HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES

Official Report

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HYDERABAD 1952
Mr. Speaker: Let us take up questions I shall take up the lst containing questions received before 16 9 1952 Shri Venkateshwara Rao.

(The Member was absent. Therefore Questions Nos 68 (26) and 64 (286) were not answered.)

Mr. Speaker: Next question Shri Viswanath Rao.

Collection of Annuities

65 (86) Shri Viswanath Rao (Lussetupet General)
Will the hon. Minister for Excise Customs and Forests be pleased to state

(a) Whether Government are aware of the practice of collecting annuities from cultivators (on the Nagarpith) by Chowkiddars of the Forest Department for allowing the cultivators to take their daily requirements from the forests?

(b) If so what action is being taken in the matter?

*65 (86) Shri Viswanath Rao (Lussetupet General)
(c) Whether Government are aware of the practice of collecting annuities from cultivators (on the Nagarpith) by Chowkiddars of the Forest Department for allowing the cultivators to take their daily requirements from the forests?

(b) If so what action is being taken in the matter?

*65 (86) Shri Viswanath Rao (Lussetupet General)
24th Nov 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

Shri Gopi Reddy (Vizianagaram)

Will the Hon’ble Minister for Excise Customs and Forests be pleased to state whether and if so what extent of Forest land was allotted to the refugees prior to Police Action in Vizianagaram taluq?

Shri Venkateswarlu Reddy

Yes, a small area of land was allotted to the refugees prior to Police Action in Vizianagaram taluq.
Next Question, Shri J Rama Reddy

(The Member was absent)†

Mr Speaker Next Question Shri Chandrasekhara Patil

Kamgars

*69 (297) Shri Chandrasekhara Patil (Kamlapuri) Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) The number of 'Kamgars' and 'Tieldmen' in Gulbarga district?

(b) Whether it is a fact that these Kamgars and Tieldmen are not employed at their centres but are made to work in the Deputy Director's Office and allied departments of the Agricultural Department?

The Minister for Agriculture and Supply (Dr Chenna Reddy)

(a) 16 Kamgars and 90 Tieldmen
(b) No

†*67 (125) and *68 (126) answers under the heading 'Unstarred Questions And Answers
Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question
Shri L K Shroff
(The Member was absent Hence Questions Nos *70 (191) *71 (192) and *72 (207) were not answered )

Mr Speaker The next question Shri S Rudrappa

Taccavi Loans for Sinking Wells

*78 (164) Shri S Rudrappa (Chitapur) Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state
(a) Whether it is a fact that Taccavi Loans for sinking wells have been stopped this year?
(b) If so, for what reasons ?

Dr Chenna Reddy
(a) Yes
(b) In view of financial stringency

Taccavi Loans for Sinking Wells

*74 (164 B) Shri S Rudrappa Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state
(a) Whether it is a fact that in Gulbarga district Taccavi Loans are sanctioned to Patels Patwars, Deshpandes and Deshmukhs ignoring the legitimate demands of needy cultivators ?
(b) Whether the Government have received any complaints in the matter ?

Dr Chenna Reddy
(a) No.
(b) No

Tacas

*75 (207) Shri Ananth Reddy Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state
What is the percentage given as commission to TACAS (Taluq Agricultural Co operative Association) for the foodstuffs they supply to consumers ?

†*70 (191), *71 (192) and *72 (207) answers under the head ing "Unstarred Questions and Answers "
Stressed Questions and Answers

24th Vol 1552

Driven by various issues, the Agricultural Associations (A A G's) (T A C A's) (Food Grains) and other Allotments (A A G's) have been raising issues regarding their demands to the government.

Agricultural Associations have repeatedly demanded that the government should increase the price of wheat from Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 per quintal, as they feel it is below the market rate.

Tacas

*76 (267A) Shri Ananth Reddy Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) Is it a fact that the increased price of wheat is being charged on old stock of wheat which is lying in TACAS?

(b) If so, what are the grounds?

Hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply

While addressing the issue, the hon. Minister mentioned that the increased price of wheat is only applicable to new stocks of wheat that have been harvested recently. He further explained that the price increase is due to the high demand for wheat and the need to support farmers who have been affected by recent natural disasters.

He also mentioned that the increased price is necessary to ensure that farmers are compensated for their efforts and that the government can meet the demands of the market. He emphasized the importance of supporting the agricultural sector and ensuring that farmers receive fair prices for their produce.

In response to the hon. Member's question, the Minister clarified that the price increase is only applicable to new stocks of wheat that have been harvested recently. He further explained that the price increase is necessary to ensure that farmers are compensated for their efforts and that the government can meet the demands of the market. He emphasized the importance of supporting the agricultural sector and ensuring that farmers receive fair prices for their produce.
Purchase of Tractors

*77 (220) Shri M Buchnah Will the hon Minster for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that very recently the Director of Agriculture has independently placed an order with a foreign firm for the supply of 40 tractors without consulting his superior authorities?

(b) If so, how many tractors are imported and how many are on the way and how many are still awaiting dispatch?

Residential Quarters

*78 (184) Shri M S Rayalingam (Warangal) Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) Whether there is any proposal to construct residential quarters for the staff of the Agriculture Farm at Humayatsagar?

(b) If so, whether the Finance Department has approved of the same?

Shri M S Rayalingam Is the Government aware that due to non-availability of residential quarters many members of the staff have to come from long distances and as such, much work of the farm specially on the research side is suffering badly?

The hon Minister for Labour, Rehabilitation Planning and Information (Shri V B Raju) This question does not arise

Purchase of Bus

*79 (185) Shri M S Rayalingam Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that a Bus was purchased to carry the staff of the Humayatsagar Agriculture Farm from Hyderabad and Secunderabad to Humayatsagar?
Stated Questions and Answers 24th Nov 1952

(b) If so what is the expenditure incurred in this regard, so far?

Shri M S Rayadungam Is it a fact that this bus was lying idle for many days?

Shri M S Rayadungam Was it not a fact that in spite of the Bus being a new one such a situation had arisen?

Oil Engines

(48) (144) Shri G Hanumanta Rao (Mulug) Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Oil Engines supplied on Taccavi are idle due to the increased rate of Fuel Oils?

(b) The reasons for the frequent fluctuations in the prices of fuel and lubricating oils?
Pilot Development Schemes

81 (146) Shri G Hanumanth Rao Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state
(a) Whether it is a fact that oil engines supplied by H A C A in connection with the Pilot Development Scheme are not in working condition and that some have been returned?
(b) Whether it is a fact that some officials of the Agriculture Department are encouraging the HACA?

Supply of Seeds

Mr Speaker The hon Member can only ask for information. He can neither argue the matter nor can he make any recommendations.
Mr Speaker, What about the answer to part (b) of the Question?

Dr Chenna Reddy: Answer to that part is No.
Tuccoon Loans for Oil Engines

\*86 (148) Shri G. Hanumanth Rao Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Collectors are not authorised to sanction Tuccoon Loans for oil engines although the amount is collected by the Revenue Department?

(b) If so for what reasons?

Mr Speaker It is a matter of opinion
24th Nov 1962 Starred Questions and Answers

The total amount given on Taccavi for oil engines since Police Action?

Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question

Rationing Department

Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

The total number of gazetted and non-gazetted employees in the Rationing Department?

Decontrol

Retrenchment

Absorb
Starred Questions and Answers  24th Nov 1952

Grow More Food Scheme

*87 (150) Shri G Hanumanth Rao Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) The target figures of individual items of the Grow More Food Schemes for the years 1950 to 1951 and 1951 to 1952?

(b) The results achieved under each of the said items?

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Statement
## STATEMENT

Showing the work done under Grass More Food Schemes during 1950-51 and 1951-52

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<td>1</td>
<td>Construction of new wells</td>
<td>1,085</td>
<td>787</td>
<td>1,948</td>
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<td>900</td>
<td>4,745</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Repairs to old wells</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>323</td>
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<td>422</td>
<td>1,205</td>
<td>525</td>
<td>243</td>
<td>4,743</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Supply of Rabbits</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>163</td>
<td>297</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Supply of Tractors</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>105</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Tractor Ploughing (Acres)</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>12,561</td>
<td>1,491</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>31,057</td>
<td>3,067</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,792</strong></td>
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<td><strong>1,459</strong></td>
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<td><strong>31,067</strong></td>
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</table>

### A. Works Schemes

### B. Supply Schemes

7. Rice Seed Distribution (Maize)
   - Target: 1,250
   - Work done: 350
   - Extra production: 1,065
   - Total extra production: 2,265
   - 1950-51: 874
   - 1951-52: 10,269

8. Wheat Seed Distribution (Maize)
   - Target: 3,000
   - Work done: 3,000
   - Extra production: 96
   - Total extra production: 1,068
   - 1950-51: 132
   - 1951-52: 4,900

9. Jowar Seed Distribution (Maize)
   - Target: 10,000
   - Work done: 14,140
   - Extra production: 1,141
   - Total extra production: 2,041
   - 1950-51: 41
   - 1951-52: 568

10. Green Mixure Seed Distribution (Maize)
    - Target: 500
    - Work done: 600
    - Extra production: 215
    - Total extra production: 2,128
    - 1950-51: 21
    - 1951-52: 564
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit 1</th>
<th>Unit 2</th>
<th>Unit 3</th>
<th>Unit 4</th>
<th>Unit 5</th>
<th>Unit 6</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Groundnut Cake</td>
<td>Tons</td>
<td>30 000</td>
<td>28 611</td>
<td>12 900</td>
<td>7 904</td>
<td>2 904</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Paddy Fertilizer</td>
<td>Tons</td>
<td>30 000</td>
<td>29 520</td>
<td>666</td>
<td>50 000</td>
<td>74 288</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Compost</td>
<td>Tons</td>
<td>30 000</td>
<td>4 954</td>
<td>7 538</td>
<td>25 000</td>
<td>8 893</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>Other Fertilizers</td>
<td>Tons</td>
<td>372</td>
<td>1 123</td>
<td>1 058</td>
<td>1 707</td>
<td>2 880</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>33 888</td>
<td>59 234</td>
<td>111 109</td>
<td>94 858</td>
<td>32 895</td>
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**Plant Protection**

<table>
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<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit 1</th>
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<th>Unit 4</th>
<th>Unit 5</th>
<th>Unit 6</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Sulphur Distribution</td>
<td>Lbs</td>
<td>25 600</td>
<td>19 983</td>
<td>6 185</td>
<td>6 800</td>
<td>43 423</td>
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<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Paddy Harvest (Acres)</td>
<td></td>
<td>5 000</td>
<td>4 099</td>
<td>309</td>
<td>50 000</td>
<td>16 479</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>7 297</td>
<td>15 861</td>
<td>24 158</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Grand Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>33 270</td>
<td>55 098</td>
<td>1 088 74</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
488 (151) Shri G Hanumanth Rao Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) The total amount spent by the Government on the Grow More Food Schemes in the years 1950 to 1951 and 1951 to 1952 respectively?

(b) The value of increased food production resulting from such schemes?

Mr Speaker It is a question regarding Grow More Food

Mr J B Mutyal Rao (Secunderabad Reserved) Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) What would become of the Rationing Department if foodgrains are decontrolled?

(b) Whether the Government have any scheme for absorbing the personnel of the Rationing Department in case the Department is abolished?

(c) If so whether the services of these personnel would be taken into account for purposes of seniority and promotion?
**Agricultural Farms**

*90 (269) Shri Chandrashekhar Patil Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state The number of Agricultural Farms in Gulbarga District under the Agriculture Department and where they are situated and the amount spent on each farm?

Agricultural Farm

**Hyderabad Co-operative Commercial Corporation**

*91 (264) Shri G Sreeramulu (Mantham) Will the hon Minister for Rural Reconstruction be pleased to state

(a) Whether the Government are aware of the fact that the Hyderabad Commercial Corporation owes nearly Rs 20,000 to the Taluq Agricultural Co-operative Association of Mantham and that this amount has been pending payment for the last five years?
(b) The said TACA has as a result been running on deficit economy?

(c) What action do the Government propose to take to help the said TACA to recover the amount?

100

24th Nov 1962

Star ed Questions 41 i Answers

(b) The said TACA has as a result been running on deficit economy?

(c) What action do the Government propose to take to help the said TACA to recover the amount?
Agricultural Marketing Fund

*(208)* Shri L K Shroff

(a) What is the amount of Agricultural Marketing Fund collected so far in each district?

(b) How was the fund collected and how will it be utilised?

Agricultural Co-operative Sales Society

*(208)* Shri L K Shroff

(a) The value of shares held by Government in the Agricultural Co-operative Sales Society of Raichur?

(b) What was its net income during the past ten years?

(a) The amount of dividends distributed to the share holders and to the managing director during the said period?

†In the absence of Shri L K Shroff the question was put by Shri Kastikar Mundhhar Rao Simivash Rao (Bhalk)
Closure of Toddy Shops on Saturdays

*11 (690) Shri M Buchah Will the hon Minister for Excise Customs and Forests be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that the toddy and wine shops situated in industrial areas have been ordered to be closed on the pay days i.e. (Saturdays) and that they should not be sold within a radius of five miles from the industrial localities?

(b) If so which are the areas in which order has been brought into force?

(c) Whether the Government are aware of the fact that the aforesaid orders are not carried out effectively?
سیرے تھا، کہ لوگ نے یہ عالمی مطالعہ اور کتاب درج کیے۔

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24th Nov 1952

**Star ed Q sessions an I Answer**

*Procurement of Grains*

*12 (689) Shri M Bhusnab Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that the procurement of grains is still continuing even after the decontrol?

(b) If so on what basis?

Dr Chenna Reddy Does Government intend to procure paddy this year also?

Shri G Raja Ram On what basis?

Dr Chenna Reddy On the usual basis which we adopted last year.

Shri G Raja Ram Is it a fact that there was no uniform basis last year?

Dr Chenna Reddy I refer to the basis based on land revenue. This year the Government have decided to exempt small cultivators being covered by the first lapse.

Shri G Raja Ram What is the rate for the first lapse?

Dr Chenna Reddy It differs from district to district roughly one acre cultivation. The basis is on the land revenue and not on the acreage.
Starred Questions and Answers 24th Nov 1952

Co-operative Credit Society

Shri M S Rajalingam Will the Hon Minister for Rural Reconstruction be pleased to state The amount of loan advanced by the Government to the Gazetted Officers Co-operative Credit Society and recovered so far?

Shri M S Rajalingam What are the steps that are being taken by the Government to recover the amount?

Shri D Daya Singh The amount of loan advanced to the Co-operative Credit Society has been recovered from the individuals. The amount has been recovered in instalments and the borrowers have been informed of the same. The steps taken by the Government to recover the amount are:

1. Written notices have been sent to the borrowers informing them of the amount due and the steps to be taken for recovery.
2. Legal notices have been issued to the defaulters.
3. Bank accounts have been frozen where necessary.
4. Recovery teams have been constituted to pursue the defaulters.

Shri D Daya Singh The amount of loan advanced is still outstanding. What steps are being taken by the Government to recover the amount?

Shri M S Rajalingam The steps taken by the Government to recover the amount are:

1. Written notices have been sent to the borrowers informing them of the amount due and the steps to be taken for recovery.
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Shri D Daya Singh What is the status of the amount recovered so far?

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2. Legal notices have been issued to the defaulters.
3. Bank accounts have been frozen where necessary.
4. Recovery teams have been constituted to pursue the defaulters.
Shri M S Rajakangam What are the difficulties that are coming in the way of a speedy recovery?

(Immovable Property) The Government has to look into the matter of the cases of land and buildings which have been handed over to the Custodian. How can the Government ensure that the matter is handled properly?

Custodian The Government has handed over land and buildings to the Custodian. How can we ensure that the Custodian is handling the matter properly?

Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question Shri M Buchiah

Co-operative Credit Societies

*14 (696) Shri M Buchiah Will the hon. Minister for Rural Reconstruction be pleased to state

(a) The total number of (b) Co-operative Societies and

(64) Credit Societies in the State?

(b) Whether representation has been received from Sirpur taluq, Adilabad district for opening of Credit Societies?

(c) If so, what steps have been taken in the matter?
Mr. Speaker  All questions in the list have been answered

(PAUSE)

A notice has been given for a Short notice question by
Shri M. Buxrah

Short Notice Question and Answer

Shri M. Buxrah Will the hon. Minister for Excise
Customs and Forests be pleased to state —

1 Whether it is a fact that arrears due to Government
from the Excise Contractors are being recovered by the
Government from Sub contractors and professionals though
the law does not permit it between whom and the Government,
there is no privity of contract without proceeding against
the persons who are really responsible to the Government
namely the contractors solely with a view to help the con-
tractors?

2 Whether it is not a fact that all these contractors
who are directly responsible to the Government are very
well to do persons from whom the amounts can be recovered
very easily?

3 Is the Government aware that the unprecedented
action of the Government for which there is no sanction in
law has created a grave situation so far as the Sub contractors
and professionals are concerned who are of the most meagre
earning sections?

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3 Is the Government aware that the unprecedented
action of the Government for which there is no sanction in
law has created a grave situation so far as the Sub contractors
and professionals are concerned who are of the most meagre
earning sections?
Mr Speaker: It is in accordance with the Rules. What is the use of further discussion on the point?

Shri M Buchah: The contractors are directly responsible to the Government and when they are.

Mr Speaker: All are directly responsible to the Government.

Shri M Buchah: There is provision in the Rules.

Mr Speaker: He says there is no provision in the Rules. We are not going to debate it.

(Shri V B Rayu rose—)

Mr Speaker: We are not here to discuss all these legal questions and interpret the Rules.

Shri M Buchah: I am asking only for information.

Mr Speaker: Order! Order!
Unstarred Questions and Answers

(Questions received before 16th 1952)

Sendho Contractors

*38 (284) Shri Venkateswara Rao Will the hon Minister for Excise Customs and Forests be pleased to state

(a) Whether the Sendho Contractors of Medak Nasangi and Ramayampet group in Medak taluq have not deposited their contract amount for three months?

(b) If so, why their contracts were not cancelled and re auctions held?

Shri K V Ranga Reddy (a) As the Sendho Contractors of Medak, Nasangi and Ramayampet group in Medak taluq could not deposit the amount in time due to their inability to obtain loan from the Sahukars two months amount was deposited from them and for the balance they were given 20 days time by the Excise Commissioner who is competent to do so. In certain cases, according to circumstances similar concessions have to be shown. The contractor has however deposited the balance. If without giving the concession the shops were re auctioned the contractors would have been put to a reparable loss and there would have been huge arrears payable to Government. Among the aforesaid shops except Nasangi shop whose deposit was paid, within the prescribed time steps were taken to re auction the remaining shops. A bid for Rs 20,076 was received in the 1st auction which resulted in a deficit of Rs 1,800 per month but this shop was not finally auctioned and as the first contractor paid his dues before the 1st auction was finalised, the re auction was not confirmed and thus the contractor was saved from a loss of Rs 21,000. This action was taken with due competence.

(b) The cases of contractors have to be dealt with sympathetically provided their cases deserve sympathetic consideration. The Excise Department is of a commercial nature and unless the Department renders reasonable help it will not be possible for the contractors to run their contracts and for the Department, it will not be possible to safeguard Government dues. The question of showing undue concession
to contractors holding arrears does not arise as every effort is being taken to recover the arrears.

**Unlicensed Sendhi Shops**

*64 (286) Shri Venkateswar Rao (Medak) Will the hon Minister for Excise Customs and Forests be pleased to state

(a) Whether in Medak taluq unlicensed Sendhi shops are being run?

(b) If so, what action is being taken against such shops?

(c) Whether it is a fact that though the District Collector, has confiscated an unlicensed shop in Arsalpalli of Medak taluq the shop is still running?

(d) Whether both big contractors and small ones are being fined at the flat rate of Rs. 20 per tree?

Shri K Venkata Rao ga Reddy (a) Yes reports regarding running of unlicensed Sendhi shops in Medak taluq have been received

(b) Action under the Excise Act is being taken against the offenders and the Excise Officers have been instructed to put a stop to unlicensed sale of Sendhi and bring the offenders to book.

(c) It is not a fact that the Collector Medak confiscated any unlicensed shop in Arsalpalli and no unlicensed sale of Sendhi has been reported from that village. The Collector however detected a case of unlicensed sale of Sendhi at Arsalpalli village and the offender was fined Rs. 100.

(d) In the matter of imposing penalties for offences under the Excise Act no distinction is made between big and small contractors. According to the nature of the offences the officer competent to impose fines which may amount to Rs. 10 per tree used his discretion and it is quite likely that in certain cases big contractors may have been fined more than the small contractors. In some cases lesser amount of fines are imposed according to relative importance of offences.

**Destruction of Forest**

*67 (125) Shri J Rama Reddy (Narsapur) Will the hon Minister for Excise Customs and Forests be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that standard and other kinds of forests have been destroyed in Kanchanpalli village of Narsapur taluq?
(b) If so what action has been taken against the persons resonsible?

Shri K V Ranga Reddy  (a) It is a fact

(b) The conservator Southern Cycle was asked to conduct enquiries on the spot which he did. Consequently following charges have been framed against Narsing Rao Contractor

(i) Illicit felling of standard trees in the above mentioned coupes

(ii) Non submission of statements showing the material transported

(iii) Improper Coppice

(iv) Improper use of transport passes

(v) Burning of charcoal kilns without permission

In view of the above the contract has been cancelled and the contractor has been ordered to credit a sum of Rs 1½ 511 8 0 towards compensation of the trees illicitly felled

As a result of enquiry it has come to light that some of the Forest staff of the Division are also involved in the case. Consequently one Forest Guard has been dismissed from Service. The grade movements of the Range Assistant have been withheld The Range Officer has been suspended pending further enquiry and the Divisional Forest Officer transferred.

The case is still under investigation

Situation of Forests

*68  (126) Shri J Rama Reddy  (Narsapur) Will the hon. Minister for Excise Customs and Forests be pleased to state

(a) Whether Government are aware of the fact that owing to the contiguous of forest area to the villages of Narsapur taluq the villagers are deprived of the pastures for their cattle specially sheep and goats?

(b) Whether the Government are also aware that this is affecting the fertility of the soil?

(c) If so what remedial measures do the Government intend taking in the matter?

Shri K V Ranga Reddy  (a) This was a Jagu forest previously and of late it has come under the forest department
The Divisional Forest Officer has been instructed to take action for encroachment of such areas which have to be reserved and to leave out of the forest such areas which may be needed for grazing of cattle and other requirements. The working plan party is preparing a scheme for these forests. Under the present conditions there is a likelihood of the grazing of sheeps and goats being obstructed. Generally as per rules sheeps and goats etc cannot be allowed for grazing in these forests as they will spoil the forests. Specific areas will be allotted for grazing purposes.

(b) The Government are aware of the fact but the fertility of the soil is not being affected.

(c) This question does not arise.

Supply of Foodgrains

*70 (191) Shri I K Shrivastava (Raichur) Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) Whether any change has been affected in the machinery for supplying of foodgrains in a chuli town after the firing incident on 29-9-1950?

(b) If so for what reasons?

Dr. Chenna Reddy (a) Yes

(b) In order to ensure effective control over the distribution of foodgrains

*71 (192) Shri L K Shrivastava Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(a) The quantity of foodgrains required for the rationed areas annually

(b) The quantity of foodgrains distributed through fair price shops in the non rationed areas during the year 1951-52?

(c) How much of these requirements was met by levy and procurement collections respectively?

Dr. Chenna Reddy (a) 18,99,642 bags or 1,80,572 tons at the rate of 6 quintals per head per day

(b) 90,148 tons of foodgrains were distributed through these shops

(c) Levy and procurement for 1951-52 = 2,10,510 tons 1,12,676 tons Imports in 1951
Giants locally procured and giants imported are not issued separately under separate accounts. It is therefore not possible to give the figures.

Black Marketing and Hoarding

*72 (207) Shri L K Shroff Will the hon Minister for Supply and Agriculture be pleased to state

(a) Whether and if so how many cases of black marketing and hoarding were instituted in the Courts during the years 1948 to 1952?

(b) In how many of these cases punishments were awarded to the accused persons?

Dr M Chenna Reddy (a) In all 2,418 cases of offences against Food Control Orders and Rationing Rules were prosecuted

916 For Food offences

258 For Rationing offences

(b) Out of 916 cases of food offences 1,927 accused were punished and out of 258 cases of rationing offences 174 were punished.

In Textiles 206 cases were prosecuted and in 122 accused were convicted.

Forest Chowkdaris

10 (9) Shri Shanmuk Bhujpur Will the hon Minister for Excise Forests and Customs be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Forest Chowkdar has prevented the people of the villages Adagao, Kankana, Chowla, Tulman and Babhulagon from cultivating the lands which were given to them ten years ago?

(b) If so the reasons for such action?

Shri K V Ranga Reddy (a) It is a fact that the villagers were evicted. But the fact of ryots being in possession of lands since more than ten years is not correct.

(b) They were given lands for cultivation under the Tangya plantation scheme but as they did not fulfil the terms of the contract they were prevented from cultivating.
the land. They were however permitted to harvest such crops as they had already sown.

Grow More Trees Scheme

11 (23) Shri Tulsi Ram Will the hon. Minister for Excise, Customs and Forests be pleased to state the number of trees planted by Government till now under the Grow More Trees Scheme and the amount spent for this purpose?

Shri K. V. Ranga Reddy The question is vague. If it concerns the Five Year Plan, the figures were planted under this plan particularly in Osmanabad and Bidar districts is 21,50 acres. There are lakhs of trees the number of which can be accurately known only after they are counted. So far Rs. 3,80,294.13 4 have been spent in the years 1951 and 1952. The expenditure includes compensation for land research establishment of nurseries purchase of tools, excavation of trenches and also charges of supervision over the acres planted last year.

Collection of Bribes

12 (20) Shri Vaman Rao Deshmukh (Mominabad) Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that last year six Girdawars had collected Rs. 840 as bribe from the cultivators of Chopanward of Mominabad taluq?

(b) If so what action has been taken against them?

Dr. Chenna Reddy The question does not relate to any of the departments under me.

Slaughtering of Cows

18 (27) Shri Ambadas Rao (Yadgir Reserved) Will the hon. Minister for Law and Endowments be pleased to state:

The policy of the Government with regard to slaughter of cows?

The Minister for Law and Endowments (Shri Jagannath Rao Chanderki) The general policy is that animals should
not be slaughtered indiscriminately and with this end in
view the Hyderabad Slaughter of Animals Act 1950 was
enacted to prevent slaughter of useful animals

Beggary

14 (28) Shri Ambadas Rao (Yadgir Reserated) Will the
Hon Minister for Social Service be pleased to state
The policy of Government with regard to beggary ?

The Minister for Social Service (Shri Shankar Deo) The
beggars problem in Hyderabad State has been engaging the
attention of Government since 1938 and Prevention of Beggary
Act (No XX) of 1950 F has been passed and enforced.
But it is felt that definite measures should be adopted to
cradiate this evil of the society which has become the breeding
ground for crimes, delinquency, prostitution and various other
physical and mental diseases.

It can be well presumed that Government finances alone
cannot solve the problem, still no stone is being left unturned
to approach a solution.

The problem at the outset is quite big and the approximate
number of beggars indicated previously was 8,000 but now
it is presumed to be well above 12,000 in the twin cities of
Hyderabad and Secunderabad.

Having classified the beggars as able bodied and disabled,
it is expected that the able bodied beggars by choice and by
force of circumstances will have to be provided with employ-
ment at various projects. Such of the disabled beggars
who are diseased will have to be treated and trained for
handicrafts.

Thus the problem could be approached by a well planned
programme and after a period of about 8 years organised
through Social Service Organisations the beggars will be able
to manage it entirely by themselves out of the income that
they can have by establishing Thrift Shops, Newspaper
Stands, Community Chests, and voluntary subscriptions
and donations.

Bhiksha Nivarak Samithi has been constituted consist-
ting of 5 officials and 10 non-official members to carry out
this work effectively.
The Home for Blind Beggars has been established at Vattapall village near South Gate of Lalaknuma Palace on 14th November 1952 (Pandit Nehru's Birthday) with 25 beggars in it. It is expected that more beggars will come in and very soon the number will increase.

(Questions received after 18.9.1952)

18 (681) Shri M S Raghunagam Will the hon. Minister for Excise, Customs and Forests be pleased to state

(a) Whether any steps have been taken by the Government to increase the revenues of Excise and Forest Departments?

(b) If so, what results have been achieved so far?

Shri K V Ranga Reddy (a) The steps taken and results achieved are as follows

(1) EXCISE DEPARTMENT

1 Had the excise auctions for the current year been held on the same dates as during the previous years very little amount would have been realised on account of lack of timely rainfall. Efforts were therefore made to increase the revenues by arranging to hold auctions after the rains came.

2 Steps were taken to put down illicit tapping of trees i.e., tapping of unmarked trees and of trees for which no tax was paid by unearthng 9,00,000 trees for which tree tax alone comes to nearly Rs. 70,00,000. Action was thus taken to see that no loss on Government account was incurred in future.

3 Toddy used to be sold at different places without permit. Steps are being taken to put a stop to it by arranging for the sale of toddy at the place mentioned in the permit. This can also prevent Government from incurring loss.

4 It was only the political parties who prevented the bidders from taking part in the auctions for 1952. Auction of shops village wise was therefore attempted. Tenders were invited when it was feared that it would result in unusual loss when considerable loss was apprehended in the last mentioned method, various large groups were made.
sought to, and tenders were invited. When this too resulted in considerable loss, one unit was made and put to auction. Efforts were made to realise the same amount as last year as far as possible.

6 Efforts were made to add to the revenues by levying 
haq e malekana on Government trees at the rate of 
Rs 1 14 0 per sandhi tree and Rs 2 4 0 per toddy tree and 
by increasing tax on ganja at the rate of Rs 6 per see 
on opium at the rate of Rs 6 per seei and on liquor at the 
rate of Rs 2 per gallon.

6 As a result of the fall in prices of agricultural com 
modities the capacity of people for purchasing toddy alcoholic 
drinks etc was reduced in 1861 and due to unseasonal 
conditions toddy could be obtained only in a small quantity 
and in accordance with the agreement the issues were 
reduced by ten per cent. The number of offences were on 
the increase due to the instigation of various political parties 
and the sub contractors did not clear the arrears for 1861. F 
deliberately Consequently it was feared that the revenues 
would fall by about Rs 8 crores for the year 1862. Attempts 
as detailed above were made to avoid loss of revenues.

The mammas were so settled as to reduce the margin of 
loss from Rs 8 crores to Rs 3 98 298. If effective steps 
are taken to prevent illicit distillation of liquor etc I am of 
opinion that in spite of the extraordinary conditions pre 
valent we shall be able to realise in 1863 almost the same 
amount as was collected last year. If the amount of 
tax of trees illicitly tapped last year, which comes to nearly 
Rs 70 lakhs, is recovered in full this alone will in addition 
to covering the deficit result in increase in revenues.

(2) FOREST DEPARTMENT

(1) Forests were generally destroyed soon after the 
Police Action and the destruction continued. It was diffi 
cult to put it down with the result that Government revenues 
were affected. The number of stumps of felled trees in pro 
tected forests were therefore counted and the stumps were 
hammer marked and steps have been taken to take stock 
of all the trees felled and destroyed. This will put a stop 
to illicit felling of trees in future as far as possible. If trees 
are tapped illicitly, they will be detected very easily. This 
will ensure the safety of a large quantity of Government timber.
(2) Steps were taken to divert the attention of the public from committing offences by recovering timber illicitly cut and not made use of during the past one year from every person and by collecting from him its price and nominal fine. The safety of forests was thus ensured.

(8) Both the items have been attended to. Reports will be received from all posts of the State by the end of December 1952.

(4) The forest auctions will commence in the beginning of January 1953. The results will be known only after the auctions are over. In matters relating to forests immediate results cannot be achieved; there occurs considerable delay.

(b) The results achieved have been shown in my answer to Part (a) of the question.

Employees of H.C.C.C.

14. (682) Shri M. S. Rajasongam (Warangal) Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state whether or not the Government intend to stand by their commitments regarding the employees of the H.C.C.C. mentioned in the Finance Department's Circular No. 8 dated 18.7.57 F in the Executive Council's decision on 29.6.57 F and the Circular No. 85 dated 9.5.1950 of the Accountant General?

Dr. Chenna Reddy The matter is engaging the attention of the Government and a decision is awaited.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Mr. Speaker Let us proceed to the next item.

Shri Ch Venkat Ramu Rao (Kurnool) Mr. Speaker Sir, I beg leave of the House to raise the following question involving a breach of privilege of a member namely Shri Muttiah M. L. A. (Peddapalli Constituency).

On 18.9.1952 Shri Muttiah went to Police Station House Ramgundam taluk Sultanabad district Kurnool in connection with 15 people of Kukkalgudoor who were...
detained there. The S.I. by name Bhuyanga Reddy came out of his quarters and addressing the above mentioned Member asked as to who had submitted the question to the Assembly with regard to Akanapalli Narayana Reddy to have been beaten and detained for two days in Station House Shri Muttiah replied that he did not know it. On this the S.I. burst out in the following abusive and insulting terms:

"Mr Speaker Except the hon Member's word

Shri Ch Venkat Rama Rao Yes certainly

ان کا علاوہ اس کے سے دل آسر عفاظ سماک کر یہاں ہو یہاں کہا ہے اس کے سے سمیت سمجھو رپول کو اس کا کم کا گار سکے ہو ہاں?

These words are not only highly insulting and intimidatory but also amount to interference with and reflection upon the Member with regard to his functions in the Assembly and deserve to be dealt with sternly. This trend and strain of talk of Police personnel must be checked and punished at once. Otherwise this sort of impediment and interference and intimidation of molestation would prove detrimental to the democratic functioning of the Assembly.

It is a gross breach of the privileges of an hon Member of this House in particular and an indignity offered to all Members in general. It is therefore requested to refer this matter to the Committee of Privileges and after enquiry and report, the S.I Station House Ramagundam by name Bhuyanga Reddy be dealt with sternly as per law of privileges.
Shri M S Rajalingam: May we hear the Government's version on this affair, Sir? I feel we are having only one side of the question before us now.

Mr Speaker: We are not going to decide anything now.

Shri M S Rajalingam: Of course, the Committee of Privileges will decide it. But I feel in all such cases before a case is referred to the Committee of Privileges, it would be better if the House could come to an understanding on such issues.

Mr Speaker: There is no such procedure laid down in the rules.

Shri M S Rajalingam: I suggest that the hon. Member may put a short notice question and elicit information from the Government. If the House is dissatisfied with the Government's answer, we may then refer that question to the Committee of Privileges.

Mr Speaker: There is no such procedure laid down in the rules, and therefore I cannot help it.

Shri M S Rajalingam: That is why I asked whether it would not be possible for the House to come to an understanding over this affair in order to save time.
Mr Speaker: The case is now before the House and the Committee of Privileges will decide it.

Shri M S Rajalingam: But we can come to the understanding before the issue goes to the Committee of Privileges.

Mr Speaker: The statement made by an hon Member is before the House and I think we should take it as correct.

Mr Speaker: The breach of privilege committed by an hon Member of Warangal has been brought to my notice. (hon Member for Warangal) is alleged to have made a pronouncement against the House, which indicates a Breach of Privilege. (Referring to a circular) I have laid down a procedure for dealing with such a situation. (Reference to a convention) I have referred the matter to the Committee of Privileges.
Mr Speaker Nobody has said that
Mr Speaker Order Order no discussion No hon Member can speak twice on the same point

The right to raise a question of privilege shall be subject to the following restrictions (ss) the question shall be restricted to a specific matter of recent occurrence

"After the member has asked for leave of the Assembly to raise the question of privilege the Speaker shall ask whether the member has the leave of the Assembly. If objection is taken, the Speaker shall request those members who are in favour of leave being granted to rise in their seats and if 14 members rise accordingly the Speaker shall intimate that leave is granted. If less than 14 members rise the Speaker shall inform the member that he has not the leave of the Assembly."
LA Bill No XXVII of 1952, The Hyderabad Children's Protection Bill 1952

Mr. Speaker We shall now take up the legislative business The Hyderabad Children's Protection (Amendment) Bill 1952

Shri Shanker Deo Mr Speaker Sir I beg to move

That LA Bill No 27 of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Children's Protection Act No IX of 1848 Pass be read a first time

Mr. Speaker Motion moved
The District Officer means the Taluqdar of the District within which is included any area or place for purposes of census and in the City of Hyderabad it means the Director Medical Department Hyderabad Government or in case of his absence from the City of Hyderabad the Officer whom the Government may appoint for this purpose.

District Officer means the Collector of the District or in the case of the Cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad such officer as may be appointed by Government in this behalf.

According to the definition of District Officer in Section 4 of the Hyderabad Children’s Protection Act IX of 1848 Fasih the Director Medical Department is the District Officer for the City of Hyderabad. As the Children’s Protection Department which was hitherto being administered by the Medical Department is now being administered by the Revenue Department as a part of the Social Services Department.

(Pause)
Mr Speaker The question is
That L A Bill No XXVII of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Children's Protection Act No IX of 1848 be read a first time

The motion was adopted

Shri Shankar Deo Mr Speaker Sir I beg to move
That L A Bill No XXVII of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Children's Protection Act No IX of 1848 be read a second time

Mr Speaker The question is
That L A Bill No XXVII of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Children's Protection Act No IX of 1848 be read a second time

The motion was adopted

Mr Speaker The question is
That Clause 2 short title and commencement and preamble stand part of the Bill

The motion was adopted

Clause 2 short title and commencement and preamble were added to the Bill

Shri Shankar Deo Mr Speaker Sir I beg to move
That L A Bill No XXVII of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Children's Protection Act No IX of 1848 be read a third time and passed

Mr Speaker The question is
That L A Bill No XXVII of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Children's Protection Act No IX of 1848 be read a third time and passed

The motion was adopted

L A Bill No XXVIII of 1952 a Bill to repeal the Committees of Inquiry (Evidence) (Repealing) Bill, 1952

Mr Speaker We shall now take up the next item on the Agenda the first reading of the Committees of Inquiry (Evidence) (Repealing) Bill 1952
Mr Speaker: Motion moved

That L.A. Bill No. XXVIII of 1952 a Bill to repeal the Committees of Inquiry (Evidence) Act 1856 F be read a first time

The motion was adopted

Shri D G Bindu: Sir, I beg to move

That L.A. Bill No. XXVIII of 1952 a Bill to repeal the Committees of Inquiry (Evidence) Act 1856 F be read a second time

The motion was adopted
Mr Speaker the question is

That Clause 2 short title and commencement and preamble stand put of the Bill

The motion was adopted

Clause 2 short title and commencement and preamble were added to the Bill

Shri D G Bindu Su I beg to move

That L.A Bill No XXVIII of 1952 a Bill to repeal the Committees of Inquiry (Evidence) Act 1856 F be read a third time and passed

Mr Speaker the question is

That L.A Bill No XXVIII of 1952 a Bill to repeal the Committees of Inquiry (Evidence) Act 1856 F be read a third time and passed

The motion was adopted

L.A Bill No XXIX of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act

Shri D G Bindu Su I beg to move

That L.A Bill No XXIX of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act be read a first time

Mr Speaker Motion moved
Provided further that nothing in the section shall be deemed to effect any pecuniary jurisdiction of a Munsiff or Additional Munsiff which is being exercised by him before the commencement of the Hyderabad Civil Court Amending Act of 1951.
The Government may, on the recommendation of
the Janda delegate to the High Court its powers under the section

Provided that the Government may by notification
Mr Speaker The question is

That L A Bill No XXIX of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act be read a first time

The motion was adopted

Shri D G Bundu Sir I beg to move that

That L A Bill No XXIX of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act be read a second time

Mr Speaker The question is

"That L A Bill No XXIX of 1952 a Bill to amend the Hyderabad Civil Courts Act be read a second time

The motion was adopted

Mr Speaker This Bill was published in the Gazette on 1st November, 1952, a week's time has already elapsed

Mr Speaker There is no point of Order
When a Bill is introduced or on some subsequent occasion the Member in charge may move that the Bill be read a first time.

Provided that no such motion shall be made before the expiry of seven clear days from the despatch to each member of a copy of the Bill with the Statement of Objects and Reasons unless the Speaker in exercise of his power to suspend this provision allows the motion to be made.

Bills (A) for grants (B) for grants (C) for grants (D) for grants (E) for grants (F) for grants (G) for grants (H) for grants (I) for grants (J) for grants (K) for grants (L) for grants (M) for grants (N) for grants (O) for grants (P) for grants (Q) for grants (R) for grants (S) for grants (T) for grants (U) for grants (V) for grants (W) for grants (X) for grants (Y) for grants (Z) for grants.

When a Bill is introduced or on some subsequent occasion the Member in charge may move that the Bill be read a first time.

Provided that no such motion shall be made before the expiry of seven clear days from the despatch to each member of a copy of the Bill with the Statement of Objects and Reasons unless the Speaker in exercise of his power to suspend this provision allows the motion to be made.
Mr Speaker Has the hon Minister for Home got anything to say in the matter?

Mr Speaker Will it be possible for the hon Members to table their amendments by tomorrow?

(Some hon Members Yes) At what o'clock will the hon Members be able to hand over their amendment tomorrow? (An hon Member By 11.30 a.m.) I will make it 12 Noon

L A Bill No XXX of 1952 The Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1952

Mr Speaker Next item on the Agenda is The first Reading of the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1952

Shri D G Bhandu Mr Speaker Sir I beg to move

That L A Bill No XXX of 1952 the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1952 be read a first time
Mr Speaker Motion moved

I A Bill No XXX of 1962
the Hyderabad Suppression of
Immoral Traffic Bill 1962

24th Nov 1962

Mr Speaker Motion moved

I A Bill No XXX of 1962
the Hyderabad Suppression of
Immoral Traffic Bill 1962

24th Nov 1962
Mr Speaker Will the hon Member require more time?

Shri Magdoom Mohwududdin I will finish my speech with in a few minutes.
Mr Speaker: I don't want to stop the Member. If he wants to take more time, he can resume at Five o'clock.

4.30 p.m. The House then adjourned for recess till Five of the Clock.

The House reassembled after recess at Five of the Clock

[Mr Speaker in the Chair]

The applications of provisions of the Hyderabad Prisons Act No IV of 1811 F and the rules made under that Act to vigilance Homes and to their inmates subject to such adaptations, alterations, and exceptions as may be specified.
L A Bill No XXX of 1932 24th Nov 1932
the Hyderabadi Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1932

In our time, it is common to hear of cases of morals and immorality in Vigilance Homes (Vigilance Homes) and places of this nature. However, the authorities have taken steps to prevent such occurrences. The issue of the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1932 is a step in this direction.

The bill aims to prevent the establishment of such homes and places, and to ensure the moral and ethical conduct of all citizens. It is a comprehensive measure that covers various aspects of immorality and aims to bring about a cultural transformation.

The bill is an important step towards creating a society that values morality and ethics. It is hoped that this bill will be effective in preventing the establishment of such places and that the people of Hyderabad will support this measure by following the law and living up to the standards set by this bill.

In conclusion, the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1932 is a significant step towards creating a society that values morality and ethics. It is hoped that this bill will be effective in preventing the establishment of such places and that the people of Hyderabad will support this measure by following the law and living up to the standards set by this bill.
Clarification

Brothels

Commodity

L A Bill No XXX of 1952
the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1952

24th Nov 1952

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In the matter of the said Bill, a clarification was given on the following points:

1. The term "Commodity" was defined to include goods, wares, or articles of commerce.

2. The word "Brothels" was explained to refer to places where sexual services are offered for money.

3. The term "Commodity" was further clarified to include goods, wares, or articles of commerce.
دوستان،

Subsequent treatment of girl committed to suitable custody under S 6 (2)

I A Bill No. XXV of 1912
the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1912

Rescue Home

(Children Act)

(Children Act)

(Resolved Home)

(Children Act)

(Resolved Home)

(Children Act)
L A Bill No XXV of 1952
24th Nov 1952
the Hyderabad Suppression of
Immoral Traffic Bill 1952

The Bill aims to ban the use of advertisement for immoral traffic, including brothels and vice dens. It also seeks to criminalize the use of any device, whether wired or wireless, to promote immoral traffic.

Procedure

The Bill is divided into several sections, each dealing with a different aspect of the issue. The first section outlines the scope of the Bill, while subsequent sections address specific issues related to the promotion of immoral traffic.

Reformatory School

The Bill also includes provisions for the establishment of reformatory schools for the rehabilitation of individuals involved in immoral traffic.

In summary, the Bill seeks to address the problem of immoral traffic by banning its advertisement and providing for the establishment of reformatory schools.

[Note: The text is in a language that appears to be Urdu, with sections numbered and headings indicating a structured discussion on the bill. The content is dense, focusing on legal and procedural aspects related to the suppression of immoral traffic.]
24th Nov 1962  L A Bill No 112 of 1952

the Hyderabad Suppression of
Immodest Traffic Bill 1952

Mr. Murad: In 1952, there was a law passed in Hyderabad which was designed to suppress the distribution of immoral traffic. Its provisions were laid down in sections 1 to 5.

Mr. Shafiuddin: I wish to support this amendment. This Bill has been introduced to check the distribution of immoral traffic. I am sure that it will be passed by this House.

Mr. Murad: I agree with the amendment. This Bill is necessary to control the distribution of immoral traffic. It is a step in the right direction.

Mr. Shafiuddin: I would like to add that this Bill is a significant step in the fight against immoral traffic. It will help to ensure that the public is protected from its harmful effects.

Mr. Murad: I rest my case. I thank the House for its support.

Mr. Shafiuddin: Mr. Speaker, I move that the House proceeds to the next business.

Mr. Speaker: The House will now proceed to the next business.
Shri U S Rajahngam (Warangal) Mr Speaker Sir the legal approach and the mind of the whole Bill has been well portrayed by one of the luminaries from this side. That is why I do not feel like repeating over that issue. But I would like to divert the attention of the House to certain points which we have mused. While I agree fully that it is the highest moral standards of the society that are going to root out this prostitution or debauchery—or anything of that sort. I feel Sir that there is one duty cast on us. When we are in the process of achieving this perfect stage of society, we as Members of the Legislature cannot sit idle with folded hands. It is during this interval that we have to think more of our duties and I think this House has rightly applied its mind to this problem and that is why a Bill of this nature has come.

If we pursue the Statement of Objects and Reasons it will be very clear that the immoral traffic of women is going to be checked by this enactment. It is the intention of the House to check such things and there is no difference of opinion over this. The actual difference of opinion seems to be in interpreting certain facts or tracing the roots of this prostitution as being purely economic. We are thinking that it is only poverty that is responsible for prostitution and that is the reason why we are swelling in our judgement. I am afraid Sir it is not only poverty that is responsible for prostitution but there are also certain psychological sentimental and other factors that are also responsible for this. I am sure, the Bill which is placed before the House has taken all the aspects of the question into consideration.

Sir we are under the wrong notion and whenever the word Police is used we identify it in the immoral side of the actions if any. Whether we intentionally do it or whether it is due to the logical result of the past repercussions,
I wish to point out that all of us should be conscious of the fact that police cannot be isolated from the Government. I think that Social Service Department is something good and police is bad is a thing which we are not in a position to understand—and which I for one can never understand. I am not in a position to isolate the Legislature, Executive, and the Judiciary from the Government. To think on these lines will be doing great injustice in the name of the Government. If perhaps a policeman has committed a blunder, I must unhesitatingly say that it is not in me with general reflections of the average moral standards of the society. Just as we are bound to reform such a person if he were outside through the social organisation—may it be Mahila Sabha or Social Service Department—we have got a moral responsibility even to reform the police. We cannot disown these responsibilities when we feel that we cannot disown these responsibilities to say that because a certain portion of this is going into the hands of the police we anticipate and expect untoward incidents of an unimaginable nature is something that does not beset this House. I therefore would like to draw the attention of the House once more to this point that it is not only for a good man who by force of impulse and environment has gone wrong that this Bill is being brought in here, but it is also for those people who by nature are violent goondas and immoral and perhaps no amount of reason, no amount of goodwill or approach through social organisation can check such persons. As one of my seers pointed out, it is only the police that can check this, and after all when this Bill is going to be a restraint on the organised efforts of certain individuals or bad characters, why should we hesitate to support this Bill in toto? If we have got any amendment, we can consider it on the merit of the issue. Just as one or two Members on this side and the other side of the House pointed out punishment should not be confined to particular sex. I agree with that view. Sir, whoever he may be, man or woman, punishment should be given. We are not hesitant to respond to genuine faults. But one thing Sir, this sort of isolation and compartmentalisation of psychological imagination or thought is dangerous in running a Government and more so in framing a law. I personally admit and feel that we must uphold the Bill with all the dignity and strength that this House commands and pass it in toto. Of course, with certain amendments if they are to come of such nature that have been already suggested.
Scientific Approach

(Amendment to Section 3 of the 1852 Act)

Amend 11th Section of the 1852 Act by substituting the following:

'Deliberations and Discussion

Mr. N. Z. Ahmad: (General Discussion)

There is no need to discuss this point, as the matter has already been

considered in the previous session.

Legislative Points

It is submitted that the amendment is necessary to ensure the effective

operation of the provisions of the Act. The amendment will enable the

government to take prompt action in cases where the Act is found to

be ineffective.

The amendment is hereby submitted for your consideration.

Amendment to Section 12 of the 1852 Act

The amendment is submitted for your consideration.
L. A. Bill No. XXX of 1952, the Hyderaband Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill, 1952

...
L.A. Bill No. XXX of 1952, 24th Nov, 1952
the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1952

As this section concerns the moral suppression of immoral traffic, it is important to note the measures taken to address the issue. The bill aims to prevent the spread of immoral activities across the city by implementing strict regulations and penalties for violators.

The bill introduces provisions for the establishment of social service institutions that will cater to the needs of the affected individuals. These institutions will provide medical, educational, and vocational assistance to those who have been involved in immoral activities.

The bill also includes provisions for preventive detention, a measure that allows for the temporary confinement of individuals who are suspected of engaging in immoral traffic activities. This measure is designed to prevent further crimes and to ensure that these individuals receive the necessary support to overcome their addictions.

In conclusion, the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1952 is a significant step towards the moral and social betterment of the city. It is hoped that through the implementation of these measures, the spread of immoral activities can be effectively controlled, and the community as a whole can be protected.

(Scientific)
L. A. Bill No XXX of 1952  
24th Nov, 1962

the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill, 1962

10 (b) "in or upon any premises with intent that she may have sexual intercourse with any man other than her"
lawful husband shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to two years or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both

The Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1952

The government has passed the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1952, which aims to combat the issue of immoral traffic. The bill provides for severe penalties for those involved in such activities, including imprisonment and fines.

The bill has been welcomed by the public, with many expressing support for its provisions. It has been seen as a step towards addressing the problem of immoral traffic and improving the overall moral climate of the city.

However, there is still much work to be done to implement the bill effectively. The government will need to ensure that the necessary resources are available to enforce the law and that the public is educated about its provisions.

Overall, the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1952 is a positive step towards creating a safer and more prosperous city.
L.A. Bill No XXX of 1952 24th November 1952

The Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 1952

The issue of moral fibre and the need for a wholesome society have been recognized for ages. The Bill aims to suppress the evil of immorality and to protect the moral fibre of the society.

The Bill seeks to make provisions for the suppression of immoral traffic. It defines immoral traffic as any act, practice or conduct which is contrary to public morality or is likely to be conducive to the spread of immoral practices.

The Bill provides for the establishment of a Special Court for the trial of cases relating to immoral traffic. The Court shall have the power to impose a fine or imprisonment or both as it deems fit.

The Bill also seeks to provide for the prevention of the spread of immoral practices through education and public awareness.

The Bill is an important step in the right direction towards the suppression of immoral traffic and the protection of the moral fibre of the society.
Any person who detains any woman or gül against her will —

(a) in any house, room or place in which the business of prostitution is carried on, or

(b) in or on any premises with intent that she may have sexual intercourse with any man other than her lawful husband.

(Criminal Procedure Code)
L. A. Bill No XXX of 19xx 24th November 19xx

the Hyderabad Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill 19xx

Vigilance Home means a corrective institution established or recognised by the Government in which women are detained in pursuance of this Act and given such training and instruction and subjected to such disciplinary and moral influences as will conduce to their reformation and the prevention of offences under this Act.

Mt Speaker The Question is

That L. A. Bill No XXX, a Bill for the suppression of brothels and immoral traffic, be read a first time

The Motion was adopted
The House then adjourned till Half Past Two of the Clock, 

1st Reading