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The House met in the Assembly Chamber, Kurnool, at eleven of the clock, Mr Speaker (The Hon. Sri N. Venkatramaiya) in the Chair.

I. QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

STARRED QUESTIONS

BRIDGE ON THE PENNAR NEAR CHENNUR IN CUDDAPAH DISTRICT.

* 31. Q. Sri N. Sivarami Reddi:—Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state—

(a) whether there is a proposal to construct a bridge on the Pennar near Chennur in Cuddapah District; and

(b) if so, when the work will be started?

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) It is expected that the work will be taken up shortly.

Sri N. Sivarami Reddi:—

మాములు! ఆపిస్తుంటాం — అన్నిలో నాలుగు సంవత్సరాలు, ప్రతిచిత్రలు నిర్మాణ కారణంగా అందించబడింది. జపాన్ నందిపు నిర్మాణ కారణంగా అందించబడింది. తరువాత సంవత్సరం నాలుగు సమయంగా యూరోపీయ నిర్మాణ కారణంగా అందించబడింది. అలాగే, సమాంతంగా ఇతర సంవత్సరాలు నిర్మాణ కారణంగా అందించబడింది. ఈ కారణాలతో సంబంధించి పనియొట్టి వచ్చింది. అందువలస్తే, అమ్మండే తెలుగు వారికి ప్రత్యేకించింది.

Mr. Speaker:—This is not a question.

Sri Pillamarri Venkateswarlu:—ముందు ప్రత్యేక ప్రత్యేకించిన పని, అమ్మండే వచ్చింది?
The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi — విషయం ఉంది. స్వయంభువం 2, 3 దారిని మనం సూచిస్తుంది. సంస్థానం అనే సంఘాతం కంటే చాలా మంది. సంస్థానం తన ప్రతిభ ఎస్టమేట్స్ ను చేయడం లభించాలి. ఈ సమాచార సంఘాతం కంటే కొన్ని సమాచారాలి. దీని అనేలాంటి సంఘాతం కంటే కొన్ని సమాచారాలి.

Sri P. Narasimha Reddi: — ప్యాంటోస్ ఎంటి నింటే అనుభవం స్వీకరించడం లభించింది?

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi: — స్వీకరించడం లభించింది.

SHARE OF ANDHRA STATE UNDER INCOME-TAX.

32. Q. Sri S. Vemiah: —Will the Hon. the Minister for Finance and Law be pleased to state the share of our State under income-tax in 1953-54?
3rd November 1954]

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—The amount actually adjusted to the credit of this State in the accounts of 1953–54 was Rs. 176.22 lakhs.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—శ్రీ విశ్వనాథహమ్ యునిసిపల్ అంచనా విధానం లో ఎందరూ శతాబ్ది అంచనా కొనసాగించింది?

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—శ్రీ విశ్వనాథహమ్ యునిసిపల్ అంచనా విధానం లో ఎందరూ శతాబ్ది అంచనా కొనసాగించింది?

APPLICANTS FOR EMPLOYMENT IN THE EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES IN THE STATE.

33. Q. Sri K. Krishna Rao:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Public Health be pleased to state—

(a) the number of applicants for employment in the Employment Exchanges in the State, who were not provided with employment by the said exchanges as it stood on 1st April 1953,

(b) the number of persons who registered their names for employment in the Employment Exchanges in the State during the one year ending with 31st March 1954;

(c) the number of persons to whom employment was secured by the Employment Exchanges in the State during the one year ending with 31st March 1954;

(d) of the number of applicants for employment as could not be provided jobs and as it stood in the Register of Employment Exchanges in the State, as on 1st April 1954, the number of applicants, as are;—

(1) Graduates in Arts, Science and Commerce;

(2) Graduates in Medicine, Engineering and Law;

(3) Persons as are diploma holders of Institutes of Technology run by the Government?
The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:

(a) 17, 812
(b) 63, 848
(c) 4, 597
(d) No details are available, Sir.

(a) 17, 812.
(b) 63, 848.
(c) 4, 597.
(d) No details are available, Sir.

Sri K. Krishna Rao:

These Employment Exchanges are asking the applicants for employment to come in person and tender their applications. This is causing great inconvenience to the very poor people who are applying for these appointments. May I request the Government to instruct the Employment Exchanges not to require the applicants to come in person to give the initial application?
3rd November 1954]

Sri P. Venkatasubbayya:—Employment Exchanges
India Government அழுத்தம், இன்று முற்பாட்டில். State
Government அழுத்தம், இன்று முற்பாட்டில் என்று கூறுவதற்கு தெரியும் என்று கூறுவதற்கு தெரியும்?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—என்று பதில் இன்று
முற்பாட்டில் ஏற்று படுத்துதல் விளக்கல். மூத்த கொண்டாடி ஓய்வு.

Sri G. Yellamanda Reddi:—இன்று பதில் இன்று முற்பாட்டில்
என்று பதில் இன்று முற்பாட்டில் ஏற்று படுத்துதல்
விளக்கல் என்று கூறுவதற்கு என்று கூறுவதற்கு?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—என்று பதில் இன்று முற்பாட்டில்
என்று பதில் இன்று முற்பாட்டில் ஏற்று படுத்துதல்
விளக்கல் என்று கூறுவதற்கு என்று கூறுவதற்கு
மூத்த கொண்டாடி ஓய்வு.

Sri K. Krishna Rao:—என்று! வருகை ‘D’ என்
சுருக்கம் பதில் இன்று முற்பாட்டில் ஏற்று படுத்தல். அவை என்று வகைமானம்
சுருக்கம் பதில் இன்று முற்பாட்டில் ஏற்று படுத்தல்
விளக்கல் என்று கூறுவதற்கு என்று கூறுவதற்கு?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—என்று பதில் இன்று முற்பாட்டில்
என்று பதில் இன்று முற்பாட்டில் ஏற்று படுத்தல்
விளக்கல் என்று கூறுவதற்கு என்று கூறுவதற்கு
மூத்த கொண்டாடியும் ஓய்வு

Sri T. Potha Raju:—என்று! வருகை ‘D’ என்
சுருக்கம் பதில் இன்று முற்பாட்டில் ஏற்று படுத்தல்
விளக்கல் என்று கூறுவதற்கு என்று கூறுவதற்கு
மூத்த கொண்டாடியும் ஓய்வு.
[3rd November 1954]

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—I cannot help if the hon. Members shut their ears.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—I want to explain the Employment Exchange Office system. The Employment Officer registers 100 to 150 persons and sends them to the centre. Application for the post is made after registering with the Employment Exchange Office. I do not understand this.

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—I cannot help if the hon. Members shut their ears.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—I want to explain the Employment Exchange Office system. The Employment Officer registers 100 to 150 persons and sends them to the centre. Application for the post is made after registering with the Employment Exchange Office. I do not understand this.
3rd November 1954]

Sri P. V. R Gajapathi Raju:—Government employs a number of people from time to time. Is it the custom of the Government to utilize this employment agency for filling posts for menial jobs, for non-gazetted jobs and also for gazetted jobs? If that is not the case, to help this employment agency the Government should make it a point of being the main employer through its channels and thus help economy?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivaya:—We are making several categories of employment through Employment Exchanges. But often-times we have to go to Service Commission. In such cases, I don’t think we are approaching Employment Exchanges.

Sri D. Dasaradharamaiah:—Assembly members are often approached by candidates for employment. In such cases, are they not seeking the help of Employment Exchanges?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivaya:—Employment Exchanges and Service Commission should work together for the benefit of the candidates. Employment Exchanges should be the main employer.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—Service Commission Employment Exchanges should work in tandem. Are they working together?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivaya:—Yes.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:—Employment should be increased to help the unemployed.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[3rd November 1954

insurance scheme and National Cadet Corps. Is it reasonable?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—Is it reasonable?

STATE ADVISORY COMMITTEE OF THE NATIONAL CADET CORPS
FOR ANDHRA.

* 34. Q. Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Education and Industries be pleased to state whether the Andhra Government was consulted by the Government of India in appointing the State Advisory Committee of the National Cadet Corps for Andhra?

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:—Yes Sir,

The State Advisory Committee of National Cadet Corps for the Andhra State was constituted by the Government of India on the recommendation of the State Government.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—Is it reasonable?

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:—Is it reasonable?
3rd November 1954]

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao :—

Chairman : Education Minister.
Member : Secretary to Education Department of the State.
,, Vice Chancellor, Andhra University.
,, Director of Public Instruction.
,, Lt. Col. S. S Chowdary of General Head-quarters Hospital, Madras, Madras area.
,, Sri A. S. Thyagarajan, Principal, P. R. Government College, Kakinada.
,, Sri M. C. Seshachallam, Headmaster, Board High School, Chittoor.
,, Wing Commander C. Satyanarayana, Commander No. 2 Circle, N. C. C. Madras.
,, Capt. E. L. Perraju of Kakinada.
,, Sri C. Anna Rao, B. A., Executive Officer, Tirupati Tirumalai Devasthanams, Tirupati.
,, Smt. C. Ammannaraja, B. A., L. T., ex-Deputy Speaker, Madras Legislative Assembly.
,, Deputy Secretary Government of Andhra Finance Department.
,, Deputy Director of Public Instruction Secretary of the Committee.

Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi :—


extend నిల్వం స్వార స్వార స్వార స్వార స్వార.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— అ సర్వాశాసనీయ ప్రతిసామ్యం

Present Deputy Speaker ఎప్పుడు ఇది?

Deputy Speaker ఎప్పుడు ఇది?

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:— యేదు ఇది?

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— లేదు ఇది?

Select Committee ఇది?

Corps ఇది?

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:— యేదు ఇది?

PUBLM EXAMINATIONS OF HIGHER, SECONDARY GRADE TRAINING CLASSES AND E.S.L.C.

333 Q.—Sri G. Yellamanda Reddi:— Will the Hon. the Minister for Education and Industries be pleased to state—

(a) Whether the candidates, who sit for the Public Examinations of Higher Secondary Grade Training classes and E. S. L. C. are given their marks, if they fail;

(b) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(c) whether the Government will be pleased to give their marks?

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:— (a) The answer is in the negative.

(b) and (c) The additional work involved in this procedure is not commensurate with the advantage that may be derived at.

సంపూర్ణం లేదా పెట్టడు ఇది?

ప్రతిసామ్యం ఇది?

డియూటీ స్పీకర్ ఇది?

భారతదేశం ఇది?
3rd November 1954]

Sri M. Hanumantha Rao:—This month the examination season is
over. As such it is too late. But you have
asked the question. The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao
said that for 1954 examination 11,677 candidates have ap­
peared for the several grades of T. S. L. C. and 16,784 candi­
dates have appeared for E. S. L. C. examination. Calcu­
lated on the basis of percentage of passes for 1953, it is
estimated that if marks are to be communicated to failed
candidates, communications have to be sent to about 5,800
candidates of T. S. L. C. examination and about 9,200
candidates of E. S. L. C. examination. This involves a lot
of additional work in the office of the Commissioner for
Government Examinations, particularly at a time when the
office is heavily worked in connection with the publica­
tion of results of these Examinations including the S. S. L. C.
Examination. That is the position and it involves not
merely work, but work means money, also Sir.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—Surely, the Government should take
necessary action. In the present situation the candidates
appear about 10,000. As far as the dates for publication
are concerned it is too late. Is there any possibility...? The
Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:—It is expected...
250  QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[3rd November 1954

RATION

ration in 5 kg. metric. Quantity has been
assessed at 25. Ration in 5 kg. metric.

Allotment of Bulldozers and Tractors to the
Andhra State

227 Q.—Sri S. Vemiah:—Will the Hon. the Minister
for Local Administration and Agriculture be pleased to
state the number of bull dozers and tractors allotted to the
State by the Centre during 1954?

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:— N i l.

Sri S. Vemiah:— Will the Centre have allotted any
bulldozers or tractors during the year to the Andhra State?

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—The Centre has allotted
15 bulldozers and 20 tractors during the year to the Andhra State.

Sri K. Ramayya Chowdary:—The bulldozers rate Rs.
50/- each, tractors Rs. 10/- each. Circular in regard to
valuation of brick, stone and so forth, has been issued,

allocation of bulldozers and tractors to the
Andhra State

*Sri S. Vemiah:—Will the Hon. the Minister
for Local Administration and Agriculture be pleased to
state the number of bull dozers and tractors allotted to the
State by the Centre during 1954?

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:— N i l.

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3rd November 1954]

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—

Sri K. Govinda Rao:—

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS 251
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[3rd November 1954]

Sri K. Subba Reddi:—Is the number of bulldozers excessive? The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—There are 186 bulldozers, 75 tractor and 21 tractor, 18 bulldozers. In addition to the above, there are 1500 spare parts and 186 spare parts. In December, repairs started. Sri C. Subbarayudu:—There are 21 tractors, 18 bulldozers, and 186 drivers and qualifications for repairs. The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—I believe the workers in the workshops are competent in repairs.
3rd November 1954]

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—17 tractors bull-dozers are required which are urgently needed for the work being done. Are the tractors supply in progress? 

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—Yes, on the advice of the Director of Agriculture, the supply of tractors and bull-dozers is in progress.

Sri K. Veeranna Padal:—Scheduled area agency has ordered 17 tractors bull-dozers. Will the Director of Agriculture supply them in progress?

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—Yes, the Director of Agriculture is already supplying the tractors.

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:—Are the bull-dozers sick, parts of which are pending?

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—Yes, the parts are pending. But the Director of Agriculture is supplying them.

Sri M. Veerabhadram:—Yes, 17 tractors were ordered in 1953. 29, 1954.55 and 30 were ordered, 17 were supplied. Are the remaining 17 tractors to be supplied?
[3rd November 1934]

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—Will there be any specific period of time in which a patta transfer should be recorded in Village Accounts after the registration of the transaction?

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—There is no provision in the present rules requiring that patta transfer should be recorded in Village Accounts within a specified period of time after the registration of the transaction. The Village Karanam records the changes of patta transfers in the Village Accounts as soon as the procedure in that regard is completed and orders are received by him from the Revenue officers. At the time of the Jamabandi, however, the Jamabandi officer scrutinises the Taluk accounts in order to see that the provisions of Standing Orders have been correctly followed, that there has been no undue delay in disposal and that registers have been properly kept.

Sri V. Rama Rao:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Land Revenue be pleased to state whether there is any specific period of time in which a patta transfer should be recorded in Village Accounts after the registration of the transaction?

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—There is no provision in the present rules requiring that patta transfer should be recorded in Village Accounts within a specified period of time after the registration of the transaction. The Village Karanam records the changes of patta transfers in the Village Accounts as soon as the procedure in that regard is completed and orders are received by him from the Revenue officers. At the time of the Jamabandi, however, the Jamabandi officer scrutinises the Taluk accounts in order to see that the provisions of Standing Orders have been correctly followed, that there has been no undue delay in disposal and that registers have been properly kept.
3rd November 1954]

Registrar’s Office

Registrar’s Office has received applications from Registrar Tahsildars and Tadstitials. Registrar Tahsildars have applied for transfers of pattas and register changes, etc., under certain rules. Tadisticals have applied for register changes and certain other matters. Following instances have been raised:

1. Case of T. N. Venkatasubba Reddi, Registrar’s Office, transfers applications and pattas are transferred and register changes have been made.
2. Case of Sri K. Koti Reddi, transfers of pattas and joint pattas.

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—Joint pattas are transferred. Single pattas are not transferred. Instructions are to be followed.
AUCTION OF BUS ROUTES IN THE STATE

*192.Q—Sri S. Vemiah:—Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state whether there are proposals with the Government to auction the bus routes in the State?

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—The answer is in the negative.

Sri S. Vemiah:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi.—

Sri G. C. Kondayya:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—
3rd November 1954

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

Sri B. Sankarayya:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

Sri Pragada Kotaiah:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—
BUDGET FIGURES IN THE ENSUING SESSION.

*630 Q—Sri S. Vemiah:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Finance and Law be pleased to state whether the Government propose to prepare budget figures in the ensuing session, "District-wise"?

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—No, Sir.
3rd November 1954]

APPLICATION FOR THE ELECTRIFICATION OF THE GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL, MADANAPALLI

*39. Q. Sri D. Seetharamaiah —Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Public Health be pleased to state—

(a) Whether the Director of Medical Services has received any application during the first week of May, 1954 from the local M. L. A. for the electrification of the Government Hospital, Madanapalli;

(b) if so, the action taken thereon; and

(c) Whether the district Medical Officer, Chittoor, has recommended the above scheme?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—

(a) Undoubtedly the member is aware of the facts of the case as it is understood that he himself wrote to the Director of Medical Services but apparently forgot to sign his letter.

(b) and (c), Plans and Estimates for the Electrification of the Government Hospital at Madanapalle have been prepared and the matter is under consideration of the Government.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[3rd November 1954]


40. Q.—Sri N. Sivarami Reddi.—Will the Hon. the Minister for Education and Industries be pleased to state how the amount under Cess Fund for the development of Handloom Industry allotted to this State is being spent?

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:—The Cess Fund allotted to this State for the development of handloom industry is being utilised on the various schemes formulated by this Government and approved by the Government of India. The main schemes on which the amount is spent at present by way of grants and loans are briefly the following:

1) Bringing new weavers within the co-operative fold.
2) Expansion of the organisation of the State Co-operative Society, for internal marketing and propaganda for sale of handloom cloth.
3) Research for improvement in designs and better technique.
4) Subsidy for cushioning the sales of handloom cloth.
3rd November 1954]

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:—

Sri B. Sankarayya:—

Sri S. Narayanappa:—

Sri P. Kotaiah:—

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:
The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:—

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:—

AGRICALTURAL SPECIALISTS FROM THE STATE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

*41 346 Q. Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Local Administration and Agriculture be pleased to state—

(a) Whether the Central Government have asked the State Government to recommend some Agricultural Department;

(b) If so, how many were recommended and who they are; and

(c) if not, why not?

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—

(a) Yes.

The Government of India have asked for names of a few suitable candidates for appointment as Assistant Directors (Storage).

(b) One Sri C. Krishnamoorthy, Assistant Entomologist was recommended by the State Government.
3rd November 1954]

(c) Does not arise.

(a) r^n (b) C. Krishnamurthi 

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:—[some text]

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—[some text]

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:—[some text]

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—[some text]

Sri V. Srikrishna:—[some text]
[3rd November 1954

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi—Sir, the members of người jsp
Ganti Peda Poodi (Kothapeta taluk) banjar cultivators have submitted a representation dated 18th March 1954, requesting for the grant of pattas for 15 acres of waste land cultivated by them from 1942; and also to reduce the penalties imposed on the encroacher whenever such reduction was called for.

REPRESENTATION FROM GANTI PEDA POODI BANJAR CULTIVATORS.

42. Q. Sri G. Nageswara Rao.—Will the Hon. the Minister for Land Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) Whether the Government have received any representation, dated 18th March 1954 from Ganti Peda Poodi (Kothapeta taluk) banjar cultivators on 23rd March 1954 for grant of pattas for 15 acres of waste land cultivated by them from 1942; and

(b) if so, the action taken thereon?

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

(a) Yes.

(b) The petition was forwarded to the Collector of East Godavari for careful enquiry and disposal. He was particularly requested to consider all the circumstances of the case and to reduce the penalties imposed on the encroacher whenever such reduction was called for.

(a) Yes.

(b) Disposal is under progress. Further details will be furnished later.

Sri G. Nageswara Rao:—It is a long pending matter. Whether the Collector has already passed any orders or has made any representation to the Government for the grant of pattas to the cultivators? What is the present position?

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—The Collector has already received the representation from the cultivators. He has already passed some orders and has also made some representations to the Government.
3rd November 1954]

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi.—The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi.—

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri Saka Venkata Rao:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi.—

COMPULSORY ELEMENTARY EDUCATION IN NELLORE DISTRICT.

* 43. Q. Sri S. Vemaiah:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Education and Industries be pleased to State—

(a) the number of elementary schools in which compulsory education is in force in Nellore district and

(b) the action taken against defaulters?
266  QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[3rd November 1954

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao :—
(a) 349 schools.
(b) No action has so far been taken.

Sri S. Vemaiah.—మేమును డిస్సిడెన్స్ కోసం compulsory
declare చేయవచ్చును అనుమానమిచ్చారు?

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao.—అసాధ్యం
చరిత్రగా డిస్సిడెన్స్ చేయవచ్చును అనుమానమిచ్చారు. సామాన్యం మరియు అధ్యాపకులు అనేమిత్తే తన
సాఫెన్స్ ఇదే. ఈ action ఇంతకుండా కొంతమంది చేసి నా
సాఫెన్స్తో. ఐ విషయం అధ్యాపకుల విస్తరించాయాయుండా. రెండు అధ్యాప
భూమి క్రింద ఏమిటి. అంది కు ప్రశ్నతో. Defaults
noticed, penalty noticed అనుమానమిచ్చారు
proper forms ప్రతిసామాన్యం
సాఫెన్స్ ఇదే. తారా పాలన కోసం ఈ సాఫెన్స్ ప్రత్యేక
సాఫెన్స్ విస్తరించాయాయుండా. అందుకే
సాఫెన్స్ ప్రతిసామాన్యం
action ఇంతకుండా కొంతమంది
నాటికి చేసాయాయుండా. అంటే ఈ టిపాయగా వ్యాఖ్య

Sri K. Rajagopala Rao :— కృతించిన కోసంపోటు ఎక్కి
సాఫెన్స్ అనుమానమిచ్చారు. సాధ్యం కాదు మాత్రమే ఎక్కి
సాఫెన్స్ అనుమానమిచ్చారు. కాబట్టి ఐ విషయం చూసి
compulsory education అంటే ఎందుకు మరియు ఎంటి?

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao :—ఎంటిసాగడానికీ
మసంపదకం ఉండటం అనుమానమిచ్చారు అధ్యాపకుల
చేయండి అధ్యాపకుల

Sri V. Rama Rao :—అధ్యాపకుల మండలాలు రాయంలో ఎంటి
అధ్యాపకుల మండలాలు రాయంలో ఎంటి?

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao :—Compulsory
3rd November 1934]

Sri B. Appalaswami.— Compulsory labour schools be established. The answer to this question is not satisfied. Labour schools are being conducted. The answer is not satisfactory. The answer is not satisfactory.

No answer.

PUNGANOOR BREED OF CATTLE.

44. Q. Sri S. Vemaiah:—Will the Hon. the Minister for Local Administration and Agriculture be pleased to state—
(a) whether there is a proposal to improve the Punganoor breed of cattle and
(b) if so, the cost of the scheme and the stage at which the matter stands?

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—
(a) Yes, Sir.
(b) The ultimate cost of the scheme is estimated at Rs. 13,400/- non-recurring and Rs. 15,000/- recurring per year. The scheme has already been sanctioned and the animals required are being purchased. Only the site for the farm remains to be selected.

Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi:—Yes, Sir. This is an existing fact. The farmers are in favour of the scheme. What is the position?

The Hon. Sri P. Thimma Reddi:—This scheme has been initiated. The farmers are in favour of it. The scheme has been sanctioned and the animals are being purchased. Only the site remains to be selected.
CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES LIQUIDATED IN THE STATE.

45. 497 Q. Sri S. Vemaiah —Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Public Health be pleased to state—

(a) the number of Co-operative Societies liquidated in 1953—54 in the State; and

(b) the number of Harijan Societies out of them?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya :

(a) 113

(b) 2

Sri S. Vemaiah:— ఉత్తరాదులు తెలియబడింది కాని రాయిన సమస్యలు తెలియబడింది

Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— రాయిన సమస్యలు తెలియబడింది

Out of the two Harijan societies, one relates to the Harijan society at Neerupalli, Bhimavaram circle. The affairs of the society were not satisfactory and the panchayatdars and members evinced no interest in its affairs. The registration of the society was therefore cancelled.

The other relates to Pathapudi Field Labour Co-operative Society, Kakinada Circle, whose registration was cancelled in 1954 and the cancellation order took effect from 19-7-1954. The registration of this society was cancelled as the financial position of the society was not satisfactory and there were heavy dues to Government by way of rentals.

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:— Registration సమస్యలు తెలియబడింది

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— సమస్యలు తెలియబడింది

Sri Pragada Kotaiah:— సమస్యలు తెలియబడింది
3rd November 1954]

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya.—The weavers co-operative movement to wind up?

Sri C. Ramalingaiah:—It is necessary to wind up the weavers co-operative movement.

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—Co-operative Societies Act to amend?

Sri P. Venkatasubbaiah:—Liquidate 33,000 societies surcharge?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—Details?

Sri P. Pandarikakshacharlu:—Liquidate voluntary liquidate order?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—Details? liquidate?

Sri K. Ranga Rao:—Societies register instructions?
The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya.—Instructions

Sri K. Malakondaiah:—Liquidate societies.

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—

Sri G. Bapanaiah.—Rentals. Financial position of the society.

Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi:—Rural societies short term loans. Long term loans.

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—

Sri Bh. Lakshminarasaraju:—
3rd November 1954

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya — హన్ శ్రీ డి. సాంజివయ్య క్రమంచే గురువు విభాగం మాత్రమే జాగ్రత్త ఉండాలి. లాసస్ట్ర్ ప్రాథమిక పరిపాలన రూపాంతరాలు చేసేవాడు పదమాయానికి అమరావతి ఆదాయానికి అధ్యక్షులు అభివృద్ధి సమావస్థీ రుచిప్రదేశం 

Sri Bh. Lakshminarasaraju.—సరి తెచ్చు పంటికం దాదాపు లాసస్ట్ర్ ప్రాథమిక పరిపాలన రూపాంతరాలు చేసేవాడు పదమాయానికి అమరావతి ఆదాయానికి అధ్యక్షులు అభివృద్ధి సమావస్థీ రుచిప్రదేశం నిష్టాస్థం?

Sri Pragada Kotaiah.—సరి తెచ్చు పంటికం దాదాపు లాసస్ట్ర్ ప్రాథమిక పరిపాలన రూపాంతరాలు చేసేవాడు పదమాయానికి అమరావతి ఆదాయానికి అధ్యక్షులు అభివృద్ధి సమావస్థీ రుచిప్రదేశం నిష్టాస్థం?

The Hon. D. Sanjivyaya.—సరి తెచ్చు పంటికం దాదాపు లాసస్ట్ర్ ప్రాథమిక పరిపాలన రూపాంతరాలు చేసేవాడు పదమాయానికి అమరావతి ఆదాయానికి అధ్యక్షులు అభివృద్ధి సమావస్థీ రుచిప్రదేశం నిష్టాస్థం?

Sri S. Vemayya.—ప్రామాణిక తప్పితత్వం మరియు పంటికం దాదాపు లాసస్ట్ర్ ప్రాథమిక పరిపాలన రూపాంతరాలు చేసేవాడు పదమాయానికి అమరావతి ఆదాయానికి అధ్యక్షులు అభివృద్ధి సమావస్థీ రుచిప్రదేశం నిష్టాస్థం?

Mr. Speaker:—They are posted to the 5th instant; they are not in today's agenda.

Sri G. Latchanna—Point of information. సరి తెచ్చు పంటికం దాదాపు లాసస్ట్ర్ ప్రాథమిక పరిపాలన రూపాంతరాలు చేసేవాడు పదమాయానికి అమరావతి ఆదాయానికి అధ్యక్షులు అభివృద్ధి సమావస్థీ రుచిప్రదేశం నిష్టాస్థం?

Mr. Speaker:—సొంతిక చెప్పండి. చెప్పండి మేము?

Sri G. Latchanna:—పనిసమీప సిద్ధాన్తం నిర్ణయం చేసేవాడు సిద్ధాన్తం చేసేవాడు

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—పంటికం దాదాపు లాసస్ట్ర్ ప్రాథమిక పరిపాలన రూపాంతరాలు చేసేవాడు పదమాయానికి అమరావతి ఆదాయానికి అధ్యక్షులు అభివృద్ధి సమావస్థీ రుచిప్రదేశం నిష్టాస్థం?
[3rd November 1954

Mr. Speaker:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—

Sri Raja Sagi Suryanarayana Raju:—

Mr. Speaker:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

Sri Bh. Lakshminarasaraju:—

Mr. Speaker:—
3rd November 1954]

Sri D Dasaradharamiah:—[In Telugu]

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—Mr. Speaker, Sir, I move—

"That, with reference to clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 48 of the Madras Assembly Rules, leave of the House be granted for making the following motion:

'That, in view of the failure of the Government to implement the decision of this House passed on 27th May, 1954, at Waltair, regarding the recommendations of the Ramamurthy Committee Report on Prohibition, this House expresses want of confidence in the Ministry.'"

Sri M. Hanumantha Rao:—I second it.

Mr. Speaker:—The hon. Member must ask for the leave of the House.

Sri N. V. L. Narasimha Rao:—[In Telugu]

Mr. Speaker:—Not necessary. All the three are put, because, supposing the first motion does not get leave, then I shall go to the second motion. Because the person
who moves for leave of the House is different, the House may be inclined to give him leave. That is why all the three are put. If one is taken, the other two will automatically go.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi —Sir, the very purpose of my moving the resolution is to request for the leave of the House. Anyhow I formally request the House to give me leave to move the motion.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
whether the hon. Mover of the resolution has got the leave of the House.

A large number of Members stood up in favour of the motion.

Mr. Speaker:—Leave is granted.

The next motion is the one which stands in the name of Sri Latchanna. I think he can withdraw it.

Sri G. Latchanna:—Chair అగాధం ఉండడి ఉంది అందాకారం సందర్భంలో ఉంది, opposition ఉంది అందాకారం సందర్భంలో ఉంది, motion ఉంది అందాకారం సందర్భంలో ఉంది. ఆనాటి యొక్క నియమాలను విషయంగా motion మెవెర్ చేయడానికి, అందాకారం సందర్భంలో ఉంది, understanding మెవెర్ చేయడానికి, putforward understanding మెవెర్ చేయడానికి. అందాకారం withdraw చేయడానికి ఉంది సందర్భంలో.
3rd November 1954]

Sri N. V. L. Narasimha Rao—On a point of order, Sir.

Mr. Speaker.—Yes, propose the adjournment of the House for the day.

Sri N. V. L. Narasimha Rao.—Propose the adjournment of the House for the day.

Mr. Speaker.—I am not concerned with it.

Sri N. V. L. Narasimha Rao.—Is it possible to adopt the rule allowing the adjournment of the House for the day?

Mr. Speaker.—All right, move it.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham.—Under the substance of the proposal, subject to the subject of the rule, subject to the procedure and the rule, move that the House be adjourned for the day.

Mr. Speaker.—When the matter is taken up for discussion, I will take only one.
MOTION EXPRESSING WANT OF CONFIDENCE IN THE MINISTRY.

[3rd November 1954]

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu — move

Mr. Speaker, Sir, I move—

"That, with reference to clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 48 of the Madras Assembly Rules, leave of the House be granted for making the following motion:

'That this Assembly expresses its want of confidence in the Ministry, for they have failed to respect and implement the recommendations of the Ramamurthy Committee as decided by the Assembly on 27th May, 1954.'"

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—I second it.

Mr. Speaker:—Has the hon. Member leave of the House to move the motion?

A large number of members rose up in their seats in favour of the motion.

Mr. Speaker:—Leave is granted. What about the next motion.

Sri P. Pudarikakshacharyulu:—I am not moving it, Sir.

MOTION EXPRESSING DISAPPROVAL OF THE POLICY OF THE MINISTRY.

Mr. Speaker:—What about motions 4 and 5? Are they being pressed?

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—Sir, I beg to move—

"That, with reference to clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 48 of the Madras Assembly Rules, leave of the
MOTION EXPRESSING DISAPPROVAL OF THE POLICY
OF THE MINISTRY

3rd November 1954] [Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu]

House be granted for making the following motion:-
"That this House hereby disapproves the policy of
the Ministry in its failure to implement the resolu­
tion passed on the floor of the House on 27th
May, 1954, urging the Government to implement
Ramamurthy Committee's recommendations forth­
with."

Sri C. Pulla Reddi:—I second it.

Mr. Speaker:—Has the hon. Member the leave of the
House?

A large number of persons stood up in favour of the
motion.

Mr. Speaker:—Leave is granted.

Sri K. Rajagopala Rao:—I second it.

Mr. Speaker:—The matter will come up to-morrow
for discussion. Unless hon. Members tell me which of
the three motions they are going to move I will select one
as I like. It must be done before this evening. Otherwise
it will be left to the Speaker.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—I second it. Among
these I give different motions separately. You have
already decided in order to avoid repetition of words.
I shall select one of the motions. There are three motions
in the order of pressing it. I press the second
motion to your second motion to the third motion to
the first motion. The Chair can do it.
3rd November 1954]

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi.—I beg to move the circum-
vention of a pending motion. The move is in order, and
there are four or five members who have given their
names, because there is no time, and also because most hon.
Members are in the habit of not sending their names even on the first day. With refer-
ence to that I may remind hon. Members that those who
have sent their names even on the first day were allotted
time spread over all the three days. So when from the
second day onwards members began sending in names
I am not able to give them a chance. Hereafter it is better
all the names are sent even on the first day so that we can
allot time. I am very sorry I could not give a chance to
three or four members.

Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi:—Even on the first
day I have sent my name; and still I do not get a chance
to speak.

Mr. Speaker:—Even that cannot be a reason.

Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi:—Can I take 20 minutes
on the no-confidence motion?

Mr. Speaker:—Whether it is twenty minutes or no
minutes, it will be decided when that time comes.
3rd November 1954]

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— ADDRESS

The address of the Governor in his speech is well supported by the Department. The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi supports the Governor's address. The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi requested the Cabinet to pass the Governor's address. The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi requested the Cabinet to pass the Governor's address. The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi requested the Cabinet to pass the Governor's address. The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi requested the Cabinet to pass the Governor's address. The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi requested the Cabinet to pass the Governor's address.
An Hon. Member:—మాండి దేశాన్ను నిర్మాణం!

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi.—మాండి దేశాన్ను నిర్మాణం!

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DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

[3rd November 1954]

An Hon. Member:—మాండి దేశాన్ను నిర్మాణం!

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi.—మాండి దేశాన్ను నిర్మాణం!

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DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

[3rd November 1954]

An Hon. Member:—మాండి దేశాన్ను నిర్మాణం!

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi.—మాండి దేశాన్ను నిర్మాణం!

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3rd November 1954] [Sri K. Koti Reddi]


discussion on the governor's address

[Image 0x0 to 417x672]


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[Image 0x0 to 417x672]
provisional assignment വഴിയും താലൂക്കുകൾ മേൽ
കണക്കുകളിൽ

(At this stage the Deputy Speaker occupied the Chair)

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[Sri K. Koti Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

(At this stage the Deputy Speaker occupied the Chair)
3rd November 1954]  [Sri K. Koti Reddi]


వంటి, చుంచించిని, చుంచించిని పెంచడానికి ఎండియా? గోవర్నర్ పేరుపట్టి లేదు. లేదు. లేదు.

మినముంగా ప్రత్యేకంగా వంటి డాఫింగాడని మంచం. అయితే డాఫింగాడని మంచం. అయితే డాఫింగాడని మంచం. అయితే డాఫింగాడని మంచం. అయితే డాఫింగాడని మంచం. అయితే డాఫింగాడని మంచం.

మార్పుచేసిడా ప్రత్యేకంగా వంటి డాఫింగాడని మంచం. అయితే డాఫింగాడని మంచం. అయితే డాఫింగాడని మంచం. అయితే డాఫింగాడని మంచం. అయితే డాఫింగాడని మంచం. అయితే డాఫింగాడని మంచం.

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[Sri K. Koti Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

...
3rd November 1954] [Sri K. Koti Reddi]

ఐతిహాసిక మాత్రము మరియు కోసంగా వయస్సు మరియు సాధనాలు ఆధారంగా నేర్మారు ఎత్తులు పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు.

అనేక సమయాలలో, కోర్సులు హిస్టరియన్ సాహిత్యం ప్రారంభించారు. అంతే కాపాడుకు, కోర్సులు స్థాయిలో పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. ఇది మరియు సమయాలు సాధనాలు పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. అంతే కాపాడుకు, కోర్సులు స్థాయిలో పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. ఇది మరియు సమయాలు సాధనాలు పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. అంతే కాపాడుకు, కోర్సులు స్థాయిలో పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. ఇది మరియు సమయాలు సాధనాలు పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. అంతే కాపాడుకు, కోర్సులు స్థాయిలో పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. ఇది మరియు సమయాలు సాధనాలు పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు.

లోకాధిక మాత్రము సాధనాలు పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. ఇది మరియు సమయాలు సాధనాలు పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. అంతే కాపాడుకు, కోర్సులు స్థాయిలో పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. ఇది మరియు సమయాలు సాధనాలు పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. అంతే కాపాడుకు, కోర్సులు స్థాయిలో పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. ఇది మరియు సమయాలు సాధనాలు పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. అంతే కాపాడుకు, కోర్సులు స్థాయిలో పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. ఇది మరియు సమయాలు సాధనాలు పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. అంతే కాపాడుకు, కోర్సులు స్థాయిలో పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. ఇది మరియు సమయాలు సాధనాలు పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు. అంతే కాపాడుకు, కోర్సులు స్థాయిలో పెరిగే ప్రయత్నం చేసారు.
[Sri K. Koti Reddi]  [3rd November 1954]

ఎంపికి ఎంటర్ నిర్ణయం నిషీదం నాయకమానికి. ఉపయోగం చూపిట చేయాలి? ఇంటే Government నిర్ణయం నిషీదం నాయకమానికి. ఉపయోగం చూపిట చేయాలి? ఇంటే Government నిర్ణయం నిషీదం నాయకమానికి. ఉపయోగం చూపిట చేయాలి? ఇంటే Government నిర్ణయం నిషీదం నాయకమానికి. ఉపయోగం చూపిట చేయాలి?

Survey ఎంటర్ Settlement Officers ఎంటర్ ఈ నిర్ణయం నిషీదం నాయకమానికి. ఉపయోగం చూపిట చేయాలి? ఇంటే ప్లౌట్ నిర్ణయం నిషీదం నాయకమానికి. ఉపయోగం చూపిట చేయాలి? ఇంటే స్వేచ్ఛా ప్లౌట్ నిర్ణయం నిషీదం నాయకమానికి. ఉపయోగం చూపిట చేయాలి?

An hon. Member:—Survey, settlement నిర్ణయం నిషీదం నాయకమానికి. ఉపయోగం చూపిట చేయాలి?

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—ఎంటర్ ఎంటర్ నిర్ణయం నిషీదం నాయకమానికి. ఉపయోగం చూపిట చేయాలి?

Settlement Officer ఎంటర్ ఈ నిర్ణయం నిషీదం నాయకమానికి. Settlement Officer ఎంటర్ ఈ నిర్ణయం నిషీదం నాయకమానికి.
3rd November 1954

[Sri K. Koti Reddi]

మాత్రమే, tribunals కోసం appeal ద్వారా స్పష్టంగా ముందు తెలుగులో మార్గణించారు. వ్యాఖ్యాత పాఠశాలల్లో జీవితం చేస్తున్న గణానికి ఆధారం. ఇది ముందు పరిస్థితులు నిర్మాణంచుకోవచ్చు, వైద్య శాస్త్రానికి విషయానికి సాధనాం కోసం

తీవ్రాన్ని మాత్రమే తయారుచేయబడింది విద్యాదర్శిత సంఘాలు. తమ్ముడు అతి మధురమైన సంబంధాను సంభవించాయి. మానవ సంస్కృతి (Geography) చాలా నిష్పత్తిలో సంభవించాయి. సమాధానాన్ని చెప్పాలి, సమీప ప్రాంతాల్లో ప్రయోగాలు చేసిన ఉదాహరణలు అంటే కూడా ఇది ప్రమాణం


Ex-M. L. C. చెప్పిన సమాచారాలు నిరాకరించాయి. దానిలో 100, 150

బెంగళూరులో ఇంటే engines ఇంటే, విద్యాదర్శిత సంఘాలు ప్రాంతాల చేస్తున్నాయి. September, October జాతి విషయానికి సాధనాన్ని అంటే

సమీప ప్రాంతాల్లో చేసిన ఉదాహరణలు అంటే కూడా ఇది ప్రమాణం.
.engine

Field Labour Co-operative Societies

Sri P. Venkata Siviah:—

Sri K. Koti Reddi

[3rd November 1954]

Sri K. Koti Reddi

DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

Field Labour Co-operative Societies

Sri K. Koti Reddi

[3rd November 1954]

Sri P. Venkata Siviah:—

Field Labour Co-operative Society...
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Sri G. Bapanayya—Engine’s assessment, Collector’s assurances. Collector’s petitions. (interruption)


Lanka Lands
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DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[Sri K. Koti Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

పినొంది తోంర ఎన్నికలు దాని ప్రపంచం. ఈ నాం కుమారులకు తెలిపిన తొలి ప్రష్ణం. అందులో తిరుమలా ప్రత్యేకమైన విషయం నాటి తొలి ప్రష్ణం. సత్యానామి రాష్ట్రానికి ఆహారంగా చేయబడిన తిరిగి ప్రత్యేకమైన ప్రత్యేక విషయం. 

ఇది కూడా ప్రత్యేకమైన ప్రత్యేకమైన ఉత్తమంగా ప్రత్యేకమైన ఉత్తమంగా కూడా ప్రత్యేకమైన ఉత్తమంగా. 

ఏంటే ప్రత్యేకమైన ఉత్తమంగా ప్రత్యేకమైన ఉత్తమంగా కూడా ప్రత్యేకమైన ఉత్తమంగా. 

ఈ కారణంగా నేతృత్వకాలం తెలిపిన తొలి ప్రష్ణం. ఈ ప్రష్ణం నేతృత్వకాలం తెలిపిన తొలి ప్రష్ణం. 

ఇది ప్రత్యేకమైన ఉత్తమంగా ప్రత్యేకమైన ఉత్తమంగా కూడా ప్రత్యేకమైన ఉత్తమంగా.
3rd November 1954] [Sri K. Koti Reddi]

Sri Chandra Ramalingaiah:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri K. Krishna Rao:—Is there any time limit for the Hon. Minister's speeches.

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri Chandra Ramalingaiah:—
[Sri K. Koti Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

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3rd November 1954] [Sri K. Koti Reddi]

The Home adjourned for lunch

AFTER LUNCH - 2 P. M.

Sri P. V. R. Gajapathi Raju:—Mr. Speaker, as usual the Andhra Assembly session seems to be beginning with a
crisis. A no-confidence motion is on the anvil and as such there seems to be an element of the ‘unreal’ as far as the present debate is concerned. One thing is apparent. The Government has come forward with a list of its achievements during the last year and I suppose the expectation is that when we discuss this list of achievements and after the Government has vindicated itself against this list, any adverse vote if it does take place on the no-confidence motion may be forgotten. That is as far as the moral aspect that the no-confidence motion has against the Congress party. But in deciding the question of the record of the Congress party in office during the last one year, I am pained to point out that the party in office has achieved the mutilation of the spirit of the Indian Constitution in regard to the development of Legislature sessions. We had one session for a whole year and as the Governor has pointed out, his very first few words started with the premise that it is a privilege to address this Assembly. As per the Constitution, this privilege should be granted more often to the Legislature during the year and it is normal for a legislature to treat a year from budget session to budget session. The principle of treating a year of parliamentary activity from 1st October may be sentimentally valid as far as the Andhra State is concerned. But I feel that the sooner we realize that our methods should be attuned with the methods of the rest of India, it would be better. We need not continue to feel that we are a new State and by virtue of the fact that we achieved this State on the 1st October we continue to use this date for an assessment of Governmental work annually. If the principle of looking upon 1st October is accepted by us, I have nothing against the date, 1st October. Let us have the budget session annually from 1st October. Because surprisingly enough this Governor’s Address has reversed the fiscal taxation structure in our State by coming forward with basic structural financial changes. I know that the decision to change the taxation method and structure is the
outcome of a political opportunism on behalf of the party in office. In view of the fact that a no-confidence motion is there, the Government develops a hotchpotch approach to the problem of political survival and economic development and in the mid-term of the revenue year, new taxation and new tax exemptions are attempted to be introduced. The confusion that arises is best demonstrated in para 10 of the Governor’s Address. It starts by saying that the Government have appointed a Land Reforms Committee. The next paragraph merely makes the hackneyed statement that the poverty of the majority of our ryot population is recognized by all. Having said that and developed a concept of new taxation in the State, they go to the third paragraph that we have a deficit and have to make up this deficit by introducing a new concept of taxation. The psychological confusion of this one paragraph is evident. With the one hand the Government wants to give and with the other hand it proposes to pauperize. I do not know under what principles of economics this Congress party in office functions. Either it should believe in capitalist laissez faire and the taxation of the poor for the benefit of developing an industrial economy or it should believe in socialist economy and plan the whole thing in a systematic manner. Let me examine this so-called great benefit that is being given to the people of Andhra.

All land holdings upto a land revenue of Rs. 10/- are to be exempted, a perfectly first-class and valid idea if it had been given on the 1st of March. It causes administrative upheaval when it comes in the middle of the year. Further, when we discuss the question of introducing this reform, the incidence of taxation is between Rs. 1.0 to Rs. 1.5 crore or nearabout that figure, while the total land revenue m-take of the Government is about Rs. 2.0 crores. What is the level of the amount of taxation that remains to be collected by the State? It is Rs. 60.0 lakhs. Is it necessary to continue with the land revenue system in the State? That is the question. The Taxation Enquiry Com-
mission have devoted in their report about 50 or 100 pages as to whether land tax is a direct tax or indirect tax. And modern fiscal experts would hold that all direct taxations are regressive and therefore we should have an indirect tax. The confusion arises here because, as I pointed out, paragraph 9 attempts to synthesize the Revenue Minister into the Finance Minister and as such, whether the opinions of the Finance Minister hold in this decision or the opinions of the Revenue Minister, one is unaware I am not in a position to say because the Revenue Minister has already spoken and he has been extremely silent on this issue. Possibly the collective interest of the Cabinet is involved whether this spectacular step will justify their continuation in office. I have in this context a definite suggestion to make: the Government, having committed a blunder of acting without forethought, should exempt all land revenue now that this has been undertaken. Let us not collect any land revenue whatsoever and if the Government requires new sources of revenue, the concept of a definite indirect tax on agriculture may be instituted in our State. The simplest direct method which can very easily be done is to introduce an agricultural income-tax based on the aggregate holding of the peasantry and also the concept of crop production. The State can regulate its agriculture in this State. The Government can regulate its collections by introducing a variable taxation on commercial produce in our State and also the food grain crops of our State. The net issue that would arise from this laudable act of abolishing land revenue. I am not decrying it and I do not want people to misunderstand me that I am against it, is that the administration must be snobbish enough to state that the technique of administration is not the technique of Panchayat Board. The Government tries to prove its superiority over Panchayat Boards, Municipal Councils and District Boards by appointing Inspectors of Local Boards and a Minister is in charge of that, and the main complaint is that the representatives elected at that level are unfit to govern them-
3rd November 1954] [Sri P. V. R. Gajapathi Raju]

selves. The reason for that is that certain rules, regulations and concepts are placed for the smooth working of the administrative machine. In the same manner, no Inspector of Local Boards is appointed to control our Ministers unfortunately. Otherwise they would really understand that this concept of changing the basis of taxation to suit coffee club technique and find Votes in the Panchayat or District Board or Municipal level should not be resorted to if they are going to exempt all holdings below Rs. 10/- land revenue, the State must consider the implication of such a reduction on the sum total of agricultural prosperity in our State. Today by virtue of the abolition of the zamindaris, all land in the Andhra State whether ex-zamindari or ryotwari, comes under this exemption. However, there is that one section of the inamdar villages that still continues. Mr. Koti Reddi in the very end of his speech, at about 2 minutes to One, said a few words regarding inamdars. I am not here to take the milk out of the mouths of suckling babies of inamdars. The attitude that they are poor inamdars does not concern me. I am merely concerned with the direct relationship of a peasantry towards the State and therefore to me any approach of the smacking of the humanitarian that there are poor inamdars does not appeal to me. The second accusation made by Mr. Krishnamurthi Rao against me also does not appeal to me because I will be the first one to say that if I transgress the lands of the State, I may be tackled according to those very laws. Unfortunately the Government today wants to cater to the vested interests of the inamdar. About 2,000 to 3,000 villages remain to have a uniform land tenure system in our State and also benefit from this Rs. 10/- exemption. On the one side, for all the villages in Andhra, the Government are giving tax exemption both zamindari and ryotwari villages, and on the other hand these inamdar villages that remain are to continue in tact because there are few small inamdars who prefer indirect collection to personal agriculture. (At
this stage, Mr Speaker, resumed the chair.) Nobody is stopping the inamdar from cultivating a minimum holding of land which ultimately the State must precible if agrarian property is to develop. Merely because of that fact, to sacrifice these inam villages to a continuation of the haphazard tax methods of a few eccentric individual inamdars, is a scandal. Not only that, this Government would go further and wherever Settlement Officer in the past has notified a village that it should come under the Rent Reduction Act and wherever in a subsequent appeal to the Estates Tribunal the decision or finding that such a village is a whole-inam estate and wherever it was negativized, such villages shall go off the concept of the Rent Reduction Act. So, we are fighting that not only such villages that were notified, but also such villages that were not even notified should come under this Act. We are now told that all such villages should go off this notification and the inamdars or owners of these villages should collect a six-year rental overnight.

The tragedy is there when you find that in a number of these villages for six or seven years last the rentals could be collected. I can give my own instance as an example. Mr. Krishnamurthy Rao talked of a writ petition in the High Court. I would give him some information which is more germane to the point. There are three villages in the Vizianagaram Estate, which are joint family property. At one time, in 1840 or 1850, an adjustment took place between the Bobbili Estate and ourselves regarding the collection of rentals in these villages. To-day under this notification of the Settlement Officer they were found as not part of the Vizianagram zamindari because they were rented by Bobbili; and by virtue of the fact that they are our joint family — for, my mother, my uncle, my grandmother and various other members of my family have interest in those villages, — these three villages, with a demand of fifty thousand rupees per annum, does not come under the purview of the Impartible Estate Act. However,
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954] [Sri P. V. R. Gajapathi Raju]

one thing has happened. For the last six years we had collected no rentals from these villages, because the Rent Reduction Act has been applied to them, and the process of the dispute in the Revenue Court between my family and the Settlement Officer, it was found the ryots would not pay anything. Now, you give me a carte blanche. I could collect (when I say, 'I' I mean my family) fifty or sixty thousand per annum, which is the demand of these three villages, or worse the demand. But I can collect with retrospective effect the sixty thousand for six years, and also not only collect this four lakhs or three lakhs and fifty thousand that is available under a legal right but go to the extent of jacking up the rental by double or treble the demand, if I so please. That is the opportunity you give to the vile corrupt aristocracy or the defunct aristocracy or the defunct feudalism. And in the same way you want to give to these petty inamdars that same right! I want to ask you, 'is this justice, is it a record of success or a total hypocrisy bordering upon opportunism.' Thank you.

Sri G. Latchanna:—

And now, the way you treat me, you give me carte...
[Sri G. Latchanna]  
[3rd November 1954]

[Text in Kannada]
3rd November 1954] [Sri G. Latchanna]

స్రీ గాంధీ నాయకుడు 10 వ ప్రధాన మంత్రిగా ఉన్న తమమానికి ఆనుకుంటున్న మానవ విశ్వాసము లభించే ఉంది. ఆనుకుంటున్న తమమానికి ఆనుకుంటున్న మానవ విశ్వాసము లభించే ఉంది. 10 వ ప్రధాన మంత్రి స్రీ గాంధీ నాయకుడు 10 వ ప్రధాన మంత్రి స్రీ గాంధీ నాయకుడు మానవ విశ్వాసము లభించే ఉంది. 10 వ ప్రధాన మంత్రి స్రీ గాంధీ నాయకుడు మానవ విశ్వాసము లభించే ఉంది.
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

[Sri G. Latchanna] [3rd November 1954]

...
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954

[Sri G. Latchanna]

medium irrigation projects

incident

provisions

minor irrigation project

Palm products

nearly

hence
[Sri G. Latchanna]  
[3rd November 1954]

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...
3rd November 1954] [Sri G. Latchanna]

Final estimates... foundation stone... political sufferers... anti-social elements...
Sri R. Lakshminarasimham Dora —

...
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954] [Sri R. Lakshminarasimham Dora]

...
MS DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[Sri R. Lakshminarasimham Dora] [3rd November 1954

Ordinance to substantial portion of village areas. Substantial portion of village Law to 200 acres. Substantial portion of dictionary to rent reduction. If both of them are asked to pay the same tax, I do not know what sort of feelings the people would entertain towards the Government. Really it may be a relief to both of them.
But the poor man who is made to pay more will compare along with the other more fortunate man. These have got to be enquired into before we make rules and especially in a matter like this such inequities will never be tolerated by the public. Whatever benefits the Government may confer upon them, they won't consider, but they would point out the inequities. This is a point which has got to be seen. Again, in the bigger zamindari areas the zamindars for many decades have been taking interest in the development of their estates. But there are small and indolent zamindars . . .

Sri N. V. L. Narasimha Rao:—

Sri R. Lakshmi Narasimham Dora:—

Sri R. Lakshminarasimham Dora:—

Sri N. V. L. Narasimha Rao:—

Sri R. Lakshmi Narasimham Dora:—

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Sri R. Lakshmi Narasimham Dora:—

Sri R. Lakshminarasimham Dora:—
[Sri R. Lakshminarasimham Dora] [3rd November 1954]

rough estimate say that in our country, the average annual tax, by the States, is approximately 10% of the gross national product. It is estimated that the States get about 30% of the national income. The expenditure of the States is around 20% of the national income.

The State where it is least governed is the best governed State. The atmosphere of the democratic State should be such that it creates confidence. If there is confidence, every citizen should feel that he is an integral part of the democratic State. There should be no corruption. Too many rules, too many Acts promulgate corruption. The initiative, the enthusiasm to undertake projects nation building schemes are necessary. The convenience of the people is necessary.
3rd November 1954] [Sri R. Lakshminarasimham Dora]

The nation building schemes too much demoralisation, too many officers, too much bossing over initiative. Too much initiative. Too much demoralisation, too many officers, too much bossing over initiative. Too much demoralisation.

This incidence of taxation is not uniform. In certain villages, it is heavier and in certain other villages it is less. So in working this exemption of Rs. 10/- land revenue, the Government will be conferring benefit on certain sections of people while denying the same to certain other villages.

"This incidence of taxation is not uniform. In certain villages, it is heavier and in certain other villages it is less. So in working this exemption of Rs. 10/- land revenue, the Government will be conferring benefit on certain sections of people while denying the same to certain other villages."
Sri T. Nagi Reddi — అధ్యక్షుడు! ముఖ్యమంత్రి జాతీయ ప్రాంతం మీదుగా Waltair పట్టణానికి భావిస్తే నేతృత్వం కలిగింది. Waltair పట్టణానికి భావిస్తే నేతృత్వం కలిగింది వారికి అంత ప్రతి పద్ధతి కాలం ఉంది. 30 సందర్భాల పైనే ప్రతి పద్ధతి కాలం ఉంది. 30 సందర్భాల పైనే ప్రతి పద్ధతి కాలం ఉంది.

**"Having adopted the democratic way of achieving progress,"**

"అధ్యక్షుడు! ముఖ్యమంత్రి జాతీయ ప్రాంతం మీదుగా Waltair పట్టణానికి భావిస్తే నేతృత్వం కలిగింది. Waltair పట్టణానికి భావిస్తే నేతృత్వం కలిగింది వారికి అంత ప్రతి పద్ధతి కాలం ఉంది. 30 సందర్భాల పైనే ప్రతి పద్ధతి కాలం ఉంది. 30 సందర్భాల పైనే ప్రతి పద్ధతి కాలం ఉంది. **"Having adopted the democratic way of achieving progress,"" లేదా దేశానికి విస్తరించడం అనే దేశానికి విస్తరించడం అనేకం ఉంది. Let us remember democracy is the hardest
of all systems of government” “

but it is the only system worthy of free men and women” The Governor. “A democracy is a system of government in which the people are sovereign. A democracy is the only system worthy of free men and women.” Progress in free society is a democracy. Principles of democracy are the principles of progress. Principles of democracy are the principles of progress.

Principles of democracy are the principles of progress.

Principles of democracy are the principles of progress.

Principles of democracy are the principles of progress.
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

[Sri T. Nagi Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

As we discuss the Governor’s address, let’s first pass the necessary ordinances, regulations, and pass the necessary ordinances, regulations. Let’s pass the necessary ordinances, regulations. Assembly and Assembly, let’s pass the necessary ordinances, regulations. Assembly and Assembly, let’s pass the necessary ordinances, regulations. Assembly and Assembly, let’s pass the necessary ordinances, regulations.

Ordinance, regulation, pass, necessary ordinances, regulations. Let’s pass the necessary ordinances, regulations. Assembly and Assembly, let’s pass the necessary ordinances, regulations. Assembly and Assembly, let’s pass the necessary ordinances, regulations. Assembly and Assembly, let’s pass the necessary ordinances, regulations. Assembly and Assembly, let’s pass the necessary ordinances, regulations.

Electricity switch on, electricity switch on, electricity switch on. Electricity switch on.

Electricity switch on, electricity switch on, electricity switch on. Electricity switch on, electricity switch on, electricity switch on. Electricity switch on, electricity switch on, electricity switch on. Electricity switch on, electricity switch on, electricity switch on.

Agitators, agitators, agitators, agitators. Agitators, agitators, agitators, agitators. Agitators, agitators, agitators, agitators.
3rd November 1954] [Sri T. Nagi Reddi]

"It has, while it remained the Government, the immense advantage that it can abrogate the spirit of representative Government under the cloak of constitutional form and that is the most dangerous thing for parliamentary government."
[Sri T. Nagi Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

3M DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

...
3rd November 1954] [Sri T. Nagi Reddi]

Let's consider the Congress Party's support for democracy and the role of the Governor's address. The undemocratic ordinance No. 4 was passed under the Governor's address. The Governor's address is a democratic thinking instrument that should be accepted by all democrats. The Governor's address is acceptable to all democrats. The Governor's address should be passed by the Assembly as a democratic instrument. The Governor's address should be passed by the Assembly as a democratic instrument.

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DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[Sri T. Nagi Reddi]  [3rd November 1954]

G. O. ସ್ವ.  ಗೆಟ್ಟಿಯಾಲು  ಅಂತಗ್ಗೆ  ಹಿಂದಿನವು ಈ  ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ
ಅಂಗೇ  ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಮತ್ತು  ಪ್ರವಾಸಿ.  ಪ್ರತಿಸಿದ್ದಿ
ಪ್ರತಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಭಾಷಾ.  ಎಂದರೆ,  ಗ. 0.  ಆದಿ
ಪ್ರತಿ  ವರ್ಷ ಕಾರ್ಯವಲ್ಲದೇ  ಗಾಯತ್ರಿಯ ಮತ್ತು  ಹಿಂದಿನವು  ಇದ್ದರಿಂದ
ಅಂಗೇ  ಡಿಯಮ್ಸಿಗಳು  ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ  ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗುತ್ತಾತ್ತೆ  ರಾಜಕೀಯ
ಅಂಗೇ  ಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ.  ಎಂದರೆ,  ಗ. 0.  ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯನ್ನು
ಇತರಾಗಿ.  ಎಂದರೆ?  M. L. A.  ಎಂಬ ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆ  ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ
ಅಂಗೇ  ಸೇನ್‌ವೆಲ್‌  ವಾದಯೇ,  ಕಾಂಬೆಸಂ ಅಂಗೇ
ಪ್ರತಿ  ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ,  ಗ. 0.  ಕುರುತ್ತು,  ನಿರ್ದೇಶಿಸಿ  ಒಂದು
ಆಡಿ,  G. O. ೈರುವ  table  ಮಾಡುವ  ಎಂದರೆ,  ಎಂಬುದು
Assembly  ಸ್ವ.  ಪರಂಶುಪಂಥ,  ಒಂದಾಗದ ನಡುವಿನ  ವರ್ಷಗಳು
ಅಂಗೇ  ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ.  ಎಂದರೆ,  ಗ. 0.  ಆದಿ
table  ಮಾಡುವ  ರೇಖೆಯಾಗಿ,  ಕೆಲಸ
ರಾಜಕೀಯ  ಕೆಲಸದಲ್ಲೇ?  Table  ಮಾಡುವ  ಆತ್ಮಸಮರ್ಪಣದಲ್ಲಿ  ಸಹಿತಿ
M. L. A.  ಸುಧಾರುವ  ಮೂಲಕ  ವಾದಯೇ,  ಅಂಗೇ  ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆ
Undemocratic  ಹಾಗೆ  ಸೇನ್‌ವೆಲ್‌  ಒಂದು  ರಾಜಕೀಯ  ವೇದಿಕೆಯು  ಚೂಡಾಗಿ
ಪ್ರತಿ  pass  ರಾಜಕೀಯವಾಗಿ  ordinance  ಎಂಬುದು  ಸಿದ್ಧಿಕೃತವಾಗಿ
ತಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂಬ M. L. A.  ಈ  ಎಂದರೆ  ಸಿದ್ಧಿಕೃತವಾಗಿರುತ್ತಾತ್ತೆ,  ಬೆಳೆದಂತೆ  ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ
ಕೃತಿ  ಸೇಂಟಲ್‌ಗಳು  ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ,  ಕಾರ್ಯಾಚರಣೆ,  ಚಿತ್ರಣ
ವಲಯಾದಪತ್ತೆ  ಮೇಲೆ  ನಿವೃತ್ತಿಯಲ್ಲೇ,  ಸೇಂಟಲ್‌ಗಳು  ಸುಧಾರಣೆ  ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದರೆ
ಆದರೆ  ಸೇಂಟಲ್‌ಗಳು  ಸ್ವಾಭಾವಿಕವಾಗಿ  ಮೂಲಕ  ಕೃತಿ
ಇತರ  ಆಧಾರಗಳು  ಸೇಂಟಲ್‌ಗಳು  ಸ್ವಾಭಾವಿಕವಾಗಿ  ಮೂಲಕ  ಕೃತಿ
ಗಲಿಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದರೆ.  ಅಂಗೇ  ಕ್ರಮದಲ್ಲೇ  ಸೇಂಟಲ್‌ಗಳು
ಇತರ  ಆಧಾರಗಳು  ಸೇಂಟಲ್‌ಗಳು  ಸ್ವಾಭಾವಿಕವಾಗಿ  ಮೂಲಕ  ಕೃತಿ
ಪ್ರತಿ  ವರ್ಷಗಳು  ಸೇಂಟಲ್‌ಗಳು  ಸ್ವಾಭಾವಿಕವಾಗಿ  ಮೂಲಕ  ಕೃತಿ
ಗಲಿಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದರೆ,  ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆ,  ಈ  ಎಂದರೆ  ಸಿದ್ಧಿಕೃತವಾಗಿರುತ್ತಾತ್ತೆ,  ವೇಳಾಗಿ
3rd November 1954]  
[Sri T. Nagi Reddi]

"ஸ்தூர்ஸ் மாகரல் குமரசூரி மகாகிராம் கோவிலில் வரும் விசாக மாந்தை, அரச-  
சாஸ்திரியான விளக்கம் செய்ய வேண்டும். இவ்விருவர் பணி நிறுவனம், புகைய  
சாஸ்திரியான இதிலிருந்து, எந்தையும் சிறுத்தவரும்.  
வா சுட்டத்தையில் செய்ய வேண்டும். நார் சும்பு  
petition என எந்தையும் அமர்க்கும் விளக்கம் நேர  
அனைத்துடன் குறிப்பிட்டு செய்யும். என்பது மேல் வருடாக  
செய்யும் சும்பு. என சுட்டார்கள் சும்பு நடந்துள்ள  
செய்யும் மூலம் என்பது பொருளையே சும்பு என்பது பொருளையே  
செய்யும் இறையர் இடும் விளக்கம் நேரானது இறையர்.
[Sri T. Nagi Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

Sri P. V. G. Raju:—I do not want to disturb the speech; but still I have to. I just now did notice a photo-
3rd November 1954] [Sri P. V. G. Raju]

graph was taken in this House I think it is not customary for photographs to be taken in the legislative chamber when we are discussing matters. If it has been done, I wish the negative is destroyed.

Sri G. Latchanna:—

Sri T. Nagi Reddi.—

The Hon Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi.—Budget Speeches

Sri P. V. G. Raju:—If a Government photographer were to do so, I think we must have some tradition. Here if we allow photographs to be taken, let not only Government photographers but everybody take them; otherwise all the negatives must be destroyed. I think we should have a ruling on this.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—We are not concerned. But anyhow, we will consider it.

Deputy Speaker:—I will find out and give you.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—I want to know whether the Government have permitted any one to take photographs of this House.

Deputy Speaker:—I will find out.

Sri G. Latchanna:—"Whether Government asked anybody to take photographs?" is the information, he wants.
Sri T. Nagi Reddi.—“राष्ट्रीय दемाक्र स्तर, इतिहास का विविध रूप के साथ, अंतर्गत के साथ, अंतर्गत के साथ। उन्होंने स्थानीय नीति पूर्वक भारत स्तर के लिए भारत सरकार के लिए अनेक विविध उपायों का उपयोग किया। इसके बाद स्थानीय नीति का स्थान, स्वास्थ्य, शिक्षा, भूमि और वन्यजीवन के इंतजार में चलने लगा। इस विविधता का इंतजार करने के लिए विभिन्न उपायों का उपयोग किया। इस विविधता का स्थान, स्वास्थ्य, शिक्षा, भूमि और वन्यजीवन के इंतजार में चलने लगा। इस विविधता का इंतजार करने के लिए विभिन्न उपायों का उपयोग किया। इस विविधता का स्थान, स्वास्थ्य, शिक्षा, भूमि और वन्यजीवन के इंतजार में चलने लगा। इस विविधता का इंतजार करने के लिए विभिन्न उपायों का उपयोग किया।
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954] [Sri T. Nagi Reddi]

[Sri K. Varadachari:—What's the solution then?

[Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—It is the 50% 50% democracy spirit.
solution. The question, "What is the nature of democracy?" is often asked. The answer is: A democracy is a form of government in which the people have the power to make decisions about their own affairs. Democracy is based on the idea of freedom and equality. It is a system where the people have the power to elect their leaders and to change the laws as they see fit. Democracy is a system that ensures the participation of the people in the decision-making process. It is a system that promotes the rule of law and the protection of human rights. Democracy is a system that values freedom and equality, and it is a system that promotes the well-being of all its citizens.
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954]  [Sri T. Nagi Reddi]

[Text in Telugu]

Translation:

[Text in English]

The discussion on the Governor's address will be held on the 3rd November 1954.

[Sri T. Nagi Reddi]
[Sri T. Nagi Reddi]  [3rd November 1954]

ఎంతట్టు ఎంతట్టు నాణయాలను; ఎంతట్టు ఎంతట్టు ఛందాలు లేని ఎంతట్టు చాలరాలు. చాలరాలు ఎంతట్టు ఎంతట్టు పడం లేని ఎంతట్టు పడరాలు. చాలరాలు ఎంతట్టు ఎంతట్టు పడంలేని ఎంతట్టు పడరాలు. చాలరాలు ఎంతట్టు ఎంతట్టు పడం లేని ఎంతట్టు పడరాలు. చాలరాలు ఎంతట్టు ఎంతట్టు పడంను వచ్చిన యారు ఎంతట్టు శాసనాలను చేసాం. మాత్రమే యారు ఎంతట్టు పడరాలను చేసాం.
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954] [Sri T. Nagi Reddi]

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[Sri T. Nagi Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

...
3rd November 1954] [Sri T. Nagi Reddi]

నిర్మల్యోగం ఉపయోగం మహానుషయం మంత్రివర్గ సంవత్సరమంతం నుండి, ప్రధాని సమాధానానికి అదనకు పాలనను
అభివృద్ధి చేయండి. అధ్యక్షుల సాధనాలను ప్రత్యేక సందర్భంగా స్వీకరించండి. అధ్యక్షుల సాధనాలు ఉపయోగిస్తే, సాధనాలు మాత్రం
ధర్మనిర్వాహ సమూహాన్ని సంచారించారు. నాం మంత్రచట్ట మేనేజింమెంట్ సమయం
తిరిగి వ్యవసాయ భూమి అధికారం కలిగి ఉంది. Non-official అ-
official నియోగం కలిగి ఉంది. మంత్రచట్ట మేనేజింమెంట్ సమయం
తిరిగి వ్యవసాయ భూమి అధికారం కలిగి ఉంది.
[Sri T. Nagi Reddi]  [3rd November 1954]

3rd November 1954] [Sri T. Nagi Reddi]

The Hon. Sri T. Prakasam—Sir, I take serious objection to this. It is a slur on the Chief Minister who is sitting here, and it is an insult to the whole House and the Government.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi.—No, I take it and it is my belief that Sri Sanjeeva Reddi is the man and he is the Minister to-day to be recognised and to be taken into consideration and nobody else. That is my view and I stand by it.

Deputy Speaker:—

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—If you speak English, then you must be able to hear. It is a slur on the Chief Minister. Anti social elements should be considered. Anti social elements should be treated as such. Anti social elements should be treated as such.
Foundation stones laid for the time to come. In the past, there were many efforts to lay foundation stones, but they were not successful. In the present context, the laying of foundation stones is a symbol of the new beginning. The laying of foundation stones is a significant event that marks the start of a new era.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi
3rd November 1954
3rd November 1954]  [Sri T. Nagi Reddi]

(Administrative) expenses

High level channel...
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[Sri T. Nagi Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

Sri G. Nagabhushanam:—I want to know what is the constructive programme of the communist party.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—I shall tell you.

Deputy Speaker:—I will tell the hon. Member one thing. He should take the permission of the Chair before he speaks.

The Hon. Sri T. Prakasam:—

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—

The Hon. Sri T. Prakasam:—
3rd November 1954] [Sri T Nagi Reddi]

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—With your permission, Sir, I would like to recall the Governor's address, particularly the democratic traditions of the state. Sir, in 1948, a new constitution was adopted, which revised the old one. The amendments made to the constitution in 1948 have been made to ensure the democratic traditions and the rights of the people. The amendments have been made to ensure that the democratic traditions are maintained.

Sri G. Nagabhushanam:—Mr. Nagi Reddi has not answered my question.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—With your permission, Sir, I would like to recall the Governor's address, particularly the democratic traditions of the state. Sir, in 1948, a new constitution was adopted, which revised the old one. The amendments made to the constitution in 1948 have been made to ensure the democratic traditions and the rights of the people. The amendments have been made to ensure that the democratic traditions are maintained.

Sri K. Varadhachari:—...
Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—On a point of order, Sir, the Leader of the Opposition is asking a question. The Leader of the House is answering. The democratic procedure is followed.

Deputy Speaker:—Thanks giving motion should be discussed. Discuss the Thanks giving motion and propose it. The Opposition should have the right to speak. The Ministry should propose it. The leader of the House should propose it. We are not particular.

Sri K. Varadachri:—I have to make a submission. I have got a constitutional right of replying. What I submit is that I might be allowed to say a few words after the Hon. Minister has spoken.

Deputy Speaker:—I would like to know the opinion of the leader of the House.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—We are not very particular...we are absolutely not particular.

Sri K. Varadachri:—I have to make a submission. I have got a constitutional right of replying. What I submit is that I might be allowed to say a few words for five or ten minutes after the Hon. Minister has spoken.

Deputy Speaker:—The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi has spoken.
3rd November 1954]

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:—Point of order, Sir,

Deputy Speaker:—It is not a point of order.

(At this stage Mr. Speaker resumed the chair)
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

Sri M. Hanumantha Rao:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

Madras Mail [3 December 1954]. Headlines and editorials.
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

In the words "head lines" which are to be found, the papers are to be added. There is no need to write papers on pages 4 and 5.

Head lines are not necessary as they are written in type. It is not necessary to write papers on pages 4 and 5.

Statement drawn on Head lines.

Statement on Head lines.
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]  [3rd November 1954]

"...

..."
3rd November 1954] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]


discussion on the governor’s address

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3rd November 1954] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

...
3rd November 1954] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

...
[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

[The text is in Kannada and discusses various topics including political parties, agricultural officers, and other individuals involved in the Central Parliament and Praja Socialist Party.]
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

Sri C. Pulla Reddi.—

The Hon. Sri N N Sanjeeva Reddi.—

Sri K. Rajagopala Rao:—Point of order, Sir!
3rd November 1954] [Sri K. Rajagopala Rao]

Sri G. Nagabhushanam:—Sir, he is speaking on the merits of the case.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi —sir-friend may I say that, in the Sub judice 

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The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi —sir-friend may I say that, in the Sub judice
3rd November 1954]  

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

An hon. Member from the opposition—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

...
An hon. Member:—Passengers పాస్సేన్‌ర్లు.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—Passengers పాస్సేన్‌స్ పరిష్కారం, Sales-tax రెండు విభాగాలు, sales-tax యొక్క 30 రూ వాటా కంటే. రోగ 4 రూ తక్కువ సరఫరాతి. ఇది నాకూ 200 రూ స్థాయినిగా Raja of Vizianagaram విడుదల. Economics అనేది ఇంగ్లీషు అంశాది, social economics, democratic economics అంది యొక్క అంశాది. ఇది వాటా అనగా economics యొక్క అంశాది. రోగ స్థాయి అంటే sales-tax యొక్క యొక్క అంగా economics యొక్క అంగా economics. అంటే అనన్న స్థాయిని పరిష్కారం కేంద్రంగా విడుదల. అంతే స్థాయి అంటే economics, అంటే అనన్న స్థాయి పరిష్కారం కేంద్రంగా విడుదల. అంటే స్థాయి అంటే economics, అంటే స్థాయి అంటే economics.
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

संयुक्तमान वातावरण, तत्त्वमयी तत्व, आदर्शतत्त्व किंतु एवं आवश्यक तत्त्व
बुद्धि, ज्ञान, निर्देशन तथा विविध विधियों के साथ, संयुक्तमान वातावरण के लिए देख
या जो आदर्शतत्त्व का एक भाग है। ज्ञान तत्त्व के लिए आवश्यक तत्त्व के साथ, संयुक्तमान वातावरण
tax
संयुक्त व्यवस्था के लिए देख, जिसमें आदर्शतत्त्व का एक भाग है।

$\text{distribution}$ tax ना करना अद्यावधि tax का संयुक्त व्यवस्था

sales-tax संयुक्तमान वातावरण के साथ, संयुक्त व्यवस्था के लिए देख,
tax का सांस्कृतिक तत्त्व के साथ, संयुक्त व्यवस्था के लिए देख,

G. C. Kondayya संयुक्त व्यवस्था के साथ, संयुक्त व्यवस्था के लिए देख,

आदर्शतत्त्व का एक भाग है।

opposition party संयुक्त व्यवस्था के साथ, संयुक्त व्यवस्था के साथ,

Thungabhadra high-level channel...
3rd November 1954] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

Sri G. C. Kondayya:—Sir, on a point of personal explanation. I did not say that there was Kamma-Reddi feeling. I said that that feeling was in the society and asked how the Ministry was going to answer it.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—හැකෙල නැමී මහතා

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Discussion on the Governor's Address

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

The Governor mentioned the high level channel issue and how it is an exclusive preserve. The High level channel, in another context, was also discussed. The Congress resolution regarding prohibition was also mentioned.

The P.S.P. resolution was also discussed. All India Party, Prohibition was also mentioned.
3rd November 1954] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

Sri P. V. R Gajapathi Raju—Mr Speaker, the Hon. Sri N Sanjeeva Reddi is anticipating a situation that is to occur three days from today. I do not want to enter into the debate of the no-confidence motion. But, as he seems to have dragged that issue here in discussing the Praja Socialist Party’s attitude towards the possible no-confidence motion, I would like one point to be understood by him. He has done it by implication when he criticized Mr. M. Ventakasubba Reddi. So far as the Praja-Socialist Party and Prohibition are concerned, there is no ambiguous position. Even if you go into our speeches in March or even in May, I had always said that if it was a question of enforcing Prohibition we were always with the Government. But, having decided to forego it, we cannot understand how they can dilute it with neera. That was our stand essentially. Today the problem is not Prohibition, but democratic institutions. Even the resolution of the Praja-Socialist Party says that we support the no-confidence motion because the Assembly resolution is not being implemented. That is our stand.

The Hon Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—Thank you, Sir, the noconfidence motion affects our position. I have always said that if it was a question of enforcing Prohibition we were always with the Government. But, having decided to forego it, we cannot understand how they can dilute it with neera. That was our stand essentially. Today the problem is not Prohibition, but democratic institutions. Even the resolution of the Praja-Socialist Party says that we support the no-confidence motion because the Assembly resolution is not being implemented. That is our stand.
[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi] [31st November 1954]

Sri P. Pundarikakshacharyulu:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

(interruption)

Sri P. Pundarikakshacharyulu:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

Five crores sanction to separate 26 projects in full amount sanctioned.
First five year plan for medium schemes:

- Agriculture: 23 projects and proposals
- Industry: 10 schemes
- Electricity: 11 projects
- Communication: 15 projects
- Road budget: 16 schemes
- Education budget: schemes

Projects and proposals include:

- First five years programmes
- Second five years programmes
- Third five years programmes
- Fourth five years programmes
- Fifth five years programmes

Secretariat:

- Secretariat includes 4 projects

Finance Department:

- First five years
- Second five years
- Third five years
- Fourth five years
- Fifth five years

Engineers post includes:

- First five years
- Second five years
- Third five years
- Fourth five years
- Fifth five years
[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]  
[3rd November 1954]

सर्वसाधारण project इत्यादि, सन्तापस्रापमिक वाहिके
प्रदेशमूल्यकारिता? सन्नागदार्शक project िहेिमाते, अभीभूत
सुमा लक्षायिता मुक्यरत्न नोकरशासन नगर
स्थायी लक्षायिता. राजस्थान महासचिव. राजस्थान महासचिव.
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DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

...discussion on the Governor's address...

'State project' says... An act by the State Government... Project area... Project and High level channel... The project... cabinet... P. W. D. Minister... Cabinet... project... Dr. Katju... project... 175... project...
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

...असेव आहे, तर आत्माकोण राय असेव, त्याही वाचकांच्या मागण्याच्या उद्देशाने..."

Planning Commission

नूतनतयास. अगिता, "जंगलांच्या उघडतील..."

Sri N.V.L. Narasimha Rao:—चित्रे! दुसरे व मुख्य मंत्री उपलब्धीत आहे, त्यांच्या वेळी..."

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—चित्रे! आपण..."
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

సమావేశం అవగాహకం దాదాపు సాంస్కృతిక శాసనాధ్య నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. నాయకుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. ఒక రకంగా లభించింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది. అప్పుడు సాంస్కృతిక నియమాలని మాత్రమే వచ్చింది.
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[3rd November 1954]

Sri M. Hanumantha Rao.—I am surprised to distort the meaning of the remarks. I am glad that you have not distorted the remarks of the Governor. I wish to add a few words. On the third day of the session, the Governor has spoken. He has spoken in such a manner that the Governor has not gone into any details. I believe that the Governor's address should be more detailed. The Governor has spoken in such a manner that the Honorable Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi has spoken more about the details. As per my knowledge, he has spoken about the budget. The Governor has spoken in such a manner that the Honorable Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi has spoken more about the budget. I believe that the Governor's address should be more detailed.
3rd November 1954] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

grow more food campaign ఉపాధ్యాయాంశం మరియు ఉపాధ్యాయం గాన్ మరియు ఉపాధ్యాయం గాన్ మరియు ఉపాధ్యాయం గాన్ మరియు ఉపాధ్యాయం గాన్ మరియు ఉపాధ్యాయం గాన్ మరియు ఉపాధ్యాయం గాన్ మరియు ఉపాధ్యాయం గాన్ మరియు ఉపాధ్యాయం గాన్ మరియు 

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi

DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

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Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—On a point of information, Sir, Sri Sanjeeva Reddi seems to have forgotten his own relationship.
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

3rd November 1934]

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi.—The underground
scandals spread
underground...underground...underground...
Chief Secretary?

Sri K. Rajagopala Rao.—Chief Secretary?

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—Chief Secretary?

Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi:—Chief Secretary?
3rd November 1954

Sri N. V. Rama Rao — It is not a clarification or a question he is raising; he is making a speech.

Mr. Speaker: — He is not raising any point of order.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi: — I thought he was raising on a point of order.

C. V. K. — Political differences constitute proof positive of correspondence and so on.

C. V. K. Rao — We have a constitution and so on.
3rd November 1954]

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—cannot motives attribute  ఉచ్చలో నుండి, సేవలో నమస్కారం.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—స్తంభమండి move ఉన్నతం సంగ్రహం settle రెండు సినిఫాయిటి. మరింత బొడ్డడం మాత్రమే చేసినది. అధిక వర్థమానం రాక పాలనా లేదేది. ద్వార తిరిగి బట్టాంది. Minimum Number of Ministers ప్రతి రేగలైదం రాక పాలనా దిగానేది. మాత్రమే మాత్రమే చేయాలి. యొక్క భావంలోని సంయుక్త పాలన కృత్వని సంచారం మంచికిరించింది. మాత్రమే మాత్రమే చేయాలి. ఎనిమిది సంవత్సరం మరియు 30 సంవత్సరం ధరించడానికి. Do not count the chicken before they are hatched ఆ అమలు పొందండి. అనంతాన్ని భార్య ప్రతి ప్రపంచ చేసిన పాలన మరియు పాలన సిద్ధం అభిప్రాయం. అందుకే ప్రపంచ అవసరానికి సిద్ధం అందించడానికి పాలన చేయడం ఉండాలి.

ఎందుకు మనం సంచారం కొనసాగాలి. I will be failing in my duty if I do not complement him. అంది ఫైర్ మే సంపాదించడానికి. యాంత్రికేయం లేదా కండను మాత్రమే చేయాలి. ఎందుకు ప్రతిపాదయేయం లేదా తిరిగి దిగానేది. ఈ పద్ధతి చేసి కండను అభిప్రాయం. యాంత్రికేయం లేదా కండను మాత్రమే చేయాలి.

ఎందుకు పాలన చేయడానికి తిరిగి ప్రాంతం లేదా పాలన దిగానేది. ఈ పాలన వ్యతిరేక ప్రతిపాదయేయం లేదా కండను మాత్రమే చేయాలి. ఎందుకు పని అందుకు పని లాగించాలి. Corrupt officer లోకం ప్రతిపాదయేయం లేదా కండను మాత్రమే చేయాలి. అది అంది ప్రతిపాదయేయం లేదా కండను మాత్రమే చేయాలి. Services లేదా ప్రతిపాదయేయం లేదా కండను మాత్రమే చేయాలి. కండను పని విస్తరించాలు ప్రతిపాదయేయం లేదా కండను మాత్రమే చేయాలి.
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

[Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi] [3rd November 1954]

P. V. G. Raju is an Indian politician and was the All India Politician President. He was also the All India Party President.

In his address, he discussed the importance of developing the waste land. He mentioned that 10,000 acres of waste land were to be brought under cultivation. Facts officials have been working hard to achieve this goal. The heroic efforts of the officials have led to the successful implementation of this initiative.

The government has taken several steps to ensure the development of the waste land. The officials have been working tirelessly to bring this land under cultivation. The heroic efforts of the officials have been instrumental in achieving this goal.
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954] [Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi]

Sri N. V. L. Narasimha Rao:—A motion must not raise a question substantially identical with one on which the Assembly has given a decision in the same session.

Rule 60: A motion must not raise a question substantially identical with one on which the Assembly has given a decision in the same session.
[Sri N. V. L. Narasimha Rao] [3rd November 1954]

Vote of confidence to the Governor's Address:  

The discussion on the Governor's Address is now under way. The Governor has invited the members to vote on the motion. The opposition is urging the Governor to resign. The session will be concluded in 60 days. The voice vote is 75-35 in favor of the confidence motion. The Speaker's ruling is binding. Rule 60 provides for no-confidence motion. The Speaker has granted permission for the motion. The voice vote is 75-35 in favor of the no-confidence motion. The Speaker has granted permission for the no-confidence motion. The vote is 75-35 in favor of the no-confidence motion. The Speaker's ruling is binding. The session will be concluded in 60 days. The voice vote is 75-35 in favor of the confidence motion. The Speaker's ruling is binding. The session will be concluded in 60 days.
3rd November 1954


rule 60 suspend 360. No decision has been taken by this House on the question now before the House. We are now debating the motion of thanks on the Governor's Address. There was till now no such motion before the House and a decision taken. So, that question does not arise.

Mr. Speaker.—I hold that the point of order raised by Sri N. V. L Narasimha Rao does not carry substance. I rule it out; because there is no such question already decided before, by this House. If there was any such question already decided and the same question is raised again now, as Mr. Dora said, this rule may apply.

Sri G. Lacthanna.—as! clarify 360. Noconfidence motion House permit 360. Noconfidence motion objection Rule 60 (applause) Not want to give a ruling now. That does not arise (applause) 360 question arises. I do not want to give a ruling now. That does not arise (applause).
370 DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[3rd November 1954

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah —Point of information. 

శ్రీ వావీలా గోపాలార్ధ్రీనాయా పంటే ఆలుతున్నాం,

ప్ర్యత్యాప్త ప్రారంభంగా, ఏడాది ప్రారంభంగా, ఈ ప్రేమం చేయలేదు కాని 

ప్రత్యేకంగా శతాబ్ధం చేయబడింది, కాని పలు శతాబ్ధం చేయబడాలి, కాని పలు 

శతాబ్ధం చేయబడాలి, కాని పలు

Mr. Speaker — ప్రత్యేకంగా ఈ ప్రత్యేకం 

రైతులను పాటు ప్రారంభం చేసేందుకు, ఇది 

రైతులను పాటు ప్రారంభం చేసేందుకు, ఇది 

సంప్రదాయం లో ఉన్న సంప్రదాయం లో ఉన్న 

సంప్రదాయం లో ఉన్న 

స్టేగ్ లో ఉన్న 

స్టేగ్ లో ఉన్న 

ప్రత్యేకంగా 

ప్రత్యేకంగా 

Mr. Speaker:— ప్రత్యేకంగా 

Sri K. V. S. Padmanabha Raju:— ప్రత్యేకం 

ప్రత్యేకం 

Mr. Speaker:— ప్రత్యేకం 

Sri C. V. K. Rao:— ప్రదేశం ప్రదేశం. 

ప్రదేశం ప్రదేశం. 

Mr. Speaker:— ప్రత్యేకం 

It will be unnecessarily wasting the 

time of the House.
3rd November 1954]

Sri C. V. K Rao.—How do we know which one.

Mr. Speaker:—Till yesterday, the Hon. Member was in the Communist Party. He ought to know that. Items 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 26 are the amendments given by the non-communist parties.

Sri G. Latchanna:—The amendments 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 26 are the amendments given by the non-communist parties.

Mr. Speaker:—Till yesterday, the Hon. Member was in the Communist Party. He ought to know that.

Sri G. Latchanna:—The amendments 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 26 are the amendments given by the non-communist parties.

Mr. Speaker:—Till yesterday, the Hon. Member was in the Communist Party. He ought to know that.

Mr. Speaker:—The amendments 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 26 are the amendments given by the non-communist parties.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:—The amendments to withdraw.

Mr. Speaker:—Till yesterday, the Hon. Member was in the Communist Party. He ought to know that.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:—The amendments to press.

Mr. Speaker:—Till yesterday, the Hon. Member was in the Communist Party. He ought to know that.
Mr. Speaker —I feel this is the correct procedure. (Laughter) Except the second part of the first amendment, all the other amendments of the communist members are proposed to be withdrawn by them. If the House does not give leave to them to do so, those amendments will have to be put to the vote of the House. I take it that it is the opinion of the House that they are permitted to withdraw them.

The House expressed its agreement.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah.—I am not pressing my amendment.

Sri G. Latchanna:—I am not also pressing my amendment. No. 2 is my amendment. I am withdrawing.

Mr. Speaker:—Any more.

Sri Pragada Kotaiah.—No. 8 is my amendment. I am withdrawing it.

Sri K. V. S. Padmanabha Raju:—withdraw Press ప్రామాణిక పత్రిక.

Mr. Speaker:—Any more.

Sri A. Nadrirao Reddi:—I withdraw my amendment.

Mr. Speaker:—Any more.

Sri P. Pundarikakshacharyulu:—I am also not pressing my amendment (No 5).

Sri M. Venkatasubba Reddi:—I am pressing my amendment.

Mr. Speaker:—The question before the House is that the main motion be amended as follows:

"Add the following words at the end of the main motion:

"the failure of the Government to bring under cultivation all cultivable waste lands throughout the State by distributing them among the agricultural labourers without assigning them to the political sufferers who are not otherwise entitled for such lands."
3rd November 1954]

Sri N. V. L. Narasimha Rao rose to interrupt.

The motion was declared lost. A poll was demanded and the House divided thus.

AYES.

1. Sri P. Suryachandra Rao
2. " P. V. R. Gajapathi Raju
3. " C. V. K. Rao
4. " K. V. S. Padmanabha Raju
5. " R. Siddanna Gowd
6. " M. Venkatasubba Reddi
7. " G. Suryanarayana
8. " S. Vemiah
9. " G. Yellamanda Reddi
10. " K. Krishna Rao
11. " Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah
12. " G. Latchanna
14. " T. Lakshminarayana Reddi
15. " G. C. Kondayya
16. " K. Subba Reddi
17. " B. Gangayya Naidu
18. " P. Pundarikaskhacharyulu
19. " K. Malakondayya
20. " K. Pattabhi Ramiah
21. " D. Lakshmayya
22. " K. Appala Naidu
23. " Kavali Narayana
24. " M. Pentanna Naidu
25. " M. Hanumantha Rao
26. " K. Venkaiah
27. " C. Pulla Reddi
28. " G. Bapanayya
29. " K. Rajagopala Rao
30. " K. Govinda Rao
31. " C. Prabhakara Chowdary
32. " D. Seetharamiah
33. " T. Potha Raju
34. " P. Venkatasiviah
35. " P. Narasimha Reddi
36. " N. Sivarami Reddi
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[3rd November 1954]

37. " B. Sankarayya
38. " G. Rama Rao
39. " P. S. Ramachandra Rao
40. " B. Lakshminarasra Raju
41. " P. Rama Rao
42. " G. Anjaneyulu
43. " G. Joseph
44. " M. Narayanaswamy
45. " K. Ranga Rao
46. " P. Syamasundara Rao
47. " M. Kunhe Rao
48. " G. Nageswara Rao
49. " M. Lakshmanaswamy
50. " T. Nagi Reddi
51. " Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu
52. " M. Veerabhadram
53. " G. Satyanarayana
54. " V. Sri Krishna
55. " Chandra Ramalingaiah
56. " A. Venkatarama Raju
57. " V. Rama Rao
58. " S. Kast Reddy
59. " R. Venkatajagga Rao

NOES.

1. The Hon. Sri T. Prakasam
2. " Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi
3. " Sri K. Koti Reddi
4. " Sri T. Viswanatham
5. " Sri D. Sanjivayya
7. " Sri P. Thimma Reddi
8. Sri P. Ranga Reddi
9. " M. Nageswara Rao
10. " Raja V. V. Krishnam Raju Bahadur
11. " K. Adikesavulu Naidu
12. " D. Ramabrahmam
13. " R. B. V. Sudarsana Varma
14. " M. Doraikannu
15. " T. N. Venkatasubba Reddi
16. " L. Lakshmana Das
17. " K. V. Vema Reddi
18. " B. Krishnamurthy Rao
19. " K. Varadachari
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954]

20  "  V. C. Chudamani Deo
21  "  P. Sangam Naidu
22  "  H Ramalinga Reddi
23  "  P. Satyanarayana Reddi
24  "  G. Nagabushanam
25  "  H Satyanarayana Dora
26  "  T. C. Atchannaidu
27  "  K. Suryanarayana
28  "  K Shanmugam
29  "  D Narayana Raju
30  "  P. Gunnayya
31  "  P. Venkatasubbayya
32  "  Thota Ramaswamy
33  "  G. Sivasankara Reddi
34  "  S. Narayanappa
35  "  N. Sankara Reddi
36  "  M. R Appa Rao
37  "  A Venkatasubrahmaniam
38  "  N Ramabhadra Raju
39  "  A. Venkatramiah
40  "  Ch. S. R. V. P. Murthy Raju
41  "  Srungaram
42  "  P. Venkataswami Reddi
43  "  T. Mallayya
44  "  M. Rajeswara Rao
45  "  Y. V. Krishna Rao
46  "  P. Gopalakrishna Reddi
47  "  K. Chenchurama Naidu
48  "  D. Dasaratharamaiah
49  "  Asi Neeladhrirao Reddi
50  "  K. Santhappa
51  "  Ch. Indrayya
52  "  K. Venkatnarayana Dora
53  "  R. Lakshminarasimham Dora
54  "  Y. Audinarayana Reddi
55  "  K. Veeranna Padal
56  "  C. Subbarayudu
57  "  Pragada Kotaiah
58  "  Raja Sagi Suryanarayana Raju
59  "  K. Ramaiah
60  "  K. Ramamurthy
61  "  B. Ramakrishna Reddi
62  "  Bojja Appalaswamy
63  "  K. Bapamma Dora
Mr. Speaker:—Ayes 59. Noes 67. Neutral 2. The Amendment is lost.

Sri K. V. S. Padmanabha Raju:—The question is that the main motion be amended as follows.

Add the following at the end:

"but regret to note—

(i) the failure of Government to indicate clearly the policy in regard to:—

(a) the necessity of introducing legislation aiming at the total control and abolition of all intermediary feudal landlord tenures in the State of Andhra by introduction of a Bill;

(b) the necessity of bringing all types of inams (inclusive of those still pending abolition) under the definition of Clause 3 (2) (b) of the Estates Land Act of 1908;

(c) applying the Rent Reduction Act, 1947, to all types of inams (inclusive of those still pending abolition);

(d) the necessity of giving protection and reinstatement to all categories of evicted tenants in all
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR’S ADDRESS

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[Mr. Speaker]

types of inams (inclusive of those still pending abolition) from 1947;

(e) the failure of Government to implement the decision of the Andhra Assembly on the recommendations of the Ramamurthy Committee Report; and

(f) the failure of Government to give adequate protection and employment to the ex-toddy tappers of Andhra.

Sri T Nagi Reddi —I am just trying to get a clarification from the hon. Member. I am just asking him through you Sir, which particular portion of his amendment he is pressing. If he is pressing only items (e) and (f) namely, the failure of the Government to implement the Ramamurthy Committee Report and not providing employment to the ex-toddy tappers we will support his motion. If he is to press the whole amendment we may not support him.

Sri K. V. S. Padmanabha Raju:—I am pressing complete whole amendment so press likewise.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—different topics, the amendment such. likewise, and
Mr. Speaker:—Just now we had taken a decision on the first amendment. Now I feel that this division is unnecessarily pressed. Therefore, I ask such of the members who are for the amendment, please stand up in their seats. Virtually it amounts to a division being taken. This is a thing which is sanctioned by May’s Parliamentary Practice and Procedure.

Sri P. V. R. Gajapathi Raju:—Sir, I do not know on what system you are going. You cannot anticipate decision. We have every right to press this amendment, we want it to be pressed. It has nothing to do with the question of how many are for it or are against it. You cannot go into the question of the rule of anticipation at this juncture. I think you had made a similar ruling just ten minutes earlier in Sri N. V. L. Narasimha Rao’s case. We believe that we have the right to press it. A similar situation took place, earlier, I think, last year. I do not believe that this Assembly should go on committing, what I call, procedural mistakes. Whatever the content of such a mistake may be ultimately, as a political party we have every right to express our viewpoint. I am not here to anticipate the viewpoint of another political party or to anticipate the viewpoint of the Assembly.

Mr Speaker:—I have not understood what the hon. Member means.

Sri P. V. R. Gajapathi Raju:—In other words, you have every right to say that I will close the Assembly and the matter is closed at this juncture—I will put it in that form. But when you say that you want to see how many are for the amendment, it does not determine the right of any one of us to ask for a division on this issue.

Mr Speaker:—Even now I am not able to catch the point. (Laughter) Please make yourself clear.
3rd November 1954]

Sri P. V. R. Gajapati Raju — I shall put it in this form: The theory behind democratic practices allows for the fact that every member elected to this Assembly can put forward a viewpoint for the consideration of this Assembly. Such a viewpoint can and shall be debated within the framework of the rules governing this Assembly. As such, you can and you must place our amendment to the vote of the Assembly. We have a right to vote upon it and we have also the right of losing or winning on it, and that is a right provided in democracy.

Sri Pillalamari Venkateswarlu.— గా గా సాంస్యం గుడ విషయం విషయం. యాందు విషయం division ను ప్రాంతం ను ప్రాంతం division ను ప్రాంతం. యాందు division ను ప్రాంతం ను ప్రాంతం. Voice యాందు division ను ప్రాంతం ను ప్రాంతం. Voice యాందు division ను ప్రాంతం ను ప్రాంతం.

Mr. Speaker — My procedure would not be different even if you press for a division. But I feel that this division is unnecessarily pressed. I am now answering Mr. P. V. G. Raju. It is the procedure which is sanctioned by parliamentary practice and procedure. Here this is more or less a distinction without any difference. Even here I take stock of those who are in favour of the amendment. I take stock of those who are against the amendment and I take stock of those who are neutral. The result would not be different. So I do not see how the hon. Member would be a loser on this account. I am proceeding. All those who are in favour of the amendment, please say ‘Aye’.

Sri P. Suryachandra Rao.— దిగా వీలు జింద్ దిన్డేది. సిద్ధింది జింద్ దిన్డేది సిద్ధింది. అసవం తీవ్ర అసవం తీవ్ర division అసవం తీవ్ర. division అసవం తీవ్ర division అసవం తీవ్ర. division అసవం తీవ్ర division అసవం తీవ్ర.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi.— Sir, if there are only a few in Members who stand, then you need not call the names of Members. But where a whole block stands it becomes very necessary that the names should be called. Now that you
Mr. Speaker.—Shall I make a request to you, Sir?

Sri P. Suryachandra Rao:—With due respect to the Chair ...........

Mr. Speaker.—It is certainly not giving any respect to the Chair. That is the procedure followed where the Speaker feels that a division is unnecessarily pressed. Therefore I am adopting this procedure. That is what I see in May's Parliamentary Practice and Procedure.

Sri N. V. Rama Rao: Sir, I have to ask....

Mr. Speaker: Please take your seat. Will you please take your seat?

Sri N. V. Rama Rao:—You may not get a chance to stand up if it comes to that. That is what is followed in cases where the Speaker feels a division is unnecessarily pressed. I do...
not understand why the Deputy Speaker should say that I am trying to put the Assembly into confusion.

Is it not disrespect to the Chair? Am I giving disrespect to the hon. Member? Certainly not. I am following only a sanctioned procedure.

Sri P. Suryachandra Rao:—Let me explain to the Chair. I am not now speaking as Deputy Speaker. I am now speaking as a Member of the House. I am explaining the situation arising from the procedure followed by the Chair.

Mr. Speaker:—No. You do not cease to be Deputy Speaker. (Laughter) I am asking hon. Members in favour of the amendment to stand up. Where is the difficulty? The procedure will be the same; the result will be the same.

Sri P. Pundarikakhacharyulu:—Division bell ring division विभाजन अस्थायीयता? अभी कैसे जरूर बहस होगी?

Mr. Speaker:—division bell ring division विभाजन अस्थायीयता? अभी कैसे जरूर बहस होगी?

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— participation वोटिंग दिलिस्त्र अनुसार वोटिंग विभाजन अस्थायीयता? अभी कैसे जरूर बहस होगी? Voice vote वोटिंग दिलिस्त्र अनुसार वोटिंग विभाजन अस्थायीयता? अभी कैसे जरूर बहस होगी? Voice vote वोटिंग दिलिस्त्र अनुसार वोटिंging विभाजन अस्थायीयता? अभी कैसे जरूर बहस होगी? Voice vote वोटिंग दिलिस्त्र अनुसार वोटिंging विभाजन अस्थायी�ता? अभी कैसे जरूर बहस होगी? Voice vote वोटिंग दिलिस्त्र अनुसार वोटिंging विभाजन अस्थायीयता? अभी कैसे जरूर बहस होगी? Voice vote वोटिंging दिलिस्त्र अनुसार वोटिंging विभाजन अस्थायीयता? अभी कैसे जरूर बहस होगी? Voice vote वोटिंging दिलिस्त्र अनुसार वोटिंging विभाजन अस्थायीयता? अभी कैसे जरूर बहस होगी?
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

[3rd November 1954]

Mr. Speaker. How does the result differ? We are calling each member by name, take stock of the position by marking the Member's name in the division list.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi — block by block we amendment so for we derive exactly the same result, the only thing is, we calculate without any confusion. Basically it means, we declare, pragmatically after declaration of neutrals to count the members for the amendment. It is clear that we count the members as per the original division list and it is exactly the same result.

A Poll was taken and the House divided thus:

AYES

1. Sri P. Suryachandra Rao
2. " P. V. R. Gajapathi Raju
3. " C. V. K. Rao
4. " K. V. S. Padmanabha Raju
5. " R. Siddanna Gowd.
6. " M. Venkatasubba Reddi
7. " N. V. L. Narasimha Rao
8. " G. Suryanarayana
9. " S. Venniah
10. " G. Yellamanda Reddi
11. " K. Krishna Rao
12. " Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah
13. " G. Latchanna
15. " T. Lakshminarayana Reddi
16. " G. C. Kondayya
17. " N. V. Rama Rao
18. " K. Subba Reddi
19. " B. Gangayya Naidu
20. " P. Pandarikakshacharyulu
DISCUSSION ON THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

3rd November 1954]

21. " K. Malakondayya
22. " K. Pattabhi Ramaiah
23. " D. Lakshmayya
24. " K. Appala Naidu
25. " Kavali Narayana
26. " M. Pentanna Naidu
27. " M. Hanumantha Rao
28. " K. Venkaiah
29. " C. Pulla Reddi
30. " G. Bapanayya
31. " K. Rajagopala Rao
32. " K. Govinda Rao
33. " C. Prabhakara Chowdary
34. " D. Seetharamiah
36. " T. Potha Raju
36. " P. Venkatasiviah
37. " P. Narasimha Reddi
38. " N. Sivarami Reddi
39. " B. Sankarayya
40. " G. Rama Rao
41. " P. S. Ramachandra Rao
42. " B. Lakshminarasa Raju
43. " P. Rama Rao
44. " G. Anjaneyulu
45. " G. Joseph
46. " M. Narayanaswamy
47. " K. Ranga Rao
48. " P. Syamasundara Rao
49. " M. Kunhe Rao
50. " G. Nageswara Rao
51. " M. Lakshmanaswamy
52. " T. Nagi Reddi
53. " Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu
54. " M. Veerabhadram
55. " G. Satyanarayana
56. " V. Sri Krishna
57. " Chandra Ramalingaiah
58. " A. Venkataramaraju
59. " V. Rama Rao
60. " S. Kasi Reddy
61. " R. Venkatajagga Rao

NOES

1. The Hon. Sri T. Prakasam
2. The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi
3. " Sri K. Koti Reddi
4. " Sri T. Viswanatham
5. " Sri D. Sanjiva Reddy
7. " Sri P. Thimma Reddy
8. Sri P. Ranga Reddy
9. " M. Nageswara Rao
10. " Raja V. V. Krishnam Raju Bahadur
11. " K. Adikesavalu Naidu
12. " D. Ramabrahmam
13. " R. B. V Sudarsana Varma
14. " M. Doraikannu
15. " T. N. Venkatasubba Reddi
16. " L. Lakshmana Das
17. " K. V. Vema Reddi
18. " B. Krishnamurthy Rao
19. " K. Varadachari
20. " V. C. Chudamani Deo
21. " P. Sangam Naidu
22. " H. Ramalinga Reddi
23. " P. Satyanarayana Reddi
24. " G. Nagabhushanam
25. " T. C. Atchanna Reddi
26. " K. Suryanarayana Reddi
27. " K. Shanmugam
28. " D. Narayana Raju
29. " P. Guna Reddi
30. " P. Venkatasubba Reddi
31. " Thota Ramaswamy
32. " G. Sivasankara Reddi
33. " S. Narayanappa
34. " N. Sankara Reddi
35. " M. R. Appa Rao
36. " A. Venkatasubramaniam
37. " N. Ramabhadra Raju
38. " A. Venkatramaiyah
39. " Ch. S. R. V. P. Murthy Raju
40. " Srngaram
41. " P. Venkatamaswami Reddi
42. " T. Mallayya
43. " M. Rajeswara Rao
44. " Y. V. Krishna Rao
45. " P. Gopalakrishna Reddi

[3rd November 1954]
3rd November 1954]

46. " K. Chenchurama Naidu
47. " D. Dasaratharamaiah
48. " Asi Neeladirao Reddi
49. " K. Santhappa
50. " Ch. Indrayya
51. " K. Venkatanarayana
52. " R. Lakshminarasimham Dora
53. " Y. Audinarayana Reddi
54. " K. Veeranna Padal
55. " C. Subbarayudu
56. " P. Kotaiah
57. " Raja Sagi Suryanarayana Raju
58. " K. Ramaiiah
59. " K. Ramamurthy
60. " B. Ramakrishna Reddi
61. " Bojja Appalaswamy
62. " K. Bapanna Dora
63. " K. Srmivasulu
64. " K. Ramiah Chowdary
65. " P. Chinnamma Reddi
66. " B. Subba Raju

Ayes 61, Noes 67.

The amendment was declared lost.

Sri M. Venkatasubba Reddi:—I am pressing my amendment, Sir.

The Speaker put the question to the vote of the House and declared the amendment was lost.

Sri M. Venkatasubba Reddi:—Sir, I am pressing for a division.

Mr. Speaker:—When I feel that a division is unnecessarily pressed, I am not bound to call a division. I will adopt the other procedure of asking the Members to stand up and count the numbers.

Sri M. Venkatasubba Reddi:—అందిపోడం! On a point of order, please: no amendment దిగి జిబ్బాదా ప్రశ్న రీతిగా, ఇది ప్రాంతంలోని amendment లేదు, రెండవ ప్రాంతంలో amendment లేని.
Mr. Speaker:—It is not necessary. I do not allow the hon. Member to make a speech.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

Add the following at the end:

"but regret to note—

(i) the failure of Government to indicate clearly the policy in regard to—

(a) the necessity of introducing legislation aiming at the total control and abolition of all intermediary feudal landlord tenures in the State of Andhra by introduction of a Bill,

(b) the necessity of bringing all types of Inams (inclusive of those still pending abolition) under the definition of clause 3(2)(d) Estates Land Act of 1908;

(c) applying the Rent Reduction Act, 1947 to all types of Inams (inclusive of those still pending abolition); and

(d) the necessity of giving protection and reinstatement to all categories of evicted tenants in all types of Inams (inclusive of those still pending abolition) from 1947;

(ii) failure of the Government to realise the necessity of declaring moratorium and relieve the age long indebtedness of the masses;

(iii) failure to introduce legislation envisaging land reforms like the fixation of limits to the size of holdings and improvement of agricultural prosperity instead of appointing land reforms committees;

(iv) failure to introduce legislation fixing minimum agricultural wage for the labourers in the fields; and

(V) failure of the Government to evolve a policy for abolishing able-bodied beggary and to provide an alternative employment by creating local cottage industries.

Those in favour of the motion will please say "Aye" and those against the motion please say "No".

(Voice vote was taken.)

"Noes" have it.
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Sri M. Venkatasubba Reddi:—I press for a division.

Mr. Speaker:—Wrong press.

A poll was taken and the House divided thus:

1. Sri P. Suryachandra Rao
2. P. V. R. Gajapathi Raju
3. C. V. K. Rao
4. K. V. S Padmanabha Raju
5. R. Siddanna Gowd
6. M. Venkatasubba Reddi
7. N. V. L. Narasimha Rao
8. G. Suryanarayana
9. S. Vemiah
10. G. Yellamanda Reddi
11. K. Krishna Rao
12. Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah
13. G. Latchanna
14. Saka Venkata Rao
15. T. Lakshminarayana Reddi
16. G. C. Kondayya
17. N. V. Rama Rao
18. K. Subba Reddi
19. B. Gangayya Naidu
20. P. Pundarikakshacharyulu
21. K. Malakondayya
22. K. Pattabhi Ramiah
23. D. Lakshmayya
24. K. Appala Naidu
25. Kaval Narayana
26. M. Pentanna Naidu
27. M. Hanumantha Rao
28. K. Venkaiyah
29. C. Pulla Reddi
30. G. Bapanayya
31. K. Rajagopala Rao
32. K. Govinda Rao
33. C. Prabhakara Chowdary
34. D. Seetharamiah
35. T. Potha Raju
36. P. Venkatasiviah
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37. "P. Narasimha Reddi
38. "N. Sivarami Reddi
39. "B. Sankarayya
40. "G. Rama Rao
41. "P. S. Ramachandra Rao
42. "B. Lakshminarasa Raju
43. "P. Rama Rao
44. "G. Anjaneyulu
45. "G. Joseph
46. "M. Narayanaswamy
47. "K. Ranga Rao
48. "P. Syamasundara Rao
49. "M. Kunhe Rao
50. "G. Nageswara Rao
51. "M. Lakshmanaswamy
52. "T. Nagi Reddi
53. "Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu
54. "M. Veerabhadraram
55. "G. Satyanarayana
56. "V. Sri Krishna
57. "Chandra Ramalingaiah
58. "A. Venkatarama Raju
59. "V. Rama Rao
60. "S. Kasi Reddy
61. "R. Venkatajagga Rao

NOES.

1. The Hon. Sri T. Prakasam
2. " Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi
3. " Sri K. Koti Reddi
4. " Sri T. Viswanatham
5. " Sri D. Sanjivayya
7. " Sri P. Thimma Reddi
8. Sri P. Ranga Reddi
9. " M. Nageswara Rao
10. " Raja V. V. Krishnam Raju Bahadur
11. " K. Adikesavulu Naidu
12. " D. Ramabrahmam
13. " R. B. V. Sudarsana Varma
14. " M. Doraiskannu
15. " T. N. Venkataseswari Reddi
16. " L. Lakshmana Das
17. " K. V. Vema Reddi
3rd November 1954]

18. B. Krishnamurthy Rao
19. K. Varadachari
20. V. C. Chudamani Deo
21. P. Sangam Naidu
22. H. Ramalinga Reddi
23. P. Satyanarayana Reddi
24. G. Nagabhushanam
25. H. Satyanarayana Dora
26. T. C. Atchamnaidu
27. K. Suryanarayana
28. K. Shanmugam
29. D. Narayana Raju
30. P. Gunnayya
31. P. Venkatasubbayya
32. Thota Ramswamy
33. G. Sivasankara Reddi
34. S. Narayanappa
35. N. Sankara Reddi
36. M. R. Appa Rao
37. A. Venkatasubrahmaniam
38. N. Ramabhadra Raju
39. A. Venkatramiah
40. Ch. S. R. V. P. Murthy Raju
41. Srngaram
42. P. Venkataswami Reddi
43. T. Mallayya
44. M. Rajeswara Rao
45. Y. V. Krishna Rao
46. P. Gopalakrishna Reddi
47. K. Chenchurama Naidu
48. D. Dasaratharamaiah
49. Asi Neeladrirao Reddi
50. K. Santhappa
51. Ch. Indrayya
52. K. Venkatanarayana
53. R. Lakshminarasimham Dora
54. Y. Audinarayana Reddi
55. K. Veeranna Padal
56. C. Subbarayudu
57. P. Kotaiah
58. Raja Sagi Suryanarayana Raju
59. K. Ramiah
60. K. Ramamurthy
61. B. Ramakrishna Reddi
[3rd November 1954]

62. " Bojja Appalaswamy
63. " K. Bapanna Dora
64. " K. Srinivasulu
65. " K. Ramiah Chowdary
66. " P. Chinnamma Reddi
67. " B. Subba Raju

Ayes 61, Noes 67
The amendment was declared lost.

Mr. Speaker:—I am now putting the amendment of Sri C. V. K. Rao to the vote of the House.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanadham:—I regret to note that no mention is made in the address.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—The amendment is a point of move with regard to point move.

Mr. Speaker:—Right hon. press.

Sri C. V. K. Rao:—That exercise is not possible.

Mr. Speaker:—Right hon. press Amendment is a point press. Amendment is a point press. Amendment is a point press. Amendment is a point press.

The question is:
Add the following at the end:
"but regret to note that no mention is made in the address."
3rd November 1954] [Mr. Speaker]

(i) that civil liberties in the State will be secured, the arrested tapper-satyagrahis, banjar-satyagrahis and the persons arrested in connection with trade union activities will be released;

(ii) that the unnecessary and prohibitive expenditure on the State machinery including payment of high salaries and allowances of big officials and Ministers be reduced;

(iii) that, in view of the deficit budget, the payment of the compensation to Zamindars under the Zamindari Abolition Act be deferred;

(iv) that Andhra Trade and Industry will be protected from foreign and monopoly interests, and sales-tax be abolished; and

(v) the failure of the Government to implement Ramamurthy Committee’s recommendations on prohibition approved by this House.

The amendment was declared lost.

Mr. Speaker.—I am now putting Sri S. Vemiah’s amendment to the vote of the House.

The question is:

Add the following at the end:

“but regrets to note:

(i) that nothing is said about the real condition of the N. G. O’s. and the non-implementation of the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission;

(ii) nothing is said regarding the manner at which the Prohibition Act is being enforced in the State;

(iii) no mention is made regarding the huge problem of the unemployment prevailing in the State;

(iv) nothing is mentioned regarding the damages to men, animals, roads, crops, tanks, houses etc., in the Nellore district on account of the heavy rain fall in the 3rd week October, 1954;

(v) no mention is made regarding the Co-operation movement in the State and how it is being defeated...
or succeeded from the exploitation of the individuals and ways and means to overcome the individual exploitation;

(vi) no mention is made regarding the enhancement of the salaries of the elementary school teachers in the State.

The amendment was declared lost.

Mr. Speaker:—I am now putting the amendment of Sri K. Krishna Rao to the vote of the House.

Add the following at the end:

"but regrets to note—

(i) that no mention is made regarding the increasing deficits, and prospects of deficits in the State Budgets; and the absence of any policy directed to develop the natural resources of the State like irrigation projects, water ways, forests, minor ports and mineral wealth; and the failure of the Government to harness development of Andhra economy to providing increasing revenues to the State Budget;

(ii) that no mention is made regarding the taxation policy of the Government of imposing additional rates and taxes on essentially over-taxed section of people;

(iii) that failure of the Government to provide, cheap easy and democratic credit to ryots and to men of small means, or to extend the Co-operative credit movement, either urban or rural; and

(iv) imposing on public meetings the restriction that all such meetings and use of loud speakers thereat should be subject to prior payment of a fee and the issue by the police of a licence.

The amendment was declared lost.

Mr. Speaker:—I am now putting the amendment of Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi to the vote of the House.

The question is:

Add the following at the end:

but regret to note that no mention is made about—
(i) starting post graduate courses in Anantapur Arts College;
(ii) reviving well subsidy scheme; and
(iii) implementation of Ramamurthy Committee proposals."

The amendment was declared lost.

Mr. Speaker:—I am now putting the amendment of Sri B. Gangayya Naidu:

The question is:
Add the following at the end:
"but regret to note the absence of any reference to any specific policy for—
(i) the fixation of Minimum Wages to agricultural labour;
(ii) the fixation of Minimum Prices for agricultural produce; and
(iii) the protection to cultivating tenants."

The amendment was declared lost.

Mr. Speaker:—I will now put the main motion to the vote of the House.

The question is:
"That an humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor as follows:
May it please Your Excellency,
We, the Members of the Andhra Legislative Assembly beg leave to thank Your Excellency for the Address delivered to the House on the 29th October, 1954."

The motion was carried.

Mr. Speaker: The House will now adjourn and meet again at 11 a.m. tomorrow.

The House then adjourned.

PAPER LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE.

Elections - Vijayanagaram Municipality - Casual elections for Wards XI and XXII - Difficulty regarding symbols - Removal - Orders Passed (G. O. No. 543, Local Administration, dated 16th June, 1954).