QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

STARRED QUESTIONS.

REGULARISATION OF 9 (a) (i) CANDIDATES.

* 234 Q. - SRI K. KRISHNA RAO: Will the Hon. The Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) that in the case of 9 (a) (i) candidates in Government service who sat for examinations held to regularise their service, whether a pass in the said examination entitles the candidate to automatically have his services regularised, subject to physical fitness; and

(b) whether a pass confers on the candidates in service the security of service ordinarily associated with non-9 (a) (i) candidate in Government service?

THE HON. SRI T. PRAKASAM:—

(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) Temporary clerks and typists who had secured a pass in the Commission's examination were appointed regularly and on such appointment they automatically became eligible for all benefits and privileges admissible to regular Government servants.

(a) అన్నా.
(b) Temporary clerks, typists, pass automatic regularise the services. 

Sri K. Krishna Rao:— Regularise services regularise?

The Hon. Sri T. Prakasam:—

Sri K. Krishna Rao:— Regularise candidates, regular service benefits to entitle?

The Hon. Sri T. Prakasam:—

Sri G. Rama Rao:— Regularise temporary services regularise?

The Hon. Sri T. Prakasam:—

KRISHNA REGULATOR CUM ROAD BRIDGE.

* 235 Q. — Sri M. R. Apparow: — Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:
5th March 1954 ]

(a) Whether there is any proposal to build a Regulator-cum-Road bridge over the River Krishna; and

(b) if so, when it is likely to be taken up?

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—

(a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) Pending approval of the Government of India, orders have already been issued on 8-12-1953 to the Chief Engineer (Irrigation) to proceed with the work immediately.

(a) ఎనుదువ.

(b) అడుగుతున్న చిరానుకున్నది.

Sri M. Hanumantha Rao:— వారితో, అప్పుడు రెండు సంబంధాల వంటి Special Division staff పరిరక్తం పెంచితాం మాత్రమే, రాను Special Division staff అప్పటి పిల్లెల విశేషాల సందర్భంలో అభివృద్ధి చెందాం. ఎంటే విశేషం? ఎంటే, ఎంటే శాష్ట్రం పొందాం నిర్ణయం.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:— ఈ పరిరక్తం ప్రతి విషయంలో యొక్క ప్రత్యేకం సేవలం మాత్రమే. యొక్క ప్రత్యేకం ప్రత్యేకం.

Sri T. Potha Raju:— ఇప్పుడు చిహ్నం చెందినాం, అప్పుడు ఎందుకంటే ప్రత్యేకం? 40 ఎక్సాలం ఖాతాను శాస్త్రం చెందినాం. ఎందుకంటే? ఎందుకంటే 70 ఎక్సాలం, 80 ఎక్సాలం పరిరక్తం విశేషాల. అందుకు 40 ఎక్సాలం పరిరక్తం చేసేదంతున్నది. ఎంటే ఎంటే ఎంటే స్థానం ప్రత్యేకం?

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:— ఈ పిత్రం ఎందుకంటే ఎందుకంటే పరిరక్తం చేసేదంతున్నది అప్పుడు పరిరక్తం చెందినాం. అప్పుడు పరిరక్తం ఎండుకంటే ఎండుకంటే పరిరక్తం?

Sri P. Pundarikaksha Charyulu:— ఒకదానం సంస్థా ఎండు ఎండు పరిరక్తం చేసేదంతున్నది ఎంటే సంస్థా ఎండుకంటే ఎండు?

Sri P. Pundarikaksha Charyulu:— ఒకదానం సంస్థా ఎండు ఎండు పరిరక్తం చేసేదంతున్నది ఎంటే సంస్థా ఎండు ఎండు పరిరక్తం?
4 QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[5th March 1954]

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—2½, 3:3 2½ 3:3 2½ 3:3

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—2½ Special Division 3:3 2½ 3:3 2½ 3:3

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—2½ 3:3 2½ 3:3 2½ 3:3

Sri C. Subbarayudu:—2½ 3:3 2½ 3:3

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—2½ 3:3 2½ 3:3
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

5th March 1954

Sri P. Ranga Reddi:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

Sri K. Rajagopala Rao:—

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—
6 QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS [5th March 1954

Sri K. Malakondayya:—சுருக்காக்கர், நான் தொடர்பு செய்யும் புகழ்பூர்வமான விளக்கம் செய்யலாம். நான் மாற்றாங்க

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—விளக்காக்கர் என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன என்ன 

Sri G. Joseph:— இந்த விளக்காக்கத் தனது விளக்காக்காக்கத் தனது விளக்காக்காக்கத் 

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—என்ன என்ன என்ன 

Sri P. Gunnayya:—இயற்கை ஐக்கிய ஆட்சியாளர் ஆட்சியாளர் ஆட்சியாளர் ஆட்சியாளர் 

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—சுருக்காக்க விளக்க விளக்க விளக்க விளக்க விளக்க 

Sri M. Hanumantha Rao:— கட்டுமான அல்லது 

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—சுருக்காக்க விளக்க விளக்க விளக்க விளக்க விளக்க 

Sri P. Gunnayya:—இயற்கை ஐக்கிய ஆட்சியாளர் ஆட்சியாளர் ஆட்சியாளர் ஆட்சியாளர்
5th March 1954]

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishniah:— సుపిందం వణనాద కర్మదారుల తాత్కాలిక సహాయ అంశం విదేశాల ప్రాంగణానికి సంబంధం పొందింది. ప్రతి సంవత్సరం దశకాలానికి పైన కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు. ఇది వాస్తవంగా అనేక సంస్థలకు సహాయం చేస్తుంది. ఇంటికి రెండు సమాచారం యొక్క మూలం చేస్తాడు. ఈ సమాచారం కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు. ఈ సమాచారం కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:— సుపిందం వణనాద కర్మదారుల తాత్కాలిక సహాయ అంశం విదేశాల ప్రాంగణానికి సంబంధం పొందింది. ప్రతి సంవత్సరం దశకాలానికి పైన కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు. ఇది వాస్తవంగా అనేక సంస్థలకు సహాయం చేస్తుంది. ఇంటికి రెండు సమాచారం యొక్క మూలం చేస్తాడు. ఈ సమాచారం కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు. ఈ సమాచారం కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— సుపిందం వణనాద కర్మదారుల తాత్కాలిక సహాయ అంశం విదేశాల ప్రాంగణానికి సంబంధం పొందింది. ప్రతి సంవత్సరం దశకాలానికి పైన కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు. ఇది వాస్తవంగా అనేక సంస్థలకు సహాయం చేస్తుంది. ఇంటికి రెండు సమాచారం యొక్క మూలం చేస్తాడు. ఈ సమాచారం కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:— సుపిందం వణనాద కర్మదారుల తాత్కాలిక సహాయ అంశం విదేశాల ప్రాంగణానికి సంబంధం పొందింది. ప్రతి సంవత్సరం దశకాలానికి పైన కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు. ఇది వాస్తవంగా అనేక సంస్థలకు సహాయం చేస్తుంది. ఇంటికి రెండు సమాచారం యొక్క మూలం చేస్తాడు. ఈ సమాచారం కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు.

Sri C. Subbarayudu:— సుపిందం వణనాద కర్మదారుల తాత్కాలిక సహాయ అంశం విదేశాల ప్రాంగణానికి సంబంధం పొందింది. ప్రతి సంవత్సరం దశకాలానికి పైన కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు. ఇది వాస్తవంగా అనేక సంస్థలకు సహాయం చేస్తుంది. ఇంటికి రెండు సమాచారం యొక్క మూలం చేస్తాడు. ఈ సమాచారం కమిటీ సమితి అనుసారం కర్మదారు సాధనోత్సాహం చేస్తాడు.
Questions and Answers

5th March 1954

The Hon. Sri R. Sanjeeva Reddi:— The applicant is a re-employment extension case. He is a well-to-do farmer and re-employment is due to bad record of re-employment. He is a corrupt entrusted with the office of a zamindar. Will the Hon. the Minister for Land Revenue be pleased to state:

The proposed amount to be spent on Thakkvi and agricultural loans in Anantapur district in the months of October, November and December, 1953?

Takkavi Loans.

*236 Q. – SRI T. LAKSHMINARAYANAREDDI:— Will the Hon. the Minister for Land Revenue be pleased to state:

The proposed amount to be spent on Thakkvi and agricultural loans in Anantapur district in the months of October, November and December, 1953?

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— Allotments of Rs. 4,00,000/- under Land Improvement Loans and Agriculturists Loans Acts and Rs. 1,27,700/- under the special rules for pumping installations were sanctioned for expenditure during the three months ending December, 1953. The amounts spent during the months of October and November, and proposed to be spent during the month of December, 1953 are indicated below:
### QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

#### Spent in

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Spent in</th>
<th>Proposed to be spent in</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>October 1953</td>
<td>Rs. 3,750/-</td>
<td>Rs. 2,22,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 1953</td>
<td>Rs. 15,500/-</td>
<td>Rs. 37,000.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Proposed to be

- (1) Land Improvement Loans and Agriculturist's Loans Acts.
- (2) Special rules for pumping installations.

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**Sri N. Sivarami Reddi:**

- Why has there been a difference in the amounts spent?  
  - Rs. 2,22,000.

**The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:**

- With reference to the discussion on Postpone and Discussion, if any discussion is required, it should be referred to the Collectors.

**Sri K. Govinda Rao:**

- There is a need to discuss the special rules for pumping installations.
The Hon. K. Koti Reddi:—

Land Revenue Remissions as far as possible. Postponed. Remission of penalties.

Sri P. Venkata Subbayya:—

“Not bona fide” applications should be rejected.

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Dictionary instructions.

Sri C. Subbarayudu:—

“Not bona fide” applications should be rejected.

The Hon Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Remission of penalties.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

5th March 1954


Sri M. Kune Rao:— అది ఉదాహరణలు ఉండలి. రుటురు నిర్ణయానికి మూలవారి తెలుగులో మాత్రమే ఇచ్చాకపోయిన మానసులు సాధనాలు ఇచ్చేది? Collectors discretion కీ మాటలు మరాత్తా ఎంతగా ఉండడానికి instructions మాటే ఉంటాయి?

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— అది ఉదాహరణలు ఉండాలి. మరాత్తా పురాణం చెబుతున్నది? ముక్తా పురాణం చెబుతున్నది? అది కారణం అమర్చడానికి మారుతాము? రుటురు నిర్ణయానికి మూలవారి తెలుగులో మాత్రమే ఇచ్చాకపోయిన మానసులు సాధనాలు ఇచ్చేది? Collectors discretion కీ మాటలు మరాత్తా ఎంతగా ఉండడానికి instructions మాటే ఉంటాయి?

Land Revenue మరాత్తా ఈ సంయుక్త ఇచ్చాకపోయిన మాత్రమందికి, మరాత్తా ఈ సంయుక్త ఇచ్చాకపోయిన మాత్రమందికి, Land Revenue మరాత్తా ఈ సంయుక్త ఇచ్చాకపోయిన మాత్రమందికి.

Loans మరాత్తా ఈ సంయుక్త ఇచ్చాకపోయిన మాత్రమందికి, Land Revenue మరాత్తా ఈ సంయుక్త ఇచ్చాకపోయిన మాత్రమందికి, చెబుతున్నది. ఇచ్చాకపోయిన మాత్రమందికి, ఈ సంయుక్త ఇచ్చాకపోయిన మాత్రమందికి.
[ 5th March 1954

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:— 13 QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:— The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS 13

5th March 1954]


The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri S. Kasi Reddi:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

 Collector Government Assurance instructions followed.
EXTENTION OF SCHEME OF SEPARATION OF JUDICIARY FROM THE EXECUTIVE.

* 237 Q: - SRI K. KRISHNA .RAO put the Question on behalf of Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi: Will the Hon. the Minister for Finance and Law be pleased to state the reasons for not extending the scheme of separation of the Judiciary from the Executive to all the districts in the Province?

THE HON. SRI T. VISWANATHAM:— For administrative reasons, it is considered that the scheme may be introduced in stages instead of all at once.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— జ్యామా సంచలితం కారణం 

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— ఇద్దరు సంచలితం 

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— అంచు, అంచు సంచలితం సప్తసంవత్సరంలో వరకు శాసనం ద్వారా మెటర్సంచలితం 

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— ఉపాంశుడా నిర్ధిత 

CHOLERA IN NELLORE DISTRICT.

* 238 Q: - SRI K. KRISHNA RAO:— Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Public Health be pleased to state:
(a) the number of persons affected by the cholera epidemic in August, September and October 1953 in Nellore and Kovur taluks of Nellore District and the number of casualties;

(b) of those affected, the number given treatment by the staff of the Public Health and Medical Departments of the Government in cases in clause (a); and

(c) the steps taken to provide prevention of the outbreak of cholera in Nellore and Kovur taluks and the steps taken to provide quick and effective treatment after outbreak, as a result of the experiences of the recent epidemic in the two taluks in (a) by the Public Health and Medical staff of the Government?

THE HON. SRI D. SANJIVAYYA:— (a), (b) and (c):— A statement [a] is placed on the Table of the House.

Sri K. Krishna Rao:— percentage of casualties to attacks and the percentage of attacks to casualties? The enquiry revealed 50% of the attacks were due to contamination of water. Percentage of attacks were due to carelessness, indifference, transport to isolation hospital.

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— Vide appendix infra.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[5th March 1954]

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— Are there any safeguards, precautions to be taken?

Sri C. Subbarayudu:— Are precautions to be taken against epidemics by the Health Department such as jeeps, vans?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— To what extent should the Health Department be involved in such precautions? Is there a Part II Scheme for 1954-55?

Sri B. Sankarayya:— Sri S. Srinivasulu, District Board Special Officer, is using jeeps & vans. Is it standard procedure?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— Are the District Board Special Officer using jeeps & vans as standard procedure? Is there a Part II Scheme?

Sri K. Krishna Rao:— Are any precautions taken against floods by using vans? Is it necessary to construct a Special Isolation Hospital?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— Are there any other precautions against floods by using vans?
5th March 1954

Sri G. Yellamanda Reddi:— ఏంకయుడు! ఒకే కొందరు
Patients స్థానానంగా Saline injections అంచనాలు సెఫెరేందుకుల జంతూరు సంస్థలు. రాష్ట్ర సర్వే సంస్థలు
Health Department సంస్థ స్థానానంగా Malnutrition సంస్థ సంస్థలు అంచనా సంస్థలు
సంస్థలు? ఈది అంచనా సంస్థ సంస్థ సంస్థలు
సంస్థలు?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— Health Inspectors

Sri G. Rama Rao:— ఏంకయుడు! ముగ్గురు కొందరు,
తోలాడి అంచనాకండే ప్రాంతానంగా ప్రాంతానంగా ప్రాంతానంగా. రెండి మిత్రాలు తోలాడి
Malnutrition మంది రాష్ట్ర సంస్థ సంస్థ సంస్థలు
ప్రాంతానంగా ప్రాంతానంగా? ఈది అంచనా సంస్థ సంస్థ సంస్థలు
సంస్థ సంస్థ?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— ముగ్గురు Malnutrition
మంది బాగుడిని అదే సంస్థలు. అది జాతి సంస్థ సంస్థ సంస్థలు
మంది బాగుడి అదే సంస్థ సంస్థలు.

Sri T. N. Venkatasubba Reddi:— All India Medical Council Meet అంచనాకండే ప్రాంతానంగా ప్రాంతానంగా ప్రాంతానంగా. రెండి Health Department
మంది బాగుడి అదే సంస్థ సంస్థ సంస్థ సంస్థ| Health Depart-
మంది బాగుడి Report సంస్థ సంస్థ సంస్థ?
| The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— ఇంది జాతి సంస్థ సంస్థలు
మంది బాగుడి అదే సంస్థ సంస్థ సంస్థలు.
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[5th March 1954]

Sri P. Rama Rao:— అంటే అనుమతించండి సర్, సేవ ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Supply సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి, సేవా ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Supply సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి?

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— అంటే అనుమతించండి సర్, సేవ ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Supply సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి. సేవా ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Supply సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— అంటే అనుమతించండి సర్, సేవ ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Treatment సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి. సేవ ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Treatment సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి.

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— అంటే అనుమతించండి సర్, సేవ ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Treatment సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి. Van యు సేవ ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Supply సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— అంటే అనుమతించండి సర్, సేవ ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Treatment సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి. Van యు సేవ ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Supply సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి.

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— అంటే అనుమతించండి సర్, సేవ ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Treatment సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి. Van యు సేవ ప్రాంతానికి సాప్పటిని Supply సంఖ్యలోకు సముపారండి.
RELIEF TO HANDLOOM WEAVERS IN SRIKAKULAM DISTRICT.

* 239 Q.- SRI P. GUNNAYYA: Will the Hon. the Minister for Education and Industries be pleased to state the help the Government have given to the Handloom Weavers of Srikakulam district?

THE HON. SRI S. B. P. PATTABHIRAMA RAO: No special measures have been found necessary to help the Handloom Weavers in Srikakulam district, apart from the general measures taken by the Government to relieve the distress among the Weavers in the State as a whole such as opening of gruel centres (continued till 28-2-54) and payment of cash credits to Weavers' Co-operative Societies. The wages paid in Weavers' Co-operative Societies in the District compare favourably with the rates paid under the Relief Scheme. None of the societies is reported to have any accumulated stocks now.
[ 5th March 1954

Sri R. Siddhanna Gowd:— Hyderabad State 5th March 1954 subsidy-payment was substantial. That is, how is the State Government providing 10% subsidy on the papers? The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:— Papers are presented here, and how is the subsidy provided?

Sri S. Venkata Rao:— As the Senior Advocate, any question? The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:— Yes, on sub-clause 5 of the 1954 subsidy payment.

Sri R. Siddhanna Gowd:— The 5th March 1954 subsidy payment was substantial. Hyderabad 5th subsidy payment was substantial. The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:— How is the 5th subsidy provided? The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:— How is the subsidy provided?

Sri P. Gunanayya:— How is it? As the Senior Advocate, any question?
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

5th March 1954]

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:—

Mr. Yeerabhadra:—

Sri M. Veerabhadram:—
The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:— Nothing more information than what I have already said.

Sri N. Sivarami Reddi:— Why not the Association of Handloom Weavers accept 100 to 200 members and form a Co-operative Society?

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:— If we have 100 members, can we form a Co-operative Society with State assistance? And after the Industry is formed, members are to be increased to 200. The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— The Association is formed, we have members, but there is no Co-operative Society to which we can appeal.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— It is not a matter of 100 members. 100 members can be selected from the Association. The Industry will be formed.

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— If the Association has members, can it form the State Handloom Society with State assistance? If the Society is formed, the Association can form the Industry under the guidance of the Society. 100 members can be selected from the Association, and the Industry will be formed.
5th March 1954]

Sri M. Hanumantha Rao:—

Sri M. Hanumantha Rao:—

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:—

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:—

Mr. Speaker:— Government have taken a long time to send the answers.
Mr. Speaker:— The Question seems to be more than three month’s old.

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:— The question could have been exhaustively answered for all the time taken so for.

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabhirama Rao:— Exhaustive Information could have been exhaustively answered for all the time taken so far.

Sri D. Seetharamiah:— (No reply)

(Q. No. 240 answered as 268 on 10-3-54.)

NON - GAZETTED OFFICERS.

*S. VEMIAH:— Will the Hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state:
(a) the number of non-gazetted Government officers in the State; and
(b) the number of Harijans out of them?

The Hon. Sri T. Prakasam:— (a) and (b):— The collection of the information asked by the hon. Member will involve time and labour which will not be commensurate with the public interest served thereby.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— The answer is in the affirmative. Number of Non-Gazetted officers 242

The Hon. Sri T. Prakasam:— No.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:— Number of Harijans 242.

BUDAMERU RIVER.

* 242—Q—SRI M. R. APPARAO:—Will the Hon. the Deputy Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is a proposal to divert the river Budameru into the river Krishna; and
(b) if so, when the work will be taken up?

The Hon. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:—(a) The answer is in the affirmative.
(b) after the scheme is examined with reference to its revenue and financial aspects, the question of taking up the work will be considered.

(a) உம்.

(b) ஏன் கைப்பற்றுவது என்று கொண்டு நீர்ச்சல் செய்ய தொடர்ச்சி இருந்து கொண்டு எதுவினே என்றது.

Sri K. Rajagopala Rao:— Departmental கலையால் ஏன் என்று கொண்டு நீர்ச்சல் செய்ய தொடர்ச்சி Administrative sanction கலை என்று நீர்ச்சல் செய்ய. ஏன் கலையால் contributions கலை என்று நீர்ச்சல் செய்ய. ஏன் கலையால் contributions கலை என்று நீர்ச்சல் செய்ய.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:— ஏன் என்று கொண்டு நீர்ச்சல் செய்ய. ஏன் கலையால் contributions கலை என்று நீர்ச்சல் செய்ய.

FOODGRAINS.

* 243— SRI S. VEMAYYA:— Will the Hon. the Minister for Land Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the stocks of foodgrains at the disposal of the Government in the Composite State; and

(b) whether the Madras Government proposed to give any quantity to the Andhra Government; and

(c) if so, the quantity and quality?

THE HON. SRI K. KOTI REDDI:— (a) The following stocks of foodgrains were held at the disposal of the Government in the Composite state as on 30-9-1953.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Kind of grain</th>
<th>Maunds</th>
<th>Seers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rice</td>
<td>13,46,465</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paddy</td>
<td>5,00,221</td>
<td>8½</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5th March 1954]

Kind of grain | Quantity
--------------|--------
Wheat         | 3,21,072 Maunds 8\frac{1}{4} Seers.
Wheat flour   | 408 Maunds 19 Seers.
Milo          | 33,855 Maunds 8\frac{1}{4} Seers.
Jowar         | 39,427 Maunds 24\frac{1}{4} Seers.

(b) & (c): The following stocks of foodgrains held in the Andhra Districts on 1-10-1953 were taken over by this Government:

Kind of grain | Quantity
--------------|--------
Rice          | 4,27,972 Maunds 35\frac{1}{4} Seers.
Paddy         | 1,82,740 Maunds 34 Seers.
Wheat         | 1,53,821 Maunds -09 Seers.
Wheat flour   | 153 Maunds 38 Seers.
Milo          | 11,057 Maunds 51\frac{3}{4} Seers.
Jowar         | 18,921 Maunds 10\frac{1}{4} Seers.

Sri S. Vemayya:— Are these foodgrains kept in the Andhra Districts? Stocks on 4 October were taken over by the Government.

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— Are these stocks kept in the Andhra Districts? The details regarding these stocks are as follows:

Sri P. Pundarikakshacharyulu:— Quantity and quality of these foodgrains? The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— These are kept as per instructions. The stocks are taken over for the benefit of the people. The Hon. Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— Whether these foodgrains were taken over?
The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri A. Venkatramaraju:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri B. Sankarayya:—

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:—

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—
5th March 1954]

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— வருமான் வரவு
செய்யினாலே, என்றுக்கோடை என்றுக்கோடை Composite State வழியும்
immovables மும்பையில் இருந்து வருமான் வரவு வழியும் மூலமாக,
movables மும்பையில் செய்யும் வருமான் வரவு வழியும் மூலமாகப்
வைக்கப்படுகின்றன. அவற்றின் proportionate வடிவிலும் வேறுபாடு. எந்தக் கொண்டாட்ட விளக்கத்தில்
செய்யும் வருமானத்திற்கும், என்றுக்கோடை என்றுக்கோடை வேறுபாடு.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— அதைச் செய்து வரவு வழியும்
செய்யும் வருமானம் தொடர்பில் இதை என்றுக்கோடை என்றுக்கோடை வேறுபாடு
(லாலு)

Sri Pragada Kotaiah:— என்றுகோடை, என்றுகோடையே என்று
செய்யும் வருமானம் தொடர்பில் இதை என்றுகோடை என்றுகோடை வேறுபாடு
வைக்கப்படுகின்றன. இதன் தொடர்ச்சியாக செய்யும் வருமானம் தொடர்ச்சியா
ந்த வேறுபாடு எவ்வளவு?

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— வருமான் வரவு
செய்யினாலே, என்றுக்கோடை என்றுகோடை Composite State வழியும் வருமானம்
செய்யும் வேறுபாடு. என்று பயன்படுத்த வேறுபாடு 3 வருமானம் வழியும்
வைக்கும் வருமானம் தொடர்ச்சியாக Surplus வேறுபாடு. என்று தொடர்ச்சியா
10, 15 வருமானம் வழியும் வேறுபாடு தொடர்ச்சியாக Surplus வேறுபாடு. 3 வருமானம் வழியும்
செய்யும் வருமானம் தொடர்ச்சியாக வேறுபாடு தொடர்ச்சியாக வேறுபாடு,
செய்யும் வருமானம் தொடர்ச்சியாக வேறுபாடு.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:— வருமான் வரவு
செய்யும் வருமானம் தொடர்ச்சியாக 5 வருமானம் வழியும் Surplus வேறுபாடு வருமானம்
செய்யும் வேறுபாடு. 3 வருமானம் வழியும் வேறுபாடு வருமானம் தொடர்ச்சியாக
2 வருமானம் Surplus வேறுபாடு. என்று தொடர்ச்சியாக Surplus வேறு
0-8-0 வருமானம் வழியும் வேறுபாடு.

Sri R. Siddanna Gowd:— வருமான் வரவு வேறுபாடு,
HOSPITALS IN NELLORE DISTRICT.

* 244 Q. — Sri S. VEMAYYA:— Will the Hon. the Minister for Planning and Public Health be pleased to state the number of hospitals provincialised in Nellore District during 1951–52 and 1953?

The Hon. Sri D. SANJIVAYYA:— No hospitals were provincialised during 1951–52 in Nellore District. During 1953 only one hospital in Nellore District (i.e.) Local Fund Hospital, Allur, has been provincialised.

Sri S. Vemayya:— Provinicalise 

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Qualifications 

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—
5th March 1954

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— அதி முன்னிலையான Provincialise முறையில் பெருமளவுகள். என்று தெரியினாலும் என்ன விளக்கம்

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— ஏன் தன்னுடைய வருடம் இந்தியாவின் முன்னிலையான பெருமளவுகள் என்று தெரியும். என்று தெரியும்

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— அதி முன்னிலையான Provincialise முறையில் பெருமளவுகள். என்று தெரியும் விளக்கம் என்று Provincialise

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— ஆக உலக முன்னிலையான Provincialise மறைக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது. இது இன்றுயே இன்றுயே Provincialise

Sri B. Sankarayya:— அதி முன்னிலையான Provincialise மறைக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது. இது இன்றுயே Provincialise

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— ஆனால் விளக்கம் என்று

Sri M. Veerabhadram:— அதி முன்னிலை Provincialise

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— அம்முறையே. (இன்னொனை)

Sri V. Chidanandam:— அதி முன்னிலை Provincialise

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— அதி முன்னிலை Provincialise

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:— அம்முறையே. (இன்னொனை)
38 QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

[5th March 1954]

The Hon. Sri D. Sanjivayya:—

Q. No 245. MR. SPEAKER:— As the Hon. Minister incharge of this question is absent, it will not be answered. The answer will be printed in the proceedings.

SRI T. NAGI REDDI:— If the concerned Minister is not here, the question may be postponed.

Mr. SPEAKER:— I have no objection to it

ABOLITION OF REVENUE BOARD.

* 246 Q. — SRI G. YELLAMANDA REDDY:— Will the Hon. the Minister for Land Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) Whether the Government propose to abolish the "Revenue Board";
(b) if so, when; and
(c) if not, why?

THE HON. SRI K. KOTI REDDI:— Clauses (a), (b) and (c): The question of the re-organisation of the Board of Revenue is under examination.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—
5th March 1954]

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— అవి సితించినే అమితం అమరిస్తుంది. లాగే అరిస్తుంది— ఆమే నిన్నసందర్శనం అమరిస్తుంది. అలాంటి సిద్ధాంతం నిరుత్తుండాలి అమరిస్తుంది.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— తుదుదియే సిద్ధాంతం నిరుత్తుంది. ఈ సందర్శనం మన అమరిస్తుంది. అందువల్ల అమరిస్తుంది?

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— అది సిద్ధాంతం నిరుత్తుంది. అమే నిర్ణయానికి మంత్రివర్చులు పిండి ఫాల్స్ఫికేషన్ మంత్రివర్చులు నిరుత్తుండాలి. అది సమాధానం నిరుత్తుంది.

Sri P. Ranga Reddi:— అది సమాధానం నిరుత్తుంది. రాజ్యం సందర్శనం మంత్రివర్చులు తెలిసి ఫాల్స్ఫికేషన్ మంత్రివర్చులు నిరుత్తుండాలి.

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— అది సమాధానం నిరుత్తుంది. రాజ్యం సందర్శనం మంత్రివర్చులు తెలిసి ఫాల్స్ఫికేషన్ మంత్రివర్చులు నిరుత్తుండాలి. 

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— Composite state అది సమాధానం నిరుత్తుంది. ఈ సందర్శనం మన అమరిస్తుంది. 

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— Composite Government అది సమాధానం నిరుత్తుంది. 

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Revenue Board అది సమాధానం నిరుత్తుంది. 


Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Revenue Board అది సమాధానం నిరుత్తుంది.
The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— Will the Hon. Minister for Land Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Ministers who have visited the flood affected areas of East Godavari; and

(b) how many of them have visited the flood affected areas of Kakinada Taluk?

THE HON. SRI K. KOTI REDDI: (a) Clause (a):— 6 Ministers of the Composite Madras State including the Chief Minister before partition, on 1–10–53, and 5 Ministers of the Andhra State including the Chief Minister after partition on 1–10–53.
MESSAGES FROM THE GOVERNOR

5th March 1954

Clause (b):— In addition, the Vice-President of India and the Union Minister for Labour have also visited the area.

(b) 3 Ministers including the Chief Minister of this State.

Sri Saka Venkata Rao:— స్వభావం స్వభావం?

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— Composite State అంగేషన్ సామర్థ్యం ! సామర్థ్యం సామర్థ్యం ?

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— ఎంతో కాక వాతావరణం

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:—

(1) Sri S. B. P. ఆదర్శంతాంబరాయరు
(2) Chief Minister హైదరో సృజనాంతాంబరాయరు
(3) స్వధానంతాంబరాయరు
(4) జెఫర్
(5) ప్రభుత్వం ప్రభుత్వం
(6) విరాతం నిరూపణం

విచ్చెంత విచ్చెంత విచ్చెంత విచ్చెంత.

Sri Saka Venkata Rao:— స్వధానంతాంబరాయరు విచ్చెంత విచ్చెంత విచ్చెంత?

The Hon. Sri K. Koti Reddi:— Chief Minister ఆదర్శం S. B. P. ఆదర్శంతాంబరాయరు, స్వధానంతాంబరాయరు.

MESSAGES FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. Speaker:— The following message dated the 26th February, 1954, has been received from the Governor of the State of Andhra:—

“In pursuance of Article 207, clause (5), of the Constitution of India, I, C. M. Trivedi, Governor of
Mr. Speaker] [5th March 1954

Andhra hereby recommend to the Andhra Legislative Assembly the consideration of the Andhra (Prevention of Speculation in Immoveable Property) Bill, 1954”.

The following message dated the 26th February, 1954, has been received from the Governor of the State of Andhra.

“In pursuance of Article 207, clause (1), of the Constitution of India, I, C. M. Trivedi, Governor of Andhra, hereby recommend to the Andhra Legislative Assembly the consideration of the Madras General Sales Tax (Andhra Amendment) Bill, 1954”


Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu — ఎందుకు! ఈ


Mr. Speaker: — ఈనామ ఉమ్మడి తప్పాది. మేము మనం తప్పి తప్పాది. I am also prepared.
5th March 1954

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— 5 రాష్ట్రాన్ని.

Mr. Speaker:— If it is to help the Press, I am prepared to consider. But the reasons mentioned by the hon. Member, that the members want to go away and all that, are not valid reasons and they will not be considered.


The hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— సదుపాయం అధికారి సమయంలో కాదు. సమయంలో మంత్రి సమయంలో కాదు. సమయంలో మంత్రి సమయంలో కాదు. సమయంలో మంత్రి సమయంలో కాదు.

Sri A. Neeladrirao Reddi:— English speech

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:— Speech 10, 15 మంది సందర్భాన్ని సందర్భాన్ని సందర్భాన్ని సందర్భాన్ని.
Mr. Speaker:—As soon as the Budget speech is ready, I have no objection to take it up.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— As soon as it is ready we will speak of it. Speech Speech Print 5th March, 1954 Speech Speech Speech Speech.

Mr. Speaker:—As soon as we learn that the speech is ready we will adjourn for two or three minutes and then have the budget introduced.

ADJOURNMENT MOTION

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— To Adjournment motion.

Hon. Speaker:— I have already told him that it does not come under an adjournment motion.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— To Adjournment motion.

GOVERNMENT BILLS.

THE MADRAS HINDU RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS (ANDHRA AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—I beg to present the report of the Select Committee on the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Amendment) Bill, 1954, and move that the Bill, as amended by the Select Committee be taken into consideration.
THE MADRAS HINDU RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS (ANDHRA-AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

[5th March 1954]

Sri T. Viswanatham:


Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— Amendment.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Amendment.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Amendments.

The Hon. T. Viswanatham:— Amendments.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— Amendment.

The Hon. T. Viswanatham:— Amendments.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Amendment.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Amendment.

The Hon. T. Viswanatham:— Amendments.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Amendment.

Mr. Speaker:— We will proceed with the general discussion. The time limit will be 5 minutes for each member.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Amendments. Let it not be reduced to a formality. Select Committee shall be appointed.
Mr. Speaker:— It has to be formal. The Bill has gone through the Select Committee and has been discussed threadbare there. The hon. member also was a member of the select committee.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Quite relevant.

Mr. Speaker:— The discussion must be relevant to the Bill on hand.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Quite relevant. The provisions of the Bill are too general to be discussed here.

Mr. Speaker:— All this will come in the course of the budget discussion.
THE MADRAS HINDU RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS (ANDHRA AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswalu] [5th March 1954

THE MADRAS HINDU RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS (ANDHRA AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

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Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswalu] [5th March 1954

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—

Sri S. Vemayya:—

Mr. Speaker:— This can be considered when the relevant clause is taken up.
THE MADRAS HINDU RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS (ANDHRA AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

[5th March 1954]

Mr. Speaker:— This can be considered when the relevant clause is taken up. The Question is:

"That the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Amendment) Bill, 1954, as amended by the Select Committee, be taken into consideration"

The motion was carried.

Mr. Speaker:—

I will now take up the Bill clause by clause.

Clause 2.

Mr. Speaker:— The motion is:

That clause 2 do stand part of the Bill.

The clause is before the House. There are no amendments. I take it that the sense of the House is that the clause do stand part of the Bill.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— On a point of order యౌన్న, ముందు ఈ విషయం సంఘసాధనాలి సందర్భానికి ప్రత్యేకగా మనుషులు “Ayes” or “Noes” ఆయి సాధించిన కారణం.

Mr. Speaker:— When I say that I take it as the sense of the House it is as good as taking voice vote.

The question is:

That clause 2 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Clause 3.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

That clause 3 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Mr. Speaker: Clause 4 has been removed.

Clause 5

Mr. Speaker: The question is;

That clause 5 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.
Clause 6

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— Sir, the Select Committee has submitted a report wherein it is recommended that Schedule Caste Members should be included in the Legislature. In the present Bill, the number of Schedule Caste Members has been increased from 5 to 11. I propose to introduce a new clause which would include not less than two Members belonging to scheduled castes and a Member of the Andhra Legislature from among the Untouchables, if any representation is necessary.

Sri S. Vemayya:— Sir, I move:
Add the following after the words 'eleven persons', 'including not less than two persons belonging to scheduled castes'.

Sri G. Bapanayya:— The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—
5th March 1954]

Mr. Speaker:— Shall I take it that the amendment is not pressed.

Sri S. Vemiah:— I am pressing the amendment.

Mr. Speaker:— It must be seconded.

Sri G. Bapanayya:— I second it.

Sri V. Chidanandam:— అయిదురేళ్ళ, అయిదురేళ్ళ సంఖ్యలో రెండు స్థానాలు పెట్టాలా, నంది పొలాడి విషయం! నేమూడు ఉభాగులు నియంత్రించే నంది పొలాడి గారు అయిదురేళ్ళు.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— అయిదురేళ్ళ, అయిదురేళ్ళ సంఖ్యలో రెండు స్థానాలు పెట్టాలా, నంది పొలాడి విషయం! "not exceeding eleven persons of whom three shall be Members of the Andhra Legislature and one shall be a Harijan"

Sri V. Chidanandam:— I suggest that the Scheduled castes, tribes, and Harijans, all these should be considered in this matter.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— అయిదురేళ్ళ, అయిదురేళ్ళ సంఖ్యలో రెండు స్థానాలు పెట్టాలా, నంది పొలాడి విషయం! "and one shall belong to Harijans and Scheduled Castes" అంటే ఆంధ్ర సత్తు విలువ లేదు?

Sri M. Hanumantha Rao:— అయిదురేళ్ళ, అయిదురేళ్ళ సంఖ్యలో రెండు స్థానాలు పెట్టాలా, నంది పొలాడి విషయం! సాధనా ప్రధానం, రాష్ట్రపతి నామాంగా, హారీయనులు గారు అయిదురేళ్ళు. అయిదురేళ్ళ సంఖ్యలో రెండు స్థానాలు పెట్టాలా, నంది పొలాడి విషయం! అయిదురేళ్ళ సంఖ్యలో రెండు స్థానాలు పెట్టాలా, నంది పొలాడి విషయం! సాధనా ప్రధానం, హారీయనులు గారు అయిదురేళ్ళు. అయిదురేళ్ళ సంఖ్యలో రెండు స్థానాలు పెట్టాలా, నంది పొలాడి విషయం! సాధనా ప్రధానం, హారీయనులు గారు అయిదురేళ్ళు.
The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— “and one shall be a Member belonging to scheduled caste” add “and one shall be a member belonging to a scheduled caste”.

The motion was carried and the amendment made.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:— That clause 6, as amended, do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Clause 7

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishniah:—Sir, I want to move my amendment.

1. Renumber clause 7 as clause 7 (i) and insert the following:
(ii) after section 99 of the Principal Act, as amended by this Act, insert the following new section:

"99-A. Administration and governance of properties:

(1) The Government may appoint officers for imparting technical advice and directives from time to time to temples, maths and charitable institutions and endowments, in regard to the improvement of their properties and the enlargement of their revenues, including measures such as the intensification and the extension of cultivation to secure increase in food and other economic crops and products and frame rules and standing orders for the purpose with penal provision for wilful failure, negligence and disobedience of such orders and directly.

(2) The Government may institute steps (a) for bringing together all or any of the religious institutions and endowments in their efforts to achieve common religious or secular purposes; and (b) for bringing together the authorities of the institutions and endowments, and the officers of Government ensuring prompt attention to such religious or secular problems and for the execution of those national schemes of the Government in which the religious institutions or endowments are brought to take part.

(3) The Government may create suitable machinery to deal with the preservation, conservation, maintenance, management, improvement, inspection of the antiquities, architecture, curious, sculptures, inscriptions, archaeological materials, sites and other national materials belonging to the religious institutions and endowments on a scientific basis with the assistance of a duly quali-
fied expert having knowledge on traditional lines of the temple art and architecture and the principles of Archaeological Survey of India and may frame rules for the constitution and working of the said machinery as a co-ordinating and liaison authority between the State, the Central Government, the Archaeological Survey of India, the Museums, the Universities and other technical specialists or departments on one side and the authorities of the religious and charitable endowments on the other.

(4) The State Government may make rules (i) for fixing the pay, honorarium, fees, allowances, etc., payable to and for defining the functions of the experts and the staff of the said machinery; and (2) for yearly survey of the properties periodical inspection, maintenance of registers, accounts, guide books and other publications of the religious institutions and endowments by the machinery referred to in sub-section (3)."

Mr. Speaker:— How is this an amendment to the Bill before the House? It is an amendment to the original Act and the amendment of the Hon. Member should be brought in as an amending Bill.

It cannot be treated as an amendment to the Bill now before the House.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— The administration clause of the Bill is an amendment to move in the House.

Mr. Speaker:— He must bring in a separate Bill.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— Why?
5th March 1954]

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— All this is not relevant. The amendment is ruled out of order. The question is:

That clause 7 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Clause 8.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

That clause 8 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Clause 9.

Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi:— I move: That the following be added:

“The trustees so constituted under clause 9 (1) shall include the President and Vice-President or any other representatives of the Panchayat Boards in that area.”


The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— The Transitional Provision 8, 9, 10, Boards reconstitute. 

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— … relevant?

Mr. Speaker:—All this is not relevant. The amendment is ruled out of order. The question is:

That clause 7 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Clause 8.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:

That clause 8 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Clause 9.

Sri T. Lakshminarayana Reddi:— I move: That the following be added:

“The trustees so constituted under clause 9 (1) shall include the President and Vice-President or any other representatives of the Panchayat Boards in that area.”
Sri T. Viswanatham

[5th March 1954]

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—The amendment is quite out of order as it stands. Amendment to Section 6 would increase the number of trust boards to the detriment of the scheduled castes. A new term of office is to be given to the existing members. The amendment would not bring it in line with the new amendment. Term of office for the existing trustees is to be increased so as to make the amendment acceptable.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—The amendment is quite out of order and the transitional provisions passed in 1952 for the scheduled castes, university members etc. are not applicable.
Sri T. Viswanatham [5th March 1954]

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— The assurance of the assurance is to be made. The Select Committee has reconstituted the Select Committee and the reconstituted Select Committee has reconstituted the Select Committee. The reconstituted Select Committee has passed the assurance of the assurance.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

That clause 9 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Clause 1.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:
That clause 1 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Preamble.

Mr. Speaker: The question is:

That Preamble do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham: I move:

That the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Amendment) Bill, 1954, be passed into law.

Sri Vavilala Gopalkrishnaiah:—

...
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah [5th March 1954
clause 53. This amendment seeks to clarify a technical point in the current legislation. The current Act contains some provisions that are not clearly defined. The proposed amendment aims to restore the original intent of the Act.

Maladministration technical point has been identified as a major concern. The amendment seeks to address this issue by providing clearer guidelines for the management of endowments.

Endowment officers have been tasked with restoring the endowments to their original state. The amendment aims to ensure that these officers are equipped with the necessary tools to carry out their duties effectively.

Instances of maladministration have been reported in the past. The amendment seeks to prevent such instances from recurring. The proposed amendment includes measures to ensure that endowments are used for their intended purposes.

The amendment also seeks to ensure that endowments are used for the benefit of the community. The proposed amendment includes provisions to allow for the establishment of elementary schools and other public institutions.

Permission is required for certain activities. The amendment seeks to clarify the conditions under which permission can be granted. The proposed amendment includes provisions to ensure that permission is granted in a timely manner.

In summary, the amendment seeks to clarify technical points, address issues of maladministration, and ensure that endowments are used for their intended purposes. The proposed amendment includes measures to prevent instances of maladministration and to ensure that permission is granted in a timely manner.
54 THE MADRAS HINDU RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS (ARDHRA AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah [5th March 1954

...
THE MADRAS HINDU RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS (ANDHRA AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah] [5th March 1954

Clause 2 be amended by adding a new sub-clause 3 at the end thereof, viz:

"...pool inquiry...".

Sri B. Sankarayya:— The amendments...trustees and...maladministration.
56 THE MADRAS HINDU RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS (ANDHRA AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

Sri B. Sankarayya] [ 5th March 1954

Sri K. Krishna Rao :— अभधक्षः!

से हिंदुकृत अनेक धर्मशाला का भीषण माल-भ्रष्टाचार, एवं धर्मशाला, लोककृति और धर्मीय संसाधन नियमानुसार भ्रष्टाचार जाना सावधान करना जरूरी है। इसके लिए सरकार धर्मशाला, लोककृति और धर्मीय संसाधन नियमानुसार भ्रष्टाचार जाना सावधान करना जरूरी है।

* Sri K. Krishna Rao :— अभधक्षः!
THE MADRAS HINDU RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS (ANDHRA AMENDMENT) BILL, 1954.

Sri K. Krishna Rao ] [ 5th March 1954

Sri S. Vemayya:— అందరి! అధికారుల కప్పు సంపాదన చర్యలు చేసేది సంపాదన సమితుల గుడ్డ సంచాయానిక సమితుల రూపాలు చేసేది సమితుల మంత్రిసేవనాలు. సమితులు తెలియజేసే సమితుల సంచాయానిక సమితుల రూపాలు చేసేది సమితుల సఫలానిక సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswunatham:—మనుష్యమనం సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల సమితుల.
Mr. Speaker: The question is:

That the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Amendment) Bill, 1954, be passed into law.

The motion was carried and the Bill passed into law.

The Assembly then adjourned for lunch.
5th March 1954 ]

After Lunch – 2 P.M.

2. THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

THE HON. SRI N. SANJEEVA REDDI:– Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg to introduce the Andhra (Prevention of Speculation in Immovable Property) Bill, 1954, and move that the Bill be taken into consideration.

*M* Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:– Sir, I move that the Bill be referred to a select committee.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah] [5th March 1954

60 THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION ON SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

select committee 3. select committee in the prevention of speculation in immoveable property, the select committee on the Prevention of Speculation in Immoveable Property Act, 1954, has been set up. The committee has been constituted with the following members:

- Sri V. G. Gopalakrishnaiah
- Sri V. R. Reddy
- Sri A. V. R. Reddy
- Sri C. R. Reddy
- Sri M. V. Reddy

The committee has been granted powers to hold public hearings and to consult with any person or authority it deems necessary. The committee has been mandated to submit its report within three months from the date of its constitution.

The provisions of the Bill are designed to prevent speculation in immoveable property, which has been identified as a cause of inflation and instability in the housing market. The Bill seeks to achieve this by imposing restrictions on the sale and purchase of immoveable property at prices higher than the fair market value, as determined by the select committee.

The Bill also provides for a penalty of up to Rs. 20,000 for any person who violates the provisions of the Act. The Act will come into force upon the completion of a period of 30 days from the date of its publication in the Official Gazette.

The Bill has been passed by the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly and has been signed by the Governor of Andhra Pradesh.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah] [5th March 1954

The Government therefore consider it necessary to prevent by law speculative transactions in property which have already arisen or are bound to arise in the near future, either as a result of the location of the capital, the seat of the High Court, or any other office, or on account of the execution of any development scheme or project.

"The Government therefore consider it necessary to prevent by law speculative transactions in property which have already arisen or are bound to arise in the near future, either as a result of the location of the capital, the seat of the High Court, or any other office, or on account of the execution of any development scheme or project."

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— I second it.
62 THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu [5th March 1954

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

The specific provisions of the Bill should be widely powers. General aspects of the Bill entail wide powers to the State Government.

Mr. Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—

The Bill is a revolutionary change in the procedure of the State. It is a complete change in the State’s system of land tenure.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—
Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi] [5th March 1954

speculative prices

General principle: Province wide
Mr. SPEAKER: The motions before the House are:

“That the Andhra (Prevention of Speculation in Immovable Property) Bill, 1954 be taken into consideration. That this Bill be referred to a select committee.”

Hon. Members may speak on these two motions.

* Sri M. Hanumantha Rao:—

The Bill aims to prevent speculation in immovable property. It is a measure to curb the excessive demand for property, which leads to an increase in its price. The public is apprehensive about the future price of property, which is leading to speculation. The Bill is a step in the right direction to assure stability in the property market and to protect the common man from the burden of speculative buying.
THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

Sri M. Hanumantha Rao [ 5th March 1954

Statement of objects and reasons

Sri K. Krishna Rao:— Deputy Chief Minister

Sri K. Krishna Rao:— Deputy Chief Minister
THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

Sri K. Krishna Rao

[5th March 1954]

rights and provisions on property rights affect the property. Accordingly, the select committee refer the property classes rights to the select committee and pass the bill.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—

Speculation affects the market value of the property. Speculation is not desired in the property market. The prices of properties should be controlled. The select committee should refer the property classes rights to the select committee and pass the bill.

The Andhra Pradesh Legislative Council. 5th March 1954.
THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi [5th March 1954]

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No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against the Government or any officer or servant of the Government for any act done or purporting or intended to be done under this Act.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishniah:—Sir, I do not press my motion to refer the bill to the select committee.

The amendment was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeve Reddy:—The Government therefore consider it necessary to prevent by law speculative transactions in property which have already arisen or are bound.
Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi ] [5th March 1954

to arise in the near future, either as a result of the location of the capital, the seat of the High Court, or any other office, or on account of the execution of any development scheme or project"

That may be conveniently deleted. I have absolutely no objection.

Mr. Speaker:—The statement of objects and reasons does not form part of the bill.

Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—Yes, it is only for clarification of the provisions of the bill it is there.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—Doubts cleared very well.
THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu [5th March 1954

Sri C. Subbarayudu:—The amendment of Sri Yavilala Gopalakrishnayya to delete sub-clauses (b), (c) and (d).

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—I am not moving.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—I move the following:

Add the following at the end of clause 2 (b):

“In Guntur and Kurnool districts.”

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—I second it.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy:—The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy:—
Mr. Speaker:—Any amendments?

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— Amendments move this stage. Clause 2. (b) about Kurnool-Guntur gets the amendment. University gets the amendment. Amendment must be made. Amendment must be made. Amendment must be made.

Clause 3 was put and carried.

Clause 3.

Mr. Speaker:—The motion is:

'Clause 3 do stand part of the Bill.'
5th March 1954]

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:—Mr. Speaker, Sir,
I beg to move:

3. (i) For the words "declare such area to be a 'notified area' to which the provisions of this Act shall apply on and from such date as may be specified therein." substitute the words "declare the area within a radius of 10 miles from the Towns of Kurnool and Guntur, to which the provisions of this Act shall apply from 1st October, 1954 to Kurnool and 2nd February, 1954 to Guntur."

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy:— dates propose to press notify pass mention press.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— press am not pressing my amendment. The amendment was by leave of the house withdrawn.

Mr. Speaker:— What about the second amendment of the hon. Member to sub-clause (1)

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya:— I am not moving it.

Mr. Speaker:— What about his amendment to clause 3 (2), namely, 'Delete clause 3 (2).'

Sri Vavilala Gopala krishnayya:— I am not moving it.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— Sir, I beg to move:
‘Delete the words "or to any other cause" in the third line of clause 3 (1).’
Sri T. Nagi Reddi] [5th March 1956

If the Government are satisfied that owing to any action taken or proposed to be taken by them, or to any other cause, considerable transfers of immoveable property which are of a speculative character...." If the Government are satisfied that owing to any action taken or proposes to be taken by them or by the Government or to any other cause, "or to any other cause," the notified area declare as a notified area and notify the area. Such a declaration or notification shall be made by the Government. Which is the factor that determines this. Complete power of action over the area declared is doubtless.
Sri T. Nagireddi [5th March 1954]

The Hon. T. Viswanatham:

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— I second the amendment.

The Hon. T. Viswanatham:—

Stocks and shares are subject to control over 25% of the stocks wherever there is speculation. If speculative transfer is involved, the maximum limit should be 100 shares, and in any case not more than 125 shares. For speculation, the limit is 100 shares, and in any case not more than 50 shares. The maximum limit should be transferable and not more than 125 shares. Stocks and shares are subject to control over 25% of the stocks wherever there is speculation. If speculative transfer is involved, the maximum limit should be 100 shares, and in any case not more than 125 shares. Stocks and shares are subject to control over 25% of the stocks wherever there is speculation. If speculative transfer is involved, the maximum limit should be 100 shares, and in any case not more than 125 shares.
Sri T. Viswanatham] [5th March 1954

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

...
THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

5th March 1954

Sri T. Nagi Reddy:— I beg to withdraw my amendment.

The amendment was by leave of the House withdrawn.

Clause 3 was put and carried.
Clause 4 was put and carried.
Clause 5 was put and carried.

Clause 6.

Mr. Speaker: The motion is:

"that clause 6 do stand part of the Bill."

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya: For the words "twenty-five per cent" substitute the words 'fifteen per cent'.

(Sri Pillamarri Venkateswarulu and Sri K. Krishna Rao seconded it.)

The Hon Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy:—

The standard prices are increased by 100%. As standard prices are increased by 25%, the price of goods is increased by 25%. Similarly, the price of goods is increased by 15%. The rate of increase is 10%, 20% and 25% in different towns. But the increase is without any extra feature. The increase is 10%, 20% and 25% in different towns. The increase in business, prevention of speculation and control of speculation is prevented.
Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi  

[5th March 1954]

Mr. Speaker:— As the Hon. Member pressing M3 amendment?

* Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:—I beg to withdraw my amendment. The amendment was by leave of the House withdrawn.

For the existing Clause 6 add the following at the end:—
The authority to sell the land within these areas shall rest with the Government and the difference between the prices prevailing before the specified date and the actual cost of sale should go to the Government by allowing the permissible increase to the land owner.

“The site and houses should be sold at the permissible cost to the homeless poor people for an extent of not more than 300 sq. yards and the other land to others by public auction.”
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah [5th March 1954]

THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

...
[5th March 1954]

The Hon Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—


5th March 1954

The Hon Sri K. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

The notified areas are notified areas. The maximum limit is 25%. The increase in the notified areas is not notified. The standard price is the maximum limit. The notified date is 3%. The purpose of the notified area is for residential purposes. The specified areas are notified. The immovable properties are notified. The Government's object is to control the notified area. The notified areas are notified areas. The residents of the notified area are notified. The High Court has declared the notified areas. The notified areas are declared. The High Court has declared the notified areas. The residents of the notified area are notified. The High Court has declared the notified areas. The residents of the notified area are notified.
Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi ] [ 5th March 1954

The hon. member's suggestion does not serve the purpose. I request him to withdraw his amendment.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnayya: I don't press my amendment.

The amendment was by leave of the House withdrawn.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:
That clause 6 do stand part of the Bill.
The motion was carried.

Clause 7

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:
That clause 7 do stand part of the Bill.
The motion was carried.

Clause 8

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:
That clause 8 do stand part of the Bill.
The motion was carried.

Clause 9

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:
That clause 9 do stand part of the Bill.
The motion was carried.
Mr. Speaker:— The question is:—
That clause 10 do stand part of the Bill.
The motion was carried.

Clause 11

* Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— Before proceeding with the clause, I want the Government to say what is the implication underlying this clause.

“No court shall take cognizance of an offence under this Act, accept on a complaint made by the District Collector” and private individuals are not given an opportunity to file a complaint. District Collector harassed private individuals on their complaint. I would like the Hon. Minister to explain the idea underlying this clause.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

Private individuals have no opportunity to file a complaint. District Collector harassed private individuals on a complaint. Officers also harass private individuals. On a complaint made by the District Collector, private individuals are not given an opportunity to file a complaint. Officers also harass private individuals. The Hon. Minister should explain the idea underlying this clause.
Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi [5th March 1954

private individuals may make complaint to the Collector to hear lands for application and complaint. After the Collector action shall

Speaker about building allotment and private individuals complaint. Also against the harassment of private

Mr. so and so is purchasing and selling lands. If private individuals make complaint to the Collector, the Collector complaint shall have the Collector act upon it. Also, private individuals may harass the Collector "except on a complaint made by the District Collector"

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:

clause that rules. 'No court shall take cognizance of an offence' clause, the rules. private individuals may protection to the Collector to appeal. If after 20 days, the Collector has not made the protection to the Collector. Also, restriction to prima faice cases the Collector should not. Collector can hear the application and raise objections. But

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah] [5th March 1954

Collector is scrutinizing rules, clause in area cases Collector mislead. It will create greater harm than good explain why?

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—

Collector rules party complaint. Naturally it will be brought to the notice of the Government and then only it will be rectified.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

That clause 11 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Clause 12

Sri S. Vemaiah:— I move:

That the words “in good faith” be inserted after the words “purporting or intended to be done”
Sri S. Vemaiah [5th March 1954]

Statement! I am of the opinion that the amendment to clause 12 is in good faith to any extent. Clause 12 as it stands today, as per the amendment, would cover all situations. The amendment to clause 12 is done in good faith for the sake of the public.

Sri Yavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:—I second it.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—In my opinion, clause 12 should be passed as per the amendment. Government servants should be included in clause 12. The amendment to clause 12 is in good faith for the sake of the public.
Sri T. Nagi Reddi ] [ 5th March 1954

There is huge scope for all kinds of mischief. It takes as if wide powers are given to a few individuals in the district. It looks as if wide powers are given to Government servants for Government purposes for Government servants. I therefore move my amendment "Delete clause 12 of the Bill."

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu :—I second the amendment as: The section 12 of the Bill gives authority to Government servants as if they were Government purposes for Government servants. I therefore move the appeal to court of the Bill.
88 THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu] [5th March 1954

The Hon. Sri. N. Sanjeeva Reddi:— రెండవ సమావేశంలో అధికారిక పరిశీలకు ఉపస్థితంగా వచ్చిన ప్రశ్నలు, ప్రాధాన్యత అందుబాసిన యోక్కంది. యౌతికవేత్త ప్రశ్నకం, స్తంభాదారు జాతిలో ఉంచిన పవిత్ర పురుషులు, ప్రభావాదారు పశ్చాత మాత్రమే పిలువారు. ప్రశ్నీక్రియలు కొలుపున ప్రముఖ అవసరాలను నిర్మాణం చేసి, స్వతంత్ర సామాన్య అధిక యోకేదారుల సంభాగానికి ప్రాధాన్యత ప్రక్రియలు ప్రవేశించారు. 

The Hon. Sri. N. Sanjeeva Reddi:— స్తంభాదారు ప్రశ్నకం, స్తంభాదారు జాతిలో ఉంచిన పవిత్ర పురుషులు, ప్రభావాదారు పశ్చాత మాత్రమే పిలువారు. ప్రశ్నీక్రియలు కొలుపున ప్రముఖ అవసరాలను నిర్మాణం చేసి, స్వతంత్ర సామాన్య అధిక యోకేదారుల సంభాగానికి ప్రాధాన్యత ప్రక్రియలు ప్రవేశించారు.
THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi [5th March 1954]

Let us pass it.

Sri T. Nagireddi:—A clause should be inserted some where which would help the other side also.

The Hon Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—A clause for the amendment  to accept, in good faith. Some clause should be inserted somewhere which will help the other side also.
88 THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

[5th March 1954]

* Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— The Hon Sri T. Viswanatham:—

Mr. Speaker:— The hon. member has already spoken once.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—

Mr. Speaker:— There is no question of personal explanation. The hon. Member has already spoken once.
5th March 1954

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— In good faith the complaint shall be considered by a Committee appointed for the purpose. The amendment was by leave of the House, withdrawn.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:— I accept the amendment moved by Sri S. Vemaiah.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— I withdraw my amendment. The amendment was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is.

That the words "in good faith" be inserted after the words "purporting or intended to be done"

The motion was carried.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is.

That clause 12, as amended, do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Clause 13.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— I move:

Add the following at the end of sub-clause(1);

"The rules shall be laid on the table of the House".

The amendment was duly seconded.

Sri M. Rajeswara Rao:— clause 13 sub-clauses f, g, h are amendments అవిచారం

"(1) The power to make rules conferred by this Section shall except on the first occasion of the exercise
there of be subject to the condition of the rules being
made after previous publication for a period of not less
than 15 days;

(2) All rules made under this section shall be
published in the Andhra Gazette and shall, unless some
later date is appointed, come in to force of the date of
such publication;

(3) All rules made under this section shall be
laid for not less than fourteen days before the Legisla-
tive Assembly of the State, as soon as possible after
they are made, and shall be subject to such modifica-
tions whether by way of repeal or amendment, as that
Assembly may make during the session in which they
are laid.”

The amendment of Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu,
by leave of the House, was withdrawn.
THE ANDHRA (PREVENTION OF SPECULATION IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) BILL, 1954.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi [5th March 1954]

The question is:

That the following be added at the end of the clause

“(f) All rules made under this section shall be laid for not less than fourteen days before the Legislative Assembly of the State, as soon as possible after they are made, and shall be subject to such modification whether by way of repeal or amendment, as that Assembly may make during the session in which they are laid."

The motion was carried.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

That clause 13, as amended, do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Clause 1

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

That clause 1 do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

Preamble.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

That the preamble do stand part of the Bill.

The motion was carried.

The Hon. Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi:—I move:

That the Andhra (Prevention of Speculation in Immovable Property) Bill, 1954, be passed into law.

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

“That the Andhra (Prevention of Speculation in Immovable Property) Bill, 1954, be passed into law”.

The motion was carried and the Bill was passed into law.

The Hon Sri T. Viswanatham:

Sri T. Viswanatham [5th March 1954]

I propose amendments to the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Second Amendment) Bill, 1954. The amendments are to be considered by a select committee. The amendments are ultra vires and are not valid. Therefore, I move that under Rule 23(3) of the Assembly Rules, item (5) of the Agenda, i.e., the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Second Amendment) Bill, 1954, be taken up after item (2).

Therefore, I move:

"That under Rule 22 (3) of the Assembly Rules, item (5) of the Agenda, i.e. the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Second Amendment) Bill, 1954, be taken up after item (2)."

Mr. Speaker:— The question is:

"That under Rule 22 (3) of the Assembly Rules, item (5) of the Agenda, i.e. the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Second Amendment) Bill, 1954, be taken up after item (2)."

The motion was carried.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— I introduce the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Second Amendment) Bill, 1954, and move that the Bill be taken into consideration at once.
Sri T. Viswanatham  

5th March 1954

The motion is:

That the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Second Amendment) Bill, 1954, be taken into consideration at once.

Mr. Speaker:— The motion is:

That this bill be referred to a Select Committee.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— The amendment is:

That the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Second Amendment) Bill, 1954, be taken into consideration at once.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah ] [ 5th March 1954

"In respect of services rendered etc, etc. separate fund & account & etc? & etc? & etc?

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanadham:—simple thing. High Court decision.
 Amendment compiled. Separate fund shall be reimbursed. The pass shall be made contribution. Administration shall be run. Separate fund shall be reimbursed. The pass shall be made contribution. The Administration shall be run. The separate fund shall be reimbursed. Administration shall be run. Separate fund shall be reimbursed. The pass shall be made contribution. Administration shall be run. Separate fund shall be reimbursed. The pass shall be made contribution. Administration shall be run. Separate fund shall be reimbursed. The pass shall be made contribution. Administration shall be run. Separate fund shall be reimbursed.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
That the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Second Amendment) Bill, 1954, be taken into consideration at once.

The motion was carried.

Clause 2.
Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
That clause 2 do stand part of the Bill.
The motion was carried.

Clause 1.
The Speaker:—The question is:
That clause 1 do stand part of the Bill.
The motion was carried.
5th March 1954]

Preamble.
Mr. Speaker:—The question is.
That the preamble do stand part of the Bill.
The motion was carried.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—I move:
"That the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Second Amendment) Bill, 1954, be passed into law.

Mr. Speaker:—The question is:
"That the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Second Amendment) Bill, 1954, be passed into law,"
The motion was carried and the Bill was passed into law.

Discussion re-further business of the house.

Mr. Speaker:—Now there are other bills.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:—The select committee can only meet during the month of April. So where is the hurry now. We want time to study the budget.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—ఎండిఫోటెస్.

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. Pattabirama Rao:—ఎండిఫోటెస్ move ఇచ్చాం.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—There are some off-days during the budget session:

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:—interval days ఎండిఫోటెస్ పండిమి రాణి points prepare ఇచ్చాం పండిమి రాణి తమ్ముడు. 
5th March 1954]

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— Let the Bill be moved and referred to Select Committee, if the Minister concerned agrees.

Sri P. Venkateswarlu:— I move that the Bill be referred to Select Committee, if the Minister concerned agrees.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— That is a very important Bill.

Sri T. Nagi Reddi:— Co-operators non-co-operate.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— April 5th, 1954 Select Committee. Budget discussion to be held. Select Committee to meet in April Ist. Select Committee to meet in April 5th. Budget discussion to be held. Budget discussion to be held. Select Committee to meet in April Ist.

* Sri M. Hanumantha Rao:— April 5th Budget discussion to be held. Budget discussion to be held.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:— April 5th select committee to meet in April Ist. Select Committee to meet in April 5th. April 5th Assembly to be held. April 5th Assembly to be held. Financial Aspect to be discussed.

Sri Pillalamarri Venkateswarlu:— General discussion to be held. Select Committee to meet in April 5th. Next April 5th Budget discussion to be held.
The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—Agenda చాలా ఉపయోగానికి అది మరియు అది అయితే వచ్చింది.

Sai T. Nagi Reddi:— ఈ మార్చి రెట్టి ప్రింటు లేదు.

An Hon. Member:—చాలా ఉపయోగానికి అది మరియు అది అయితే వచ్చింది.

The House was asked to sit to dispose of urgent business and we sat. We can postpone other business till after the Budget.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham.

అయితే వచ్చింది. అయితే వచ్చింది. అయితే వచ్చింది. అయితే వచ్చింది.

POINT OF ORDER RE-BUDGET PRESENTATION.

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaih:—

Sir, on a point of order, ప్రత్యేకానే ప్రత్యేకానే
Budget ప్రదానం ప్రదానం, అయితే ప్రత్యేకానే ప్రత్యేకానే
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The House was asked to sit to dispose of urgent business and we sat. We can postpone other business till after the Budget.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham.

అయితే వచ్చింది. అయితే వచ్చింది. అయితే వచ్చింది. అయితే వచ్చింది.
5th March 1954

Mr. Speaker:— Has the hon. Member any authority for his stand? Unless this is a new session the provisions of prerogative cannot be invoked. अंतराल राज्यांचे, authorities हे होते हा कारण?

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— session आहे, 176 section नाही, गवर्नरल संघ राज्य यांची अनूठी अनेक अनूठी आहे.

Mr. Speaker:— Article 176 आहे?

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— Article 176 (1) reads thus:

"At the commencement of the first session after each general election to the Legislative Assembly and at the commencement of the first session of each year the Governor shall address the Legislative Assembly or, in the case of a State having a Legislative Council, both Houses assembled together and inform the Legislature of the causes of its summons."

Then we have the sub-clause (2):

"Provision shall be made by the rules regulating the procedure of the House or either House for the allotment of time and discussion of the matters referred to in such address."

बजेट नवीन session नवीन session Budget नवीन session Budget नवीन session नवीन session नवीन session नवीन session Budget नवीन session. बजेट नवीन session नवीन session Budget नवीन session. Budget नवीन session नवीन session नवीन session Budget नवीन session नवीन session.
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah ] [ 5th March 1954

The Speaker shall, in consultation with the Loader of the House, fix a day for commencing the discussion of the matters referred to in the Governor's address. The discussion shall last till such time as the Speaker may consider necessary and shall have precedence over other business of the House except business of a formal or ceremonial nature.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham :— point of order. The first session of the year January to December.

An Hon. Member:—April to April year commenced. An Hon. Member:—April to April year commenced.

Sri K. Rajagopala Rao:—Rule 126 says:

'The annual financial statement or the estimated receipts and expenditure of the
Sri K. Rajagopala Rao] [5th March 1954

State in respect of every financial year herein after referred to as “the Budget” shall be presented to the Assembly on such day as the Governor may appoint.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanadham:— The Hon. Sri T. Viswanadham:

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:

Sri K. Rajagopala Rao [5th March 1954

State in respect of every financial year herein after referred to as “the Budget” shall be presented to the Assembly on such day as the Governor may appoint.

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanadham:— The Hon. Sri T. Viswanadham:

Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:— Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah:
Sri Vavilala Gopalakrishnaiah] [5th March 1954

Mr. Speaker:

என் சரக்குடை நாைசதியர்களிடம் House தை prorogue

தின்பகுதியாய் ஒட்டமிட்டு 1958 தொடுகளில் செந்தூர்வான். 1959 ஏற்கி Budget

சிறப்புக்காக new session தை fresh நாைசதியர்களிடம் தொடா. Old session என் continuous sitting எனது

செந்தூர் Constitution என against என்று, முக்து என்றும்

பல்கர் out of order என்றும் காண்பிட்டேன்.

Mr. Speaker:

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5th March 1954

BUDGET FOR 1954-55

The Hon. Sri T. Viswanatham:—

Mr. Speaker, Sir,

INTRODUCTORY:

I rise to present the Budget for 1954-55, the second budget of the Andhra State. The Budget for 1953-54 (six months), had to be prepared on insufficient information. Subsequently, however, the Revised Estimates for the half-year were received from Heads of Departments and other officers. I shall review these estimates briefly.

2. The figures of the Budget and Revised Estimates for 1953-54 (six months) in the Revenue Account are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Budget Estimate, 1953-54 (Rupees in lakhs.)</th>
<th>Revised Estimate, 1953-54 (Rupees in lakhs.)</th>
<th>Variation (Rupees in lakhs.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>11,82-59</td>
<td>11,95-34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditure on Revenue Account</td>
<td>12,34-17</td>
<td>12,91-82</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Betterment (+)
- Worsening (-)
REVENUE ACCOUNT:

3. Increased revenue is anticipated mainly under the heads “Taxes on Income” (Rs. 6'97 lakhs), “Co-operation” (Rs. 7'64 lakhs) and “Extraordinary receipts” (Rs. 7'27 lakhs), partly offset by a decrease under “Agriculture” (Rs. 13'63 lakhs). Under “Taxes on Income”, the Revised Estimate is based on the States’ share of the proceeds of the tax as intimated by the Government of India in the first week of January 1954. The increases under “Co-operation” and “Extraordinary receipts” represent mainly further grants allotted from the Handloom Cess Fund and additional grants from the Government of India for Grow More Food Schemes. Under “Agriculture” the revised estimates furnished by the Director of Agriculture based on the reports of district officers show a decrease, as compared with the budget, mainly under receipts from the sale of paddy, green manure and other seeds and recovery of hire charges for tractors lent to ryots. There is a corresponding decrease on the expenditure side.

As regards “Expenditure on Revenue Account” there are increases in the revised estimates mainly under the heads “Interest on Debt” (Rs. 14'36 lakhs), “Education” (Rs. 13'34 lakhs); “Co-operation” (Rs. 4'31 lakhs), “Miscellaneous Departments” (Rs. 5'20 lakhs), “Civil Works” (Rs. 10'14 lakhs) and “Miscellaneous” (Rs. 5'56 lakhs), partly offset by decreases under “Agriculture” (Rs. 19'91 lakhs) and “Community Development Projects” (Rs. 6'07 lakhs). Provision has been made under “Interest on Debt” for interest on this Government’s share of the loans taken by the Composite State from the Government of India and from the open market, allocated on the population basis Provisionally. Under “Education”, larger expenditure is anticipated on the purchase of laboratory equipment and other materials for Government colleges and on the payment of scholarships and stipends and grants. Increased provision has been made under
5th March 1954]

"Co-operation" for expenditure on measures for the relief of handloom weavers for which the Government of India have allotted further grants from the Handloom Cess Fund. Under "Miscellaneous Departments" the increase is mainly in the provision for scholarships and stipends and boarding grants to Harijan pupils. Increased provision has been made under "Civil Works" for expenditure on repairs to buildings, roads and bridges and under "Miscellaneous" for contributions to local bodies in aid of their general balances. Smaller expenditure is anticipated under "Agriculture" mainly in the provision for the purchase of paddy and other seeds and agricultural machinery and equipment and for the maintenance of tractors. The revised estimates for Community Development Projects furnished by the department concerned show a decrease under the head of "Health and Rural Sanitation", "Education" and "Communications".

The increase of the Revenue deficit for 1953-54 (six months) from Rs. 51,58 lakhs to Rs. 96,43 lakhs is the net result of the variations under receipts and expenditure as detailed above.

Capital expenditure.

4. The provision in the Revised Estimate for Capital expenditure is Rs. 428.57 lakhs, against the Budget of Rs. 533.08 lakhs. The decrease of Rs. 104.51 lakhs in the Revised Estimate is due mainly to credits for the sale of rice to the Travancore-Cochin State. Under Irrigation, increased provision has been made in the Revised Estimate for Tungabhadra and Upper Pennar Projects and Tank Improvement Schemes, while the provision of Rs. 75 lakhs in the Budget for the work "Improvements to the Godavari Flood Bank" has been reduced to a nominal sum of Rs. 2.50 lakhs in the Revised Estimate to cover expenditure already incurred, as the Government have decided to drop the scheme. A provision of Rs. 20 lakhs has also been made in the Revised Estimate for a new work, namely, "Construction of a Regulator cum bridge across the Krishna":
Under 'Electricity', a sum of Rs. 40 lakhs has been provided for sanctioned schemes for extension of supply of electricity (which were in progress in 1952-53) but were held in abeyance owing to the voluntary contribution scheme introduced in November 1952. The Government have since decided to give up the voluntary contribution scheme.

Loans and Advances.

5. Against a provision of Rs. 178.17 lakhs in the Budget, the Revised Estimate includes a provision of Rs. 191.28 lakhs for loans and advances. The increase in the Revised Estimate is due mainly to the inclusion of a provision of Rs. 20 lakhs for a loan to the State Handloom Weavers' Co-operative Society, to enable it to purchase the stocks with primary societies and to arrange to sell them.

Ways and Means:

6. The total requirement for the current year work out to Rs. 645.27 lakhs as detailed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rupees in Lakhs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue deficit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital expenditure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans and Advances (net)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt and Deposit heads (net)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

645.27

Against these requirements as details above, the resources available are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rupees in Lakhs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>This Government's share of the open market loan floated by the Composite State in 1953.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans from the Handloom Cess Fund.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5th March 1954]

Loans from the Government of India 35.26
for minor irrigation works.

Loans from the Government of India 364.60
for other Capital expenditure less
repayment of loan to Government
of India.

664.86

The closing balance for the current year will thus
be a small sum of Rs. 19.59 lakhs.

7. Before taking up the Budget for 1954-55, I shall
mention the steps taken by the Government in regard
to certain important matters since I presented the last
Budget.

Food policy,

8. Introducing the Budget for 1953-54 (six months)
indicated the food policy which the Government had
formulated. The position has since been reviewed. It
has now been decided to adopt certain measures to
accelerate the procurement of foodgrains. A scheme of
compulsory levy procurement has been introduced in
the delta areas of the surplus districts. Under this
scheme, a levy of two bags (four maunds) will be made
on all pattadars with holdings of 10 acres or more. The
Government have also decided to require every licensed
dealer, including the procuring agents, whose total
purchases on their private account in a month exceed
1,600 maunds of paddy or 1,200 maunds of rice, to sell
to the Government 40 per cent of such purchases at
prices to be fixed by the Commissioner of Civil Supplies.
Procuring agents will be allowed to export on their
private account at the rate of one ton for every three
tons procured and delivered for export on Government
account. Steps have also been taken to prevent smuggling
of rice outside the State.

Land reforms:

9. The Government are examining the reports on
the existing land-tenure systems in the Andhra State.
They are also appointing an expert to make an independent study and to suggest measures for reform, having regard to the social needs and requirements. He will also examine the Inam problem and recommend a permanent solution for it. It is expected that the Government would be able to place before the House their proposals for Legislation at the next session.

Assignment of Waste Lands:

10. The House has had more than one opportunity to discuss the policy in this respect. The Government, as already announced before the House, have appointed a Cabinet Committee who have gathered a good number of particulars. Figures for the land at the disposal of the Government are given in 'Appendix A' as far as they are available. Very soon the machinery necessary to enter upon the work of distribution among the deserving landless poor will be created. The Government are making the necessary changes in the existing rules to facilitate assignment. It is hoped to complete the assignment before the close of the year.

Prohibition:

11. In my Budget Speech in December last I announced that the Government had decided to appoint a Committee to examine the working of Prohibition and the question of its retention. The Committee has since completed its work and submitted its report which is now under the consideration of the Government.

General Amnesty to Prisoners:

In January last, the Government to mark the birth of the new State, granted general amnesty to all prisoners convicted by Courts in the area of the Andhra State and undergoing terms of imprisonment. 6,012 prisoners convicted for offences under the State Acts and 68 prisoners convicted under Central Acts were released as a result of the amnesty.
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Sri Venkateswara University:

13. The Government have, in pursuance of their decision to start a university, named Sri Venkateswara University, appointed an Expert Committee to formulate a scheme; the Committee has made a report. The Government discussed it with the members of the Committee and the Vice-Chancellor of the Andhra University. A Special Officer is going to be appointed to implement the decisions arrived by the Government which are that the University should be a residential, teaching, research and affiliating University. Honours courses should be immediately started in the three science subjects at Tirupathi, and Arts Honours might be suitably opened in other Colleges affiliated to the University.

Universities Development:

Universities are an essential requirement for our growth and culture and their place in the social economy cannot be under-estimated. The Government have, therefore, decided to raise special funds for both the Universities amounting to Rs. 50 lakhs (Rs. 20 lakhs for Andhra University and Rs. 30 lakhs for Sri Venkateswara University) in order to speed up the development of the Andhra University and build up the Sri Venkateswara University.

School of Indian Medicine:

14. The Government have, in pursuance of the people's urge to give an impetus to the Indian systems and Homoeopathy and to place them on a well-organized footing in the interest of the people, particularly the middle classes and lower income groups and the average villager, decided to start a School of Indian Medicine, and appropriate committees have been constituted to work out the necessary schemes.

Co-operation:

15. In pursuance of the recommendations of the
Planning Commission relating to Agricultural finance the Government of India placed at the disposal of this Government a sum of Rs. 20 lakhs for the remaining period of this year and 1954–55 for giving Medium and Long-term loans. Out of this sum, the Reserve Bank of India has been authorized to purchase debentures to the value of Rs. 12 lakhs, out of those floated by the Andhra Co-operative Central Land Mortgage Bank in November 1953.

Scheduled Tribes Finance and Marketing Co-operation:

16. The Government have also been actively considering the question of how best co-operation can be brought to serve the hill-tribes in the Agency for their uplift. The question of opening nine Co-operative marketing societies in the Agency area for the economic betterment of these tribes is under active consideration. With a view to give permanency to the economic foundations of these unfortunate tribesmen, the Government have also formulated a scheme to start a "Scheduled Tribes Finance and Marketing Corporation" and to register it under the Indian Companies Act as a Limited Company. To start with, its capital will be Rs. 2 lakhs divided into 20,000 shares of Rs. 10 each. The Commissioner for Scheduled areas and tribes has promised to grant this sum for the purpose after approval of the scheme. The Government will purchase all the shares; as the capital is raised according to the needs, tribesmen will also be encouraged to become shareholders. The Corporation will among other things (a) provide credit facilities to Scheduled Tribes; (b) procure and supply domestic requirements and other necessaries of life to the members of the scheduled tribes; and (c) arrange for the marketing of agricultural and other produce, including minor forest produce of the members of the scheduled tribes. This scheme is under the scrutiny of the departments of the Government.
Handloom Industry.

17. The handloom weaver today is faced with unemployment due to various reasons, such as want of yarn and finance and competition from mill cloth, and the resources of the weaver and the financing master-weaver have been locked up to a great extent in the shape of accumulated handloom cloth. The Government are taking all possible steps to alleviate these conditions. To relieve the distress among weavers caused by unemployment, a relief scheme has been started through the agency of weavers co-operative societies, which gives them a subsistence wage and continuous employment.

The Government of India levied a cess on mill cloth and are making the proceeds available for the development of handloom industry. Schemes are drawn up by the state Government and are implemented after their approval by the All-India Handloom Board. Schemes for 1953-54 are in operation and schemes for 1954-55 are under consideration. A sum of Rs. 47,70,718 was fixed as the ceiling share of this State:

This Government have constituted a state Handloom Committee for Andhra with officials and non-officials representing various interests of the handloom industry, to advise them generally on all matters relating to the protection and development of the industry in the State.

A loan of Rs. 20 lakhs has been sanctioned to the Andhra Handloom Weavers' Co-operative Society, Vijayawada, to enable it to purchase the stock of handloom cloth accumulated with its primary co-operative Societies and to arrange for their disposal.

As a short term measure of relief, the Government have directed that, in all centres where there are con-
centrations of weavers among whom distress is observed, gruel centres should be opened, or continued, or revived (where discontinued) till the end of February 1954.

Fund for the amelioration of Harijans:
18. The Government have decided to constitute a fund for the amelioration of Harijans. Provision has been made in the Budget for 1954-55 for the contribution of a sum of Rs. 10 lakhs to the fund from the Revenue Account. Apart from the contribution to the fund, a sum of Rs. 43.30 lakhs has also been provided in the Budget for expenditure on the usual scale on various measures for the uplift of Harijans such as acquisition of house-sites for Harijans, construction and repair of wells and provision of other amenities in Harijan colonies, grant of scholarships and stipends and boarding grants to Harijan pupils, maintenance of hostels for them, and grants-in-aid to institutions working for the amelioration of Harijans.

Community Projects and National Extension Service:
19. The Rural Welfare Scheme is now being worked in this State in 53 selected firkas. The Community Projects Administration allotted 22 blocks for Andhra. The firkas selected for the Rural Welfare Scheme are to be taken up as blocks for development under the National Extension Service Scheme, so that the Rural Welfare Scheme may be merged with the National Extension Service Scheme to secure a unified command and direction of activities. The estimated ceiling expenditure on each block is Rs. 7½ lakhs for the scheme period of three years. The Central Government will bear 75 per cent of the non-recurring expenditure and 50 per cent of the recurring expenditure.

Seasonal Conditions and Prices:
20. As I said in my speech introducing the current half-year’s budget, the seasonal conditions this
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year were much better than during the last five or six years. Both the North-East and South-West Monsoons have given us timely and abundant rain and the crops were good everywhere. There will be no need to make any large provision for remission of revenue or for expenditure on measures for the relief of distress among agriculturists. The trend of prices is indicated in the note in Appendix B.

Budget 1954-55;

21. I shall now take up the figures of the Budget for 1954-55.

RUPEES IN

LAKHS,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>21,02.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditure on Revenue Account</td>
<td>24,01.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deficit</td>
<td>299.18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The estimates of revenue under “Union Excise Duties” and “Taxes on Income” are based on the figures intimated by the Government of India early in January. The land revenue estimate has been prepared on the assumption that normal seasonal conditions will prevail next year. Credit has been taken under “Co-operation” for a grant of Rs. 26 lakhs from the Handloom Cess Fund. The estimate under the head “Extraordinary Receipts” includes grants from the Government of India for Grow More Food Schemes (Rs. 50.81 lakhs) for Community Development Projects (Rs. 20.21 lakhs), for the amelioration of criminal tribes (Rs. 2.00 lakhs) and for anti-filarial schemes which are to be undertaken as part of the National Filaria control measures organized under the supervision and guidance of the Director, Malarial Institute of the Government of India (Rs. 6.30 lakhs).

A sum of Rs. 30 lakhs has been provided tentatively for contribution to a Sinking Fund for repay-
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ment of debt, pending allocation of the debt of the Composite State among the three States of Madras, Andhra and Mysore. As already stated in paragraph 18, provision has been made for the transfer of a sum of Rs. 10 lakhs from revenue for the constitution of a Fund for the betterment of Harijans. Provision has also been made for expenditure on certain new items for which grants have been promised by the Government of India, namely, anti-filarial measures (Rs. 7.9 lakhs) and amelioration of criminal tribes (Rs. 2.00 lakhs). Under "Education", an additional provision of Rs. 1 lakh has been made for increase in the recurring grant payable to the Andhra University as indicated in the last budget speech. The provision under "Jails" has been reduced on account of the release of over 6,000 prisoners.

New Schemes

22. Provision has been made in the next year's budget for about one hundred and twenty new schemes. The total sum provided for them is Rs. 72.53 lakhs. A list of these is given in Appendix I to the Budget Memorandum. Most of the important schemes come under the Five-Year Plan.

Revenue deficit:

23. The Revenue deficit is nearly Rs. 3 crores. It is necessary to devise measures to cover the deficit. Proposals are under consideration to enhance water-rates, to increase the assessment on certain commercial crops and to levy a betterment contribution in respect of lands the capital value of which has greatly increased by the provision of irrigation facilities. A Bill has also been introduced in the Legislature to amend the General Sales tax so as to bring within the definition of dealer persons carrying on the business of buying or selling goods whether for commission,
remuneration or otherwise. Legislation for the other measures will be brought before the House in due-course. An additional revenue of about Rs. 1 crore per annum is anticipated from these measures. This will cover a part of the Revenue deficit.

Normally speaking, a Government should not collect more revenues than what is used for its expenditure. Conversely speaking, a Government should not spend more on Revenue Account than what it can collect by way of taxes, fees and rates. To do otherwise will create an unbalance; and if a Government has to borrow for its revenue expenditure, it would land itself in an ever-increasing debt with a corresponding growing burden of interest. However, neither the Government of India nor this Government are able to stick to this doctrine. The attainment of Independence in this country has released a passion in the mind of the country to incur expenditure on developmental works whatever the cost may be. The formation of the Andhra State has added to this urge, and it will be impossible to keep the expenditure to the limits of the Revenues. The Planning Commission has been offering to the States some assistance to take up schemes of development. The assistance consists partly in grant and partly in loan. The schemes are such that the State has got to incur annually an increased recurring Revenue expenditure on staff, establishment and works. The result of this is that not merely our public debt is growing and the interest obligation is increasing, but also our recurring expenditure on Revenue Account has considerably increased. All the schemes approved by the Planning Commission and which have been taken up by the State Government with Central assistance are included in the plan. The increased recurring expenditure debitable to Revenue Account and attributable to these schemes
which are under the heads of expenditure, General Administration, Grow More Food, Education, Medical, Public Health, Agriculture, Veterinary, Industries, Uplift of Harijans and Backward Classes. Civil works which include communications, grants to Local Bodies for water-works and drainage schemes, and Community Development Projects is Rs. 339 lakhs; whereas in the Revised Estimates for the second half of the current year it is Rs. 193 lakhs. This does not include the amount of interest payable upon the loan portion of the Central Assistance.

Capital Expenditure:

24. The provision made for Capital expenditure in the next year's budget is Rs. 1,018.85 lakhs. For "Irrigation", a provision of Rs. 336.26 lakhs has been made, for "Electricity" Rs. 524.08 lakhs, for "Buildings" Rs. 108.58 lakhs and for compensation for zamindari abolition, Rs. 20 lakhs. The more important of the irrigation schemes which are provided for are the Tungabhadra Project (Rs. 150 lakhs), Regulator cum bridge across the Krishna (Rs. 80 lakhs), Upper Pennar Project (Rs. 30 lakhs), the Rallapad Project (Rs. 20 lakhs) and the Romperu drain (Rs. 20 lakhs). These are all included in the Five-Year Plan, except the regulator cum bridge across the Krishna. The main Electricity Projects for which provision has been made are the Machkund Hydro-Electric Project (Rs. 301.21 lakhs) and the Tungabhara Hydro-Thermal Scheme (Rs. 195.71 lakhs). A sum of Rs. 1 crore has been provided for sanction of schemes for extension of supply of power which were held in abeyance since November 1952 owing to the Voluntary Contribution Scheme. Under "Buildings", provision has been made for Hospital and College buildings (Rs. 53.19 lakhs), for the construction of quarters for Police staff (Rs. 11.20 lakhs) and for the construction of quarters for staff and office the other buildings at Kurnool (Rs. 37 lakhs).
Loans and Advances:

25. A sum of Rs. 203.50 lakhs has been provided in the Budget for loans and advances. The main items are advances to cultivators (Rs. 93.06 lakhs), temporary accommodation to the Central Land Mortgage Bank (Rs. 35 lakhs), loans to Handloom Weavers’ Co-operative Societies (Rs. 20 lakhs), loans to Co-operative House-building Societies (Rs. 30 lakhs) and advances to local bodies to cover deficits (Rs. 5 lakhs). Against these disbursements, recoveries in respect of loans given in previous years are expected to be Rs. 105.18 lakhs, leaving the net disbursements at Rs. 98.32 lakhs.

Ways and Means:

26. A total sum of Rs. 1,455.88 lakhs has to be found for capital expenditure, loans and advances (net disbursements), debt and deposit heads (net) and Revenue deficit as indicated below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rupees in lakhs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Capital expenditure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans and Advances (net disbursements)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt and Deposit heads (net)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue deficit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Against this, the Government propose to raise loans from the Central Government (Rs. 7 crores) and in the open market (Rs. 3 crores) to the extent of Rs. 10 crores. A loan of Rs. 20 lakhs is expected from the Handloom Cess Fund. Deducting from the total loan of Rs. 10.20 crores, repayment of loans to the Government of India (Rs. 40.40 lakhs), and adding the opening balance of Rs. 19.59 lakhs, the resources available will come to Rs. 999.19 lakhs, against the requirements of Rs. 1,455.88 lakhs, which would mean an overdraft of Rs. 456.69
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lakhs at the end of the year. The Revenue deficit will be covered at least in part by additional taxation and other measures. There are likely to be some lapses in the provision for Capital expenditure. We may actually be able to close our accounts for the year without any appreciable overdraft.

Five-Year Plan.

27. Introducing the budget for the second half of 1953-54, I said that according to the tentative break-up of the Five-Year Plan of the Composite State, the cost of the schemes relating to Andhra State would come to about Rs. 51 crores, of which a sum of about Rs. 27 crores was intended for Irrigation and Electricity Projects and the balance for schemes relating to Agriculture, Rural Development, Social Services such as Education and Health, and Industry and Transport. The question of revision of the Five-Year Plan with special reference to the needs and resources of this State has been under consideration in consultation with the various Heads of Departments. The particulars required have been received in respect of almost all major heads of development. Discussions with the representatives of the Planning Commission have taken place. The revised plan for this State for the next two years, 1954-55 and 1955-56, will be finalized shortly.

28. The outlay on the schemes already included in the Plan is likely to be of the order of Rs. 60 crores taking into account this State's share of the common works of the Tungabhadra Hydro-Electric Project and the revised estimate of the Machkund Project, besides some minor modifications and additions. Increased provision has been made in respect of schemes already included in the Plan under the following Heads of Development: Irrigation, Electricity, Public Health, Housing and Amelioration of Backward Classes.
New schemes under the following heads also have been proposed for inclusion in the Five-Year Plan: Forest, Co-operation, Highways and other road work, Education and Public Health.

29. I shall now mention briefly the progress made in regard to some of the important schemes in the Five-Year Plan.

Education and Health.

30. Under Education, Medical and Public Health, we have taken a further step in the implementation of the plan. A total provision of about Rs. 20 lakhs has been made for new schemes in the Budget for 1954-55. I am happy to say that the Government College for Women at Guntur is being further developed and new courses of study are being opened in the Government Arts College at Cuddapah and the College at Anantapur. Additional staff and equipment are being provided for a number of hospitals and medical institutions including the hospital at Visakhapatnam. It is proposed to open the Third-Year M. B. B. S. classes in the Guntur Medical College in July 1954. Provision has also been made for the opening of medical institutions and for the introduction of a scheme of protected water-supply in the Agency tracts.

31. The Government of India, Ministry of Education, have allotted a sum of Rs. 20 crores apart from the Five-Year Plan for certain schemes relating to Education in all States. This Government have so far forwarded to the Government of India three schemes, the total cost of which is about Rs. 4 lakhs. A half-grant is expected from the Government of India for these schemes in respect of recurring expenditure and two-thirds in respect of non-recurring expenditure, subject to the condition that the expenditure on the schemes should be in addition to the normal expenditure. The
schemes forwarded by this Government are "Setting up a Department of Museum Exhibition, etc. for Audio-visual education in the Office of the Director of Public Instruction", "Starting of a State Central Library" and "Purchase of equipment for Audio-visual Education."

Electricity.

32. All the electricity schemes in this State come under the Five-Year Plan. The power supply in the State extending over 63,000 square miles comprises 3 steam stations, 14 diesel stations and 3 bulk hydro-electric supply purchases. The total installed capacity of the steam and diesel stations together with the power purchased (viz., 5,820 KWs.) from Mysore and Madras States, is 39,100 K. W. A total ultimate demand of 46,600 K. W. in 1955 rising to 1,01,000 K.W. in 1967 is anticipated. The Machkund Hydro-Electric Scheme which is a joint venture of Andhra and Orissa Governments, is expected to go into operation by the middle of 1955 and bring in hydro-electric power to the extent of 24,000 K.W. for this State. The Tungabhadra Hydro-Electric Scheme is likely to be commissioned early in 1957 bringing in hydro-electric power to the extent of 27,000 K.W. for the benefit of the Andhra State. Hence, on the completion of the schemes in the Five-Year Plan, the ultimate demand of 1,01,000 K.W. can be met to a great extent. About two hundred villages and 1,189 pumpsets were supplied with electricity at the end of 1951-52. In the matter of distribution of power, the policy of the Government is to give the highest priority to rural extensions intended to meet agricultural demands. On account of the introduction of the voluntary loan contribution scheme in 1952-53, Electricity development was retarded. This scheme has since been withdrawn, and it is hoped that sufficient load will be built up in advance to utilize the increased power that would be made available from the Machkund and Tungabhadra Hydro-Electric Schemes.
Irrigation.

33. Irrigation and power projects enjoy the highest priority in the State sector of the Five-Year Plan. The cost of irrigation projects alone is of the order of Rs.10.66 crores.

The schemes already included in the Five-Year Plan are: Romeru Drainage Scheme, Rallapad Project, Upper Pennar Project, Bhairavanitippa Project and Tungabhadra Project. The first two schemes are expected to be completed in 1954. The Upper Pennar Project may be completed in 1955. The Tungabhadra Low Level Canal Project is an Inter-State Project. The construction of the dam is almost completed, and the manufacture of gates for sluices and shutters for the overflow section has been taken up and the work is in progress. The Bhairavanitippa Project could not be proceeded with in the absence of an agreement with the Mysore Government in respect of the submergible area which lies in their territory. The Planning Commission has been requested to intervene to bring about an early settlement. Provision for all the above projects has been included in the budget.

As members of the House are already aware, the Government have taken up with the Planning Commission the question of including some more irrigation projects in the Five-Year Plan of the State, viz., a project on the Krishna river, Tungabhadra High Level Canal, Vamsadhara Project and the construction of a Regulator Cum Bridge on the Krishna river. In view of its extreme urgency, the Government have sanctioned the last-mentioned scheme in anticipation of the approval of the Planning Commission. The foundation for this work was laid by our distinguished Chief Minister on the 13th February 1954. A provision of Rs. 80 lakhs for works and Rs. 150 lakhs for establishment has been made in the budget for the scheme.
With reference to the Programme of Central Assistance for permanent improvements to areas liable to scarcity and famine which provides for an assistance of Rs. 5 crores for the Andhra State, this Government have after careful consideration, recommended the inclusion in the above programme, the scheme for improvements to the K.C. Canal and some other medium and small irrigation schemes. Improvements to the K.C. Canal and about 15 other schemes, the total cost of which is about Rs. 5.78 crores, have been accepted; assistance to the extent of Rs. 220 lakhs during 1954-55 has been promised by the Centre in regard to these schemes.

National Highways.

34. Now that Kurnool has been selected as the temporary capital of the Andhra State, the Government of India have been addressed to retain the existing alignment of National Highway No. 7 (Benaras-Cape Comorin Road) via Kurnool. This road has two major crossings, one across the Tungabhadra at Kurnool, and the other across the Pennar at Pamidi. The construction of bridges at these two places will establish uninterrupted communications between Kurnool and the other State capitals around, namely, Hyderabad and Bangalore. The bridges are estimated to cost Rs. 40 lakhs and proposals in this respect have been included in the Five-Year Plan of National Highways. The whole work of black-topping the road from Anantapur to Kurnool (estimated to cost about Rs. 26 lakhs) has been included in the list of additional works on National Highways in this State for Rs. 156 lakhs sent to the Government of India recently for their approval. The portion of the road from Kurnool to Gooty has been taken up for black-topping in anticipation of sanction of the Government of India.

The question of taking up the work of construction of a bridge across the Godavari river, which had been
under the consideration of the Central and Provincial Governments for a long time has assumed greater importance with the formation of the Andhra State. The matter has been taken up with the Government of India again. The question regarding the State's share of expenditure for a bridge with full water-way is under consideration.

State Highways.

35. According to the tentative break up of the National Five-Year Plan of the Composite State into the Madras, Andhra and Mysore Plans, the provision under "Highways" for the plan period, 1951-52 to 1955-56, for this State is Rs. 2.48 crores. An amount of Rs. 1.51 crores has been spent in the first half of the plan period (i.e., up to the 30th September 1953), leaving a balance of Rs. 97 lakhs for expenditure in the second half of the plan period. This is considered inadequate even to meet the cost of the works already sanctioned.

It is not, therefore, possible to take up new works unless the provision in the plan is raised. We are taking up the matter with the Planning Commission.

Under their expanded National Five-Year Plan, the Government of India have proposed to utilize certain additional funds during the current Five-Year Plan period on the construction and development of roads of certain categories not provided already in the States' Plan. This Government have sent an additional road programme to the Government of India for approval and financial aid.

The development of rural roads also needs special attention and is all the more necessary, since this nascent State has created great enthusiasm and expectations. It is necessary to fulfil these expectations to
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the extent possible by taking up more works in the rural areas.

All the State Highways and a good number of major district roads are under the control of the Government. In accordance with the policy of the Government, the remaining major district roads will be taken over gradually.

As regards road works in Agency areas, these are usually being taken up under grants given by the Government of India under Article 275 (1) of the Constitution. A grant of Rs. 2.5 lakhs has been sanctioned for the year 1953-54. A similar grant is expected for the year 1954-55.

Social Welfare Board.

36. The Government of India have set up a Social Welfare Board and allotted a provision of Rs. 4 crores for it in the Five-Year Plan. Assistance is to be given from this allotment to Social Welfare Organizations to maintain and develop the existing programme of social welfare. The grant to be given by the Social Welfare Board will be 50 per cent of cost. The remaining 50 per cent should be met by the organization concerned or a local body or the State Government. This Government have so far recommended five applications to the Social Welfare Board for assistance.

Local Development Works;

37. The Government of India made a lump-sum provision of Rs. 15 crores in the First Five-Year Plan for “Local Development Works” in order to ensure that the plan creates interest in as wide a section of the community as possible and also to draw forth local initiative and resources. Out of this provision of Rs. 15 crores, the Government of India decided to distribute a sum of Rs. 3 crores for expenditure during the current year. A sum Rs. 2.5 crores was allocated to various States
on a population basis for expenditure on "Local Development Works" and the share of the Andhra State from the grant is Rs. 14,75,200. The principles observed in regard to the selection and execution of the schemes under the Programme are: (i) the contribution from the general public in cash or kind or through voluntary labour, together with any contribution that local body may make, should be a minimum of 50 per cent of the total cost of the work; (ii) the contribution that may be accepted from local bodies should not in any event exceed 25 per cent of the cost of each work; (iii) the cost of a single work should not exceed Rs. 20,000, the maximum limit of grant from the Central Government for each work being fixed at Rs. 10,000. These principles were finalized only in September 1953. In pursuance of the above decisions, Collectors of districts submitted schemes for the approval of the Government. So far 169 schemes expecting a grant of Rs. 9,42,930 were sanctioned in all the districts. The Collectors of Srikakulam, East Godavari, Guntur and Anantapur submitted proposals for the approval of 22 schemes expecting a grant of Rs. 1,78,150, and they are under consideration. There is still a balance of Rs. 3,54,120 for which Collectors will submit schemes.

On the recommendation of the National Development Council, Collectors of districts were asked to give wide publicity to the provision of Rs. 50 lakhs available with the Planning Commission for giving financial assistance to private organizations. Collectors of districts have also been asked to submit as many proposals as possible for seeking assistance from the Government of India from the allotment of Rs. 50 lakhs.

38. A statement showing the provision made in the Budget Estimate for 1954-55 for schemes included in the Five-Year Plan will be found in Appendix C.
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39. It will be seen from the above review, particularly the portion relating to Five-Year Plan, that there is much of development work yet to be undertaken. In my last budget speech, I gave an indication of the magnitude of the work remaining to be done. As only two months have elapsed since then, the position in this respect has not changed much except that schemes for increasing our resources have since been taken up and programmes of development have been sent to the Government of India for their acceptance. It is hoped that our efforts will reach fruition during the course of the year. I would therefore appeal once again to the Members and the public to co-operate with the Government in the great task which lies before them and make this great experiment of a linguistic State a great success.

40. Members are also aware of the momentous decision taken by the House with regard to the abolition of the District Boards. District Boards were started at a time when the ideas of Local Self-Government did not penetrate to the level of the villages, and as an experimental measure to associate non-officials in this branch of public life the Boards were started. But with the advent of independence and of adult franchise and with the experience which the people have gained at the level of District Boards, the urge for democracy has created the desire, the villages which have now come of age demand that theirs should be the Swaraj and it is the duty of those who are now in power and office to allow them to grow as real self-governing units, the State and the Centre having only such functions as are necessary in the common interests which the village units themselves cannot in the nature of things undertake.

Government are making arrangements to wind up the administration of the District Boards and amend
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the Law relating to Panchayats so as to confer real powers on them. Reorganization of the country on the basis of these Village Panchayats will soon change the face from the gloom that hitherto has overtaken them into one of smiling prosperity.

41. I cannot close this brief review without bringing to the notice of the House the good work done by the Finance Secretary, Deputy Secretary and other members of the Department in the preparation of the Budget.

42. With these observations, Sir, I commend to the acceptance of the House, the Budget Estimate for 1954-55. And last but not least, I offer my thanks to the Members of the House and to you, Sir, Mr. Speaker, for the patience with which you have followed my speech.

Thank you, Sir. (Applause)

## APPENDIX A.

(See paragraph 10.)

District. | Extent of Government land under the occupation of Government cultivators. | Extent of land which would have been occupied by assignees to such cultivators, if such cultivators had occupied their own. | Extent of land occupied by such alienated cultivators. | To what extent the land under the occupation of such alienated cultivators could be made available to landless labourers. | Extent of blocks of land which have been occupied by any person. | To what extent the land under the occupation of such alienated cultivators and such assignees could be made available to landless labourers. | To what extent the land under the occupation of such alienated cultivators and such assignees could be made available to landless labourers for assignment. | Total of (b), (d) and (f). |
---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
3. East Godavari | 39,050-02 | 37,984-10 | 13,320-00 | 7,096-89 | 22,218-32 | 21,378-11 | 258,330-80 | 606,562-79 |
4. West Godavari | 28,600-20 | 13,309-02 | 2,775-00 | 2,080-91 | 18,392-00 | 14,055-01 | 30,300-26 | 606,562-79 |
5. Krishna | 19,361-00 | 13,309-02 | 1,067-00 | 1,074-00 | 18,392-00 | 17,988-30 | 37,650-50 | 606,562-79 |
7. Nellore | 31,503-70 | 14,772-83 | 13,460-10 | 89,113-96 | 125,158-75 | 20,867-40 | 225,380-20 | 606,562-79 |
8. Anantapur | 23,186-19 | 14,772-83 | 13,460-10 | 89,113-96 | 125,158-75 | 20,867-40 | 225,380-20 | 606,562-79 |
9. Kurnool | 107,059-04 | 86,280-00 | 41,100-00 | 314,590-00 | 198,590-00 | 277,950-00 | 243,325-00 | 606,562-79 |
10. Anantapur | 231,404-00 | 105,641-00 | 41,306-50 | 183,335-00 | 198,590-00 | 277,950-00 | 243,325-00 | 606,562-79 |
11. Chittoor | 44,162-30 | 30,507-00 | 10,930-00 | 88,431-00 | 198,590-00 | 277,950-00 | 243,325-00 | 606,562-79 |

**607,508** 77 | **466,862** 79 | **466,862** 79 | **241,471** 86 | **1,195,137** 32 | **665,518** 38 | **1,343,563** 03

**APPENDIX.**

(i) Extent of Government land under the occupation of Sivoli-jamadars and which can be assigned to landless poor without any objection.

(ii) Extent of Government land under the occupation of encroachers and which can be made available to landless poor persons.

(iii) Extent of Government land in blocks which can be made available for assignment to landless persons.

Total extent available for assignment: 606,862-79
5th March 1954]

APPENDIX B.

(See paragraph 20)

REPORT ON PRICES OF FOODGRAINS AND OTHER COMMODITIES RELATING TO ANDHRA STATE DURING THE PERIOD APRIL TO DECEMBER 1953.

The general index number of wholesale prices of foodgrains for the Andhra State advanced from 410 points in the last week of December 1952 (with prices on 21st August 1939 as base or 100) to 425 points in the week ended 19th December 1953 (latest week for which figures are available). Taking some of the important foodgrains, the index number of prices remained the same in the case of second sort paddy at Kakinada and Guntur and cumbu and ragi at Visakhapatnam. The index numbers for second sort rice at Vijayavada cholam at Adoni recorded an increase and the index number for cholam at Nandyal, a decrease.

2. During the period April to December 1953, the index number of wholesale prices (issue prices to Fair Price Shops) remained almost steady in the case of second sort paddy at Kakinada and Guntur, second sort rice at Vijayavada, cholam at Nandyal and cumbu and ragi at Visakhapatnam. The index number of the wholesale price of cholam at Adoni increased from 583 in April and May 1953 to 600 in June 1953 and to 617 in July 1953. The index remained steady in August, September and October 1953, but declined to 616 in November 1953 and to 614 in December 1953.

3. The general index number of wholesale prices of commercial products in Andhra State advanced from 455 points in the last week of December 1952 to 513 points in the week ended 19th December 1953. The index numbers for chillies at Guntur, cane-jaggery at Visakhapatnam, and cotton lint at Nandyal increased
while the index numbers for machine-shelled groundnut at Nandyal and flue-cured Virginia tobacco at Guntur decreased.

4. During the period April to November 1953, the prices of chillies at Guntur recorded an almost steady increase, the index rising from 354 in April 1953 to 759 in November 1953. In December 1953, however, the index recorded 674. In the case of cane jaggery at Visakhapatnam, the index advanced steadily from 245 in April 1953 to 300 in July 1953. After remaining steady for some time, it declined to 278 in November 1953, and to 221 in December 1953.

The index for machine-shelled groundnut at Nandyal increased from 787 in April 1953 to 954 in July 1953. Thereafter it recorded a steep fall reaching a minimum of 544 in November 1953. In December 1953, it recovered to 572. The index for cotton lint at Nandyal increased from 549 in April 1953 to 564 in May 1953 and remained steady at the level till August 1953. In the subsequent months the index declined and reached 502 points in November and December 1953. The index for flue-cured tobacco at Guntur which remained steady at 607 during April to June 1953 declined sharply to 436 in July 1953 and to 379 in August 1953. It remained steady at that level till the end of the period under review.
APPENDIX C.

(See paragraph 38.)

STATEMENT SHOWING THE PROVISION MADE IN THE BUDGET ESTIMATE, 1954-55, FOR THE SCHEMES INCLUDED IN THE FIVE-YEAR PLAN.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Budget Estimate for 1954-55</th>
<th>RS.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Agriculture</td>
<td>78,69,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Veterinary and Animal</td>
<td>7,91,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Husbandry</td>
<td>3,65,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Dairy and Milk supply</td>
<td>1,61,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Forestry</td>
<td>3,27,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Co-operation</td>
<td>95,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Fisheries</td>
<td>14,51,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Rural Welfare Scheme</td>
<td>1,18,25,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Irrigation</td>
<td>5,24,07,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Power Projects</td>
<td>3,18,25,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Cottage Industries</td>
<td>1,41,35,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Other Industries</td>
<td>1,10,32,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Highways</td>
<td>3,18,25,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Education</td>
<td>56,92,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Medical</td>
<td>14,51,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Public Health</td>
<td>48,52,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Housing</td>
<td>32,40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Amelioration of Backward Classes</td>
<td>56,20,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>13,00,80,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Community Development Projects ... 3,50,500

2. Local Development Works financed by the Government of India ... 14,75,200

Grand Total ... 13,00,80,100
Mr. Speaker:— I take it we now adjourn and meet on the 9th instant for the discussion on the Budget. Regarding the other legislative matters, what is the decision that the members have arrived at?

Sri T. NAGI REDDI:— We meet only on the 9th instant and not earlier. That is the general opinion of the House.

The Hon. Sri S. B. P. PATTABHIRAMA RAO:— No doubt from the 9th to 11th we discuss budget proposals. We can have the legislative programme taken up on the 12th and 13th.

Sri T. NAGI REDDI:— I think the question of taking up taxation proposals in the interval (11th and 14th) is a taxing problem. Already budget affair itself is a taxing problem; so, we may not have sufficient time to go through the taxation proposals very carefully.

The Hon. Sri P. SAPJEEVA REDDI:— I think we can discuss this question again when we meet on the 9th instant.

Mr. SPEAKER:— All right, we now adjourn and meet again at 11 A. M. on the 9th March 1954.

The House then adjourned.
APPENDIX.

[Vide answer to (starred; question No. 238 by Sri K. Krishna Rao, M.L.A. at the meeting of the Assembly held on 5-3-1954]

Will the Hon. the Minister for Public Health be pleased to state:—

(a) the number of persons affected by the cholera epidemic in August, September and October, 1953 in Nellore and Kovur taluks of Nellore District and the number of casualties;—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the month</th>
<th>Attacks</th>
<th>Deaths</th>
<th>Total No. of cases isolated and treated in Nellore Hospital</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>August 1953</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 1953</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 1953</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Nellore Taluk: (Rural area)

(b) of those affected, the number given treatment by the staff of the Public Health and Medical Depts. of the Government in cases in clause (a)

| August 1953       | 206     | 70     | 136                                                      |
| 1953              | 85      | 19     | 66                                                       |
| 1953              | 27      | 11     | 6                                                        |

(c) the steps taken to provide prevention of the outbreak of cholera in Nellore and Kovur taluks and the steps taken to provide quick and effective treatment after outbreak, as a result of the experiences

(c) Almost all the cases removed to the cholera hospital at Nellore had preliminary treatment given by the cholera Inspectors concerned by the Administration of prodiorrhoea mixture sulphaguamidine pills etc. The remaining cases in the village could not be removed to the Isolation hospital at Nellore excluding those
APPENDIX

[5th March 1954]

of the recent epidemic in the two taluks in (a) by the Public Health and Medical staff of the Government?

who died prior to the arrival of the Health staff were isolated in their houses and given treatment by the Health staff.

As a preventive measure, during these three months 42630 Anti-cholera inoculations have been conducted, 819 wells chlorinated and 466 cholera affected houses have been disinfected besides intensive propaganda on cholera preventive measures with the aid of the propaganda van belonging to the Co-operative Department kept at the disposal of the District Health Officer from the last week of August 1953 to 16th October 1953. In addition to the existing public health staff in the district, 10 special Health Inspectors have been posted to work in the district. Till the end of September 1953 three Ambulances (one Madras Fire Services Ambulance, one van from the Madras General Hospital and One Police Van) were at work for the quick transport of cholera cases from the infected villages to the cholera isolation hospital at Nellore,
WHEREAS it is expedient to prevent speculation in im-
movable property in the State of Andhra; It is hereby
enacted as follows:—

1. Short title and extent.—(1) This Act may be called
the Andhra (Prevention of Speculation in Immovable

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Andhra,

2. Definitions.—In this Act, unless there is anything
repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) 'Government' means the State Government;

(b) 'notified area' means any area declared to be a
notified area under section 3;

(c) 'notified date' in relation to immovable pro-
erty situated in any notified area means such date as
the Government may, by notification, specify in res-
pect of that area;

Explanation.—The date specified in any such notifi-
cation may be a date either before or after the declara-
tion of the area as a notified area under section 3;
(d) 'notification' means a notification published in the Andhra Gazette;

(e) 'transfer' means a sale, exchange or mortgage with possession and includes a sale held in execution of a decree or order of a Court or a sale conducted by an officer acting under the authority of any statute, decree or order of a Court,

3. Declaration of notified area by Government.— (1) If the Government are satisfied that owing to any action taken or proposed to be taken by them or to any other cause considerable transfers of immovable property which are of a speculative character are being, or are likely to be, made in any area in the State of Andhra and that it is necessary in the public interest to prevent such transfers, they may, by notification, declare such area to be a 'notified area' to which the provisions of this Act shall apply on and from such date as may be specified therein.

(2) The Government may, by notification, withdraw the operation of this Act from any such notified area, with effect from such date as may be specified in the notification, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before that date.

4. Prohibition on transfer of immovable property.— Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any other law or in any contract, no immovable property situated in any notified area shall be transferred for a consideration exceeding in value the standard price of the property specified in section 3 together with such increase over that price as is permissible under section 6.

Explanation.—Where the consideration for such transfer consists partly of money and partly of movable property or immovable property or both, the market value of such movable or immovable property on the date of the transfer, shall, to that extent, be regarded as the price paid for such transfer.
March 5th 1954]

5. **Standard price of immovable property.**—(1) The standard price of any property referred to in section 4 shall be the price which such property in the condition in which it is at the time of transfer would have fetched at the market value prevailing on the notified date;

Provided as follows:—

(a) if the property consists of land on which a new building has been constructed after the notified date, the standard price of such property shall be the aggregate of the value which the land would have fetched at the market value prevailing on the notified date and the actual cost of construction of the new building plus a sum of fifteen per cent on such cost of construction.

(b) if the property consists of land on which a building constructed before the notified date has been reconstructed after that date, the standard price of such property shall be the aggregate of the value which the land and the reconstructed building would have fetched at the market value prevailing on the notified date plus a sum of fifteen per cent on the actual cost of reconstruction.

**Explanation**—(1) For the purposes of this Act, 'building' includes a house, stable, latrine, shed, hut wall and any other such structure, whether of masonry bricks, wood, mud, metal or any other material whatsoever, and the expressions "reconstruction" and "reconstructed" in relation to a building, shall have the same meaning as in section 3, clause (24), of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920 (Madras Act V of 1920).

(2) The Government may authorize any officer subordinate to them to maintain a register of new and reconstructed buildings.
(3) In the case of every new or reconstructed building, the officer aforesaid shall after giving notice to be the owner and after making such inquiry as he deems necessary, enter in the register the date of completion of the construction or reconstruction, as the case may be, of the building and the cost of such construction or reconstruction and forward to the owner an extract of the entries so made.

(4) Any owner aggrieved by the entries in the register may, within fifteen days of the receipt of the extract, file an appeal to the District Collector for having the entries corrected.

(5) The entries in the register made by the officer aforesaid shall be binding and conclusive subject only to the result of any appeal filed under subsection (4).

6. Permitted increase over the standard price: In the case of any land, or any land with building thereon, if at any general or special revision of assessment by the municipality or other local body subsequent to the notified date, the assessment payable in respect of that property has been enhanced, the standard price may be increased by such percentage not exceeding twenty-five per cent, as the Government may, by notification, specify, having regard to such enhancement.

7. Power of Government to purchase immovable property:—The owner of any immovable property situated in any notified area shall, on demand by the Government by notice in writing, sell to them such property at the standard price specified in section 5 together with such increase over the standard price as is permissible under section 6 or at the current market value of the property, whichever is less:

Provided that if the property is one purchased or otherwise acquired by the owner after the notified date he shall, on such demand by the Government, sell such
property to them either at the standard price specified in section 5 together with such increase over the standard price as is permissible under section 6 or at the price mentioned in the instrument of transfer, if any, or at the current market value of the property, whichever is less.

8. **Taking possession of property and reference to Subordinate Judge's Court:**— (1) In the case of any property in respect of which a demand has been made under section 7, the District Collector or any officer authorized by him in this behalf shall determine the amount payable for that property under that section and tender the same to the owner. If the owner refuses to accept the amount so tendered, the District Collector or the officer aforesaid shall deposit the said amount in the Subordinate Judge's Court having jurisdiction over the area in which the property is situated and make a reference to that Court to determine the amount payable for that property under section 7 and take possession of the property on behalf of the Government, and the property shall vest in the Government from the date on which possession is so taken.

(2) If the amount determined by the Court is in excess of the amount tendered by the District Collector or the officer authorized by him, the Court may direct the District Collector or the officer aforesaid to pay such excess to the owner together with interest on such excess at the rate of four per cent per annum from the date on which the property was taken possession of to the date of payment of such excess, and the amount deposited in the Court shall be paid immediately to the owner.

9. **Setting aside of Court sales, etc., held in contravention of the Act**—(1) Where any immovable property has been sold in execution of a decree or order of a Court or by an officer acting under the authority of any statute or decree or order of a Court for a price exceeding the
standard price specified in section 5 together with such increase over that price as is permissible under section 6, the District Collector or any person having an interest in such property, may, within thirty days from the date of the sale; apply to the Court or the officer aforesaid for setting aside the sale.

(2) Upon such application, if the Court or the officer aforesaid is satisfied, after such inquiry as may be deemed necessary, that there has been a contravention of the provisions of this Act, the Court or the officer aforesaid shall set aside the sale and order a fresh sale to be held in conformity with the provisions of this Act,

10. Penalty.—If any person transfers immovable property situated in a notified area in contravention of the provisions of section 4, he shall, on conviction be liable to pay a fine equal to twice the amount by which the value of the consideration received by him for the transfer exceeds the price to which he is entitled under this Act,

11. Cognizance of offences.—No Court shall take cognizance of an offence under this Act except on a complaint made by the District Collector.

12. Bar of certain proceedings.—No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Government or any officer or servant of the Government for any act done or purporting or intended to be done under this Act,

13. Power to make rules.—(1) The Government may by notification, make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for—
5th March 1954]

(a) the form of the register of new and reconstructed buildings to be maintained under this Act.

(b) the manner of service of notices under this Act.

(c) the procedure to be followed in holding inquiries under this Act;

(d) the powers and duties of officer exercising any functions under this Act and the procedure to be followed by them; and

(e) the removal of any difficulty arising in giving effect to the provisions of this Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Consequent on the location of the capital of the Andhra State in Kurnool, there has been a good deal of transfers of immovable property of a speculative character, resulting in inflation in the value of property. Similar transfers of property of a speculative nature may also be made in the place where the principal seat of the High Court of Andhra will be located. The Government therefore consider it necessary to prevent by law speculative transactions in property which have already arisen or are bound to arise in the near future, either as a result of the location of the capital, the seat of the High Court, or any other office, or on account of the execution of any development scheme or project.

2. The provisions of the Bill will apply only to any area or areas 'notified' by the Government as such in the Gazette; and an area will be so notified only if the Government are satisfied that considerable transfers of immovable properties of a speculative character are being, or are likely to be, made in any area and that it is necessary in the public interest to prevent such transfers — See clause 3.

3. When an area is declared as a notified area, immovable property in that area should not be transferred for a consideration exceeding the price which the property in its present condition would have fetched in the open market on the date notified.
5th March 1954

for the area. This will be the standard price of the property. In addition to this standard price an increase up to 25 per cent is permitted, having regard to the enhancement of the assessment or the increase in the case of buildings, and the enhancement, if any, in the case of land. Provision has been made in the case of new and renovated buildings—see clauses 4, 5 and 6.

4. Provision is made in the Bill to enable the Government to purchase immovable property, if necessary, at the standard price of the property together with the permitted increase or a lesser amount value of the property or in case the property was bought by the owner after the notified date, at the price mentioned in the deed of transfer—whichever is less. If the owner refuses to accept the amount tendered to him for the property, the Sub-Court, on a reference made to it by the District Collector, will determine the amount payable for the property—see clauses 7 and 8.

5. The Bill provides for setting aside Court sales, Revenue sales, etc., held in contravention of the provisions of the Bill and for holding fresh sale in such cases on application made to the Court or authority concerned by the District Collector or person interested—see clause 9.

6. Suitable penalty has been prescribed for transfers of property made in contravention of the provisions of the Bill and power has been taken to make rules to carry out the purposes of this measure—see clauses 10 and 13.

N. SANJIVA REDDY,
Deputy Chief Minister

(By order of the Governor)

M. K. NARAYANASWAMI,
Deputy Secretary to Government,
BILL TO BE INTRODUCED IN THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ANDHRA.

Under the proviso to rule 77 of the Assembly Rules the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons, is published for general information:—

A Bill further to amend the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act 1951.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951 (Madras Act XIX of 1951), for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. Short title, extent and commencement.—(1) This Act may be called the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Andhra Second Amendment) Act, 1954.

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Andhra.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. Amendment of section 76 Madras Act XIX of 1951,—In section 76 of the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951 (Madras Act XIX of 1951),—

(1) in sub-section (1), after the word “annually” the words “for meeting the cost of such services”
shall be inserted, and the following sentence shall be added at the end, namely:—

"The contribution so paid shall be kept and administered as a separate fund."

(2) after sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(5) The payments made by the Government under sub-section (4) (except in so far as such payments relate to the cost of auditing the accounts) shall be recouped from the fund referred to in sub-section (1)"

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The High Court of Madras has held that section 76 (1) of the Madras Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Act, 1951, as it is worded, is ultra vires the Constitution inasmuch as the contribution collected from the temples is in the nature of a tax, as it is not treated as a separate fund but is mixed up with the general funds of the State. In a similar case, the Bombay High Court has held that if such contribution is treated as a separate fund and if the expenditure incurred by the Government for services rendered is recouped from that fund it would be consistent with the Constitution. Therefore, this Amendment Bill is introduced to make suitable alterations in section 76 to bring it within the terms of the Constitution. As any delay in passing the Bill might involve further legal consequences, the Bill is brought before the House as an urgent and essential measure.

T, VISWANATHAM,
Minister for Law and Finance.

(By order of the Governor)

M. K. NARAYANASWAMI,
Deputy Secretary to Government,
Law Department.