Latchanna

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

Electricity Department 29th July 1955 [Sri G. Latchanna

The Department of Labour and Employment in the Electricity Department is working on the construction side and the operation side. Employment on the construction side is about 333 and on the operation side about 777.

Labour unions and recognition

Recognition has been accorded to the Chief Engineer, Labour Commissioner, and Employees Union. Recognition has been accorded to the President of the Employees Union, and the agreement with the Employees Union is in force.

Recognition of the point of recognition

The Employees Union has agreed to the recognition of 1950-55 scheme, including the thermal system, and the recognition of the line construction scheme and the electricity scheme for the main line. Power has been estimated for the local scheme. The Finance Department has scrutinized the proposal. The Standing Finance Committee has approved the sanction. The electric power is estimated at 12% remuneration. The demand for Standing
Sri G. Latchanna

[29th July 1955]

Finance Committee обсуждали вопросы электроснабжения. Их решения касались проектов по электричеству, которые были разработаны в предвоенное и послевоенное время.

1. Рассмотрена проблема сбыта электричества в составном Мадрасском государстве.
2. Рассмотрены проекты по электричеству, которые были разработаны в предвоенное и послевоенное время.
3. Рассмотрена проблема сбыта электричества.
4. Рассмотрено утверждение проектов по электричеству.

По предварительным сметам, рентабельность проектов по электричеству будет обеспечена.

В целом, обсуждение показало, что проекты по электричеству будут успешно реализованы при условии, что все проекты будут реализованы в течение определенного периода времени.

Обсуждение проектов по электричеству прошло успешно.

Заключение: проекты по электричеству будут успешно реализованы при условии, что все проекты будут реализованы в течение определенного периода времени.


demands industries and informal industries. The industrial companies High Court to write file immediately. The rates of rates will be based on the pre-war contract rates. The rates are proposed to be written in the High Court. The demands industries will be subjected to the demands of the informal industries.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri G. Latchanna]

The Hon. Sri G. Latchanna: Presently the revised rates cabinet has approved. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed. Pre-war projects rates were increased, and post-war schemes were fixed.

Sri N. P. Chengalraya Naidu:— Dholeswara 5000 poles were transferred to the Chief Engineer.
Sri G. Latchanna] [29th July 1955

[Translation]

24g BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

The investigation has been completed, and the final proposals have been submitted along with the estimates of the Chief Engineer for electrification and the combined scheme of rural electrification. The proposal has been submitted to the Standing Finance Committee for finalisation. The cost of equipment and machinery has been estimated. The Chief Engineer will make further investigations to finalize the proposals. The Capital investment cost is estimated to be Rs. 11 lakhs. The proposals have been submitted for electrification and rural electrification. The details of the proposals will be submitted by the Chief Engineer.

24h BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

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24i BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

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BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955–56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri G. Latchanna]

referred to.

5000 K.W. supply to a substation at capacity. Work out this arrangement. 1954 had a surplus generation condition in excess. Supply to the excess capacity to contribute voluntarily on the principle of consultations, voluntary contributions ensure full capacity to improve the condition. 1954 shows that the excess capacity to improve it needs investigations and reports, and so voluntary contributions are essential.

8.30 p.m.

The Chief Secretary referred to a list of points to be noted.

As regards electricity, there are a number of cases where the supply of electricity to the consumer is inadequate. The Electricity Department has been given instructions to improve the condition as per the reports. Electricity Department had sent a list of points for investigation. Investigations were to be held at the Electricity Department office. Reports would be submitted to the Department and condition as per the reports. Electricity Department would then improve service. Conditions of the Department are fulfilled. The condition of the Department should be improved. The Electricity Department has been instructed to improve service on the condition that the reports are submitted. Investigations are to be held at the Electricity Department office. Reports would be submitted to the Department and condition as per the reports.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

[29th July 1955]

Sri M. SATYANARAYANA RAJU:—Agreement and supply of minimum guarantee by Department and contractor, Electric Department.

Minimum guarantee agreement and supply of minimum guarantee by Department and contractor, Electric Department. Minimum guarantee agreement and supply of minimum guarantee by Department and contractor, Electric Department.

The Hon. Sri G. LATCHANNA:—Guarantee agreement and supply of minimum guarantee by Department and contractor, Electric Department. Guarantee agreement and supply of minimum guarantee by Department and contractor, Electric Department.

Chief Engineer report and supply of minimum guarantee by Department and contractor, Electric Department. Guarantee agreement and supply of minimum guarantee by Department and contractor, Electric Department. Chief Engineer report and supply of minimum guarantee by Department and contractor, Electric Department.

Sanctioned schemes consideration by Department and contractor, Electric Department. Supply of poles, wires, and independent poles, wires, and independent poles, wires.

Poles materials and other Department supply to contractors and contractors supply to Department. Poles materials and other Department supply to contractors and contractors supply to Department.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII—Electricity

29th July 1955

[Sri G. Latchanna

... material load to the Department & information regarding the sanction of schemes & the estimate of material & load & information. 

6 59 scheme Government consisderation. 

50 11 22 schemes final investigation. 

27 77 schemes sanction. Construction. 

9 77 970 estimated cost. 

Cut motions to withdraw. 

...
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXVII - Electricity

[S 9th July 1955]

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA:—Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg leave of the House to withdraw the cut motions moved by me and other members of my party. We have decided not to press any cut motion.

All the cut motions were, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

Mr. SPEAKER:—The question is:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,16,00,100 under Demand XXVII - Electricity."

The motion was carried and the grant was made.

DEMAND XXIV - CIVIL WORKS - WORKS.

THE Hon. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—Mr. Speaker, Sir, on the recommendation of the Governor, I move:

"That the Government be Granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 3,29,96,400 under demand XXIV—Civil Works—Works."

...
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi

The Hon'ble Chief Minister Shri N. Sanjeeva Reddi will be addressing the State Highways (Contd) and Civil Works (Contd) of the State Government. The Hon'ble Minister for State Highways, Mr. S. R. Reddy, has presented the report for the year 1955-56, which included the expenditure on the construction of roads, bridges, and other civil works. The Hon'ble Minister has also presented the report for the repair and maintenance of vehicles and buildings. The estimates for the second phase of the construction of thousand houses have been presented, and the Assembly has approved the expenditure. The second phase of the construction of the K. C. Canal has also been approved.
Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi | [29th July 1955]

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

The Hon'ble Member stated that the second batch of houses of the second stage of the Nalanda housing plan was nearly complete and the bridges of the same stage were nearing completion. The employees of the same department had been working hard on the completion of the houses and bridges. The Hon'ble Member was grateful to the employees for their hard work.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955—56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

Civil Works:

On the occasion of the meeting of the demand for Civil Works, the Collector [A. S. Officer] and the Superintendents of the various buildings, the type houses of the various grades were presented. The Assistant Secretaries were also promoted to the grade of N. G. O. The Deputy Secretary [A. S. Officer] also presented the building 'Sanjeeva Reddi' and the type houses of the various grades. The Secretary also presented the type houses of the various grades. The Deputy Secretary also presented the type houses of the various grades.

The above presentation was made by the Collector and the Deputy Secretary on the occasion of the meeting of the demand for Civil Works.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi] [29th July 1955

Cut motions మీరు ఒకపాటం చేసి పోతేందుకు. డిమెండ్ సెమినారు లో పోటి ఎంతా సంప్రదాయంను అందిస్తుంది. శ్రీ సంజీవ రాడి ఇచ్చిన సంఘాన గారు. సైనిక పద్ధతి ప్రపంచ చారిత్రలో పోటి ఎంతా సంప్రదాయం ఉందుంది?

Chief Engineer ఆడి., సీనర్ I. A. S. Officer అంటే యొక్క ఆధారం లో యొక్కి ప్రామాణిక వర్గానిక. సూచించగా, చిత్రాల సమ్మేళన ప్రక్కన, వేసు పూర్వకాల కాదు, వైస్ ప్రాంతికం ప్రమాణం ప్రాంగణం. దీనిలో ఒక ప్రత్యేకత, ఇచ్చిన ఎందుకు వర్గానికతా పోలుండి?

నిమ్మ పరిస్థితులు తమ్ముడు వర్గానికతా యొక్కి అనుకుతుంది. తనిఖీ పరిస్థితులు తమ్ముడు వర్గానికతా యొక్కి అనుకుతుంది. ఇచ్చిన పరిస్థితులు తమ్ముడు వర్గానికతా యొక్కి అనుకుతుంది. ఇచ్చిన పరిస్థితులు తమ్ముడు వర్గానికతా యొక్కి అనుకుతుంది. ఇచ్చిన పరిస్థితులు తమ్ముడు వర్గానికతా యొక్కి అనుకుతుంది.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955–56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

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Sri N. Sanjeova Reddi] [29th July 1955

Demand No. XXIV—Civil Works

tenders call for 

East Godavari contractors 50% 

surrender Departmental rates 

29th July 1955 [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56

259

[smallest size]

serious circumstances 

lowest tenderer contract 

deviate from principle 

Krishna road regulator bridge 

unless he is a condemned or such a useless man whereby I can say that by giving to him the State will lose or stand to lose the local man 

Be careful, on your own responsibility
Budget for the Year 1955-56.

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi

[29th July 1955]

Deviate from the lowest tenderer and select the senior or the lowest tenderer as the case may be, after obtaining an explanation from the tenderer as to why deviation is necessary. P. W. D. is to decide chechece.

Tenders to be lowest tenderer or as per contract revert, P. W. D. to notify.

Senior or lowest tenderer to explain the details. P. W. D. to revert. If convinced, obtain realistic order. If not, revert. P. W. D. to award 10 th tenderer on the lowest among which may be admissible, if so. P. W. D. to revert.

If convinced of realistic order, after discussion, sure success, and convince the Head of Department. P. W. D. to discuss. Let us have a conference with the Chief Engineer and other Departmental Heads. I am prepared to accept it. If I am convinced I will call for a bigger conference also.

A separate estimate is submitted to the Department and discussion. P. W. D. is to obtain realistic order. If not, revert. If convinced, discuss. Let us have a conference with the Chief Engineer and other Departmental Heads. I am prepared to accept it. If I am convinced I will call for a bigger conference also.

legislators' Hostel building, 7,50,000 for details and construction. 2,50,000 for buildings, 50,000 for constructions. 10,000 for additional work, for Legislators' Hostel building.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955—

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

The Honorable Member, 
V. S. Chokkananda Reddy, has estimated amount to Rs. 10.5 lakhs for the construction of quarters for Government servants. A type quarters to accommodate 10 to 15 servants is proposed, B type quarters for 3 to 75 servants, and C type quarters for 60 to 80 servants. Supplementary demand is also proposed for the opening ceremony and flushouts. Decent living possibility is proposed. Hostels have bath rooms. Flushing is proposed. Decent living possibility is proposed. Hostels have flush toilets. Decent living possibility is proposed. Hostels have flush toilets. Decent living possibility is proposed. Hostels have flush toilets.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi [29th July 1955]

The demand is for minimum needs, e.g., a bathroom, a lavatory, a minimum area, etc. The legislator must ensure that the building is not only for the legislators but also for the people of the town. A beauty spot must be created in such a way that it is not only for legislators but for the whole town. That must be a beauty spot not merely for legislators but for the whole town to go there. A beautiful park, lawns, K.C. greenery, etc., should be created. The Architect must plan accordingly.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

Architect's plans, estimates were submitted. But it was found that the plans were defective, and further examination revealed that the estimates were also incorrect. The Architect was asked to rectify the plans and estimates. He was also asked to make the designs artistic.

The decision was taken to appoint an Architect to prepare the plans and estimates. The Architect was also asked to ensure that the designs were artistic.
Mr. SPEAKER :—Motion moved:

"That the Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 3,29,96,400 under Demand XXIV—Civil Works—Works."

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA :—Sir, I move :

To reduce the allotment of Rs. 3,29,96,400 for Civil Works—Works by Rs. ... 100
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

[Sri M. Suryanarayana Raju]

(To point out the negligence of this Government in developing the road communications in Srikakulam District, particularly in Cheepurapalli taluk).

Mr. SPEAKER:—The main Demand as well as the cut motions are now before the House.

Now, we have only one hour twenty five minutes and the Hon. Minister may require half-an-hour for reply. As the Hon. Deputy Chief Minister wants to go at 5.30, I will have to put the question to the vote of the House precisely at 5.25 P.M. By that time the discussion must close.

SRI G. JAGANADHA RAJU:—Hon. Deputy Chief Minister will have to disturb some public works in Cheepurapalli constituency, which have been neglected. The Minister will have to do something about it, so that

SRI C. JAGANADHA RAJU:—Hon. Sanjeeva Reddi may disturb some public works? I also wish to disturb to some extent.

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—I also wish to disturb to some extent.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955–56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Sri G. Jaganadha Raju [29th July 1955]

“Civil Works” or “original work-buildings” (Rs. 21,36,800) have been provided in the past. This year, Rs. 21,36,800 have been provided for the construction of buildings. Out of this, Rs. 21,36,000 have been provided for the construction of buildings, Rs. 21,36,800 for the provision of temporary sheds, and Rs. 21,36,800 for the provision of other buildings. The charge on item Rs. 21,36,800 is for the provision of temporary sheds. Item Rs. 21,36,800 has been provided for the construction of buildings. Item Rs. 21,36,800 has been provided for the construction of a separate building of the First Class Magistrate and the Stationery Sub-Magistrate.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

[Sri G. Jaganadha Raju]

Building a new building requires necessary rental houses and offices to be held. Obligations to arise. Obligation to provide buildings for judiciary, provision of temporary advance. Buildings to Construct first stage building. Temporary building. First class building. First class building. Temporary capital. Building construct. Communications to provide. Repairs to communications to provide. Military to construct roads. District Board to construct roads.

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—Simple things are very simple. The Government of India has done things, and will do more. The Centre is doing things, and will do more. Mr. SPEAKER:—It is grant by the Government of India.

SRI G. JAGANNADHA RAJU:—The Government of India will report on development schemes. Development schemes: Item 10, 2,00,000 Rs., Item 12, 2,04,000 Rs., Item 13, 1,12,000 Rs. Caltex will do some work, and provide additional berth arrangement. The Centre is doing things, and will do more.
29th July 1955]

Mr. SPEAKER:—Time is over.

SRI G. JAGANNADHA RAJU:—I will finish in three minutes.

Mr. SPEAKER:—The hon. Member had already seven minutes.

SRI G. JAGANNADHA RAJU:—The amount provided in the estimate and the sanction is for the work of the scheme for five years. The estimate for the work to be done is ₹ 23,96,500. District Backward districts are divided into rural areas and backward districts. Rural areas are divided into villages. Village roads are provided in rural areas. Regarding the provision of roads in rural areas for backward districts, the Backward district is to be treated as the rural area. Backward districts are to be declared as such. Additional funds are to be provided for such districts. The scheme for the work of the scheme is sanctioned for five years. ₹ 23,96,500 is allocated for the scheme. ₹ 23,96,500 is for the period of five years. ₹ 23,96,500 is for the scheme.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)
Demand XXIV—Civil Works

SRI G. Jagannalha Raju

[29th July 1955]

4-30 p.m.

*SRI G. RAMASWAMY REDDI:*—ఆధ్యక్షు! Deputy Chief

Minister తరువాత నిందించిన అది 3,29,96,000 రూ. వాటా కాలంలో రాజకీయ రూపాణం చేస్తుంది. అందులో Highways లేదా civil works పెట్టుబడి చేయాలి. ఇది సధారణ civil works, ప్రత్యేకంగా రైల్వే స్టేషన్, బస్స్ స్టేషన్, పాణి సంయోజనా ముఖ్యమైనవి. యొక్కన్ని రోజు అనే ప్రత్యేకమైన సాధనాలు అడదుకు పడిపోతాయి. తదేయా అది అమితాస్తుల సాధనాలు కంటే ఎంత సాధారణం. తదేయా 70 రూ. అంచన లేదు, 80 రూ. అంచన లేదు సాధారణం. తదేయా మరింత 12 రూ. అంచన లేదు. తదేయా మరింత 12 రూ. అంచన లేదు. తదేయా 20, 80 రూ. అంచన లేదు. తదేయా 20, 80 రూ. అంచన లేదు. తదేయా మరింత 20, 80 రూ. అంచన లేదు. తదేయా Highways లేదా civil worksను పెట్టుబడి చేయాలి అది అడదు పడిపోతాయి. తదేయా 900 రూ. అడదు పడిపోతాయి.

* Railway Station లేదా bus stand పెట్టుబడి చేయాలి అది అడదు పడిపోతాయి. సేవలు నిందించిన అది 20 రూ. అంచన లేదు అడదు పడిపోతాయి. తదేయా ఉపయోగించాలి. తదేయా Railway Station లేదా bus stand అది అడదు పడిపోతాయి. తదేయా 20, 80 రూ. అడదు పడిపోతాయి. తదేయా inconveni

.. సందర్భాను మూడు సంఖ్యలు ఉండేందుకు వాటా రాదు పడిపోతాయి. అది ఉపయోగించాలి. తదేయా ఉపయోగించాలి. తదేయా ఉపయోగించాలి. తదేయా ఉపయోగించాలి. తదేయా ఉపయోగించాలి. తదేయా ఉపయోగించాలి.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)
Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955] [Sri G. Ramaswamy Reddi

SRI N. CHENCIURAMA NAIDU:—Let me bring to the notice of the Assembly and the public the status of civil works in the Highways Department. The Highways Department has a good number of officers, but they are not effective in maintaining the roads. The department is in need of special officers to improve the condition of the roads. The Highways Department needs more funds to improve the condition of the roads.
Irrigation Department ಸುಂದರಿಯ ಶರಾಬ್‌ದೊಳಗಿನ Chief Engineer ದರ್ಬರ ಪ್ರಯೋಗಗಳ ಬೇಂಟೆ ಮಾರ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾಳು. ಇದು ಸುಮ್ಮಿತೆಯರು ಪ್ರಭಾವಿಸಿದ್ದಾಳು. ಸಹಿತ Highways ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯಗಳ ವಿವಿಧ ಚಟುವಟಿಕೆಗಳಿಗೆ Large Work ಮಾರ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾಳು. ಮುಖ್ಯ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು ಈಗೆಗೂ ಸಿದ್ಧಿಗೊಳಿಸಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾಳು.

Sri RAJA SAGI SURYANARAYANA RAJU :—ದೊರೆಯುಂಟು! ನಾಕು Deputy Chief Minister ಆಗ ಬಹುದು ಹಾಗೂ ಹೇಗಾರು ಹಾಗೂ Demands ಎಲ್ಲಿಗಳು ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಲಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ನಮೂನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಬಹು ಹಾಕಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಹಾಗೂ ಪ್ರಯೋಗಗಳ ಪ್ರಭಾವವನ್ನು ಸ್ಕೇರ್ತಿಸಲಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಸಂಪರ್ಕ ಪ್ರತಿ ಜೀವನದಲ್ಲಿ ಇದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದು ನಿರೂಪಣೆಯಾದ ಅಧ್ಯಯನದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಯೋಗ್ಯತೆಂಪು ನಡೆಯುತ್ತದೆ. ನಮೂನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಇದು ಅನುಕೂಲವಾದ ಹೆಸರಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದು ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿ ಇದರಿಂದ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣವಾಗಿ ಬಾಯಸುತ್ತದೆ.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

[Sri Raja Sagi Suryanarayana Raju

Demand of the minister, Shri P. Bapayya, to grant funds for various civil works as follows:

1. Contracts: Supply of new contractors, Rs. 10,000
2. Legislative Hostel: Rs. 10,000
3. Headquarters Hospital: Rs. 10,000
4. Assembly Hall: Rs. 10,000

Sri P. Bapayya:
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Sri P. Bapayya [29th July 1955]  

Dear Sir,  

The Civil Works Department is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges. The demand for this department is presented for the year 1955-56. The proposal includes the construction of new roads and the repair of existing ones. The department has set a limit for the construction of Highways, which is 12 km. However, the Highways Department has requested additional funds for the expansion of the department. The department has requested an increase of 20 lakh rupees, which would bring the total demand to 1600,2000 rupees.

Sri K. Venkataraatnam: The Civil Works Department has requested an increase of 20 lakh rupees. Is there any objection to this?

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya: Point of order, Sir, Civil Works Department discussion ended. Any objection?
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955]

THE HON. SRI A. B. NAGESWARA RAO:—

SRI K. VENKATARATANAM:—

National Highways are Central Government's responsibility, while provincial Highways are Central Govt. and provincial Governments' responsibility. The National Highways maintain Superintending Engineer, and the Provincial Highways maintain Superintendent Engineer. 8, 4 and 3 foundations are maintained, respectively. Bridges are maintained. Bridges are provided. The Highways Department maintains bridges. Bridges are maintained. The Highways Department maintains bridges. The Sugarcane area is 12 km². The Highways Department maintains bridges. The Sugarcane area is 12 km². The Highways Department maintains bridges. The Sugarcane area is 12 km².
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)
Demand XXIV—Civil Works

[29th July 1955]

5-00 p.m.

*SRI RAJA V.V. KRISHNAMRAJU BAHADUR:*—Sir, I have a small demand in the name of my Constituency, #337 Delta area. It is a very small demand of the total amount which was not accepted. This is a scheme of the Government to provide a special grant of Rs. 100,000. This grant will be used for upland area and will be given after the completion of #337 Delta area. This grant will be used for the development of the Delta area and will be given to the Department of Civil Works. It is a small demand, but it is very important for the development of the Delta area. I request you to consider this demand. Thank you.
29th July 1955] [Sri Raja V.V. Krishnamraju Bahadur

Sri N. SRINIVASA RAO:—Mr. Speaker, Sir, I have to congratulate the Hon. Deputy Chief Minister under this Demand. For he is taking very much pains and also giving very much importance to construct several buildings and bridges, and also expedite matters. I have been repeatedly requesting him to visit my area and see for himself how backward it is. He has not been pleased to visit it so far. I understand now that he will visit it in five or six days. When he does come there and see for himself the condition of things, I daresay he will realise how for it has been neglected in roads, buildings, hospitals and the disabilities under which people suffer. May I remind him that there is a big hospital under construction. I mean, the Eluru Headquarters Hospital. Though it is being constructed in the West Godavari district, everybody there knows it is in the border of West Godavari and Krishna districts, and so it is of great importance. Government have also an idea of starting there nursing and compounders training centres attached to that hospital. Here I wish to mention to the House that it was proposed to construct this hospital at Eluru some three Pushkarams back. Now, half a Pushkaram has passed by since the starting of the hospital (Laughter) and perhaps it may take the other half of the Pushkaram to finish the hospital. (Laughter) So I request the Hon. Minister to expedite the construction by providing sufficient funds to complete the building; for, as I said earlier, it is a General Hospital for two districts.

MR. SPEAKER:—The concerned Minister is not here.

Sri N. SRINIVASA RAO:—But it is this Minister who should give the necessary funds.
My last request to the Hon. Minister is that the engineers now working at the construction of the hospital are all efficient; but, there are people interfering with their work by writing letters or by making representations to Government that these engineers are corrupt or inefficient and so on and so forth, and so, they should be transferred from there. I request Government not to pay any heed to those things. For what will happen if engineers are transferred from place to place is that the work will not progress. One engineer will prepare estimates, sketches and plans. His successor will come and say the blue print is bad, the sketch is not correct; this thing is not how it should be; that thing should be completely revised and so on and so forth with the net result, that the whole scheme will be at a stand still. So unless there is a strong representation from the local leaders or the representatives of the concerned constituency, no action should be taken against the engineers. As my time-limit is reached I resume my seat.

SRI K. APPA RAO:—...
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

Sri P. SUNDARAYYA:—Sir, the sum of Rs. 70 crores was allotted for Civil Works. Among these is Rs. 10.15 crores for the Assembly Hall. It is proposed to spend Rs. 11,62,586 towards interest on 1½% of the cost of British budget. This would include the interest on loans. We propose to spend the following amounts under this head:

- Rs. 63,586 for the Assembly Hall.
- Rs. 30,000 for offices.
- Rs. 20,000 for buildings of officers.
- Rs. 20,000 for priority of buildings of officers.
- Rs. 20,000 for priority of buildings of officers.
- Rs. 20,000 for priority of buildings of officers.
- Rs. 20,000 for priority of buildings of officers.

In short, it has been proposed to spend Rs. 11,62,586 on Civil Works. This amount would be charged to the budget and would be spent according to the President's order.
Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Sri P. Sandarayya] [29th July 1955

The existing sanction is that the new Assembly Hall buildings and offices should be constructed. The Assembly Hall, Budget Office,を集国の', and the Assembly Hall on the second floor should be constructed and completed. The works include the construction of 2, 3, and 4 floors. The Assembly Hall should be completed by the end of the financial year.

The construction of the new Assembly Hall buildings should be awarded to a suitable contractor. The Assembly Hall should be completed by the end of the financial year. In view of the above, the Department of Civil Works should be considered efficient. The Department of Civil Works should be organized to ensure efficiency and timely completion of the works.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56

Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

[Sri P. Sundarayya]

치선의 허물들로, 여러 관리 직원들이 한 시절을 보냈습니다. 이는 각
인공정에 따라 하여서 Demand 순서로 분석되어야 하는데.

공공재기, labour contract societies, 구조물 1%를 설치하기 위해 신청할 수 있도록,

30% 약간을 삼-ra의 자금을 이용하여 공공 재기, 고가 도로를 건설하기 위해,

근로자 구조물 지식과 삼-ra의 자금을 공공 재기, 고가 도로를 건설하기 위해,

고가 도로 건설 시공에 대한 공공 재기, 고가 도로 건설 시공에 대한 공공 재기,

 Stunningly, Sri P. Sundarayya

Contractors 10%, 25% 30% 35% 40% 45%, 공공 재기 30%, 35%, 40%, 45%, 50%

Government Engineers 설, 통상 건설을 관리하는, 비축적 비축적

소비자 구조물, 건설업체의 지식과 삼-ra의 자금을 이용하여 공공 재기, 고가 도로를 건설하기 위해,

공공 재기, 고가 도로 건설 시공에 대한 공공 재기, 고가 도로 건설 시공에 대한 공공 재기,
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Sri P. Sunadarayya

[29th July 1955]

...
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

[Sri P. Sundarayya

Cement Concrete 3 & 4ฟส่กษ์ 100 นิ้ว 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย

Black topping 8ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย

Cement concrete 8ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย

Schools 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย

Cement concrete 8ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย

Metal 8ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย 4ฟสกษ์มิวิภัย
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Sri P. Sundarayya] [29th July 1955

(Translation of the text in Telugu)

The demand is to maintain and construct metal roads, cement roads, and railway gang men as priorities. To maintain and construct metal roads, it is necessary to engage railway gang men as well as road gang men and maintain the existing staff. To achieve these, it is necessary to engage permanent staff in maintenance, constructive works, and routine work. The demand is for permanent staff to be provided to Highways employees as a priority. In addition, buildings, schools, and hospitals also need priority maintenance.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1'55-56.

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955 [Sri P. Sundarayya

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI :—అధికారుడు, నాటకం

వస్తువులను కదులుగా కొలూండాడానికి మహాదేవాచార్య. ఇదే సామాన్య construction కొరకు విదర్ధించాలంటే. దేశం నమస్కరం, అధికారుడు ఆయుర్వేద కొడిగిన విశేషం. ప్రొం ఇతర ఇది సంఘం building చందన ఆధారం. పంచేశ్వర buildings కు సాధన ప్రత్యేకం. మనం ఆధారం Judges కు buildings చందన ప్రత్యేకం Capital సంఘం, కొరకు ఇది శాసనానికి, ఆధారం buildings చందన. మాత్రము building Governor's Guest House కూ ఆధారం చూసేGovernor's residence మంచేరా, అధికారుడు State గ్రూపు ప్రాంతం ప్రాంతం లేదు, అధికారుడు శాసన ప్రాంతం లేదు, అధికారుడు శాసన ప్రాంతం లేదు, Governor's house సంఖ్య చందన, అధికారుడు sealed off అధికారుడు. అధికారుడు Central మంచేరా ప్రాంతం శాసనానికి, Governor అడవించించాడు, శాసనం అడవించాడు, ప్రాంతం అడవించాడు. ప్రాంతం గ్రూపు guests అడవించాడు కర్మాథలు. ప్రాంతం Govt. guest అధికారుడు. అధికారుడు central ఎదిేరా, అధికారుడు Circuit house అడవించాడు. అధికారుడు sealed off అధికారుడు. అధికారుడు Central మంచేరా సంఘం, అధికారుడు State అధికారుడు honoured guest అడవించాడు కర్మాథలు. అధికారుడు purpose అడవించాడు Circuit house అడవించాడు కర్మాథలు. అధికారుడు అడవించాడు, 50 మీటర్ల అధికారుడు అడవించాడు కర్మాథలు. అధికారుడు అడవించాడు కర్మాథలు.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Sri N. Sauteeas Reddi [29th July 1955]

The honorable Member of the Lok Sabha, Mr. Sanjeeva Reddy, has moved a demand for grants for widening of roads. The grant for this purpose was Rs. 25,000. He has pointed out that the Government of India has proposed to convert the Provincial Highways into National Highways and has specified in its policy that the conversion will be done in stages. The National Highways are now being widened and converted. It is proposed to provide the required funds for this purpose. A proposal has been made to provide Rs. 50,000 for this purpose. The Government has also proposed to convert the Provincial Highways into National Highways in stages. The estimated amount for this purpose is Rs. 12 lakhs. The proposal to provide Rs. 5 lakhs for furniture, Rs. 4,500 for lighting, and Rs. 20,000 for miscellaneous expenses has been approved.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi

... hall to be used for Government function, public function to be held in the Coles Memorial High School and Usmania College. For guest reception, there is a need for dinner and lunch facilities and also for private buildings. Coles Memorial High School and Usmania College need guest houses and halls. The Guest House needs 10 for nurses, nurses' quarters, and husbands' quarters. The Health Minister needs conveyance. Health Minister is requested to prepare a demand.

Sri Health Minister requested to prepare a General Discussion. The Health Minister's salaries and allowances are very high, and the Health Minister needs more money to look after the hospitals.

Sri PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU: The State is very big, and it needs more funds. The State has many hospitals, and the nurses' salaries are very high. The State needs more money.
THE HON. Sri N. SANJEEVA REDDI :—Executive Engineer made a residence of the State in the town of Bangalore. The residence was requisitioned for use as a residence of the State.

Sri PILALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU :—Our State is very large and...

THE HON. Sri N. SANJEEVA REDDI :—The revised estimates have been presented to the House. New schemes, projects take up surplus. Surplus has been allocated for the construction of buildings. Top priority is given to the construction of quarters.

Sri P. SUNDARAYYA :—Charged items have been allocated for the construction of buildings. Top priority is given to the construction of quarters.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

It is a proof, concrete, postive, in brick and mortar. A proof of the priority of the grants. Stages by stage the work is to be done. The stages by stages are

SRI P. SUNDARAYYA: Supplementary demand of 50% of the works.

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: Supplementary demand of 50% of the works. The stages by stages are to be done.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi

29th July 1955

... program to provide accommodation for officers and families. Regarding this point I don't think Mr. Sunda-raya has convinced me, Sir. Works needs department inefficient at present, partly due to inefficient contractor, partly due to local contractor...
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955—56

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi

Influence easy to gather, easy to influence easy to gather, easy to influence easy to gather. Contractors prefer easy to influence.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu: Pieces rate contracts easy to local people. Main work easy to local people. Barrage easy to local people. Procedure adopt easy to local people. Estimation easy to local people.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi: Pieces rate contracts easy to local people. Discussion easy to local people. Main work easy to local people. Estimation easy to local people. Organisation easy to local people. Conference easy to local people. Revised rates of last year. Organise easy to local people. Conference Finance Minister, P.W.D. Secretary, Finance Secretary, P.W.D. Chief Engineer.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.
Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)
Demand XXIV—Civil Works

Sri N. Sanjecva Reddi

[29th July 1955]

The conference will discuss the estimated rates and revised estimates. The conference may discuss the possibility of further improvements. Perhaps I may be able to help you. I am prepared to take advice from anybody. The conference may discuss the possibility of further improvements.

Further discussion will be postponed until necessary. The controller will prepare the revised estimates. The controller will discuss the possibility of further improvements.
Voting of Demands for Grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works

29th July 1955

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

Buildings

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi mentions the need for the allocation of funds for the construction of buildings. The text states that college buildings are in need of renovation, especially for colleges like Engineering College and Arts College. It notes that there is a lack of maintenance for village roads, and that it is not a major share. After all, black topping costs are high, and both National Highways and State Highways should be given due attention. Cement concrete is also part of the Second Five Year Plan, and it is necessary to adjust amounts accordingly. Main roads, trunk roads, and Cuddapah road are also in need of maintenance.
Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi

[29th July 1955]

I am in full agreement with him. I think it is necessary to direct the Capital town to High Court. On some Highways we convert and improve, on others we black topping. We can make the Capital town to High Court. We can convert and improve important road. We can improve the main road. We can improve and convert new roads. We can make cement concrete and black topping.

Sresailam is a very important religious centre. Sresailam is a very important religious centre. The sanctum sanctorum is 40,50 acres. Sresailam is a very important religious centre.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56.

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works - Works

29th July 1955]

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi

I wish them all success. But I hope they will be able to do it.

Sri P. Sundarayya:—

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—
THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI: — Nominal muster roll is ordered to be muster. There is a demand for the expenditure of Rs. 6 lakhs on Civil Works. The estimate for permanent works is Rs. 5.5 lakhs and for labour Rs. 2.5 lakhs. It is a problem which can be examined by the permanent staff.

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU: — The work is going on smoothly as ordered. The revised estimates are Rs. 4 lakhs. The final estimates are Rs. 8.5 lakhs. 250 stones are required.
BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1955-56. 297

Voting of Demands for grants (Contd.)

Demand XXIV—Civil Works—Works

29th July 1955] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi

The question is:

"That Government be granted a sum not exceeding Rs. 3,29,96,400 under Demand No. XXIV—Civil Works—Works."

The motion was carried and the grant was made.

The House then adjourned to meet again at 11 a.m. on Monday, the 1st August 1955.
APPENDIX.

Vide Answer to Starred Question No. 217-A. Printed at page 168 supra.

[Copy of Letter No. 46739-L/54-10, dated 4th August 1954, addressed to the Secretary, Planning Commission, Government of India, New Delhi.


I am directed to furnish the following information in the form of short notes under heads listed in the annexure to your letter No. PC(VI)SS/20/51, dated 1st December 1951. The particulars for 1951-52 and 1952-53 only have been furnished, as particulars for 1953-54 are not readily available.

I. Excise policy prior to Prohibition.—(i) Procedure for sale and licensing.—The Composite Government of Madras have already furnished the required information under this head in its letter No. 132405/51-10, dated 14th March 1952.

(ii) Extent of Consumption in urban and rural areas (quantities, values, etc.).—The statistics of consumption of intoxicating liquors and drugs during the year 1945-46, i.e., the year just before the introduction of Prohibition are furnished below, so far as Andhra State is concerned. Separate figures for urban and rural areas are not available.

Country spirits.—The consumption of country spirits during the year 1945-46 was 1,106,939 proof gallons. The average incidence of consumption per 100 of population worked out to five proof gallons. Generally, lower middle class people and labourers used to consume arrack. The selling price of arrack ranked between ten annas and one rupee per dram according to local demands.
APPENDIX.

Toddy.—The total number of various kinds of trees licensed during the year 1945-46 in Andhra districts is not readily available. The toddy drinking population consisted mainly of farm labourers of rural areas and workers and manual labourers of urban areas. The selling price of toddy was about ten annas per gallon.

Foreign liquor.—The particulars of consumption of foreign liquor and Indian-made foreign spirits for the year 1945-46 are furnished below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Imperial gallons</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spirits</td>
<td>57,903</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wines (excluding medicated wines)</td>
<td>1,180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malt liquors</td>
<td>152,747</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Foreign liquor was consumed by the rich in urban areas. In rare cases, it was also consumed in the villages by well-to-do persons.

Denatured spirits.—The consumption of denatured spirits was 19,356 gallons.

Denatured spirit was intended only for scientific, industrial or such like purposes, and not for human consumption.

Opium.—The consumption of opium was 13,915 seers—35 tolas.

Hemp drugs.—The consumption of ganja and bhang was 15,981 seers—56 tolas.

(iii) Financial aspects.—The Excise Revenue for the year 1945-46 was Rs. 5,15,65,379-6-2.

II. Measures taken in furtherance of Prohibition—(i) Stages and programme for implementation of Prohibition;

(ii) Period over which Prohibition policy was implemented; and

(iii) Area to which applied.
APPENDIX.

Prohibition was first introduced in Chittoor and Cuddapah districts from 1st October 1938. During the war it was suspended in these districts from 1st January 1944. Subsequently, when the Congress Party returned to power, it was re-introduced in the districts of Avinashi, Cuddapah, Kurnool and Chittoor, with effect from 1st October 1946. It was extended to Nellore and Guntur districts with effect from 1st October 1947. The rest of the coastal districts in the Andhra area (except the Agency areas of West Godavari, East Godavari, Visakhapatnam and Srikakulam), became dry, with effect from 2nd October 1948. The Abkari Act continues to be in force in the Agency areas, though shops for the sale of liquor and intoxicating drugs continue to be closed there.

Thus Prohibition was introduced in the Andhra area in three stages in a period of two years and is now in force throughout the State, except in the Agency areas.

(iv) Range of products covered.—The Prohibition Act covers, toddy, arrack, all kinds of spirits and brews, foreign liquors, and all preparations of liquids consisting of or containing alcohol and hemp drugs.

(v) Exceptions and exemptions.—The Prohibition Act provides for the following general exemptions:

1. The State Government may, by notification and subject to such conditions as they think fit, exempt any specified liquor or intoxicating drug or article containing such liquor or drug from the observance of all or any of the provisions of the Act, on the ground that such liquor, drug, or article is required for medicinal, scientific, industrial or such like purposes.

2. Until the State Government by notification, otherwise direct, the provisions of the Act shall not be deemed to apply:

(a) to liquor in the possession of bona fide travellers for their own personal use while passing through any local area in which the Act is in force.
APPENDIX.

(b) to lawful consignments of liquor or intoxicating drugs carried through or into any such local area.

(3) State Government may, by notification and subject to such conditions, as they think fit, exempt members of the Armed Forces of the Union or of any other Armed Forces raised or maintained by the Union or attached or operating with any of the Armed Forces and the members of the medical or other staff attached to any of the Armed Forces aforesaid from all or any provisions of the Act.

Exemptions are granted for using spirits and preparations containing spirits such as rectified, denatured and methylated spirits for industrial, scientific or such like purposes. Spirituous medicinal preparations on doctor's prescriptions, spirituous toilet preparations, culinary and aerated water essences, etc., have been subjected to certain conditions. Permits are granted for possession of foreign liquor for personal consumption. Ganja and bhang are issued for medicinal purposes. Opiate is issued to addicts on permits granted on medical certificates issued by medical officers of and above the rank of Civil Assistant Surgeon.

(vi) *Extent and nature of propaganda and educational work done by official and non-official organisations*; and

(vii) *Extent to which alternative interests, recreations, amusements and substitutes have been developed in urban and rural communities and sections of population such as Harijans, and mill workers, etc.*:

As mere enforcement alone will not make Prohibition a success, the Government have sanctioned separate staff for work on the ameliorative side of Prohibition. The Ameliorative staff is under the control of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies. The main work of this staff is (1) to render assistance to ex-tappers who were thrown out of employment consequent on the introduction of Prohibition, and (2) to encourage thrift among the ex-addicts and to wean them away
APPENDIX.

from the evil habit of drink by providing substitutes for drink and other counter attractions:—

In order that the Ameliorativo staff may carry on effectively their propaganda on Prohibition, they have been provided with propaganda vans, equipped with magic lanterns. The staff have also taken steps to improve the social life of the villagers. Grama Sanghams have been organised with the object of promoting local leadership and creating local initiative for improving the general condition of the villagers. Recreation has been sought to be provided for the village folk by the introduction and popularisation of indigenous games. Local dramatic talent has also been encouraged by giving small cash subsidies for putting up dramas.

In order to promote thrift among ex-addicts and to induce them to save money and utilize it for productive purposes, co-operative societies distributed Hundiboxes to members and non-members. Arrangements have also been made to celebrate monthly thrift days, when the boxes would be opened in the presence of a large gathering of villagers and the savings effected by the individuals made known to the public in order to create a feeling of emulation among them.

On the constructive side, several kinds of co-operative societies, such as Milk Supply Societies, Cottage Industries Societies, Land Colonisation Societies, etc., have been started to rehabilitate the ex-tappers who were thrown out of employment. The societies which have provided alternative employment to a large section of ex-tapper community are the Jaggery Manufacturing Societies. Licences to tap trees for sweet toddy have been issued to the ex-tappers and the sweet toddy drawn is converted into jaggery which is marketed. In addition to this, permission was granted in certain districts to consume and sell sweet toddy as beverage. Recently this Government, as a measure of finding employment to ex-toddy tappers, have approved a scheme for the
Development of Palm Products in this State. The scheme aims at the three fold objective of providing employment for ex-toddy tappers, making a nutritive food article available to the people under hygienic conditions and ensuring economic exploitation of the natural wealth of thousands of palm trees in the State. It provides for the setting up ultimately of 300 neera bhavans and 300 palm products production centres throughout the State. The Ameliorative staff have been taking all possible steps to secure lands to poor ex-toddy tappers by contacting the Revenue Department.

(viii) Further stage in programmes at present contemplated.—The Government constituted a Committee under the Chairmanship of Sri S. V. Ramamurthy to go into the details of working of the Prohibition Act and the Committee has submitted its report to Government. The decisions of the Government on the report have not yet been reached. Meanwhile, existing policy remains unchanged.

III. Administration and enforcement of Prohibition—(i) Machinery—Prohibition is administered by the Prohibition staff in the districts of Srikakulam, Visakhapatnam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Krishna, Cuddapah, Kurnool and Anantapur, and by the Police in the remaining three districts of Guntur, Nellore and Chittoor. The entire general administration of Prohibition is under the control of the Commissioner of Prohibition who is a Member of the Board of Revenue.

There is a Deputy Commissioner of Prohibition for the eight districts manned by the Prohibition staff. Each district is in charge of a District Prohibition Officer and is divided into two or three circles, each in charge of a Deputy Prohibition Officer. There are also Assistant Prohibition Officers working under these officers. The circles are divided into ranges manned by Prohibition Sub-Inspectors, who are assisted by petty officers and Prohibition Guards.
APPENDIX.

(ii) Additional expenditure.—In the year 1945-46 when the Abkari Act was in force, the total expenditure on the Excise Department was Rs. 19,61,238-2-5. The expenditure on the Prohibition Department in the eight districts under the control of the Prohibition staff during the years 1951-52 and 1952-53 is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Rs. a. p.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1951-52</td>
<td>31,53,247 9 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1952-53</td>
<td>31,46,592 11 8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Regarding the three Police Prohibition districts of Guntur, Nellore and Chittoor, separate Prohibition Police staff was sanctioned up to 1950-51 and thereafter it was merged in the regular Police and now there is no separate staff attending exclusively to the enforcement of Prohibition Act in these three districts. Hence it is not possible for furnishing the expenditure incurred in these districts separately for administration of Prohibition.

(iii) Breaches of Law.—The particulars of Prohibition offences during the years 1945-46, 1951-52 and 1952-53 are furnished below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smuggling of liquor from other States</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smuggling of liquor from district to district</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illicit Distillation</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>5,834</td>
<td>7,796</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## APPENDIX.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) Possession of I.D. spirits ...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>13,240</td>
<td>17,704</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of I.D. spirits ...</td>
<td>5,582</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illicit tapping for fermented toddy ...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>3,034</td>
<td>5,899</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permitting sweet toddy to ferment ...</td>
<td>4,216</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tapping for sweet toddy without licence ...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>606</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illicit transport of liquor ...</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlicensed sale of liquor ...</td>
<td>239</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlicensed possession of liquor ...</td>
<td>3,356</td>
<td>1,006</td>
<td>1,676</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultivation of hemp plants...</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smuggling of drugs from district to district ...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smuggling of drugs from other States ...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illicit transport of drugs ...</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlicensed sale of drugs ...</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlicensed possession of drugs ...</td>
<td>138</td>
<td>355</td>
<td>505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous ...</td>
<td>479</td>
<td>17,920</td>
<td>16,814</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(including dilution, etc.)
APPENDIX.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rendering denatured spirit potable</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smuggling of opium</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport of opium</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possession of opium</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>132</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of opium</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offences under Dangerous Drugs Act</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>14,227</td>
<td>43,896</td>
<td>51,292</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The main types of Prohibition offences are (1) illicit distillation and kindred offences, and (2) illicit tapping and kindred offences.

Illicit distillation is the chief menace to the successful enforcement of Prohibition. In Anantapur district, the Boyas, Harijans and other Scheduled communities commonly resort to illicit distillation. Generally, the base used for preparing wash in illicit distillation is jaggery. In Srikakulam district the distillers use "Mowha" flowers as base. Molasses is also used wherever it is available and is economical. Illicit distillation offences are committed by people of various shades such as Harijans, Boyas, Settibalijas, Sondies, Muslims, Sugalis and Kapus and Fishermen.

There has been a gradual increase under this head of crime from year to year, since the technique of distillation and the construction of cheap stills has spread. The distillers generally select dense forests, poramboke lands, hillocks and river beds for their nefarious activities, so that they can run
away as soon as they get scent of the arrival of the Prohibition staff and disown contraband. Distilling secretly in homes is also not uncommon. The distillers adopt ingenious methods for transporting illicitly distilled arrack. If the quantity to be transported is small, they carry it in cycle tubes, water bottles, vegetable baskets, etc. Large quantities are transported in motor vehicles. The illicitly distilled arrack manufactured in the villages is generally transported to urban areas for sale.

Trade in illicitly distilled arrack is being financed by certain rich and influential bootleggers in towns like Rajahmundry, Vijayavada, Kakinada and Visakhapatnam. These persons are behind the scene and administer large organisations for the procurement or manufacture, and the sale of illicit liquor and drugs. It is generally the hirelings that are arrested and punished while the principals continue free to continue their activities. During the period the hirelings are in jail, their families are maintained by the principals and well looked after. On their return from jail, the hirelings join the organisation to which they belong.

The next major type of Prohibition offence is illicit tapping. The licences issued to the ex-tappers for drawing sweet juice are frequently misused with the result that toddy is drawn and sold instead of sweet juice. Since date palm and coconut palm juice ferment easily, this crime is difficult to detect. The quantity of jaggery produced in the co-operative societies is not generally commensurate with the quantity of sweet juice drawn. Thus the grant of the concession to tap trees for sweet juice is a retrograde step in the path of enforcement of Prohibition. But it has become a necessary evil as it provides employment to ex-tappers who will otherwise be deprived of their means of livelihood, and some at least make an honest living out of the manufacture of palm jaggery.
APPENDIX.

(iv) Prices of illicit liquor, etc., in different areas.—The price of illicit liquor varies from Re. 1/8 to Rs. 7 per bottle, depending on quality, importance of the place and demand for liquor. The price of opium ranges between Rs. 7 and Rs. 12 per tola, while that of ganja ranges between Rs. 2 to Rs. 3-8 per tola. Foreign liquor smuggled from wet areas, foreign settlements and ships is frequently available at a little below the duty paid supply.

(v) Extent of local co-operation; and

(vi) Evaluation—Statistical and qualitative.—Public co-operation which was evidenced in a large measure at the time when Prohibition was introduced in 1946 gradually waned and at present there is practically no co-operation from the public, though few deny that Prohibition is a moral reform. This is a distressing factor, in the enforcement of prohibition. The Prohibition staff have to depend upon themselves for information regarding the commission of offences and even when a case is detected, independent evidence is impossible to obtain. If at all they get any information from the public, it is due to factions in villages or due to the monetary rewards. Instances have been reported wherein even village officers have turned hostile to the Prohibition staff. There are also instances in which the mahajar witnesses have turned hostile due to fear of retaliation by the offenders and other unsocial elements.

The following are some of the reasons for the lack of public co-operation:

1. The trade in illicit liquor is very lucrative. It is estimated that the profit runs in crores.

2. The natural difference between the law like the Prohibition Act where there is neither an affected, aggrieved nor interested party and laws pertaining to the intrinsic nature of crimes, like theft, murder, etc.

3. Fear of anti-social elements particularly when the Boot-leggers concerned have a large organisation behind them.
APPENDIX.

(4) Deficiency of public spirit.

(5) Psychological reaction against coercion.

IV. Results of Prohibition—(1) Consumption of different classes of intoxicating drinks and drugs (quantities, value, etc.).—The figures of consumption of various kinds of liquors, both foreign and Indian made during the years 1951-52 and 1952-53 are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Imperial gallons</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1951-52</td>
<td>... ... 8,803</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1952-53</td>
<td>... ... 5,365</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Non-Indians of over 21 years of age are granted permits for possession and consumption of foreign liquor, subject to the maximum prescribed. Indians are granted permits on medical certificates issued by medical officers of the rank of Civil Surgeon.

Certain unsocial elements taking undue advantage of certain provisions of the Prohibition Act exeming spirituous medicinal preparations, perfumes and toilet preparations, started misusing them. Consequently, spirituous medicinal preparations flooded the market and addicts used them as substitutes for drink. To counteract the activities of these unsocial elements, the Government imposed restrictions on spirituous, medicinal and toilet preparations but these have to be revoked because of the Supreme Court's judgment on the Bombay Prohibition Act holding that the notification imposing restrictions on these preparations is ultra vires. When restrictions were imposed in the State on spirituous, medicinal and toilet preparations, spirituous essences came to be misused and the Government brought essences also under control. The restrictions on spirituous essences still continue.

Opium.—The consumption of opium during the years 1951-52 and 1952-53 was 3,051 seers—76 tolas and 1,811 seers—36 tolas respectively.
APPENDIX.

The issue of opium to addicts has been reduced annually by 20 per cent from 1st October 1949. At present, addicts are allowed a quota limited to that issued on 1st October 1952 on certificates issued by medical officers of and above the rank of Civil Assistant Surgeon.

_Ganja and bhang._—The consumption of ganja and bhang is completely prohibited, except for medicinal purposes. There was, however, no consumption of these drugs, during the years 1951-52 and 1952-53.

(ii) _Social and economic consequences._—There has been differences of opinion about the exact results of Prohibition. On the one hand, there has perhaps been some improvement in their social and economic conditions resulting from increased savings, higher degree of self-respect and greater domestic harmony. On the other hand, violation of the law from illicit distillation, tapping and sales is reported on a considerable scale. Many professional tappers have not yet found alternative employment. The results of the measure can perhaps be assessed accurately only after a fairly long period of time, say a generation, has elapsed.

(iii) _Effect on public resources._—The figures of revenue derived in the years 1945-46, 1951-52 and 1952-53 are furnished below :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>A. P.</th>
<th>Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1945-46</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>5,15,65,379</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1951-52</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>16,39,641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1952-53</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>10,95,150</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There is a considerable drain on the revenues of the State.

V. _Inquiries._—In view of numerous representations received by the Government both in favour of continuing Prohibition in the Andhra State and also for scrapping Prohibition, the Government appointed a committee in January 1954, to review the working of Prohibition in the areas comprising the Andhra State, examine it and make its recommendations. The Committee under the chairmanship of
APPENDIX.

Sri S. V. Ramamurthy, I.C.S. (retired) submitted its report after due enquiry. The report is under the active consideration of the Government.

VI and VII. Conclusions drawn by the State Government in respect of the working of Prohibition and regarding future policy and action; any other aspects.—The recommendations of the Prohibition Enquiry Committee Report are under the active consideration of the Government. Pending a detailed examination of these recommendations, it is not possible to furnish any information under this head at this stage.

Yours faithfully,

K. S. PRAKASA RAO,
Deputy Secretary to Government.