HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Part II—Proceedings other than Questions and Answers

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NOTE:—(*) At the beginning of the Speech denotes confirmation not received.
THE HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Monday, the 15th March, 1954.

The House met at Half Past Two of the Clock

[MR. SPEAKER IN THE CHAIR]

Questions and Answers

(See Part I)

Statement by Shri Gopal Rao Ekbote re: allegations against the Tahsildar, Andole.

The House was adjourned to meet on the 22nd March, 1954, at Half Past Two of the Clock.
Announcement by the Speaker re: Message from Rajpramukh re: reconsideration of the Prize Competitions Control and Tax Bill, 1953

Mr. Speaker: The following message has been received from the Rajpramukh in pursuance of Article 175 (2) read with Article 288 of the Constitution in connection with L. A. Bill No. XIV of 1953, the Hyderabad Prize Competitions Control and Tax Bill, 1958, passed by the Assembly on 11th September, 1958, and reserved for assent of the President on 29th September, 1958 under the provisions of Article 254 (2).

"The President having considered the Hyderabad Prize Competitions Control and Tax Bill, 1958 which was reserved..."
for his consideration under the provisions of Article 254 (2) of the Constitution of India, has directed in pursuance of the Proviso to Article 201 (read with Article 288) of the said Constitution that the Bill be returned to the State Legislative Assembly with a message requesting that the Bill be modified to make provision for prohibiting the running of an unlawful prize competition.

I, Mir Osman Ali Khan, therefore, return the said Bill for the reconsideration of the Legislative Assembly."

In view of this message, I am bringing this Bill before the House for reconsideration.

The time and date will be announced later.

Mr. Speaker: The next item is the introduction of L. A. Bill No. IX of 1954, the Hyderabad Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors Registration (Amendment) Bill, 1954.

(Shri Mehdil Nawaz Jung, Minister for Public Health, Medical and Rural Reconstruction was not found present in the House.)

Mr. Speaker: Now we shall take up Demands for grants of the hon. Home Minister.
General Budget—Demands for Grants

The Minister for Home, Law and Rehabilitation (Shir D. G. Bindu): Sir, I beg to move:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 16,22,000 under Demand No. 8 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges that would come for payment during the course of the year ending 31st day of March, 1955. The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Shri D. G. Bindu: Sir, I beg to move:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,85,500 under Demand No. 16 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges that would come for payment during the course of the year ending 31st day of March, 1955. The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Shri V. D. Deshpande: I think the amount of this demand is not correct in the sense that part of the amount is given by the Government of India. Actually we find in the budget about 2 lakhs and odd and it is not known how this amount of 5 lakhs and odd has been arrived at.

Shri D. G. Bindu: Sir, I beg to move:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 43,94,000 under Demand No. 18 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges that would come for payment during the course of the year ending 31st day of March, 1955. The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Shri D. G. Bindu: Sir, I beg to move:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 25,82,000 under Demand No. 19 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several
charges that would come for payment during the course of the year ending 31st day of March, 1955. The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Shri D. G. Bindu: Sir, I beg to move:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 8,29,89,000 under Demand No. 20 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges that would come for payment during the course of the year ending 31st day of March, 1955. The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Shri D. G. Bindu: Sir, I beg to move:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 2,58,88,000 Under Demand No. 61 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges that would come for payment during the course of the year ending the 31st day of March, 1955. The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Shri D. G. Bindu: Sir, I beg to move:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,58,800 under Demand No. 75 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges that would come for payment during the course of the year ending 31st day of March, 1955. The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh."
Shri D. G. Bindu: Sir, I beg to move:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 2,50,000 under Demand No. 80 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges that would come for payment during the course of the year ending 31st day of March, 1955. The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Shri D. G. Bindu: Sir, I beg to move:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 55,000 under Demand No. 81 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges that would come for payment during the course of the year ending 31st day of March, 1955. The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Sir, I beg to move:

"That a sum not exceeding Rs. 86,22,000 under Demand No. 98 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges that would come for payment during the course of the year ending 31st day of March, 1955. The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Shri V. D. Deshpande: As regards Demand No. 16, Elections, I find in the budget a provision is made for Rs. 3,09,000, while here the amount asked for is Rs. 5,85,500. I further find from page No. 78 that a sum of Rs. 2,76,500 in regard to elections is recoverable from the Government of India. After deducting that, an amount of Rs. 8,09,000 is likely to be demanded from this House. How is it that Rs. 5,85,500 is being demanded?
The net figures shown in the budget for 1954-55 against "Other Election Charges" under M.H. 25 is 3,09,000. As against this, a grant for 5,85,500 is required for the gross amount inclusive of Rs.2,76,500 recoverable from the Government of India towards their share of election charges."
General Budget—
Demands for Grant.

15th March, 1954

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]

[Name]

[Position]

[Address]
Let the members now move their motions for reduction of grants.

**Demand No. 8—Motor Vehicles Act—Rs. 16,22,000**

*State Transport Authority (District Inspectors)*

**Shri R. P. Deshmukh (Gangakhed)**: I beg to move:

"That the grant under demand No. 8 be reduced by Rs. 100."

**Mr. Speaker**: Motion moved.

*Working of the State Transport Authority in the City.*

**Shri Annajirao Gavane**: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 8 be reduced by Rs. 100."

**Mr. Speaker**: Motion moved.

*Policy of Government in respect of Road Permits and Amenities to Passengers*

**Shri Gapa: Eno (Pahda)**: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 8 be reduced by Re. 1."

**Mr. Speaker**: Motion moved.
Working of State Transport Authority and policy of Taxation on Vehicles

Shri Syed Akhtar Hussain (Jangaon): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 8 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of the Officers of the Motor Vehicles Inspectors in the Districts

Shri Gopidi Ganga Reddy (Nirmal-General): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 8 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of R.T.A. in the Districts

Shri K. Ananth Reddy (Bhalkonda): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 8 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Demand No. 16—Elections—Rs. 5,85,500

Govt.'s Failure to Disburse the expenses incurred by the Village Officials during the last General Elections

Shri Gopidi Ganga Reddy: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 16 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved:

Inadequate arrangements for payment of allowances in connection with Elections, conduct of Bye-Elections and preparation of Electoral Rolls

Shri P. Vasudeo (Gajwel): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 16 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
General Budget—Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954

Misuse of Funds by the Government in connection with the Elections

Shri Viswanath Rao Soore (Lakshettipet-General) : I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 16 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Bye-Elections

Shri P. Vasudev : I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 16 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Demand No. 18—Administration of Justice—Rs. 48,94,000.

Desirability of providing Free Legal Advice to Poor Litigants

Shri K. V. Narayan Reddy (Rajgopalpet) : I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 18 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Speedy and Less Expensive Method of Administration of Justice

Shri K. V. Narayan Reddy : I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 18 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Working of the Administration of the Judicial Department

Shri Sharangowda Inamdar (Andola-ewargi) : I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 18 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.
Delay in Disposal of Cases

*Shri K. Rajmallu* (Lakshettipet-Reserved): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 18 be reduced by Rs. 100."

*Mr. Speaker*: Motion moved.

Working of the Judicial Department

*Shri Bapuji Mansing* (Paithan-Gangapur-General): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 18 be reduced by Rs. 100."

*Mr. Speaker*: Motion moved.

Inadequate legal aid to the accused in capital cases and protection against harrassment of the witnesses by the Police

*Shri A. Laxminarasmihha Reddy* (Wardhannapet): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 18 be reduced by Re. 1."

*Mr. Speaker*: Motion moved.

Reorganisation of Courts and the Policy of Languages Therein

*Shri B. D. Deshmukh* (Bokhardan-General): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 18 be reduced by Re. 1."

*Mr. Speaker*: Motion moved.

Advisability of having Regional and Urdu languages in the Courts

*Shri Annaji Rao Gavane*: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 18 be reduced by Re. 1."

*Mr. Speaker*: Motion moved.
Delay and heavy expenses in administering justice.

Shri B. D. Deshmukh : I beg to move :

“That the grant under Demand No. 18 be reduced by Re. 1.”

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Demand No. 19—Jails and Convict Settlements—Rs.25,82,000

Jail Reforms

Shri K. V. Narayan Reddy : I beg to move :

“That the grant under Demand No. 19 be reduced by Rs. 100.”

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Jail Reforms with special reference to the need to make jails Self-supporting

Shri K. V. Narayan Reddy : I beg to move :

“That the grant under Demand No. 19 be reduced by Rs. 100.”

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Inefficiency and Mal-administration in Jail Administration of the State

Shri K. V. Narayan Reddy : I beg to move :

“That the grant under Demand No. 19 be reduced by Rs. 100.”

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Appointments, duties and responsibilities of Administrative Officials in the Jail Department

Shri K. V. Narayan Reddy : I beg to move :

“That the grant under Demand No. 19 be reduced by Rs. 100.”

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.
Jail industries and measures for their development

Shri K. V. Narayan Reddy: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 19 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Mal-administration and Implementation of the Reforms

Shri R. P. Deshmukh: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 19 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of the Department

Shri Madhavrao Waipankar (Hadgaon): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 19 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Conditions of the Jail Industries

Shri P. Vasudev: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 19 be reduced by Rs. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Conditions of prisoners in jails and matters pertaining to remission and parole

Shri A. Ramchandra Reddy (Ramayanpet): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 19 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
Mal-administration in jails in respect of persons under remand and in lock-ups

Shri Gopidi Ganga Reddy: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 19 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of Jails and Convict Settlements

Shri A. Ramchandra Reddy: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 19 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Demand No. 20—Police—Rs. 8,29,89,000

Economy in Police Expenditure

Shri V. D. Deshpande: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 75,00,000."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Reduction in Armed Police and economy in Police Expenditure

Shri B. D. Deshmukh: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 21,00,000."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Repatriation of Police Officers on Deputation

Shri K. Venkat Rama Rao: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 21,000."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
**Excesses of Police on the Public**

*Shri M. Buchiah (Sirpur):* I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

*Mr. Speaker:* Motion moved.

**Mal-practices of Police in the day-to-day Administration**

*Shri K. Rajamallu:* I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

*Mr. Speaker:* Motion moved.

**Mal-practices and heavy corruption in District Police Force**

*Shri R. P. Deshmukh:* I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

*Mr. Speaker:* Motion moved.

**Working of the Police Motor Transport Section**

*Shri R. P. Deshmukh:* I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

*Mr. Speaker:* Motion moved.

**Failure of Government to eradicate and to raise the standard of efficiency of the District Police Force**

*Shri Ankush Rao Ghare (Partur):* I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

*Mr. Speaker:* Motion moved.
Working of the Railway Police

Shri Ankushrao Gharde: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

The new organization of the City Police.

Shri Annajirao Gavane: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

The establishment charges of the City Police, Hyderabad.

Shri Annajirao Gavane: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of the Police Training Centre at Bidar and Amberpet

Shri Annajirao Gavane: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of the Anti-corruption branch.

Shri Madhavrao Waipankar: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Administration of the Police Department

Shri Sharangowda Inamdar: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
Amalgamation of H.S.R.P., with the Armed Police Force.

Shri Annajirao Gawane: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

New organization of the City Criminal Investigation Branch.

Shri Annajirao Gawane: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Recruitment policy of the Government in the Department.

Shri Annajirao Gawane: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Re-organisation of the District Police

Shri Annajirao Gawane: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

The policy of the Department in curbing civil liberties in the name of maintenance of law and order and detection of crime.

Shri K. V. Narayan Reddy: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
Re-organization of the Department

Shri K. V. Narayan Reddy: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of the District Criminal Investigation Department

Shri Bhagwanrao Boralkar (Basmat-General): I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of the Village Patels

Shri Bhagwanrao Boralkar: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of District Sub-Ordinate Officers

Shri Bhagwan Rao Boralkar: "That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Failure of the Police to Control the activities of unsocial elements

Shri K. V. Narayan Reddy: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Associating the public with the Police for the preservation of internal peace

Shri K. V. Narayan Reddy: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
Salaries, T.A. and D.A. of Police Officers and Constables

Shri B. D. Deshmukh: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Taking of forced labour by Police

Shri R. B. Gurumurthy (Khammam-Reserved): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Failure to release political prisoners

Shri A. Laxmi Narasimha Reddy: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Use of Police Force to put down strikes and settle land disputes

Shri K. L. Narasimha Rao (Yellandu-General): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of City Police and economy in their expenditure

Shri V. D. Deshpande: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
General Budget—
Demands for Grants


Working of Police Station Houses in Karimnagar Dist.
and institution of false cases on public Workers
in Jagtial and peddapalli taluks

Shri J. Anand Rao (Sircilla-General): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by
Re. 1".

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Repression and institution of false cases by Police in
Bhir, Osmanabad & Nanded Districts

Shri Ramrao Aurgaonkar (Georai): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by
Re. 1".

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Police repression and institution of false cases in
Nalgonda

Shri K. Ramchandra Reddy (Ramannapet): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by
Re. 1".

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Repression in Telangana

Shri P. Vasudev: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by
Re. 1".

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Misuse of powers and corruption by Police Officers in
Districts

Shri Vishwanath Rao Soore: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by
Re. 1".

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

General Budget—
Demands for Grants

Closing down of Armed Police Camps in the Villages in Telangana

Shri Uppala Malsur (Suryapet-Reserved): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Reduction in the number of Police Sub-Divisions and 81 Police Station Houses

Shri B. Dharmabiksham (Suryapet-General): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Conditions and working of Seth Sendhis and Police Patels.

Shri Gopal Rao: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of Criminal Settlements

Shri Uppala Malsur: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1"

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of Police Force in Warangal Dist.

Shri B. Krishnaiah (Khammam-General): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
General Budget—
Demands for Grants

Failure to give proper training to the police officers in detecting crimes.

Shri K. Ananth Reddy: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Rash and rude attitude of the Police Officers towards public.

Shri Gopidi Ganga Reddy: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Necessity of enforcing strict discipline in the low paid officers and police constables.

Shri Gopidi Ganga Reddy: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Economy in Railway Police

Shri K. Venkat Rama Rao: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Economy in, and working of, the C. I.D.

Shri Ch. Venkatrama Rao (Karimnagar): I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Failure of the X-Branch to control corruption

Shri B. Krishnaiah: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Scales of pay, housing conditions and recruitment and training of Police Forces.

Shri Pendam Vasudev: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of Police Prosecution Officers.

Shri A. Laxminarsimha Reddy: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Harassment of Harijans by Police

Shri P. Laxmiah (Nalgonda Reserved): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Behaviour of Police Officers

Shri A. Ramchandra Reddy: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
Malpractices and high-handedness of the Village and District Force

Shri Vishwanath Rao Soore: I beg to move.

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of the Police Department in Districts and Rural Areas

Shri Vishwanath Rao Soore: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Necessity of Efficient Police Force.

Shri K. Ananth Reddy: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Working of the Police Department

Shri B. D. Deshmukh: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Necessity of purchase of Arms and Ammunition

Shri Annaji Rao Gavane: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Administration of the Police Department

Shri Syed Hassan (Hyderabad City): I beg to move:
That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1 ".

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Corruption and high-handedness of the District Police Officers

Shri Wamanrao Deshmukh : I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1 ".

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Failure of the District Police to maintain Law and Order

Shri Bhujang Rao (Jintur) : I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1 ".

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Opening of new Police Station Houses in Telangana

Shri R. P. Deshmukh : I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 20 be reduced by Re. 1 ".

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.


Working of the R.T.D.

Shri R. P. Deshmukh : I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Rs. 100 ".

Mr. Speaker : Motion moved.

Failure of the Dept. to provide amenities to the Public

Shri Shrirangowda Inamdar : I beg to move ;
“That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Rs. 100”.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

High rates of transport and corruption in the Department

Shri M. Buchiah: I beg to move:

“That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Rs. 100”.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Necessity of opening new bus routes in the Districts

Shri K. Ananth Reddy: I beg to move:

“That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Re. 1”.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Necessity of having efficient inspection staff in the Department

Shri K. Ananth Reddy: I beg to move:

“That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Re. 1.”

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Reduction in the bus fares to 1.6 paise per mile

Shri Syed Akhtar Hussain: I beg to move:

“That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Re. 1.”

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Advisory Committee to the R.T.D.

Shri B. D. Deshmukh: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Re. 1".

**Mr. Speaker**: Motion moved.

**Inadequate Buses—Opening of new Routes**

Shri Syed Akhtar Hussain: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Re.1".

**Mr. Speaker**: Motion moved.

**Granting of Bonus to R.T.D. Employees**

Shri V. D. Deshpande: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Re.1"

**Mr. Speaker**: Motion moved.

**Store purchases by the R.T.D. and the need for an Investigation Committee**

Shri A. Laxminarasimha Reddy: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Re.1"

**Mr. Speaker**: Motion moved.

**Overloading of Buses and various inconveniences to passengers.**

Shri J. Anand Rao: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Re.1"

**Mr. Speaker**: Motion moved.

**Corruption in the R.T.D.**

Shri Viswanathrao Soore: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Re.1"

**Mr. Speaker**: Motion moved.
Amenities to the Staff and their General Working Conditions

Shri Ch. Venkatrama Rao: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Re. 1".
Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Failure of Govt. to give Bonus to R. T. D. Workers

Shri R. P. Deshmukh: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 61 be reduced by Re. 1".
Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Demand No. 75 – Evacuee Department – Rs.1,58,300

Working of Evacuee Department

Shri R. P. Deshmukh: I beg to move:
That the grant under Demand No. 75 be reduced by Re. 1".
Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Speedy Settlement of Evacuee Disputes

Shri Abdur Rahman (Malakpet): I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 75 be reduced by Re. 1".
Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Policy of Government regarding Evacuee Property

Shri Vishwanath Rao Soore: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 75 be reduced by Re. 1".
Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Arrangements made by the Govt. to run the M. C. S. Farm in Nizamabad

Shri K. Ananth Reddy: I beg to move:
"That the grant under Demand No. 75 be reduced by Re. 1".
Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
Demand No. 80—Grant for Rehabilitation of Displaced Persons before, during and after Police Action Rs. 2,50,000

Rehabilitation of Displaced Persons

Shri Syed Hasan: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 80 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Woking of the Rehabilitation Dept.

Shri Annajirao Gawane: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 80 be reduced by Rs. 100."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Shri R. P. Deshmukh: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 80 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Mismanagement of Rehabilitation Fund

Shri Abdur Rahman (Malakpet): I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 80 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Rehabilitation of Displaced Persons

Shri K. Venkatrama Rao: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 80 be reduced by Re. 1."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
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**Demand No. 81—Welfare of ex-Criminal Tribes in the State**

Rs. 55,000

Inadequate Funds provided for the Welfare of ex-Criminal Tribes in the State

Shri K. Ananth Reddy: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 81 be reduced by Re. 1".

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Neglect of Welfare of the ex-Criminal Tribes in the State

Shri Uppala Malsur: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 81 be reduced by Re. 1".

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

**Demand No. 93—Capital outlay on Road Transport Schemes outside the Revenue Account**

Rs. 36,22,000

Capital outlay on Road Transport Scheme in Karnataka

Shri Sharangowda Inamdar: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 93 be reduced by Rs. 100".

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Establishment of a Bus Depot in Parbhani District

Shri R. P. Deshmukh: I beg to move:

"That the grant under Demand No. 93 be reduced by Rs. 100".

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.
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Capital Outlay on Road Transport Scheme

Shri V. D. Deshpande: I beg to move:

“That the grant under Demand No. 93 be reduced by Re. 1”.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

Necessity of Plying Buses in Parbhani District

Shri Bhujang Rao: I beg to move:

“That the grant under Demand No. 93 be reduced by Re. 1”.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved.

shri shri. shri. deshpande :-—मिस्टर स्पाइकर सर जो डिमांड जून, हाबुस के सामने देखी गई है
बुनके बारे में मुलाकात में दो बारों में कहता चाहता है। पुलिस डिपार्टमेंट के सिलसिले में जो मेरी
कड़केशा है वह में हाबुस के सामने रखता है। अनुमति मेरे यह मुलाकात पेश किया है कि पुलिस का
आज का जो करीब तीन वर्षों में कुछ लाल का खर्च है, वे उसमें करीब ७५ लाख की कमी की जाय।
हाल ही में इन्हें मिस्टर साहब ने रेकर्डो पर द्रुत रोजगार करते हुए कहा कि मैं चाहता हूँ कि पुलिस
का खर्च बिन बिन में कम करे, और जिस नर्तक रहा हो आपके में यह यह खर्च कम किया जाय। नन्नों यही न्यूनतम व द्वितीय के जो नाम ब्लूड द्रूप (Labour trouble) बढ़ा जा रहा है, और जिसमें बिन बिन स्ट्राइक (S.rike) यहाँ होते हैं, बिन-बिन यह खर्च बिन बिन नहीं कर सकते। उन्होंने अफसर के साथ तनाव करनी पड़ती है कि उन्हें रोजगारी का संभाल है, जब लगने बढ़ जाते हैं; तो बुनके बुजुर्गें के लिये शांति कर पर तो जो कोशिश
की जाती है, बुनके बुजुर्गें लोक का जाता है। अभी नये खेतियों ने पर चिंतन लिए कि पुरानी मिल
पाल के साथ राजपाल भूमि है जो में यह यह बुजुर्गों के लिये बुजुर्गों का तकलीफ़ कर जाय। उनके रूप में नहीं बात कर कि
कोशिश की है कि इंदिरागंज लोकगांव के अपर लोकगांव के साथ कर तमाम में कर जाय। उन्हीं में नहीं बात कर कि
सूची खर्च के अपर लोकगांव के साथ कर तमाम में कर जाय। उन्हीं में नहीं बात कर कि
“it is a feather in the hat of the Home Minister”. बेक नव
सबसे होम मिस्टर साहब के टोपी में यहा है। बिस्मिल धरणा जो कि एक बिन बिन लोगों के लिये बुजुर्ग
हैwards सिलेस ने रज लगाया रहा है जो बुजुर्ग लोगों के लिये बुजुर्गों का तकलीफ़ कर जाय। उन्हीं में नहीं बात कर कि
“it is a feather in the hat of the Home Minister”. बेक नव
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...
की प्रकरण म भी की जा चक्र भी है। वह तक तक तक तक से जो जा मणित है जिसके बारे म सफलता के साथ नियम तक के अंतर्गत विभाग बनाया करो। म पिछे विकस्त आर्थिक रीत्वशासन के बारे म विषय कि ५ बेलिकन जिनका तालाब २००० जबाबदों की होती है जिस स्तर म रखी गई है। जिस में २१ इंग. आर. गैंग। की विभागशासन उपलब्ध है। संघ रक्षा का आर्थिक पोस्ट का मुहाना हमने किया तो मान्य हुआ कि वही भी अंक कमी के कायम की गई थी, और अंकों का विभागशासन के तौर पर तीन या चार हमारे म ज्ञान नामक पुनिया नहीं रखा जा गया है। जिसमें दंपत्री और राष्ट्रपति अंक दोनों को मिलाने के उद्देश्य तालाब बनाए पर है। अगर हंगराबाद रियल चीज को अपने सामान रखे जो आज के वर्ष में करोबर २६ लाख की मरम्म हो सकती है, और जिसी पैसे का बुरे योग हम नेशन विनिध के कामों के लिये कर सकते हैं।

हमने चीज में सितिद पुनिया के रीराजानयज्ञन ( Reorganisation ) के विषयके में रखा चाहता हूँ। जिसके सफलता में जाने के लिये कहना नहीं है। लेकिन इसके प्रांतों के अंतर्गत शहर की हंगराबाद शहर को पुलिस स्टेंड ( Police Strength ) के बारे में तुलना की बाय तो यहाँ की तालाब कितनी ज्ञान है जिसका पता कर जाया। सभी मामला में मामला के हंगराबाद हमारे पाली रूख जाता है। यहाँ पुनिया के बारे, हंगरा और कॉस्टम्बुली ( Constabulary ) की तालाब मामला की तालाब में दुरुस्त है। मामला के इंद्रक तीन या सातवे हंगरा कॉस्टम्बुली की मदद के विनिमय किया जाता है। और हंगराबाद में आय इतना पान या छ: हंगरा पुलिस है। मामला की आय वाली १४ लाख है, और हंगराबाद की १० लाख है। यहाँ की आयाब कहाँ से ज्ञान होनेवर भी कॉस्टम्बुली की तालाब कम है। बशर बशर फिरती कम आर्मी कॉस्टम्बुली से काम चलाना जा सकता है, तो हमारे यहाँ कितनी ज्ञान तालाब रखने की लागत है? जिसके बारे में अंक सफलता की मामला जिस तर है के अंतर्गत विभाग की तारी के हंगरा के सामने भी रखा जाने पर रखी जाय़। लेकिन यहाँ यहाँ का स्थान बाया गैरसामान तीर या ज्ञान गया है। पुलिस बेलिक के अंक दो शायद है नामक के पुनिया की ज्ञान बिनोकजी नहीं है। वैसे ही रियल के दुरुस्त विनिध में प्राणानयज्ञन करने के खर्च में कमी करने की मुहाबत है। लेकिन कम से कम हंगराबाद शहर के इंद्रक ६ या ७ लाख रुपये का खर्च बेकारमानी के तौर पर जाजिया जा सकता है।

दिस्ट्रेक्ट पुलिस के बारे में हमने जो मुताबिक किया बसेसे पता कला कि १५ दिस्ट्रेक्ट में से ७ दिस्ट्रेक्टेस में सब सस्ता संबंधित ज्ञान है। हर दिस्ट्रेक्ट में अंक पवल वातिलक्षण कम किया जाता तो अंक के बेकार मानने में सफल ८५ पुनिया स्टेंड है। इसमें उद्देश्य साधन परसेट कम किया जा सकता है। वैसे ही तक हमने जा सकते हैं वृद्धि और तक परसेट के अंक जारी रखते हैं। लेकिन इसके पुलिस स्टेंड में कमी की जाय तो २६ लाख को बचत करना मुमकिन है। रेखे पुलिस के बारे में हमने मुताबिक किया तो मान्य हुआ कि जबसे भी काफी बेकारमानी करने की मुहाबत है। दिस्ट्रेक्ट फिर्में-स्टाफेशन वियार्डेंट (Criminal Investigation Department) के बारे में हमने फिर्दसा पुलिस बेलिक के बारे में हालात रखे, वृद्धि की फायदा बुलाने हमें गैरसामान तीरके पर ५% के लेदुरे करियड़ १८ हंगा तो खर्च बढ़ाया गया है। पद्माकर बेकारमानी कमी
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(Public Accounts Committee) of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland (hereinafter referred to as "the Committee") in its report of 1954, has made certain recommendations with regard to the administration of certain public authorities. These recommendations are based on an examination of the financial and administrative arrangements of these authorities, and are designed to ensure that the public funds are used in the most efficient and economical manner possible.

The recommendations of the Committee are as follows:

1. The establishment of a separate financial officer for each public authority, who will be responsible for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the submission of the annual financial report to the Parliament.

2. The introduction of a system of internal control and audit, which will be supervised by the financial officer, to ensure that the financial transactions of the public authority are carried out in accordance with the approved financial policies.

3. The establishment of a separate accounting system for each public authority, which will be designed to ensure that the financial transactions of the public authority are recorded accurately and in a manner that is consistent with the principles of double-entry bookkeeping.

4. The introduction of a system of financial planning, which will be based on a detailed analysis of the financial requirements of the public authority, and which will be designed to ensure that the public funds are used in a manner that is consistent with the approved financial policies.

5. The establishment of a separate financial committee for each public authority, which will be responsible for the approval of the annual financial report and for the consideration of any major financial proposals that may be presented to the committee.

The recommendations of the Committee are designed to ensure that the public funds are used in a manner that is consistent with the principles of good financial management, and that the public authorities are held accountable for the way in which the public funds are used.
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tाल्लुकात पैदा नहीं हो सकते। जमूनदार हुकूमत में पुलिस का रूप यािै जिस तरह से नहीं रह सकता। मे होम लिंस्ट रे कहता है कि हम जो विभाग़ मुलाक़ात के बारे में हेतु अलग करते हैं वुस्तम से शायद इस विषय रहता हो सकता है। लेकिन अगर आप की पुलिस को मुहाबत होती है तो आपको इन्हें कुछ न कुछ रिस्ट लेनी पड़ेगी अगर पंजीकरण प्रणाली गलत अपने सामने हुमा तरफ से रखी जाये तो क्रम से क्रम २५ फास तो सही हो सकता है। जब वेस्टस (Basis) पर वर्थ आप असल लेना शुरू कर देंगे, और पुलिस के लिए आप जो आप दुष्कृता सोचने का तरीका है असलों खोज देंगे, तो पुलिस में नवरत नुसार हो सकता है।

जिसके बाद स्थायिकता में पुलिस का जिस तरह से विलेयम मुहाबत की तरफ से किया गया जा रहा है, उसके बारे में मे कुछ कहना चाहता हूं। कोटालुबर की हुकूमत में और हुडी गोल्ड मालिक की हुकूमत, से पुलिस का रूपमात्रकृत तरीके से विलेयम किया गया। हुकूमत कर-नेवालों के विवाद बुद्ध मुकदमा बनाने की कोशिश की जा रही है। हुकूमत शुरू होते ही १३४ दफा त्यागी जाती है, और मजबूतों को बुराको तोड़ने के लिए मजबूत किया जाता है। कोटालुबर में दफा १३४ अजी दमय से व्यापक गकी जब कि हुम हुकूमत के साथ बातचीत कर रहे थे।

वित्ताधीश नहीं, हुडी गोल्ड मालिक में जिन बातों से हुकूमत की बुद्धों पकड़ कर चलाना किया गया था, और हरेक को पत्ता पत्ता शरीर ज्ञाना किया गया। हम भाषा करते थे कि होम मिस्टर कम से कम घुम बारों के प्रावीर जान दिया तलाशक कर हुज़ज़ की कोशिश की जा रही है, और इसी तरह १३४ दफा कालक बहि तैलावंत कर दिए जाते हैं कि बुद्ध दफने तोड़ने के लिए मजबूत मजबूत हो जाये, यां १३४ दफा तोड़ने का वाहाना बनार दुर्ग पूनम मुकदमा चलांगा जाते हैं। मे हुकूमत में अपील दर्शन कि कोटालुबर के नज़रों पर जो केसेस चलाई जा रही है सुनको वाहिस किया जाय। लेफिन यह नहीं किया जा रहा है। अभी वोल्ड मिर के पास हुकूमतों पर लाठीचार्ज किया गया।

बुद्धही सबर सबर कर तो बुद्ध वास माधव होने लगा कि इस हुकूमत में बैठने से क्या फायदा बच कि करीब २५ पीस लोगों के हुम नूबालिक में करते हैं तब भी हम पुलिस के कार्यालय को रोक नहीं सकते, और न यहाँ बैठक होम मिस्टर पर वित्ताधीश भी देहात हुम जा सकते हैं कि वोल्ड कार्यालय को रोका जाय। तो फिर हुम रह जाये से फायदा ही क्या है? लाठीचार्ज करने से पहले बाप बसे बुद्ध सकते थे। सर जो पुलिस पीस और बाई (Peace and Order) को काम करने के लिए बलात्कार बनाया; अब वहीं बुद्ध बीस और बाईर को तोड़ने लगें तो क्या कुछ बाप जाय? नमक बाप अपना नमक मुले डोर दे तो कुछको नमक नहीं जा सकता। हुकूमत को और पुलिस को अपने तरीकों में तब्दीली करनी चाहिए। मे हुकूमत से पूछा कि बाद. दी. दी. का वित्ताधी बहा मालिकया स्ट्राइक (Strike) हुआ लेफिन क्या कहते हैं जो वह बारहम बुद्ध जिसको बुरा कहा जा सके? पूरे अन्वेषन के साथ साथ रियासत में स्वातंत्र्य चलाना यात्रा। अब वापस के प्रावीर काम करने का सारा विवाद होता है तो बाकी रियासत में जो ६०० बेसस कम कर रही है बुनमे से किसी चरण सकती है जिसका बाप सोच सकते है। लेफिन क्यो दोहों ने कि हुम जामा के लोग हैं, और यह जो हुकूमत की प्रापति (Property) है वह जन्माशां की प्रापति है वह जामा रहे। जबने दृष्टियों हुम बिखरी तरफ देखते हैं। जवाब में हेलेनीखिक तरीकों बढ़ने के तरफ हुमा में (Attitude) याँ। लेफिन हुम देख रहे हैं कि हुकूमत
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The科技进步 has been swift and steady in the development of e-commerce and digital transformation. As we look ahead, it is clear that these trends will continue and even accelerate in the future. The demand for digital infrastructure and the need for skilled professionals in this field are increasing rapidly. In order to meet these challenges, we must focus on education and training programs that prepare the workforce for the jobs of the future. By investing in education and training, we can ensure that our citizens are equipped with the skills they need to succeed in the digital economy.

In the document, the author mentions the rapid growth of the e-commerce sector and emphasizes the importance of education and training programs to prepare the workforce for the digital economy.

The author states that the demand for digital infrastructure and skilled professionals is increasing rapidly. To meet these challenges, they advocate for investment in education and training programs.

The author highlights the need for skilled professionals in the digital economy and emphasizes the importance of education and training programs to equip the workforce with the necessary skills.

In summary, the document underscores the need for education and training programs to prepare the workforce for the demands of the digital economy.
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मेरा जो और अर्के अमेडेंट हैं रिफ्लिटेंशन के बारे में भुस भी म अपने व्यालाम का बिजंजर करना चाहता हू। जिस सिलसिल में पंजी नेहु भी यहां बार गये। वे विवर और बुस्मानावां में भी गये। मे कहता चाहता हू कि पुलिस वें के बाद में जिन लोगो का नुकसान हुआ है, और जिनको बुस्रे किये जो विवाह दी गयी है, भुस लिहाज से देखा जाय तो जिन्हें काम खोना चाहिए था वह नहीं हुआ है। इसके बाद से जो प्रथम जिन रिफ्लिटेंशन के काम के विधे भी है वहां काफी नहीं है। और जिन्हें से यह सुवाल हल नहीं होने चाहिए है। इसकारण शर्षक को भी जब से जो अपने पास से रकम लड़की चाहिए। और पुलिस ओप्शन के बाद में जिन लोगो को काम करने हुआ है भुस तामाम लोगो को रिलीफ (Relief) देना हुमारा फर्ज है। जिसमें महाम के लिहाज से फर्ज कहां होना चाहिए। जो मै भुसल सर्व है भुस तामाम के विवाह करना चाहिए। और जिसके विधे श्राक़दलो कदम बुसरा चाहिए। इसके हिस से जो प्रांत (Grant) बाबी है यहां काफी नहीं है। यहां बच्चे में हास्य में रखना चाहिए है। बिस्मिर होम मिनिटर गोर करने अद्वी आवाज करते हुए म अपनी तकरीर खत्म करता हू।

भी. बाबुबी माल्लिका (मैनान, गंगापुर) —मिस्टर स्पीकर सर, माजी कस्टमोल व्यावसायिक जानवर माजी कस्टमोल न्यायिक धारा का बात भाग है। न्याय खातें में जो कोहिवा बरी व्यावसायिक नियमादि पाए। केवल न्याय स्वतन्त्र पण बाजार पण वायुभार प्रांत के सिर्फ न्याय फार्म में (राज) भाग है। दिवारी कोटित बाद दाल करवा ऊपर बाजारा जालसागर उभी स्वीन मचाव लागाता। न्याय खाता स्थित में राजनीतिक करवा लागता। या दिवारी कुप्राकार प्रकार बाजारा में भाग है। लोग फौजी व पुलिस यांत्री के रूप में जानवरा करते हुए भाग है।

मिस्टर स्पीकर:—अपना माध्यम बातचीत भाषाए। काय?

भी. बाबुबी माल्लिका:—माजी, मी बोलनी भाग, माध्यम बातचीत भाग। माजी कस्टमोल हृदय अंधक, फाइन माध्यम जानवर दीली गेली बेक, बजें बांधे भाग। माजी कस्टमोल न्याय खाता यांत्री भाग भाग भाग माजी भाग।
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[Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair]

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Demand for Grants:

Akhanda Chhatra Samiti

The Hon'ble Minister of Education, Govt. of India,

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the following demands for grants for the year 1954-55:

1. For the maintenance of the General Expenditure of the Akhanda Chhatra Samiti.

The Akhanda Chhatra Samiti has been working for the welfare of the students and the upliftment of the educational standards in the country. The demands for grants are justified considering the importance of the work being done by the Akhanda Chhatra Samiti.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]
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[Document content not provided]
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On...
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15th March, 1954

General Budget—Demands for Grants

சாலையும் குழுமத்தில் இருந்து எடுக்கப் பட்டு வானவட்ட நிறைவுத் துறை. சிற்றுயிர் நேரேறு
நுழைவுக்குப் புனரமைத்து வாழ்வருங்கள் வாத்தாக்கும் புகழ்போக்கும்.

சுய்கு கால் முதல் தொன்மை சாதனை முதல் தொன்மை முதல் தொன்மை சாதனை
முதல் தொன்மை முதல் தொன்மை சாதனை முதல் தொன்மை சாதனை முதல் தொன்மை
முதல் தொன்மை சாதனை முதல் தொன்மை சாதனை முதல் தொன்மை சாதனை 
முதல் தொன்மை சாதனை முதல் தொன்மை சாதனை முதல் தொன்மை சாதனை

ஒருவர் என்று பேண்டந்து வானவட்ட நிறைவுத் துறை. சிற்றுயிர் நேரேறு
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The budget for the year 1954-55 has been presented in this document. The main features of the budget are as follows:

1. Revenue side: The budget has been prepared with a view to maintaining the existing level of revenue. The main revenue sources are taxes, excise duties, and customs duties. The budget also provides for a loan of Rs. 500 million to be raised by the Reserve Bank of India.

2. Expenditure side: The main expenditure items are education, health, and welfare. The budget provides for an increase in the education budget to provide more facilities to the students. The health budget has also been increased to provide better health facilities to the people. The welfare budget has been increased to provide more support to the weaker sections of the society.

3. Revenue deficit: The budget has projected a revenue deficit of Rs. 200 million.

4. Fiscal policy: The government has adopted a prudent fiscal policy to ensure stability in the economy.

5. Taxation: The government has introduced some new tax measures to ensure fairness in taxation.

6. Monetary policy: The Reserve Bank of India has adopted a tight monetary policy to control inflation.

7. External sector: The government has taken some measures to improve the external sector, including exports and imports.

8. Social sector: The government has taken some measures to improve the social sector, including education, health, and welfare.

The budget aims to achieve a good mix of revenue and expenditure, focusing on the social sector, while maintaining stability in the economy.
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General Budget—Demands for Grants

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सेयरे कोर्चेस दिन के रंग के बढ़ते हुए स्वादयो दृष्टि में बढ़ते हुए रंगों ने इस नक्षत्रों के द्वारा दिखाई दी है। इसलिए, अगर कोई एक निजी नक्षत्र को देखना चाहता है, तो उसे 'कोर्चेस' की तरह दिखाया जा सकता है।

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Shri Gh.- Moti Lal - R.A. - Kya Aap ki Sambhal kya, hai kya, kyu? Eam - Shri.

Mr. Deputy Speaker: The hon Member's time is over.

Shri Parishad: -

Shri Gh.- R.A. - Kya Aap ki Sambhal hai kya, hai kyu?

Shri D.- Aap ki Sambhal hai kya aap ki Sambhal hai kya kyu?

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Shri Gh.- R.A. - Kya Aap ki Sambhal hai kya kyu?

Shri D.- Aap ki Sambhal hai kya aap ki Sambhal hai kya kyu?

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Shri Gh.- R.A. - Kya Aap ki Sambhal hai kya kyu?
General Budget—
Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954

Number of Police men Per square mile (Policemen) Per thousand population (Number of Police men) Police per square mile

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Police men</th>
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Cognizable crimes reported or thousand of population in Hyd.

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Adjoining provinces

Armed forces

Facilities

Trained hands
General Budget—
Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954

859

Increment

Erected

Detachment forces

New organisation

Suppress
General Budget—
Demands for Grants

Three major branches are involved in the implementation of the budget. The U.S. branch is responsible for the implementation of the budget in the United States, while the Intelligent branch is responsible for its implementation in the rest of the world. The Prosper branch is responsible for the implementation of the budget in the Asia-Pacific region. The budget is divided into ten percent of the total budget, with each branch receiving ten percent of the total budget. The budget is implemented under the supervision of the Finance Committee. The budget is implemented through various projects and programs, including education, healthcare, and infrastructure development.
Demands for Grants

General Budget—

15th March, 1954

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(R. T. A. Department)

(Regional languages)

(Representation)

(Anti-Corruption)

(Monopoly)

(Taxation—)

(Budget—)

(Lands—)

(Public Health—)

(Education—)

(Transport—)

(Supplementary—)

(Grants—)

(Regional languages)

(Crisis)

(R. T. A. Department)

(Representation)

(Monopoly)

(Taxation—)

(Budget—)

(Lands—)

(Public Health—)

(Education—)

(Transport—)

(Supplementary—)

(Grants—)
The house then adjourned for recess till Forty-five minutes Past Five of the clock.

The House re-assembled after recess at Forty five minutes Past five of the clock.

[ Mr. Deputy Speaker in the Chair ]

15th March, 1954

General Budget—
Demands for Grants

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General Budget—
Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954

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...
सही मानें में तो पुलिस बाबाम की मदद के लिये है और जान को सब तरह की सहायता पूरा-चाहा अनुकूल काम है। पुलिस के पास जाने के लिये कोमधी रोकते तो नहीं हैं। फिर भी छोड़ जान पुलिस के पास नहीं जाते वह पुलिस से बहुत लगते हैं। जिस तरह की पुलिस रखने से भय होगा? जिनके सो लोग लगते हैं तो भी संदर्भ में वे लोगों का बया भागा कर सकते हैं।

है? पुलिस बता रखे और पुलिस का कुछ काम नहीं है अर्थात् मेरा काना नहीं है और जानकार कुछ काम नहीं और जानकार कहता है, अंकित जिस नमूने से काम आप पुलिस रख रहे हैं बुझुसे कुछ भी फायदा नहीं हो रहा है, अंकित जिनके पास लोगों को जाना चाहिये बुझुसे तो लोग लगते हैं कि अंकि पुलिस लोगों का बया भागा करनें?

जो में उन्न देखते हैं अंदरूनी, नाकारी और विगार बंद नहीं हुई जाए है। पुलिस के लोग जब कभी दीदे पर जाते हैं तो इसे लोगों से बाराबर सृष्टि में काम करवाते हैं।

जिल्हाशाखा के विभाजन भी भी मुख्‍य अंदरूनी काम है। कभी जगह राजस्थान वालों के लिए और जिल्हाशाखा के लिए वह आदि वालों के लिए सरकार ने पैसे मंजूर किए थे। राजमार्गों का वाला है कि वहाँ पर जिल्हाशाखा के जमाने में घर और राजस्थान वालों के लिए और जिल्हाशाखा के लिए शीत उड़ियां बनाने के लिए देनों से नाम लिया गया तथा जान कर भी अन्तिम मुख्य काम की मजबूरी नहीं भेदित, और विवाद के लॉर पर बुझे वह काम करता पड़ा।

बजे में लॉकअप रिमांड के (Lock-up Remand) के विभाजन में बोजना भारत है। जब मुलाजिम को बदलते से हिरासत में रखा जाता है, और बुझूको की लाश तक लॉकअप रिमांड में रखा जाता है, कि अन्तिम मुख्य काम फैसला नहीं होता, तब के बीच के दिनों में बुझू मांगों की बया नहीं होती है, बारे में कहते हैं। जिनको बदलते से रिमांड मांग कर लॉकअप में रखा जाता है, जानकारी हालत तो अभी भी बहुत दूरी है। बुझूको नहाने चाेने के लिए भी बहुत नहीं छोड़ा जाता है। अंकि अंदरूनी तक तक लोग नहाने तक नहीं। बुझूको जी पालन के रहते हैं वह भी बिल्कुल बाराबर रहते हैं कि दो फाँसी के सबूत भारी है। और अंदरूनी हालत में बुझे बहुत रहना पड़ता है। जिस से तो जिन लोगों को सजा होजाने है बुझूका रहना बहुत है। अंकि अंदरूनी लोगों की हालत तो बहुत ही बाराबर होती है। आज भी बहुत पर बहुत हाल है। हिरासत में रखने के बाद बुझे रोजनां नहाने की विशेषता देने के लिए सरकार को बया तकलीफ होता है यह मराठी समय में नहीं जाता।

हमारे यहाँ जो कौस्तब जी की महत्व होती है, और बाद में बुझे जो ट्रेनिंग बी जाती है वह भी भी ठीक नहीं होता है। बुझे बीच बड़े बड़ा और ठीक के बढ़े तक नहीं जाता है। हाम बिखरा तो पास बुझे पड़ता है। अंकि लोगों को परेड करता कहां से आयेगा? बुझे तो बुझे भी ठीक के पहला नहीं जाते हैं। अंकि लोगों को ठीक तरह से देने में नहीं बाल्क। ठीक तरह से देने के लिए अंकित नहीं बाल्क। देने के लिए अंकित को ठीक के देने का विवेक कि जाना चाहिये।

पुलिस की जो तहकीकात होती है बुझे बाद में भी मुख्य कुछ अर्थ करनाई है। पुलिस अंकि-अंकि जब तहकीकात के लिए बाल्क है ये बाराबर तहकीकात नहीं करते। और जो लोग तहकीकात
General Budget—
Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954

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This page contains text in Hindi. It appears to be a discussion on budget demands and grants. The content is not legible due to the quality of the image.
General Budget—Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954

866 15% A 3I%rf A, 1954

General Budget—Demands for Grants

866 15% A 3I%rf A, 1954
General Budget—
Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954 867

...
ساتر روشنی، دلیل این مگر میں چند اور جزین کو یوون کو سامنے لایئے بہت زیادہ تعلیم رومکا - کیونکہ کشتی سالمین نے هم هی دیکھنے آئے ہیں کہ ہوسی شرعیت کے کسانہ کے نماں سے گرفتار شدہ انسان کو اپنے ہمیشہ میں لاکر رہو کر کے چند بین کیئے لگے مگر ہیں - اور اس کے واقعات بھی داڑھی سامنے لایئے گئے ہیں - جنگلہ بنی اپکا شخص کو سرقو کی ملیت ابنا ہوئی - حضور آباد پر گئے پر بہت باہر اور یاد فری پر

بی بی اس قسم کے واقعات ہوئے - جنگلہ تعلقہ میں بہت ہوئی اور اب پتھہ اور اب نبشتہ بیتا (کو - دیکھیں)

نوع خاصی آنہ نہیں اسی انفرادی (Information

نو معلوم ہوا کہ اس قسم کے ہدایتہ ویکے ہیں - انتی سیرس جیمز پولسی

کی تخفیف میں لگو گئے یک جانیہ ہیں ان کی جانیہ یک کبھی کا طریقہ ہوئی رائج رہے - امرہ لگے - سورنا جاجیہ - تخفیف یک سلسلہ میں کئیئے لگے جم حسن ہوگے - میں سیکٹر سیکٹر دے سکتا ہوں - ملن ہوئے کو بعض شہب ہیں کہ گرفتار کے گھن ہے -

اگر آب پر نسبتی عائد کریں یہ تو اس کے پہلے وقت لائیے - قانونی چاکور اب تک کیے ہیں -

لیکن اب ملزم کو بچا کر ان کی فول کرنا اینجا جاجیہ ہوئے - اور ان یہ انفرادیات\n
لینا جاجیہ ہے اس کو مشترکہ اور اسی دہمہ میں لگے کھاتے ہیں - اور وہ پر ٹریکن بر جلد پہلے ہیں - یہ کھڑی کس ایچ حمود کی اپنی مکھ کیا ہے - اس کے تھوڑے ہوگئے -

کے لیے جو طریقہ اب تک ہے اس کو بدل کے کیودکی کی وچیہ کے چارنہ چاہئے - اور جڑے اس قسم کے واقعات علامت کے سپر آئیں تو اون کی طرف فوراً توجہ ہیں - جاہتے - مین -

اس قسم کی شاکہ ہوئے کو مشترکہ اور اسی بچا کی ہیں - تعلقات رامہ بعد کیے پرولسے

جن ملزم کو گرفتار کیا اور ڈیکئے اور بڑی کون ہوئے - سیمی ہے انہوں ہوئے کون ہوئے ہوئے

مسیئر کے پاس پیش کیا ہے لیکن کو سب اسک되고 وہنہ کہ ملزم کو گرفتار ہے

لیکن کی دونوں نک اون کو ہوئے ہوئے بھیجا گیا - بھی ہوئے میں کہ چوہا گھیش شاک

کے زاویدہ کسی شخص کو پیلس اپنی حواس میں نہیں زیکر سکتا لیکن اس کے باوجود

اپنے ملازم کو عدلیہ پر وقت نہیں کا با جانئا - بکھے تین کھازنہ کو کھاکے ہے بے بھیجا جاتا ہے - اگر کہ گرفتار کی تاریخ غلط دھچ کی جاتی - حب کہ ہمیشہ آہن

ملازم کو اور اسی جائے کو ویکے ملزم کو ہاچ رکہ جائئے کا جائے - جائے کیے کھاکے ہے بے بھیجا جاتا ہے - اگر کہ گرفتار کی تاریخ غلط دھچ کی جائے - حب کہ ہمیشہ آہن

روپیہ پیش کی جائے ے - جسے پھیلے صاحب نہیں ہو پچھیکہ کہ ملزم کو کوئی گرفتار

کیا گا - ملزم کی دلائیل ہوئے یا نہیں - اس قسم کی تینی کی عدلیہ جوہان بھی

کمپکسی کے پیچھے کے واقعہ کو سلسلہ میں ہوئے ملازم صاحب کو خاص طور پر

روپیہ (Represent

ہوئے کے بعد سیئل لیکن پر بھی بھی بھی جائے کو عدلیہ

کا یکہم - اس میں یہ بہت ہوئے ہے اہل

یہ اس کا بعد سیئل لیکن پر بھی بھی بھی جائے کو عدلیہ
General Budget—
Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954

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General Budget—
Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954

R. T. D. (Depreciation fund)

Capital

Invest (Capital)
Purchasing

Idle

Provision

S. Subbaiah, Joint Secretary (Auditor):—

Sir,

In your letter of the 7th instant, you have requested me to submit the following statement of provisions for the current year. I am therefore submitting the statement attached herewith.

Yours faithfully,

S. Subbaiah

Joint Secretary (Auditor)
General Budget—
Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954

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The Chief Secretary, Government of India, 

To the Rt. Hon. The Indian Parliament,

In the House of Commons, London, W.C. 2.

Sir,—

I have the honour to submit to your Lordships the following financial demands which have been made in the public interest by various Departments of the Government of India. These demands, which are based on the Estimates for the year 1954-55, include grants-in-aid for the maintenance of certain public services and institutions, and for the assistance of certain public bodies and organizations. The total amount involved is...
विस्तृत लीडर आफ्द वायपोलैन ने जो ७५ लाख कम करने के लिए कटरोगण पेश किया है अपने किस्म आरोप होने सही स्थान है। ती साधन का व्यवहार बचने के लिए नूतनता नस्ल नहीं समाधाना। ती साधन का करना है जो भी जाने में हावू के समान रहे हैं अनु अघ गेहूई रूप है।

श्री. वासनाराय शेखमुश (मोमिनाबाद जनरल) — अध्यक्ष महाराज, गृहमंत्री जी

मला शुद्ध शेखमुश जी पीली बाल्यवर माल्यी के आपने लिया करिंग भी कार बुहंगी आहे। माला शुद्ध शेखमुश जी पीली बाल्यवर माल्यी के आपने लिया करिंग भी कार बुहंगी आहे।

ला गृहमंत्री असा प्रस्तुत विचारावलय आहे को तुम्हारा पीली बाल्यवर करिंग आहे।

बी.बी.भारती वालाकार केस बहु साधन भुमिः प्रस्तुत केला असता मला शुद्धाविद्याभरण बहुत देखान्त आहे। ज्या हीमाराविद्युत चौकी चाटू आहे त्याला तेव्रे देखाने फिक्तप योग्य आहे।

ती सब-किस्मेपेटर अहुवाही जोगताना बलकेस देखत आहे व केस वाचावलय प्रस्तुत करिंग आहे।

अने किंट मार्गी निर्माणावलय कोप्रेसी अध्यक्ष प्रदर्शन असे शुद्धालार काढले होळे की "निर्माणावलय पीली अभावी कृन्तव्र चक्क गृहपिकुलक मार्ग गृहमंत्री वास्तवावलय खोटे युक्त करने वाले देखून ला जेलमध्ये तांती बाणीम टांती आहेव व कृन्तव्र चक्क दावीत आहेत अन वास्तव कृन्तव्र चक्क दावीत नाहीत। तेव्र बिंदु आज थोरते बुतरे देखत आहे।

ला ल्याना विचारावलय आहे की नागाल वार्तालय केस सबे फिक्तप सत्य आहे।

श्री. रामायोशी बंतीवाड़ा पाटील—यह नाम लेना किस हूँ तक दिख है।

श्री. वासनाराय शेखमुश—सुखी केस दे बारे मे मुख कुछ कहता है जिस लिये हुँडा दे रहा हूँ

लानागार परजने याचे वर करतनुसर साहाय्य हुँड के पुष्पिकाल आरोप देखून आहे पण रुझाना विचारावलय आहे की ही केस बिंदुत आहे काय?

श्री. रतनलाल बोटेजाणा—स्वीकार सर, गह गेहूँ बाहांतीत जल रहा है, जुःका हुँडा देणा कहाँ तक सही है?

श्री. वासनाराय शेखमुश—मला ही संगमारावलय केस की तुम्ही दाख्षा गटाचा लोकांवर कोटे मुळम हें बालकांता। नान्दे वे संपाद ते ज्ञात नाहीत, नाहीतर ल्याना परजना सबची माहीती, शेखमुशा परजने।

ल्याना हुँडा केस बहुत लांट डरने सारी माहीत आहे। तुम्ही शेखमुशा लेखने ते शेखमुशा आहेव ते पहा।

मोमिनाबाद वेल्वेल डी. धारा. बेस्प. ती. श्री अन्वेषक वाच्याचे बाणकोने लोभवार सार्वजनिक" शेखमुश बाणी पंचात असे निर्माणावलय चक्काजालाची लांट माहिती होती, ला बुढा डी. २० डिसेंबर १९५३ रोजी हीमारावलय प्रस्तुत केला झाला, चौकी चाप आहे असे संगमारावलय कालावधी, श्री अन्वेषक वनी ७५ तोला माहिती मुळम ल्याना बाणी शेखमुश वेल्वेल व्हालेजन नांदे केली आहे, पण ला बाणाची अखून बांधू पाल इतशेष वेल्वेल भेटी गेली नाहीत।

तेव्र दुर्भाग्य जिल्हा नांदे बेल्वेल हस्तक नांदे मुळम वेल्वेल देश में विभेद फिलेक देखा केले केला (Complaints) केला, पण ल्याने ही फिलेक केले नाहीत, बुढा ल्याना
विभाजित बोधिक नाम है, वे लाख अलग साध्य नाम ये वे बांधे नाही।

श्री. सत्यानाथ कोठेच्छः—ये रीती में व्यक्तित्व नांव येथे चांगले नाही। ते लोक येथे भूकर देशास नाही, ते डोमेन नेवर ने क्यांश ठेवाये।

श्री. नामनाथ देशमुखः—सभारचन हे कोठी हृदय तयार बोधिक नाही, स्नेह मी बोधिक श्लोके। विशेषता चाहू बाहे मता नामा आदर्श बाहे। हुनही तो बोटा ठराव, आधि स्वर-मयं शमातलानी भेक चचिको गैटी नेमा, आधि चचिकी करा। जर हा चाच बोटा तर हे मी राजीनामा देशास ठराव आहे।

श्री. मुखियार राव कामजीकर—येथे जे लोक इतक नाहीत हवेच नांव येथे बेखून नये बाली माही वर्तकी आहे।

श्री. नामनाथ देशमुखः—तम्मचा राज्यांत विशेशबाजी चाहू बाहे असे माहू म्हणजेच बाहे।

श्री. आदि श्री. वेड्साने (पादरी) —मल्ल वित्तीय आहेत की लंगार आपणा मुळा संगाने पण

मोर दैनी ने स्पार्क ऑनराडॉट ते नाम ने लिहित हे.
15th March, 1954

General Budget—Demands for Grants

The demand for the following grants is deemed to be approved—

1. For the following grants for the year 1954-55 are approved:

   (a) 5% Grant on the budgeted expenditure of the Development
       Programme.

   (b) Grant for the purchase of the following essential goods:

      i. Building materials
      ii. Machinery
      iii. Vehicles

   (c) Grant for the purchase of the following essential services:

      i. Electrical energy
      ii. Water supply
      iii. Telephone services

2. The Government of India is requested to provide the following
   financial assistance:

   (a) Grant for the purchase of the following essential goods:

      i. Textiles
      ii. Chemicals
      iii. Fertilizers

   (b) Grant for the purchase of the following essential services:

      i. Medical services
      ii. Educational services
      iii. Legal services

3. The following grants are approved for the following purposes:

   (a) Grant for the development of the following industries:

      i. Textile
      ii. Pharmaceutical
      iii. Chemical

   (b) Grant for the promotion of the following educational institutions:

      i. Universities
      ii. Colleges
      iii. Schools

4. The following grants are approved for the following purposes:

   (a) Grant for the construction of the following buildings:

      i. Hospitals
      ii. Schools
      iii. Universities

   (b) Grant for the acquisition of the following equipment:

      i. Computers
      ii. Medical equipment
      iii. Educational equipment

5. The following grants are approved for the following purposes:

   (a) Grant for the development of the following resources:

      i. Water
      ii. Forest
      iii. Mineral

   (b) Grant for the conservation of the following resources:

      i. Wild life
      ii. Water bodies
      iii. Forests

6. The following grants are approved for the following purposes:

   (a) Grant for the rehabilitation of the following groups:

      i. Widows
      ii. Orphans
      iii.Persons with disabilities

   (b) Grant for the development of the following areas:

      i. Rural areas
      ii. Urban areas
      iii. Tribal areas

7. The following grants are approved for the following purposes:

   (a) Grant for the promotion of the following activities:

      i. Agriculture
      ii. Industry
      iii. Handicrafts

   (b) Grant for the development of the following areas:

      i. Border areas
      ii. Remote areas
      iii. Hill areas

8. The following grants are approved for the following purposes:

   (a) Grant for the relief of the following groups:

      i. Flood victims
      ii. Earthquake victims
      iii. Victims of natural disasters

   (b) Grant for the development of the following areas:

      i. Coastal areas
      ii. Desert areas
      iii. Mountainous areas

The sums approved are to be raised by way of grants from the Consolidated Fund of India.

(The signatures of the persons responsible for the grants are attached.)
General Budget—
Demands for Grants
15th March, 1954
875

Public interest

Dy. S. P.

Information

Leak

K. A. Halance

Information

Dissidents

Censorship

Politics

Corruption

Co-operation

Suppress

Armed struggle

Policies
General Budget—
Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954

Charge

Welcome

Village officials
Demand for Grants

15th March, 1954

General Budget—

دوسری بات یہ کہ آپ نے گذشہ مال کے اخراجات میں ایگریس (Teargas) کیلئے (1954-55) وہی بھیانا تھا - اس طرح لاہور رہیوں رہیوں کرے کے جاری ہے - اس مال میں بہت ایگریس کا مطلب آپ تبہیہ کریں - اور اہل رہیوں اس سال کیلئے آپ کا جواب ہے - جد و جدہ بھیوطہ مکمل ملائما میں-

آپ ایسے استعمال کریں - چیز ہیرنیہ ہیں، مزدور بیسفل ستھیا کریدہ ہوتے ہیں تو ان

جرہیہ قارچ کیا جاتا ہے انہیں ایگریس استعمال کی جاتی ہے - مخصوص اسلال کہ وہ مجنون

ہیں - وہ بہوک ہیں - مین سمجھتا ہوں کہ گذشہ مال میں ایگریس کا جو ایسا- حاصل کیا گیا ہے اب بہو موجود ہوگا - اسی صورت میں ہے 10،000 رہیا مزید-

یہ ایگریس خریدے کیلئے نہیں دئے جاسکہ-

بعض- ہزار یوں-

کہ بھی بے تھیکرتے رہی گے - ابتس- ہزار یوں-

کے لئے - ایک فائز اپلائے-

(五年计划) (Five Year Plan)

(Purchase of arms and ammunition)

کہ آپ یہ ایک فائز ہیں- اب یہ بہت کہ ہو گیا کہ مزید کچھ بھی تینس کو سپیٹا کرے گئے-

(تیار طالب پولیس اسٹیشن) (Temporary police stations)

دوسرے آئی رکو کہ آپ نے - روشنی داہل - بھی عیسی اس بارے میں زبانا کہ نہیں ہے - میرے-

تین ایگریس کا آپ اپنے 10 پولس اسٹیشنز رہکر ان پر 15 لاہور کا شریعت کریتے ہیں-

یہ بالکل نیز ہے - اینسیازیات کیا جانے چاہیے - با کم از کم جتنی بھی کم کے-

(بھاری) کہ ایسی یہ کہا جا گیا - اگر ایسی اپنی کئی تو غلام کے مفاد کیلئے بھی بہتر ہوگا-

پھر جن کے متعلق میں ایک آئی روائنی - میں میں جمع کہ روائنی کے-

ارہی ہے - کہا ہے کہ ایک اپنی چوئی میں ایکو نے پڑھا سب گھڑیوز کی-

(آئیزیک) کیا جانے چاہیے - اب-

رک نہ کوئی کافی پہچتی ہوئی کے-
Sri R. B. Deshpande: Mr. Speaker, Sir. I have so far heard several arguments from the hon. Members of the Opposition. I would tell them that it serves no purpose to go into all the details and quote figures and statistics. I am not a statistician nor do I like them. Quoting figures is a mechanical process; there is not much of intellectual thought in it. Therefore when considering the increase in police expenditure, I would look at them from a psychological point of view; not merely from a mechanical point of view.
Our time is being wasted since morning in quoting so many types of figures, but no good suggestion is being put forward by the hon. Members of the Opposition.

(Interruptions. Several members rose)

Shri R. B. Deshpande: Hon. the Deputy Speaker will decide the matter. Hon. Members have no right to dictate. Without wasting the time of the House, why should not the Members of the Opposition give some concrete suggestions to improve the department.

(Interruptions)

Shri R. B. Deshpande: I request the hon. Members to have some patience. When I am behaving peacefully, they must also behave peacefully.

Shri G. Sreeramulu: On a point of order, Sir. I want to know from the hon. Member whether the time taken by him is a waste or not. In that way, our sitting here in the Assembly itself is a waste. There is no point in saying such things.

(Interruptions)

Shri R. B. Deshpande: I should like to withdraw the words, if the hon. Deputy Speaker thinks it is against the decency of the House.

It has been put forward from time to time by the hon. Members of the Opposition that the present police is not efficient. I do not like to accept this statement. I would of
course like to make a difference between inefficiency and inexperience. The members may say that a portion of the Police Department is inexperienced, but they are not inefficient. I can quote hundreds of examples, but there is no time. Just after Police Action so many officers were imported into the State. I should like to ask members on both the sides of the House, if those people were inefficient. Not at all. Sometimes it is stated that the police of this State is also inefficient. There also I do not agree. But there is one defect looked from the psychological point of view—it is my personal opinion and others may differ with me. I often found, during the course of my tours, that there is no proper co-operation between the Muslim Police Officers and the Hindu Police Officers of the State.

I thought deeply over this matter. I admit that there is some lack of co-operation between these Officers, but then I am at a loss to understand why this point should be raised at all here. At least I am not able to make out any reason.

Another point that has been attacked with vehemence by the members of the Opposition is that there is no repatriation of the Officers who came from outside at all. It is unfortunate that the members of the Opposition should at this stage talk of repatriation. This word ‘repatriation’ that has been repeatedly said by the hon. Members of the Opposition at once reminds me of the sad and sorrowful events that took place all over Hyderabad some-time back in connection with the Mulki and non-Mulki agitation. In spite of all the troubles, our benign Government, the Police Department or the Home Minister so to say—in accordance with the wishes of most of the hon. Members of the Opposition has succeeded in repatriating almost all the Officers, except in a few cases where the circumstances and necessities demanded the retention of certain Officers. I would request the hon. Members not to criticise the Government just for the sake of criticism. When there is criticism there should be some constructive points. I would like to ask why the members of the Opposition do not put forward some constructive points just as some of my friends on this side of the House have the broad-mindedness to do as to how the Police Department should work?

There has been a lot of criticism in this House about care-
clapping cannot be done with only one hand; two hands are needed for clapping. The same is the case with regard to corruption. The morale of the whole public has gone down—I am sure there will be least contradiction in this respect. The public are as much responsible for corruption as the person who takes bribes. Some people go to the extent of compelling the Officers to accept bribes. I would like to ask, who is responsible for increasing this disease of corruption? If the people are honest in their views, and in their intentions and if there is moral integrity, the Officers cannot take bribes. We should not blame the Police Officers alone. What I mean to say is that when we do a certain thing we must try to understand whether we are responsible to a certain extent or not.

One of the members yesterday or day before yesterday happened to pass a very funny remark—I cannot say 'humorous', because humour has got a certain limit. I might in this connection recall the date when I was studying Constitutional Law in my LL B. class written by Dicy, where it is said that the British Parliament can do anything and everything except that it can not make a man a woman and a woman a man. One of the members yesterday happened to say that the Police had gone even to the extent of converting a man into a woman. I would only say 'do not discourage or abuse the Police so much'. Reforms are being carried out in the Police and, as I pleaded in my last speech, let us have some patience. Everything will take its own time. We cannot change everything overnight. It is easy to say so many things, but to do all of them is miracle. I would once again request the hon. Members to make constructive criticism and not destructive criticism.

The other day, the hon. Leader of the Opposition threatened to resign his seat and just now one more Member also said he would resign. I would ask them 'why should they make any delay in resigning'; why should they not resign just now?

Shri K. Venkatrama Rao: What for?

Shri K. Ananth Reddy: There are conditions attached to the resignation.

Shri R. B. Deshpande: Why should they attach conditions for the resignation? They might say that since such and such a thing has not been done they were resigning...
Shri K. Venkatrama Rao : We said that if the Chief Minister could prove what we said was incorrect we would resign....

Shri R. B. Deshpande : I do not want to be interrupted. Why do the hon. Members not resign once the present Government is not prepared to do a certain thing. Let them resign at once and we are prepared to accept the resignations. Let them not utter such threats. This Government is not a weak Government and it will not be cowed down by threats of resignation.

Some members have criticised the administration of Jails. I was an inmate of the Central Jail in Aurangabad for 15 long months and there is not an iota of truth in the criticism levelled against the Jail administration. The jail administration is being improved to a large extent. The prisoners nowadays are being given very good treatment. As a matter of fact we (the Government) went to the extent of saying that the prisoners should be given a feast every week. The prisoners are being provided with a lot of amenities. In spite of all that is being done, it is being said that there are no reforms at all in the Jail administration. In this respect, I differ greatly with the opinions and criticism expressed by the hon. Members of the Opposition.

There are many more things which have been said by the Opposition Members. I am dead against the introduction of women into Police Department. Some of the hon Members tried to be humorous while speaking on this subject. I do not call it 'humour', because it cannot be 'humour' unless 'wit' is associated with it.

Wit should be seasoned with humour and humour should be seasoned with wit. I have got so many things to tell the House in this connection with reference to the Police Department, but unfortunately there is no time. I would however tell the House one instance. When I was in Parbhani Club about 4 years back, we gathered there to celebrate the Republic Day on 26th January and in that connection we arranged a fancy dress programme. This incident will speak to the desirability or otherwise of having women in the Department. We had a beautiful D.S.P.—I do not say handsome. According to the fancy dress programme, he had put on a rose coloured sari. I put on a peasant's dress and nobody could recognise me in that dress. During the course of the entertainment, the question came up. "Where was the D.S.P.?". It was said that he may be somewhere outside. I said 'Just take
care of him, lest some constable may come and take him off'.
What I mean to tell the House is that the introduction of
Police Department is highly undesirable. In Australia,
Germany, women into this England. America, Russia and other
foreign countries, they have got morale and unless we too
come up to that standard, it is not desirable to have women
in the police department.

One more word about the Police Department. I admit
to a certain extent the Opposition members have really
said good many points about the operation and practice of the
Police. To cite my own experience, when I was going
through my constituency I happened to go to one village
& as I am in the habit of rising early & performing my Siva
Puja, I went to a Brahmin Police Patel’s house. There the Police
Patel gave me all facilities and I took my meals also there.
Somebody gave a report of my stay there to the Police Sub-Ins­
pector of the place who fearing that the Patel might have told
me, a congress man, all about him, threatened the patel
saying ‘You are responsible for telling all about me to a cong­
ress-man. Beware of the consequences’. Two months there­
after, with the help of some Marathas he got the Brahmin
Police Patel belaboured and his nose cut away. This is the
condition of the Police Department. That poor man is now
undergoing treatment in the Osmania Hospital and whether
he could get his nose restored or not is to be seen. The hon.
Home Minister will excuse me if I am frank in this connection.
The defect is at the top. If the hon. Minister is kind enoipgh
to at least probe into these matters and take strict action,
I am quite sure that within a year or two—I cannot say within
a month or two the matters will be set right. It is not a
joke to run the administration; it is difficult to run ordinary
families and these activities of the Police could be considerably
checked. We have got also a Deputy Minister incharge of the
Home Department. I request them both to take strict action
against the criminal activities of the Police Department so
as to bring the thin^ to normalcy.

With these words I take my seat.

Shri K. Raja Malhu: Today we are discussing a very
important subject because it attracts the opinion of the pea-
sants in the villages and workers in the factories. The hon.
Member who has just now closed seems to think that we enter-
tain bad opinions about the police officers. It is not so.
Again, he would like to say that the Police are not inefficient but are rather inexperienced. It is not like that. I say it is their inability because they will be under the influence of the local Congress leaders which we are seeing every day in villages. The local Congress leaders and others working under them exert much pressure on these Police Officers. Recently some thefts occurred in my constituency and all those cases have been brought to the notice of the hon. the Home Minister and it has been represented to him how the local Sub-Inspector and other Police Officers have been influenced by the local Congress people who have tried their best to mislead them. We are even afraid to bring to the notice of the local officers such incidents because they are all amenable to the influence of the Congress leaders and that is the reason why we have brought the matter to the direct notice of the hon. Minister. As an example, I bring to the notice of the hon. Members of the House about a theft that took place in Khanapur Taluqa where about 80 tolas of gold and about 486 tolas of silver was stolen. On complaint the matter was investigated by the Police who reduced the stolen property to only 88 tolas which was in the beginning 80 tolas of gold. This matter too has been brought to the notice of the hon. Home Minister, and I do not know what action has been taken thereon. When we are spending so much money on the Police Department, it is a matter for consideration that they are, instead of doing their duty properly and helping the poor people, behave in a manner not expected of them. They take undue advantage of the ignorance of our poor people and threaten them and probe even into their house-hold affairs unnecessarily harass them and take bribes from them. The local officers are not in a position to take any action against such people. What is the reason for this state of things? The reason is clear. Instead of taking any action, they even defend them. Such things are going on.

The defect lies at the bottom also. These Police officers are continuing since the British regime and instead of giving them a good training to enable themselves to behave people in a democratic way, but an altogether different training was given to them as a result of which they are taking undue advantage of the ignorance of the people and giving them troubles. I have brought to the notice of the hon. Minister three or four cases. If I refer to all those cases, one month may not be enough. Such things are occurring daily. When we spend so much amount on Police and giving them so
many facilities, they must give sympathetic consideration to the grievances of the poor people.

A word on Court-affairs. On the one side, our people are very poor and are not in a position to spend money on Court affairs. They are not even in a position to pay the vakil fees. Often times justice is also much delayed. My appeal is to see that justice is not delayed, it should be cheap and within the reach of the poor people.
15th March, 1954

General Budget—Demands for Grants

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General Budget—
Demands for Grants

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General Budget—
Demands for Grants

It may be observed that the budget for the financial year 1954-55 has been framed on the following principles:

1. The budget is based on the assumption that the revenue for the year will be as estimated in the budget.

2. The budget is designed to meet the requirements of the government and to provide for the development of the country.

3. The budget is also designed to provide for the repayment of loans and the servicing of the public debt.

4. The budget is designed to provide for the welfare of the people and to promote the economic development of the country.

5. The budget is designed to provide for the maintenance of law and order and the defence of the country.

6. The budget is designed to provide for the education and health of the people.

7. The budget is designed to provide for the social welfare of the people.

8. The budget is designed to provide for the industrial development of the country.

9. The budget is designed to provide for the commerce and trade of the country.

10. The budget is designed to provide for the agriculture and fisheries of the country.

The budget is estimated to provide for the following:

1. Revenue from customs and excise duties.

2. Revenue from income-tax.

3. Revenue from sales-tax.

4. Revenue from property-tax.

5. Revenue from other sources.

6. Expenditure on public works.

7. Expenditure on public relief.

8. Expenditure on public welfare.

9. Expenditure on education.

10. Expenditure on health.

11. Expenditure on industry.

12. Expenditure on commerce and trade.

13. Expenditure on agriculture and fisheries.

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Discharge

General Budget—
Demands for Grants

15th March, 1954

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8.00 p.m. The House then adjourned till Half Past Two of the Clock on Tuesday, the 16th March, 1954.