HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES

Official Report

CONTENTS

Stated Questions and Answers
Unstarred Questions & Answers
L A Bill No 29 of 89 A Bill to Amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act (Passed) 183-205
L A Bill No 83 of 1989 the Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1989 (1st Reading incomplete) 206-221

Price Eight Anna

GOVERNMENT PRESS
HYDERABAD D.N.
1989
THE HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Tuesday, the 25th November, 1952

The Assembly met at Half Past Two of the Clock

[MR. SPEAKER IN THE CHAIR]

Starred Questions and Answers

Mr Speaker Let us take up questions

Taccavi Loans

*94 (90) Shri Veenendra Patel (Aland) Will the hon Chief Minister be pleased to state

What is the procedure adopted by the Government in issuing Taccavi loans to agriculturists?

Mr Speaker Are there no rules regarding the Taccavi loans?

Mr Speaker Let us take up questions
Mr Speaker Next question

The hon Chief Minister was pleased to state

Whether there is any proposal before the Government to constitute Advisory Bodies at District level and entrust the work of granting Taccavi loans to agriculturists to such bodies?

Mr Speaker Next question
Inams

96 (261) Shri Udhav Rao (Osmangabad—General)
Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state
(a) The total number of Inamdais in Hyderabad State?
(b) The total acreage of Inam lands in Hyderabad State?
(c) What is the difference of land assessed as Inam and that is not so assessed?
(d) What is the total assessment on the Inam lands?

Inams (Inama Enfranchisement Act)
25th Nov 1962

Starred Questions and Answers

Rehabilitation Scheme

*38 (52) Shri K L Narasimha Rao Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) The number of villages evacuated under the Rehabilitation Scheme in Yellandu taluq?

(b) The acreage of land left uncultivated as a result?

Answer under “Unstarred Questions and Answers”
Illegal Evictions

Shri K. L. Naarsimha Rao: Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state:

(a) Whether and if so how many tenants were evicted illegally by the landlords in Yellanuru, Palvancha, Bogampahad and Mulug taluqs?

(b) What steps have been taken in regard to such tenants?
Primary School Buildings

100 (889) Shri Lumbaji Muktay (Manylegaon) Will the hon Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that certain plots of land in villages of Manylegaon taluq of Bhir district allotted for Primary School Buildings (which have not been constructed for some years) are not allowed to be cultivated by the Government?

(b) If so, is land revenue recovered from the owners of the land?

Illegal Gratification

101 (57) Shri Vaman Rao Deemulak (Mominabad) Will the hon Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Girdawars of Mominabad taluq accepted an illegal gratification of Rs 840 in April 1951?

(b) If so, has any inquiry been made and action taken in the matter?
Mr Speaker Next question Shri M Buchah

Shri M Buchah (Surpui) This question is no longer important because it has been asked in the last session This Tahsildar is no more there

Mr Speaker Therefore, the hon Member does not want to put the question?

Shri M Buchah Yes Sir

Mr Speaker Next question, Shri M Buchah
Khanapur Tahsildar

"108 (218) Shri M Buchah Will the hon Chief Minister be pleased to state

The qualifications of the Tahsildar of Khanapur taluq Adilabad district and what post he held prior to his appointment as Tahsildar?"

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao: As there is no Tahsildar at Khanapur, the question of his qualifications does not arise. Khanapur is a Muhal and a Naib Tahsildar is in charge of the same. Shri Krishnamachari was Naib Tahsildar till his reversion to parent department (Education). The present Naib Tahsildar of Khanapur is Shri John Wesley who is a graduate. He was 2nd grade clerk and was promoted as Naib Tahsildar on 14.4.1948.

Jagir Abolition Scheme

"104 (219) Shri M Buchah Will the hon Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that some of the Mazras (hamlets) belonging to Jagurs and Makhtas have not been taken over by our Government under the Jagir Abolition Scheme?

(b) If so why and what is the total number of such small villages?"

Jagir Abolition

Serai in Ram Kusar Raul Kukre coinsel regolos (Regulations) Part of a Jagir (Ruler) is a system of estate which belongs to the jagir system. Ruler in English is a definition which is to be understood. In English this is called a serai. Raul is a serai and regolos is its regolos. The total number of such small villages is not known.

For the Chief Minister to reply to the question of Raul Kusar Raul Kukre coinsel regolos (Regulations) Part of a Jagir (Ruler) is a system of estate which belongs to the jagir system. Ruler in English is a definition which is to be understood. In English this is called a serai. Raul is a serai and regolos is its regolos. The total number of such small villages is not known.
105 (228) Shri G Rajaram (Amroha) Will the hon Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that Government has consumed one lakh gallons of petrol between March and November 1950 and that 10,000 gallons have been consumed by the Rajpiamukh?

(b) What is the total consumption of petrol on the town of Ministers?

Rai Lanki to Karimnagar and Nalgonda

*106 (257) Shri J B Mutyal Rao (Secunderabad Reserved) Will the hon Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether the Government had made representations to the Government of India for connecting by rail districts of Karimnagar and Nalgonda with Hyderabad City?
(b) If not do the Government intend to make such representation at least now?

"107 (42) Shri Ankush Rao Venkat Rao (Partur) Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state —

(a) What is the amount of Rayalaseema Relief Fund to be collected in the State?

(b) Whether the Revenue Officers are authorised to collect this fund?

(c) Whether it is a fact that in Partur taking Rayalaseema Fund is being collected without issuing receipts thereof?

Rayalaseema Relief Fund

(Target) 107 (42) Shri Ankush Rao Venkat Rao (Partur) Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state —

(a) What is the amount of Rayalaseema Relief Fund to be collected in the State?

(b) Whether the Revenue Officers are authorised to collect this fund?

(c) Whether it is a fact that in Partur taking Rayalaseema Fund is being collected without issuing receipts thereof?
(Not Answered)

سریعی رام کس راول اسکری سے متعلق ریل سرکاری عاطفہ کی سمجھ

(Not Answered)

سریعی رام کس راول سے متعلق ہو اور کسی اسکری کی سمجھ کی؟

سریعی رام کس راول کسی اسکری سے ہو ایسی کہاں کہی جان؟

سریعی رام کس راول کسی اسکری سے ہو ایسی کہاں کہی جان؟ راساء کا یہ روم وصول کی

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کا حال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?

سریعی کی کسی اسکری کاحال اور ہوایا کے وصول کرنا کی ضرورت?
20th Nov 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

108 (41) Shri Ankush Rao Venkat Rao Wll the hon Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether Paham Patrika showing possession of land are filed by Patwars in Tahsil Offices annually?

(b) If so whether Partur Tahsil Office has received all the Paham Patrika for the year 1951-52?

(c) Whether it is a fact that many protected tenants are being evicted from their lands by reason of wrong entries in Paham Patrika?

(d) How many such cases are pending?

(e) Whether the Government intend to take speedy action to remedy such defects?

Paham Patrika
Civil Hospital Karimnagar

*109 (854A) Shri Ch Venkat Rama Rao (Karimnagar)
Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

(2) What are the total receipts from in-patient wards in Karimnagar Civil Hospital during each month of the year 1952?
(b) What is the total expenditure incurred on this hospital during this year?

College for Khammamgar

*110 (855) Shri Ch Venkabamma Rao Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

(a) Whether there is any proposal before the Government to start a College in Khammamgar district?

(b) Whether Government have received any representations from the people of Khammamgar in this regard?

(c) What is the total number of high school students and especially students of 10th Class in Khammamgar Distict?

Proposed

(Proposal)
Text Books for Schools

111 (292) Shri Jai Ram Reddy (Narsapur) Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state —

(a) Whether different text-books have been prescribed for each district of the State? If so, why?

(b) Whether the Government are aware of the difficulties caused to the students of one District to get admission into schools of a different district during the educational term, due to variation of books?

(c) If so, whether Government intend to take any action in the matter?

(d) Whether text-books are changed every year, if so why?

(e) Whether it is a fact that books were changed once in three years till five years ago If so, why has that procedure been abandoned now?
(Ay) A man with a small heart has a small mind and a small mind is a small mind.

On 25th Nov 1952 Smt. Uddhav Rama Patil said:

What is the number of full fledged Government High Schools in the State?

Mr. Speaks: Next question Shri Udhav Rao Patil
118 (262A) Sh. Udhav Rao Patil Will the hon. Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

What is the number of full fledged Government Aided High Schools in Hyderabad State?

H S C Examinees

114 (262B) Shri Udhav Rao Patil Will the hon. Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

What is the number of students who were sent up by the Government High Schools for H S C Examination of 1962?

Laughter

115 (262C) Shri Udhav Rao Patil Will the hon. Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

What is the number of students who were sent by the Government Aided High Schools for H S C Examination of 1962?

Percentage of Passes

*116 (262D) Shri Udhav Rao Patil Will the hon. Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

What is the percentage of students that passed from the Government High Schools?
117 (262E) Shri Udhav Rao Patil Will the hon Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state what is the percentage of HSC results in the Government Aided High Schools in the year 1952? (Figures) (Efficient)

What is the percentage of successful candidates in HSC Examination in Government High Schools and Private High Schools in 1950 51?
1st Question and Answer 192

Education Department's Report

119 (262G) Shri Udham Rao Patil. Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

Whether the Education Department has published its report for the year 1950-51?

Hyderabad Annual Administration Report

Opening of a Hospital

120 (128) Shri Srinivas Rao (Duchpall). Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

(a) Whether the Government propose to open a hospital in Nizam pet town Nizamabad taluq?

(b) If so, when?

SI M G Rajaram. Is it a fact that the Deputy Collector of Nizamabad has privately collecting funds for the construction of this hospital?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi. I have no knowledge of that
Mr Speaker How can he go to Nizamabad and

Shri G. Rayaram Because this town is in Nizamabad Division and the Deputy Collector

Mr Speaker Order, Order, let us proceed to next Question

Medical Boxes in Districts

*121 (185A) Shri Sripat Rao Kadam (Bhur) Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

Whether it is a fact that the Medical Boxes sent to districts, particularly to Bhur within the last six months did not contain any medicine?

Unemployment Insurance Scheme

*122 (258) Shri J B Mutyala Rao Will the hon. Minister for Labour, Rehabilitation, Information and Planning be pleased to state

(a) Whether the State Government has made any representation to the Government of India, regarding introduction of Unemployment Insurance Scheme in any of the Industrial areas of Hyderabad?

(b) If not, whether the Government has any such scheme under contemplation?

(c) If so, what are its details?

The Minister for Labour, Rehabilitation, Information and Planning (Shri V B Raju)

(a) No

(b) Nil

(c) Does not arise

(Questions Received After 16-9-1962)

Protected Tenants

*15 (185) Shri Udhay Rao Patil Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) The number of applications received from the
protected tenants in Osmanabad district for purchase of
lands, since 10th June, 1950?

(b) How many applications have been granted?

Shri M S Rajalingam (Warangal) Will the hon
Minister for Local Self-Government be pleased to
state

The number of persons who have been evicted from
C I B Blocks on the ground that they have their own houses
in the Hyderabad City?

Shri M S Rajalingam Is it a fact that evictions have
now been stopped, and, if so, the reasons for it?

Shri Anna Rao Ganamuthu Evictions, have not been
stopped and every case is being examined on its own merits

Meeting of 16 M M Projector

Shri M S Rajalingam Will the hon Minister
for Labour, Rehabilitation, Information and Planning be
pleased to state

The results of enquiry made by Government regarding
the missing of 16 m.m projector of the Information Depart-
ment which the hon Minister promised to place before the
House?

Shri V B Babu As a result of the enquiry made into
this affair, an officer of the Department of Information and
Public Relations was found to be responsible for the loss of
this Government property. It was therefore decided to
recover the cost of the article from the Officer

Five-Year Plan.

Shri M S Rajalingam Will the hon Minister
for Labour, Rehabilitation, Information and Planning be
pleased to state

(a) Whether detailed plan for each district with re-
gard to the different Development Programmes
relating to the Five-Year Plan have been prepared?

(b) Do the Government intend publishing them for public information?

(c) Is there any proposal before the Government to get the work of Community projects done through Constructive Workers of eminence just as in Madras under the supervision of the Government with necessary financial and technical aid?

(d) What are the salaries paid to those undergoing training as Village Level Workers? Are they in conformity with the advertisement issued by the Government in this connection?

Shri V. B. Raju (a) & (b) The detailed plans with regard to different development programmes relating to the Five-Year Plan for each district are under preparation. As soon as they are ready, they will be published for public information.

(c) No such proposal is before the Government at the moment.

(d) The Village Level Workers are being paid Rs. 50 per month during the training period. Originally it was intended to pay them Rs. 80, but to maintain uniformity in the scales of pay as obtained in other States, this reduction had to be made.

Shri M. S. Rajalingam Did the Government ascertain whether the funds required to meet the estimated expenditure of the schemes mentioned in the Five-Year Plan have been provided by the concerned Department?

Shri V. B. Raju Provided by the Department or to the Department?

Shri M. S. Rajalingam Provided by the Department?

Shri V. B. Raju The Departments do not provide money. The Government provides money to the Departments. Departments are parts of Government and they execute the programmes with the money provided to them by the Government.
Shri M S Rajalingam: My question is, Sir, whether all the estimated expenditure for executing the schemes which have been included in the Five-year Plan as published by the Government of Hyderabad is provided for by the Departments concerned?

Shri V B, Raju: I can just answer him taking his viewpoint. The hon. Member means whether the Government has provided the necessary funds to the Departments as have been sanctioned or visualised. In the first year plan, all the monies have been provided. In the second year plan, only 80 lakhs of rupees could be provided and more than this could not be provided.

Shri M S Rajalingam: Are the Government ready to consider the relative merits of this proposal?

Shri V B, Raju: I have already stated that there is no non-official agency but that two persons who have been public workers have been appointed on salary basis. They become officials the moment they have been appointed by the Government.

Shri M S Rajalingam: Are the Government ready to appoint a similar personnel here also?

Shri V B, Raju: If such personnel are available and if the Government feels that they are fit and if those persons would like to come under the Hyderabad Civil Service Rules losing their non-official character, this will be considered.
Publicity in Razakar Regime

*19 (712) Shri Syed Hasan (Hyderabad City) Will the hon Minister for Labour, Rehabilitation, Information and Planning be pleased to state

(a) Whether and, if so, what amount was paid to Gulam Mohamed Calcuttawala by the Razakar Government for purposes of propaganda and publicity?

(b) If so, whether any amount has been subsequently recovered from his property after his escape to Pakistan?

Shri V. B. Rayu

(a) A sum of O S Rs. 2,47,500 was paid to him on the following accounts

O S Rs. 1,14,000 for publishing a daily newspaper called the ‘Telugu Meezan’, and

O S. Rs. 1,33,500 for running a News Agency called the Indo-Pakistan News Agency

In return, Mr Calcuttawala agreed to give the above service.

(b) As at the time of the scrutiny of accounts it was found that Mr Calcuttawala genuinely spent Rs 67,875 for the publication of the Telugu Meezan, only the balance of Rs 1,30,125 was ultimately claimed from him as he did not later abide by the terms of the contract.

As the Meezan Press, which was all the property left behind by Mr Calcuttawala, was subsequently declared as evacuee property, a claim has been lodged with the Custodian of Evacuee Property for the recovery of the above amount from this property.

Shri V. B. Rayu

I require notice.

Shri V. B. Rayu

As I said, it is with the Custodian of Evacuee Property and the information in my possession is that it has been allotted to a refugee.
Shri V B Rayu  The information in the possession of the Government is that the value of the property left behind is worth about 90 lakhs of rupees.

Shri V B Rayu  I think the hon. Member has not followed my answer, viz., that it has been declared as Evacuee property. The moment it is so declared it goes to the Central Government and the State Government has no jurisdiction over it.

Unstarred Questions & Answers

(Questions Received before 16-9-1952)

Enquiry into Corruption Cases

*97 (801) Shri Gangula Bhoomiah (Metpalli)  Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state whether it is a fact that the Tahsildar of Metpalli insists upon an amount of Rs. 800 being deposited before he enquires into any case of corruption complained to him?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao  It is a fact that in three cases, the Naib Tahsildar of Metpalli obtained a security of Rs. 800 in May 1952 from complainants, who demanded the immediate suspension of village officials before enquiry. The demand of cash security from the informant of the complaints, alleging malpractices by Government employees, is provided in Circular No. 15 dated 17-8-1886 F. The amount to be deposited as cash security depends on the nature of the complaint, the status of the complainant and the party complained against. The Full Board of Revenue have recently discussed the question on the demand of security from
complainants and instructions are being issued to Collectors to require reference to them and such cases where cash security is remanded and guide subordinate officers on the merit of each case.

(Questions Received after 16-9-1952)

Protected Tenants

15 (763) Shri Udhav Rao Patil Will the hon Chief Minister be pleased to state

The number of protected tenants in Osmanabad district?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao The number of protected tenants in Osmanabad District is 25,441

Restoration of Tenants

16 (764) Shri Udhav Rao Patil Will the hon Chief Minister be pleased to state

The number of tenants to whom lands have been restored under Ordinance No 144 of 1952 in Osmanabad district?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao The total number of tenants to whom lands have been restored under the Ordinance is 709

L A. Bill No XXIX of 1952, a bill to amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act.

Mr Speaker Let us now proceed to the Legislative work, viz., Second Reading of L A Bill No XXIX of 1952 Some amendments to this Bill were received. I think, hon. Members have received copies of the amendments

Shri G Hanumanth Rao No

Mr Speaker Probably, the hon Member might not have received them, but other members have received them

Shri A Rama Reddy Mr Speaker, Sir, Before I move the amendment standing in my name, I want to know whether the motion for the Second Reading of the Bill has been adopted.
Mr Speaker  Have I not said so? I said the motion for
the second Reading of the Bill was adopted

Shri A Raya Reddy  The motion for the second reading
of the Bill was not adopted.

Shri Jagannath Rao Chanderia  The motion was not
adopted.

Mr Speaker  As per the records, motion for second read-
ing was adopted yesterday

Shri A Raya Reddy  Sir, I beg to move

'That in clause 2 of the Bill, for the words “two
thousand”, the following words, namely, “four
thousand” be substituted.'

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao  I am afraid that copies of the
amendments have not been circulated.

Mr Speaker  I think most of the hon. Members have
received them

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao  Neither my colleagues nor
myself have received them

Mr Speaker  They were kept in the pigeon-holes.

Shri Jagannath Rao Chanderia  For the Ministers, along
with the agenda of the day, copies of amendments also should
be supplied.

Mr Speaker  But, the hon. Minister should know that the
amendments were received in the office today at 12 noon

Motion moved

'That in Clause 2 of the Bill, for the words “two
thousand” the following words, namely, “four
thousand” be substituted.”

Has the hon. Member (addressing Shri Raja Reddy) got
a copy of the Original Section? Let us see how this fits in
there. This itself is an amending Bill and an amendment has
been proposed to that amending Bill. We should therefore
see how the proposed amendment fits in the original section.
Let the hon. Member read the original Section with the amendment proposed to be moved by the Bill itself now, and state what is his amendment to the Amending Bill, so that the point may be made clear to us.

Shri A. Raja Reddy: I simply moved my amendment because there is another amendment of the same kind standing in the name of Shri Narayan Rao Vakil, and I wanted to speak on my amendment after that amendment is also moved.

M. Speaker: Unfortunately, I was also not supplied with a copy of the list of amendments. Let us take up that amendment also.

Shri Narayan Rao Vakil: Sir, I do not wish to move my amendment.

In Clause 5 of Section 9 of the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act (hereinafter referred to as the said Act) for the words ‘one thousand’ the words ‘two thousand’ shall be substituted.

...
I A Bill No XXXIX of 1924

a Bill to Amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act

186

25th Nov, 1923

Section 29 (Representation)

Section 29 provides for the representation of the interests of the Muslim community in the appointment of judges to the higher civil courts of the Hyderabad State. The section ensures that at least one out of three judges of the Supreme Court and two out of five judges of the High Court are Muslim. It also provides for the appointment of Muslim judges to the lower courts, ensuring their representation according to their percentage in the general population.

29. The Supreme Court and the High Court shall consist of at least one judge of the Muslim community, if the community is considered to be one of the Scheduled Castes, and of two judges of the Muslim community if the community so desires, or if the community is considered to be a Scheduled Tribe.

29A. Every district court shall consist of at least one judge of the Muslim community, if the community is considered to be one of the Scheduled Castes, and of two judges of the Muslim community if the community so desires, or if the community is considered to be a Scheduled Tribe.
L A Bill No YYIX of 1952
a Bill to Amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act
L A Bill No XXIX of 1952 25th Nov 1952
a Bill to Amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act

(Proviso)

A computer

187
a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act

Bill No XXXIX of 1952

26th Nov 1952

Page 5

(English translation)

Section 1. (1) The Governor in Council shall, upon the recommendation of the Government of the Hyderabad State, make rules for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act or for the more effective carrying out of any part of the provisions of this Act.

(2) No rule made under this section shall be made without the previous approval of the Governor in Council.

Section 2. A rule made under this Act shall, unless otherwise provided by the rule, come into force on such date as the Governor in Council may appoint by notification in the Official Gazette.

Section 3. This Act may be cited as the Hyderabad Civil Courts (Amendment) Act, 1952.
Mr. Speaker: The Minister has already replied. Before his reply I waited for nearly three minutes but as no hon. Member rose in his seat I asked him to reply.
Does the hon Member want the amendment to be put to vote?

Shri A Raj Reddy Yes

Mr Speaker The Question is

That for the words two thousand in clause 2 of the said Bill the following words be substituted namely—Four thousand

The Motion was negatived

Mr Speaker The Question is

That clause 2 stand part of the Bill

The Motion was adopted

Clause 2 was added to the Bill

Mr Speaker Now we shall proceed to clause 8 Shri Raj Reddy

Clause 8

Shri A Raj Reddy Mr Speaker Sir I beg to move That for paragraph (1) of clause 3 of the Bill the following be substituted namely—

(1) For the words beginning with The Government may and ending with the words of the High Court the following words be substituted namely—

The High Court may with previous intimation to the Government

Mr Speaker Motion moved

That for paragraph (1) of clause 3 of the Bill the following be substituted namely—

(1) For the words beginning with The Government may and ending with the words of the High Court the following words be substituted, namely—

The High Court may with previous intimation to the Government
Mr. Speaker, I will take up the other amendments later on because this itself is a controversial subject. The Member may now speak in respect of his amendment.

The Government may on the recommendation of the High Court by notification in the Jaintia increase the original pecuniary Jurisdiction of

The Govt. may on the recommendation of the High Court, the High Court may with previous intimation to the Govt.
An amendment must be relevant to and within the scope of the subject matter of the motion to which it relates.

For paragraph 1 of clause 8 of the Bill, substitute the following, namely—

"(1) For the words beginning with 'The Government may' and ending with the words 'of the High Court' substitute the following—

For the words beginning with 'the Government' and ending with the words 'of the High Court' substitute the following—"
Mr Speaker Regarding that matter what I think is that the subject matter of section 9 A is

"the Government may on the recommendation of the High Court by notification in the Jarada increase the original pecuniary jurisdiction of subordinate Judges and Munsiffs."

So the question of Government is there Similarly that very section contains a proviso

"Provided that the Government may by notification in the Jarada delegate to the High Court its powers under this section.

So the question of delegation to the High Court is also the subject-matter of that section.

Therefore, I have allowed the amendment as it is within the purview of section 9 A of the original Act,

Let us now discuss the amendment on the merits.
4. Accept

Authority

9A. Government may on the recommendation of the High Court by notification in the Jarnida increase the original pecuniary jurisdiction of

Provided that

Not in the first three lines not even in C1 A but in C1 (b) we want an amendment on behalf of the Government

Paragraph 1 of clause 8 in the Bill is quite different from the paragraph 1 in the original Act. The amendment proposed relates to the paragraph (1) of the Bill. So how to insert this amendment in clause (8) of the Bill.
The High Court may with previous intimation to the Government

Provided that the Government may by notification in the Jauida delegate to the High Court ¹

¹ Ms Speaker (Intervening) Let us discuss it on the merits
Provided that the Government may by notification in the Janda delegate to the High Court Section 7.
M Speake Now we ad ou n t l l F ve of the Coc

4 30 p.m. The House then adjourned for recess t ll F ve of the Cloc

T Ho se e asemb ed afte recess at F ve of the Clock

[M Speake n the Cha ]

Governe t may on the recommendat on of the H gh Cou

The H gh Cou t may w th the previous nt mat on to the Go ement

O gna not ce of amendment

T e fi st three lnes begin ng from The Goverme nt ma and end ng w th the words of the H gh Cou t n ay be om ed and nstead the fol ow ng words may be use a name ly

The H gh Cou t n ay w th the prev o s nt mat on to the Go ement

And conse n t y the fi st proviso to sect on 9 A of the a d act o tted
The Government may on the recommendation of the High Court by notification increase the original pecuniary jurisdiction of

The High Court may with previous notice to the Government ease the original pecuniary jurisdiction of

Provided that the Government may by notification in writing delegate to the High Court its powers under this section

The first proviso to section 9 A of the Act be omitted
Not only Justice has to be done but Justice must appear to have been done
L & A Bill No. X/X of 1952  28th Nov 1952  201

a Bill to Amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act

Not only justice has to be done but justice must appear to have been done.
A Bill to Amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act

A Bill No. XXIX of 1952,

[Detailed content of the document is not transcribed due to the nature of the instruction to only return the plain text representation.]
Mr Speaker The Question is

"That the first time lines beginning from "The Government may" and ending with the words "of the High
Court' may be omitted and instead the following words may be inserted namely

"The High Court may with previous intimation to the Government."

The Motion was negatived

Mr Speaker The second amendment is that of Shri Narayan Rao Vakil Does he want to move the amendment?

Mr Speaker There is also a third amendment in the name of Shri Raj Reddy As the original amendment has been lost the consequential one need not be moved

The Question is

That clause No 3 stand part of the Bill"

The Motion was adopted
Clause No 3 was added to the Bill

The Question is

"That clause No 4 stand part of the Bill"

The Motion was adopted
Clause No 4 was added to the Bill

The Question is

"That Short title and Commencement and Preamble stand part of the Bill"

The Motion was adopted

Short title Commencement and Preamble were added to the Bill

Mr Speaker  Now we shall proceed to the third Reading of the Bill  Shri Dugamber Rao Bindu

Shri Dugamber Rao Bindu  Sir I beg to move

"That L A Bill No XXIX of 1952 the Hyderabad Civil Courts (Amendment) Bill 1952 be read a third time and passed"
Mr Speaker  The Question is

That L A Bill No XXXII of 1952, the Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1952 be read a third time and passed"

The Motion was adopted
Mr Speaker Motion moved

Mr. Speaker, the Motion moved.

(Non-controversial Bill) (Fluid Reading)

Mr. Speaker, the Motion moved.

(Village)

Mr. Speaker, the Motion moved.

(Groups of Villages)

Mr. Speaker, the Motion moved.

(Areas)

Mr. Speaker, the Motion moved.

(Local Committeees)
Sec 10 Arrangements shall be made by Government to provide free instruction in approved schools for children whose attendance at school under this Act is made compulsory and whose guardians do not arrange for their instruction in special schools or recognised schools.

Grades: 1) مسمى مألَّف
2) Recognised School
3) Approved School

Special School

Approved School

Insight: The document appears to be a legal or governmental document in Urdu, discussing arrangements for providing free instruction in schools for children whose attendance is compulsory. It mentions grades and different categories of schools, including Recognised and Approved Schools.
Mr. Speaker to provide free instruction

Shri Udhamrao Patel. Arrangements shall be made by Government to provide free instruction in approved schools for children whose attendance at school under this Act is made compulsory and whose guardians do not arrange for their instruction in special schools or recognised schools.
**L A Bill No XXXII of 1952**

The Hyde abad Compulsory P ta / Fluctuation Bill 1952

[Text in Urdu]
The Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1962

28th Nov 1952

L A Bill No XXXII of 1952

The Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1962

The government of the Hyderabad state, in its efforts to improve the educational standards of the state, has enacted the Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1962. This bill mandates the compulsory primary education for all children aged between 6 to 14 years, with the exception of those who are employed in gainful occupations or those who are pursuing higher education.

The bill aims to ensure that all children in the state have access to primary education and that the government provides the necessary resources to support this goal. The bill also includes provisions for the administration of the scheme, including the appointment of education officers and the establishment of educational committees.

The government has committed to providing the necessary infrastructure and resources to ensure that all children in the state have access to primary education. The bill also includes provisions for the monitoring and evaluation of the scheme to ensure that it is effective and meets the needs of the children.

In conclusion, the Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1962 is a significant step towards ensuring that all children in the state have access to primary education. The government is committed to implementing this bill and ensuring that all children benefit from it.
Arrangements shall be made by Government to provide free instruction in approved schools for children whose attendance at school under this Act is made compulsory and whose guardians do not arrange for their instruction in special schools of recognised schools.

Remarks

Argumem: "Recognised" Categories (Approved) Special. (S cocos 

(Special) arrangements for children whose attendance at school under this Act is made compulsory and whose guardians do not arrange for their instruction in special schools of recognised schools.

Back to nature to be the same as in the pre-existing Pakistan. The arrangement for children whose attendance at school under this Act is made compulsory and whose guardians do not arrange for their instruction in special schools of recognised schools.

Remarks

Argument: "Elected"
The Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1952

The following is a translation of the document provided:

"The Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1952

The Bill proposes to make primary education compulsory for all children between the ages of 6 and 14. The Bill also provides for the establishment of primary schools in all districts of the Hyderabad State.

The Bill also contains provisions for the appointment of teachers and the maintenance of educational institutions.

The Bill aims to universalize primary education in the Hyderabad State and to ensure that every child receives a basic education."
214
26th Nov 1952
L A Bill No XXXII of 1952
the Hyderabad Compulsory
Primary Education Bill 1952

The Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1952

Section 1: Short Title, Extent and Commencement
This Act may be called the Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill, 1952.

Section 2: Definitions
(a) "Compulsory Education" means the education of children in the age group of 6 to 14 years, as provided in the Fourth Schedule of the Constitution of India.
(b) "Primary School" means a school providing education for children in the age group of 6 to 14 years, as defined in Rule 2 of the Hyderabad Primary Education Rules, 1952.

Section 3:Objects and Powers
(a) It shall be the duty of the State Government to provide and maintain, and to aid and encourage, Elementary Education within the area of the State of Hyderabad.
(b) The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, declare any area in the State of Hyderabad as an area in which the provisions of this Act shall apply.

Section 4: Acquisition of Land
The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, acquire any land for the purpose of providing and maintaining schools under this Act.

Section 5: Prohibition of Certain Regulations
Subject to the provisions of this Act, the State Government may make regulations for the purposes of this Act.

Section 6: Power to Remove Inconveniences
If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act as may appear to be necessary for the removal of the difficulty.

Section 7: Repeal and Savings
(a) All the enactments relating to the subject matter of the provisions of this Act and all rules, orders or directions made thereunder shall stand repealed:
(b) Notwithstanding the repeal, the rights and liabilities of any person, or the effect of any decree, judgment or order made thereunder, shall be continued to be enjoyed and enforced as if such enactment or rule, order or direction had not been repealed and amended.
Shri M S Rajahingam (Warangal)  Mr Speaker Sir, in the hon mover of the Bill had expected that the three stages of Reading could be finished within half-an-hour. But, I am afraid, with the strange questions that have been raised on the floor of the House, we may have to take more time—Though the Bill has been brought forward here to further the spirit of the Constitution of India and implement the State policies mentioned therein—the Bill is being condemned by certain Sections.

Sir, when such a Bill has been brought forward here and even after some hon. Members from this side have thrown light over this Bill, it is strange that some members have said that this Bill has been brought to exploit the opposition. I do
not know, Sir, how such an interpretation can be made. In the Statement of Objects and Reasons, it is very clearly mentioned that by a definite programme of progressive expansion, compulsory and free education is going to be introduced in the whole of the State. In spite of it, doubts have been expressed on the Bill and these doubts on such a good policy are something, perhaps detrimental to the nation at large.

Secondly, Sir, the question of education is being linked up with educated unemployment. No doubt a Bill on educated unemployment might come or would find its own place on some other occasion, but as it stands now, I am afraid, to take up the question of educated unemployment and then come to a logic that because educated unemployment is growing, education should cease or primary schools should not be conducted or compulsory education should not be introduced, is all a perverted logic which does not benefit this House.

Thirdly, Sir, it has been said in this connection that the maintenance of parents is a prime factor which the Government should look into before the Primary Compulsory Education Bill is introduced. It is doubtful, Sir, whether such things are possible, and whether the Opposition Party—may it be of any ideology—or the Party in Power is right in advancing such arguments. I feel, we have forgotten the fundamental principle, viz., Finance. I am afraid, such suggestions have no place in the Bill or in the discussions.

Fourthly, Sir, it has been said that compulsory education has been agreed upon in spirit, but it has been argued out by some responsible Members that all the primary schools must be converted into schools for compulsory primary education. This is a similar argument, Sir, and I wonder whether the Members have taken into consideration the expenditure that Government will have to incur and also the budgetary provisions. If an ordinary Member has raised this point, perhaps, we would have overlooked it. But it has been raised by some responsible Members of the opposition.

Next point, Sir, Some fear has been expressed about the case of students who are not in a position to go to approved schools after that particular area becomes an area of compulsion and about the case of students who due to incapacity to pay school fees cannot go to recognised schools or special
schools. It has been argued out that they will be punished. These are wrong notions that have entered into the brains of some Members and I am afraid Sir, it is not the intention of the Bill. In my opinion the Bill has been very carefully drafted. If we look into clause 2 (m) of the Bill it will be found that area of compulsion has been defined as the area in which primary education up to any standard is compulsory. So the Government have clearly stated that the area of compulsion has to be selected first. If we also look into clause 5 (1) we find to determine the exact location of primary schools in its area of compulsion. It will be therefore clear that the Local Committee is empowered to go and select the particular few villages. While the Local Committee goes to enquire into the whole affair I think one of the prime factors for them is to see whether that particular area possesses that educational consciousness for receiving primary education. At the same time they have also to see whether the persons there are in a position to meet at least part of the expenses. If necessary then economic standards and such other things will be taken into consideration. As such I feel, Local Committees have got greater responsibilities according to this Bill and I do not see any reason why we should doubt that unnecessarily people will be harassed.

Lastly Sir, another point has been brought here namely that local committees must be elected. I am not for it. We cannot make the local committees consist of conflicting elements differing on educational policy to make personal grounds. This cannot be encouraged as long as the Government is there to continue its own educational policy. The policy has to be worked out through Committees over which Government has got confidence. We cannot have conflicting elements in the local committees and think of executing or bring into force our educational policy.

Another point Sir so far as the question of Community Projects is concerned a wrong notion seems to have entered the minds of certain hon. Members that the present scheme is in a way linked up with or has got to be operated by only in areas where the Community Projects are under progress. The Bill does not say that. As I understand the hon. Minister only meant to say that a good start has been given by the community projects to think that the area of selection is the particular area of
villages wherein the community projects scheme is being implemented is unwarranted and is only a misapprehension that certain members are suffering under. This kind of thinking about the community projects has unfortunately led them even to think of the Anglo American Imperialistic sentiments and arrive at the illogical conclusion that the very spirit of education may even fail. It is even perhaps doubted that it may lead to expansion of imperialistic thoughts. I feel that this is an absurd doubt lingering in the minds of certain hon. Members and I feel that should not be the case.
The Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1952

25th Nov 1952

L A Bill No XXXII of 1952

Title: The Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1952

Summary:

The Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1952 was enacted to provide compulsory primary education to children between the ages of 7 and 14 years. The bill aimed to ensure that all children in the Hyderabad region were enrolled in primary schools and received a minimum of five years of education. The act also included provisions for the establishment of boys' and girls' schools, as well as the appointment of school inspectors to monitor and improve the quality of education. The bill was a significant step towards achieving universal primary education in the Hyderabad region.
The House then adjourned till 2.80 of the Clock on Wednesday the 26th day of November 1952