## HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
### DEBATES
#### Official Report

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**Price:** Eight Annas.
The Hyderabad Legislative Assembly

Friday, the 25th July, 1952

(THIRTY SIXTH DAY OF THE SECOND SESSION)

The House met at half past nine of the clock

[Mr Speaker in the Chair]

Staged Questions and Answers

Mr Speaker We shall take up questions

Osmania University

*158 Shri Hanumant Rao (Mulugu) Will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state —

Were the accounts of the University annually audited during the last five years? If so, will the reports be placed before the House as the Government spends over rupees fifty lacs on the Institution and the post of the Financial Adviser has been honorary?
The question regarding the absorption of the staff and their scales of pay consequent on the general revision of the University scales of pay are under consideration of Government.
Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question Shri G Hanumanth Rao

159 Shri G Hanumanth Rao Will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state —

Were the questions of transfer of control to the centre and that of the adoption of Hindi medium to the benefit of the whole of South India placed before the different bodies of the University?

Shri M S Rajasgaram (Warangal) May I know sir whether the present Government is aware of the reasons for the ex Vice Chancellor not consulting the Senate over the transfer question?
Shri M S Rayachogam: My question was: What were the reasons for the ex Vice Chancellor for not consulting the Senate regarding the transfer?

Sir, in Ram's case, it seems wrong. There was a meeting of the Senate. It seems that the Senate was not consulted. Would you kindly tell me why?

The Senate met on [date] and discussed the issue. It seems that the Senate was not consulted. Would you kindly tell me why?
Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question Shri G Hanumanth Rao

180 Shri G Hanumanth Rao Will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state—

(1) How many appointments carrying salary over rupees three hundred per mensem were made during the last five years in the University with the selection of the Public Service Commission?

(2) Was the Selection Committee of the University functioning during the last five years if so when? How many appointments were mde by the Committee?

(3) Who made the major appointments the University Council or the Vice Chancellor in the absence of (1) and (2)?

(4) Were the appointments made during the last four years in view of Hindustani medium with Devanagari script or English medium?

(5) What is the proportion of the teachers with Urdu as mother tongue to the total strength of the staff both administrative and academic in Government colleges?

(6) How many Readerships were created recently? How many persons were recently given grades with retrospective effect? Is that a fact that the retrospective effect costs the University over a lakh of rupees?
25th July 1962

1. (a) (i) Cen

(b) Retrospective office

2. (i) Cen

Exceptional cases

Shri P. N. Wadhwani

Shri R. K. Sinha

Shri A. V. R. S. G. K.

Shri V. R. V. R. S. G. K.

Shri V. R. V. R. S. G. K.

Change (Autonomous Body)

Independent Body

Independent Body

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start of conversation and answer 26th July 1982

It seems that the document contains a series of requests or queries, but the text is not clear due to the nature of the handwriting or the image quality. The text appears to be a series of questions or statements in a foreign language, possibly a mix of languages given the script and characters.

The document does not contain a question that can be directly paraphrased into natural text. It seems to be a series of fragmented statements or queries that might require context or clarification to fully understand.

End of document.
Mr Speaker. Now, it is 10. I wish to invite the attention of the hon. Members to Rule No. 16 which reads as follows —

"After new members if any have taken their seats a period of one hour at every meeting except on days allotted for voting of demands for grants when half an hour shall
be allowed shall be available for the asking and answering of questions

Mr Speaker Rather impatient

Short Notice Questions and Answers

Shri Papi Reddy (Trichympatan General) Sir I am informed that my short notice question is going to be answered to day

Mr Speaker Yes That is going to be taken up

Shri Papi Reddy My short notice question is

Will the hon Minister for Revenue be pleased to state

(1) Whether it is a fact that in village Pasham Banda of Hyderabad West taluqa a Kharg Khata land of 117 acres and 8 guntas which was being cultivated by the Harijans of the surrounding village Gagan Pahad now in the possession of one Shri Madhusudhan Rao?

(2) Whether it is a fact that the Harijans of Gagan Pahad were promised the patta of the above land by the Tahsil?

(3) Is it true that Shri Madhusudhan Rao who is the nephew of hon the Chief Minister obtained the patta of the above land in a most surreptitious manner using undue influence and with the connivence of the district administration?

(4) If so the reasons why the patta was given to Shri Madhusudhan Rao as against the Harijans of Gagan Pahad in utter disregard of the alleged promise given to them by the Tahsil

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao

(1) It is a fact that in village Pasham Banda of Hyderabad West taluqa Kharg Khata land of 118 acres and
8 gunats is now in possession of Shri M. Udhunsudhan Rao. It is absolutely incorrect that this land was being cultivated by the Harijans of Gagan Pahad at any time.

(2) It is not at all correct that I shall make any promise of assignment of this land to the Harijans of Gagan Pahad.

(3) It is entirely untrue that Shri M. Udhunsudhan Rao who is the nephew of the Chief Minister obtained the patta of the above land in a surreptitious manner using undue influence and with the connivance of the district administration. It is an unwarranted insinuation. The patta was obtained in the usual manner under Circular No. 61 of 1950, in an open auction held on 28th October 1951 when more than 20 villagers were present and all of them took part in the bidding.

(4) The Harijans of Gagan Pahad had never been in possession of the land nor did they ever cultivate it even on any temporary basis. The land in question formed part of the Saifi Khas and for years together was being auctioned for grazing purposes. There was no promise given by the Tahsil to the Harijans and no promise was broken. The patta granted to Shri M. Udhunsudhan Rao was confirmed by the Deputy Collector in the usual course after about five months after the auction and was finally sanctioned by the Jarnabandi of 1952 by the Additional Collector. The Hyderabad district has not been notified as an area earmarked for special land under the 1st om Rules and it was not incumbent on the Tahsil according to the rules to take action under the Special Land Rules and assign the land to Harijans disregarding Circular No. 64 of 1950.
Mr. Speaker There cannot be any argument here. Whether the documents which the hon. Member has got or the documents which the Government have got—are correct or incorrect, it is not for the House to decide. Besides this, this matter was referred to the Petition committee. Therefore, there is no use of extending arguments of this nature now. The hon. Member has got only to seek information and if he finds the information furnished by the Government not correct he may take such action as he deems necessary.

Shri Papi Reddy I shall now put supplementary questions.
Short Note Quotas and Invoicing

"کو لگنے کا سب سے بہترین راستہ"

(Proper Procedure) (Bidding procedure) (Rules)

شروع دریں رام کس راول راول پر ہے ہم نے ایک ایک صحت ریسر بورڈ

(Proper Procedure) (Rules) (Rules)

لکن رو حاکم (کم) کے بھی اخبار کا کب

شروع پا کے جب ہے ہم نے روہ و نہیں روہ کا معاہدہ ہے؟

Mr Speaker. We have spent enough time. We have to give time for the Demands. There is another short notice question and I call upon Shri M. Buchiah to read his question.

Shri Pameda Reddy. As a questioner I want to put a supplementary question Sir.

Mr Speaker. Order. Order.

Shri M. Buchiah. Will the hon. Minister for Excise Customs and Forests be pleased to state

1. Whether he is aware of the fact that a pamphlet entitled Excise Minister unmasked is being circulated in public at large (pamphlet enclosed)?

2. Whether it is a fact that Shri Bankatilal Badruka has been given the contract for supply of wine?

3. Whether he is aware of the allegation made in the pamphlet that in utter disregard of the legitimate claims of others the bargain has been settled with Shri Bankatilal Badruka?
28th July 1952

Short Notice Questions and Answers

Call for

Meriam Shama 58a Hollow is from the east, not far from the east.

3 kilometer away. Kate is in the middle.

The water is not far from the east. It is at the middle.

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شہری ریکارڈی آئن 1 ہی ہی میں ہی نکی ہی ہی فہم حوصلہ
سپریہرالیہ مس

سیسیل اسی کے نکالے جا کر دو سے مہارگڑ روپے 30 هزار کم دور کی قیمت کا ہمار

سیسیلی میں نہیں ہوئے ہر ایک جوہر سے نہیں ہر ایک جوہر کے ہمارے پود ہیں کہ اس میں مہار

ہوئے کے علاوہ کس کا سب سے نہیں ہے جب کہ حیات دنیا لا جوہر طور پر

ہوئے میں کے سیسیل

سیسیلی کے اس رنگ کی(افکری) کا حاصل ہے 8 ہیں کوئی اس قدر ہے

کیا کہ سیلارن بچلا لازم ہے حب ذکر کی؟

سیسیلی کے جعوہ کو حکم ہو رہا ہے سیسیلی لگایا ہو جو میں نہ

ہمیں جمع کوئی لگایا کبھی کبھی جدوہجہہ لوٹا ماریا وہ جدا ہو رہا ہے جدو کہ

کم لگے تم کوئی حساب سے ہی لگا ہو سے ہو کوئیمحا کا حساب کو مومید ہو جاتا ہے

ہے کہ لوہا کو درہم ہے سے جدوہم ہو کوئی ملعہ سے ہو کوئی حساب کو مومید ہو جاتا

ہے ہے کہ لوہا کو درہم سے سمجھا سے لازم ہے ہو کوئی ماہی کو سمجھا

سیسیلی ہے راہے رام ہے رنگ) ما کہ لال کے وکی لینگ دی ہی وہی

رہے دلیل کی؟

سیسیلی راہے رام کا آنکھی کی لکھ کی لکھ کو لو لانہ ہا

سیسیلی راہے رام کا آنکھی کی لکھ کی لکھ کو لو لانہ ہا

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سیسیلی راہے رام کا آنکھی کی لکھ کی لکھ کو لو لانہ ہا

سبھی ربت کا بہت سہبش سے فہمہ میں انکہ نسٹرے کا سیسیلی ہے

ماہی ہے کہا کہ کی دو رنگ کال لائی (کورس؟)

Call for
Unstated Questions and Answers

Osmansia University

*161 Shri G Hanumantha Rao Will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state —

What is the total number of pupils studying the following languages in different colleges during the last 10 years?

1. Telugu
2. Malayalam
(8) Kannada
(4) Urdu
(5) Persian and Arabic
(6) Sanskrit

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao A statement giving the available data is enclosed
Statement showing the number of students who studied languages in the University College of Arts & Commerce for the year 1938-39 to 1948-49

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arab c</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kannada</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
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<td>20</td>
<td>13</td>
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<tr>
<td>Persian</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>28</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sanskrit</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>18</td>
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<tr>
<td>Telugu</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>8</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Urdu</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>113</td>
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<td>80</td>
<td>83</td>
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Students who studied languages in the University College of Education during 1941-42 to 1948-49

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>B Ed (Women—Urdu)</th>
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<tr>
<td>B Ed (Men—Urdu)</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>M Ed (Women—Urdu)</td>
<td>1</td>
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</table>

Statement showing the number of students who studied languages in the Intermediate Science Course for the year 1943-44 to 1948-49

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<tr>
<td>Arab c</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kannada</td>
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Statement Showing the Number of Students who Studied Languages in the Chanderghat Intermediate Arts College for the Years 1944-45 to 1948-49

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Statement Showing the Number of Students who Studied Languages in the Intermediate College, Warangal, for the Years 1985-86 to 1989-90

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### Statement showing the Number of Students who studied Languages in the Intermediate College, Gujarat for the years 1939 to 1948

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### Statement showing the Number of Students who studied Languages in the Intermediate College, Ahmedabad for the years 1939 to 1949

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Statement showing the number of Students who studied Languages in the Mabboob Inter Science College Secunderabad for the years 1948-49 to 1948-49

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<td>88</td>
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‘669 Shri Ananth Reddy Will the hon the Chief Minister (Revenue) be pleased to state

1 Whether it is a fact two Maqta of Nizamabad taluka namely Chunnapur and Khadiriabad which were previously amalgamated with Diwani nia have been recently returned to the respective Maqtedar?

(2) If so, for what reasons?

8 Whether as a result the Maqtedar will be treated as the sole proprietor of the lands whether the patta stands in his name or not?

Shri B Rambhushna Rao

1 Yes

2 As regards Chunnapur Maqta, the matter was examined by the Nazam Atryal who declared it on the basis of the sanad and other records that it is an Arazi Maqta which is not covered by the provisions of the Jagir Abolition Regulation. A similar representation was made about Khadiriabad which, on examination, was also found to be an Arazi Inam. As Arazi Inams also are not covered by the Jagir Abolition Regulation, this was also released.

8 The former status of the Maqtedar will continue

Hyderabad Special Reserve Police

‘275 Shri Vishwath Reddy (Laxmeerpet General) Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state

1 Whether it is a fact that the M S R P men are extracting forced Labour from the inhabitants of the disturbed areas and also causing hardships for the people?

2 If so, what action is being taken in the matter?

Shri D G Bandu 1 A few complaints to this effect were made against the M S R P personnel. The M S R P was replaced by the H S R P between June and September 1962 and no complaints of this nature have been received thereafter.

2 Does not arise in view of answer to (a)
276. Shri Viswanath Rao: Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

1. Whether detenus who have already given securities for their release are still behind the bars since many months, in Adilabad?

2. If so, why?

Shri D. G. Bundu: The Question presumably refers to three detenus of Adilabad district, viz., (1) Erukala Rajiah, (2) Gajala Posa, and (3) Gangadhari Nagalingu who were ordered by Government to be released temporarily up to 29th September, 1952, on the following conditions, among others:

(a) that they shall furnish a security bond for Rs. 500 each;
(b) that each of them shall furnish two sureties each for a sum of Rs. 500.

These three detenus could not be released as they furnished only security bonds and have not furnished the surety bonds. The Collector has been requested to state whether these detenus could be released without taking the surety bonds.

(2) Does not arise.

Gun Licenses in Telangana

*659. Shri J. B. Mulga Rao: Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

1. The number of gun licenses issued in Telangana;

2. What is the estimated number of unlicensed arms in Telangana?

3. What steps have been taken by the Government to recover such unlicensed arms?

Shri D. G. Bundu: (1) 3,449, (2) 1,746.

(3) Notices were served intimating that all persons who were in possession of arms either without a licence or under a licence the period of validity of which had expired should apply for and obtain licences or in the alternative, surrender their unlicensed arms. A state-wide check-up of arms with the aid of old registers in Police Station Houses was carried
Surrender of Arms

*672 Shri L R Ganerwal (Ramayanpet) Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state

(1) The number of arms surrendered in Hyderabad and Secunderabad cities since Police Action?

(2) Number of arms returned so far?

(3) Whether the pistols also have been returned to the parties concerned?

(4) Whether it is a fact that pistols were returned to some people only while some others were refused even though they hold All India licenses?

(5) If so what are the reasons for such differential treatment?

Shri D G Benu (1) 19164

(2) 2,641

(3) Yes. But to restricted number of licensees to whom licences had been granted

(4) The suggestion in the question of any partiality in regard to the return of pistols is unfounded. The issue of licences for pistols or revolvers was carefully considered on the merits of each case and in terms of status, character and antecedents and the need for the possession of such a weapon

(5) Does not arise in view of the answer to (4)

Building for High School Manthani

*808 Shri G Sreevalu (Manthani) Will the hon. Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

What steps have been taken by the Government to provide a permanent building for the High School at Manthani?

Shri Phoolchund Gandhi It is difficult to take up any new construction works as the funds at the disposal of the
MidH^fMiMH ° "* *^"° an an mr

**Unstarred Questions and Answers** 25th July, 1952. 2277

Education Department are hardly sufficient to complete the works in progress.

The P. W. D. is surveying Iklaspur area for locating the permanent building, but it can be constructed only when funds become available for the purpose.

**Lady Graduate Teacher**

"308A. Shri G. Sreeramulu: Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state:

(1) Whether the Government are aware that the public of Manthani demand a lady graduate teacher and the conversion of the Girls' Primary school, Manthani into Middle School?

(2) What action do the Government intend to take in this matter?

*Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education (Shri Phoolchand Gandhi):* (1) The answer is in the affirmative.

(2) The Primary School for Girls at Manthani had Class V at the end of the academic year 1950-51, Class VI in 1951-52 and Class VII will be introduced during the current year. When Class VII is introduced either a Graduate or an Inter trained teacher will be placed in charge of the School. Class VII will be opened, however, when the people of the locality contribute towards the non-recurring requirements like furniture, educational appliances etc., under the Rules notified.

**Establishment of Primary Schools**

"335. Shri Achut Rao Yogiroj Kavade (Kallam): Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state:

(1) Whether it is a fact that the villagers of Wakadi and Wadgaon Jagir of Kallam taluka have represented to the Government to establish Primary Schools in the said villages?

(2) If so whether the Government propose to open schools immediately in the above villages.
2273  25th July 1932  U  r  1  Q  9  o  1  l  A  9  o  9

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi. The inhabitants of the village of Wakadi have recently applied to the Inspector of Schools to open a Voluntary Aided School in their village. N other applications have been received

(2) The question of opening a Single Teacher Primary School at Wadgaon is now under consideration. Also the question of opening a voluntary Aided School at Wakadi

Physical Training College

*842 Shri Syed Hasan (Hyderabad City) Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

(1) Is it a fact that the Government has decided to close the Physical Training College since the beginning of this academic year?

(2) If so what are the reasons?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi: The answer is in the affirmative.

The present expenditure on the two Physical Training Colleges, one for men and the other for women is very high since we train only 25 men and 15 women per year. The budget for men's College is 51,550 and for the women's College is 80,470; i.e., a total of 82,020

As a measure of economy, therefore, Government have decided to close these Colleges and entrust the work to a private agency as in Madras where the Y.M.C.A. is entrusted with such work by giving a grant in aid at the rate of 4 of the expenditure subject to a maximum of Rs. 25,000 p.a.

School of Arts and Crafts

*843 Shri Syed Hasan: Will the hon. Minister for Medical, Public Health, and Education be pleased to state

(1) Whether it is a fact that the Arts and Crafts School, for ladies situated in the City of Hyderabad is being shifted to Secunderabad?

(2) If so what are the reasons?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi: (1) There is no Arts and Crafts School for women in the Hyderabad City. The Member
is perhaps referring to the Girls' Vocational High School, Androon-e-Balda. If so, the answer is in the affirmative.

(2) This decision has been taken as there is no such institution to cater to the needs of women in Secunderabad. It will be shifted as soon as a suitable building is found in Secunderabad. Even then there will be two Institutions to cater to the needs of Women in Hyderabad, viz., the Girls' Vocational High School and the Domestic Science Training College. In the event of there being a rush for admission to the Domestic Science Training College at Saifabad, the question of making arrangements to increase accommodation therein is under consideration of Government.

Incidence of Tuberculosis

*439. Shri Ch. Venkairama Rao (Karimnagar): Will the hon. Minister for Health and Medical be pleased to state:—

(1) What is the percentage of the incidence of Tuberculosis in the State during the last five years?

(2) The number of deaths due to Tuberculosis during the last five years?

(3) The steps taken so far against Tuberculosis?

(4) The number of Tuberculosis Specialists in Government Service?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi: "(1) The percentage of T. B. patients in the Hyderabad State during the last five years is not available as this has not yet been surveyed.

(2) The number of deaths due to T. B. during the last five years is 1,126 as recorded in the hospitals and Sanatoria.

(3) B. C. G. Vaccination has been implemented since October, 1919. In 1951-52 the teams of B. C. G. Vaccination visited various districts to test and vaccinate school children. There is a proposal to extend its activities on a mass scale. A Sanatorium at Mominabad has been established recently for fulfilling the needs of Marathwada with accommodation for 100 beds. The question of increasing the beds at T. B. Hospital, Irrumnuma and at the Osmuna Sanatorium, Vikarabad is under consideration. The T. B. Clinic at Secunderabad, has been reorganised recently. A Mobile X-Ray Unit for Mass Miniature Radiography is to be purchased shortly. To wake up public consciousness to the dangers of T. B., T. B. Seal campaigns have been conducted.
23d July 19**

469 Shri Jai Rama Reddy (Narsapur) Will the hon. Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state —

The total number of beds in the Narsapur taluqa Hospital?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi There are four beds in the Narsapur taluqa Hospital

Hospital Building Narsapur

469 Shri Jai Rama Reddy Will the hon. Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state —

(1) Whether it is a fact that the Hospital building at Narsapur is in dilapidated condition and is unsuitable for residential purposes?

(2) If so whether the Government proposes to construct a new building or to repair the existing one and in what time?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi The Narsapur Dispensary building was constructed some 20 years back and it was not maintained properly by the Jagir authorities. It is suitable for residential purposes but it needs some repairs.

(2) There is no proposal for the construction of a new building. The repairing work will be taken up as soon as funds are available for medical buildings for 1952-53

More Hospitals for Narsapur

469 B Shri Jai Rama Reddy Will the hon. Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state —

(1) Whether it is a fact that there is only one hospital in the whole of Narsapur taluqa?

(2) If so whether there is any proposal before the Government for establishing more hospitals?

(3) If so what are its details?
Shri Phoolchand Gandhi: There is only one Allopathic dispensary in the Narsapur taluq.

In view of paucity of funds, it is difficult to open a new dispensary. However the question of opening an Ayurvedic or Unani Dispensary will be taken up whenever funds are available.

Standard in Primary Schools

Shri Jai Ram Reddy: Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state:

(1) What is the standard adopted for establishing Primary Schools?

(2) Whether and if so, how many Primary Schools have been opened in Narsapur taluqa since its bifurcation?

(3) The number of villages in the said taluqa, where on the basis of the standard observed, Primary Schools ought to have been opened?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi: (1) The following principles are observed in establishing Primary Schools:

(i) First, preference is given to places where the population is 1,000 or more.

(ii) Next, preference is given to places having population between 800 and 1,000.

(iii) Voluntary Aided Schools are established at places which have a population of less than 800.

(2) Seven schools were opened in this taluqa in 1950-51. Three more schools were opened in 1951-52.

(3) There are 81 villages in this taluqa where the population is over 1,000 and 29 schools are running therein. Proposals for establishing schools in the remaining two villages are under consideration.

There are 15 villages where the population is between 800 and 1,000 and schools are running in 9 of them. Proposals to open new schools in the remaining 6 villages are under consideration.

There are 24 villages where the population is between 600 and 800. In 8 of them there are Voluntary Aided Schools; and owing to the non-functioning of 5 Voluntary
Aided schools in other taluqas orders have recently been issued for the transfer to the taluq of such schools.

The question of opening Voluntary Aided Schools in the remaining villages is under consideration.

Water Supply Scheme for Bhn

*465 Shri Sripat Rao Kadam (Bhn) Will the hon. Minister for Local Self Government be pleased to state —

1. Whether a water supply scheme for Bhn Town is under the consideration of the Government?

2. If so when will the scheme come into operation?

Minister for Local Self Government (Shri Ann Rau Ganamukhi) (1) A scheme for water supply of Bhn town estimated to cost Rs. 18 05 lakhs is under consideration of Government.

2. The scheme will be put into operation as soon as funds are available.

Octroi Duty on Hyderabad Citizens

*489 Shri Gopal Rao Lakhota (Chaderghat) Will the hon. Minister for Local Self Government be pleased to state —

1. Is it a fact that the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation wants to impose Octroi duty and that they are authorised to do under the Municipal Act and that the Government of Hyderabad is coming in their way?

2. If so, what are the reasons?

Shri Anna Rao Ganamukhi (1) It is a fact

2. The Hyderabad Government did not agree to the imposition of Octroi duty because there was already in force a Customs duty in the State. In lieu of Octroi duty the Hyderabad Government has been substituted the Municipality in cash to the extent of over eight lakhs of rupees per annum. The Customs duty is to be abolished from the 1st August 1952 and the Commissioners of both Hyderabad and Secunderabad Corporations are being asked to forward proposals for the collection of Octroi duty for the sanction of Government.
Unstarred Questions and Answers 28th July, 1952. 2283

Budget of Hyderabad Municipal Corporation

*490. Shri Gopalrao Ekbote : Will the hon. Minister for Local Self Government be pleased to state:—

(1) Whether it is a fact that the budget passed by the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation was amended by the Government to a great extent?

(2) If so, why?

(3) Whether it is a fact that the Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad has a deficit budget?

(4) If so, what action do the Government propose to take in the matter?

Shri Anna Rao Ganamukha: (1) It is a fact that the budget of the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation has been amended to a certain limited extent.

(2) The amendment has been effected on the expenditure side in order to balance the budget. The income estimated by the Corporation has been accepted in toto. The expenditure included by the Corporation was in excess of the estimated income by Rs. 26,00 lakhs and it is obvious that Government could not approve a budget which is incapable of being put into operation.

(3) The budget of Hyderabad Municipal Corporation is deficit to the extent of Rs. 26,00 lakhs.

(4) The Government give a total amount of Rs. 8.00 lakhs per annum as grant to the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation from the General Revenues. A further sum of Rs. 3.00 lakhs per annum has been given each year since 1947 to help the Municipal Corporation meet its increased expenditure of which not a single pice has been repaid in the past five years. The grants cannot be further increased.

Secretary, Municipal Corporation

*492. Shri Gopal Rao Ekbote : Will the hon. Minister for Local Self Government be pleased to state:—

(1) Whether it is a fact that Municipal Corporation of Hyderabad is authorized to appoint a person of their choice as the Secretary of the Municipal Corporation and that they have accordingly appointed a person?

(2) Whether it is also a fact that the Government interfered and appointed another person as the Secretary?
2234 25th July 1942  Umd 111 Qt ir is an Answer

(3) If so why so?

Shri Amrao Rao Ganamukkhi (1) In view of the provisions of section 41 B of the Hyderabad Municipal Corporations Act 1950 the Municipal Corporation is not competent to make the appointment of the Secretary. The Corporation had however made a proposal for the appointment of a certain officer to that post.

(2) It is a fact that Government appointed a person other than the one recommended by the Corporation.

(3) Because the officer proposed by the Corporation stood at No 14 in the order of seniority in the Municipal Secretariat cadre of Rs 300 to Rs 600 and could not be given promotion over 18 other officers who were equally efficient, and senior to him by several years in some cases.

Unused Building Sites

*368 Shri M S Ranguniga Will the hon. Minister for Local Self Government be pleased to state —

(1) Whether the Government are aware that there are a large tract of land in the hoot of Hyderabad City which could be requisitioned for building new houses?

(2) Whether the Government propose to conduct a survey of vacant sites in Hyderabad and Secunderabad so as to estimate the number of houses that can be constructed?

(3) If so whether the Government propose to requisition the same for the said purpose?

Shri Amrao Rao Ganamukkhi (1) Yes

(2) Such survey has been carried out by the City Improvement Board in certain localities such as Malakpet, Chandulal Baradi, Fateh Dairwala Panjaqutta, Mukramuddaunna, Garden, Jyaguda and Bcom Jung Garden in Hyderabad City.

(3) Of the localities detailed above certain properties have been acquired and the acquisition of others is under active consideration for the purpose of constructing houses. The cost of acquisition is very heavy and has to be undertaken gradually.

The Government have recently sanctioned a proposal of the Local Government Department to sell C 1 B
houses, stray bits of land left over from schemes and to acquire further compact areas of land from sale proceeds on which more houses will be built to relieve the housing shortage. In fact one such scheme is under active consideration of Government in the Local Government Department and will help to relieve the housing shortage in that area.

Dwellers of C. I. B. Blocks

*569. Shri M. S. Rajalingam: Will the hon. Minister for Local Self Government be pleased to state:—

(1) Whether the Government is aware that some individuals who own houses let out their own houses on higher rents after securing the C. I. B. Blocks for themselves?

(2) If so, whether notices have been served on such persons to vacate houses built by C. I. B.?

(3) And if so, the number of persons on whom such notices were served and the number of persons who vacated the C. I. B. Blocks consequent on such notice?

Shri Anna Rao Ganamukhi: (1) Seven cases have recently been detected in which tenants of C. I. B. houses found to have private houses of their own.

(2) The eviction of such tenants is being affected in these cases under the C. I. B. Rules.

(3) Decisions have not yet been given in the cases.

Vacation on Vacant House Sites

*571. Shri M. S. Rajalingam: Will the hon. Minister for Local Government be pleased to state:—

(1) Whether the Government propose to impose tax on house-sites where buildings have not been constructed since a long time?

(2) Are the Government aware that such a tax will force the pace of construction of houses and thereby ease the housing problem?

Shri Anna Rao Ganamukhi: (1) The vacant sites when owned by private persons are subject to property tax by the Corporations.

(2) The tax is already being levied but it is to be seen whether the owners will construct houses on account of the tax.
25th July 1952  Supplementary Demand for Grants

657 Shrimati Manuma Bagum (Shulibind) Will the hon. Minister for Local Self Government be pleased to state —

(1) Whether many of the houses constructed by the C.I.B. are locked up and not given on rent?

(2) If so, for what reasons?

Shri Anna Rao Ganamukhi: (1) All the houses constructed by the C.I.B. are given on rent except those newly constructed at Sultan Shahi Gowlipura and Rihimpura. The allotment of these new houses also has been made and notices are being issued to the allottees to occupy these houses and complete the Rental Deeds etc.

(2) The houses have to be kept locked pending occupation to prevent misuse of the buildings and theft of fittings etc.

Supplementary Demands for Grants

Minister for Law and Land Purchase (Shri Yuvann Rao Chanderika) Mr Speaker Sir I beg to move that a sum not exceeding Rs 40,000 be granted to the Ruppi unmukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1953 in respect of supplementary demand No 7. The demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh.

Mr Speaker Motion moved
Supplementary Demands for Grants
25th July, 1952.

Mr. Speaker: Now we shall take up cut motions. Shri Ankushrao Venkatrao.

(Shri Ankushrao Venkatrao was found to be absent. So cut motion was not moved).

Mr. Speaker: Next, Shri G. Srimulu.

Shri Jagannathrao Chanderki: Mr. Speaker, Sir, before the cut motion is moved, I wish to point out that this demand has nothing to do with 'administration of Justice' as such.

Shri G. Srimulu: In the explanation given to this Demand the same wording 'administration of Justice' has been used. Therefore, I had to use the words in my cut motion. But I actually want to speak about the working of P. O's and S. P. O's and specially the difficulties arising out of the 'administration of Justice'.

Mr. Speaker: Of course, the words 'administration of Justice' have been used there, but the Hon. Member has to look to the clarification also that is given there: "At present there is no clerical establishment for Government pleaders in districts and the staff given to Government pleaders at headquarters also requires to be strengthened. The total cost involved in this establishment is 0.52 lakhs in 1952-53. The expenditure is not expected to exceed 40 thousand. Therefore, this demand has nothing to do with 'administration of Justice'."

Shri G. Srimulu: Even if it is not concerned with the 'administration of justice' the very appointment of clerical staff and Government pleaders gives me an opportunity to discuss their working.

Mr. Speaker: Their working is not in question. It is only the clerical staff with which we are now concerned. This grant is being given to maintain clerical staff. Next, Shri Srinivasa Rao (Dichpalli). Here also there is no question of appointment of district pleaders. This demand is only with regard to staff. Regarding 'administration of justice' the demand was already granted and there had been sufficient discussion at that time.
Mr Speaker The stuff and the Government pleaders are two different items

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao Th demand for Government pleaders has already been acepted It is only for the stuff now

Shri Srinivas Rao Now I want to amend

Mr Speaker No it is not possible

No it is too far fetched I will now put the Demand to vote

The Question is

That a sum not exceeding Rs 40 000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 81st day of March 1933 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 7 The demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh

The Motion was adopted

Mr Speaker Now we will take up the next demand

Demand No 8—Education—Rs 10 48 000

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi Mr Speaker Su I beg to move

That a sum not exceeding Rs 10 48 000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come
in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1958 in respect of Supplementary Demand I No. 8. The demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh.

**Demand No. 9—Medical—**Rs. 5,50,000

Mr. Speaker Sir, I beg to move,

That a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,50,000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1958 in respect of Supplementary Demand No. 9. The demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh.

**Demand No. 10 (A.18)—Public Health—**Rs. 2,50,000

Mr. Speaker Sir, I beg to move,

That a sum not exceeding Rs. 2,50,000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1958 in respect of Supplementary Demand No. 10 (A.18). The demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh.

Mr. Speaker, Motion moved.
माफ़ी के बावजूद बुधवार को पहुँचते ही समय से त्याग न देंगा जारी करा जाओ।

एक प्रस्तावना तो यहीं नहीं बताया है कि यथा बिनादेह कि उपभोक्ता के नाम तय कर दिया गया। हां तो मैं वह कोई अलग बातें बताया नहीं।

बस इसमें यह कि नेतृत्व शाखा के पास नया नियम बनाया गया। हां तो मेरे हाथों में किसी भी इस नियम का कोई माफ़ी नहीं।

बाहर देखने के बारे में मेरे हाथों में किसी भी नहीं।

बस इस साया के पास नया नियम बनाया गया। अवधारणा बनाए आया है। बस कोई भी बिनादेह का नाम और उसका संपर्क संबंधित कर दिया गया।

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Shri V D Deshpande: I want proportionate importance to it

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi: Yes, I understood it (Laughter). That is why I am replying to it,
विस्तार में वित्तावरण करना \( f \) \( g \) या \( h \) घरीया की निष्पादन \( I \) \( J \) \( k \) चाहिए अद्यतन \( \mathbb{P} \) \( \mathbb{O} \) \( \mathbb{V} \) \( \mathbb{S} \) \( \mathbb{O} \) \( \mathbb{N} \) रखा है।

यह बुध कहता है कि अस्तित्व का अन्य दुनिया का स्वरूप । बुध के भवन वापसी कर रहा है और उसे घरीया का लिखने वाला व्यक्ति नहीं है। बुध कह रहा है कि अन्य दुनिया का स्वरूप वापसी कर रहा है और उसे घरीया का लिखने वाला व्यक्ति नहीं है।

अद्यतन \( \mathbb{P} \) \( \mathbb{O} \) \( \mathbb{S} \) \( \mathbb{B} \) \( \mathbb{D} \) स्वरूप बना कर लिखा गया है। घरीया की निष्पादन \( \mathbb{P} \) \( \mathbb{O} \) \( \mathbb{V} \) \( \mathbb{S} \) \( \mathbb{O} \) \( \mathbb{N} \) रखा है।

हम यहाँ देखते हैं कि अन्य दुनिया का स्वरूप वापसी कर रहा है और उसे घरीया का लिखने वाला व्यक्ति नहीं है। हम यहाँ देखते हैं कि अन्य दुनिया का स्वरूप वापसी कर रहा है और उसे घरीया का लिखने वाला व्यक्ति नहीं है।
Supplementary Demands for Grants

25th July 1952

This covers all types of schools, primary, middle and high schools for boys and girls and the grants for these are given in addition to the grants shown in the above headings.

Additional grants proposed from the provision of 10,48,000 to be given for grants in aid during 1952 in addition to the above grants of 22,53,420

Additional grants proposed from the provision of 10,48,000 to be given for grants in aid during 1952 in addition to the above grants of 22,53,420.
Mr Speaker  Let us now take up Cut motion to Demand No 8 Shri Udadhav Rao Patil

Demand No 8 (Head of Account 87)—Education—Rs 10,48,000

Shri Udadhav Rao Patil (Osmannabad—General) Speaker, Su I beg to move

'That the Demand under the Head 87 Education be reduced by Re 1 to discuss the policy of Government regarding the transfer of secondary education to private institutions.

Mr Speaker  Motion moved
'That the demand under the Head 87 Education be reduced by Re 1 to discuss the policy of Government...
regarding the transfer of secondary education to private institutions

Shri V D Deshpande Speaker S 1 I beg to move

That the demand under the Head 37 Education be reduced by Re 1 to discuss the new changes in the Education Department's offices and Institutions.

Mr Speaker Motion moved

That the Demand under the Head 37 Education be reduced by Re 1 to discuss the new changes in the Education Department's offices and Institutions.

(Shr Bapum Munsinghe whose name cut off on No 8 under Demand No 8 - 1st No 6 of the typed list - stands was found not present in the House and hence this cut motion was not moved.)

Shri Srinivasa Rao Speaker S 1 I beg to move

That the Demand under the Head 37 Education be reduced by Re 1 to discuss the mismanagement of the Department with regard to irregular functioning of village schools.

Mr Speaker How does this arise here? Is there any supplementary demand for village schools?

कृपया यात्रा साहिब जवाबित करेंगे जब भारतीय सक्षरता के मामले बाजारीयी सक्षरता के हूँ की विषय की विषयकता के बाल वर्तमान है?

Mr Speaker To discuss the mismanagement of the conducted by the Government or working under the auspices of schools.

I think the hon Member means village schools conducted by the Government or working under the auspices of the Government.

Shri Srinivasa Rao Voluntary schools

Mr Speaker Private schools getting grant in aid from the Government. The hon Member will discuss only about
Memorandum for Supply and Agriculture (Dr Chenna Reddy) I would like to draw the attention of the hon. Members to the fact that when the Deputy Spx ukt 14 in the Chair he should be addressed as Mr Deputy Speaker Sn.’

Mr Deputy Speaker Not as Mr Deputy Speaker’ but as Speaker Sir

Shri V D Deshpande I will say Sn.’

Shri V D Deshpande I will say Sn.’

Dr Chenna Reddy As a point of clarification, I had just pointed out the convention observed in the parliament and nothing beyond that.

(Continue)
Supplementary Demands for 25th July, 1952.

Grants

Co-education

The demand for 25th July, 1952, for Supplementary Grants includes the following items:

1. Education (Co-education)

The demand is supported by the following propositions:

- The demand is based on the principle of co-education, which is essential for the development of a well-rounded education.
- It is supported by the fact that co-education is already in practice in many countries and has proven to be beneficial.
- The demand is enhanced by the growing need for educating both boys and girls equally.

Re-organized

The demand is supported by the following arguments:

- The existing system of education is not efficient and needs to be re-organized.
- The re-organization of the education system would lead to better results and a more effective use of resources.
- It is supported by the fact that many countries have already re-organized their education systems with positive results.

Religious aspect

The demand includes the following points:

- It is supported by the religious beliefs of the community, who emphasize the importance of education.
- The demand is enhanced by the fact that education is a fundamental aspect of religious practice.
- It is supported by the fact that religious education is already taught in some schools and has proven to be beneficial.

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- It is supported by the fact that religious education is already taught in some schools and has proven to be beneficial.
28th July 1952

Sir,

I am writing to you in my capacity as a member of the Private Agency Information.

I have been contacted by a Mr. Khan, who is interested in starting a new business venture. He has been looking into various options and has expressed interest in setting up a business in your country. He has asked me to provide some information on the current economic conditions and business opportunities in your country.

Please could you provide me with some detailed information on the following:

1. Current economic conditions
2. Business opportunities
3. Legal requirements for starting a business
4. Any available grants or incentives

I am particularly interested in the potential for a small-scale manufacturing business. Any insights you could provide on this would be greatly appreciated.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Yours sincerely,

[Your Name]
Supplementary Demands for 25th July 1852

Grants

(Monopoly) 7

Ideology 7

Laws 7

Syllabus 7

(Compulsory Punishment)

(Nursery, Primary and Secondary Education) 7

(School-going children)

(Compulsory Education for All) 7

(Proposition)

(hôtelation) 7

(Hotelation) 7

(Due Proposition) 7

(Confirmation not received)
سعودیہ کے خواص کا ہوں، تو ماسک اکیلے ہوئے ہے ناہوں ماکی ڈرها کہول۔

جو کوریس اہل مہ، ہمکا اور کمی پین کری ایہ اصلی رہنے

ایک ہور و ہور ہے، دو یو چیکا لارے پر حور ہوئے ہیں مڈ گروپ کر

سکولی کی وہی انسانی ہے کہ لوکس محرار اور رہنے ہے آس پر کمی تے

کہا ہے دوہا، اس کو بھی ہے ناہوں دوہا کئ ہے ناہوں نہیں ہے اور

سکولوں کا کچھ ہے، لیکن دوہا کئ ہے ناہوں ہے ناہوں نہیں ہے اور

کہا ہے دوہا کئ ہے ناہوں نہیں ہے ناہوں نہیں ہے اور

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پروینا اس کی لمبائی

اس سے ماہی کی کئ دوہا نہیں ہے ناہوں نہیں ہے ناہوں نہیں ہے اور

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supplementary Demands for

20th July 1952

Ghana

Mr Speaker in the Chair,

The House has before it a number of Supplementary Demands for Ghana.

The Speaker

Discussion
26th July, 1952

Supplement 1 / Demol for

(4) 4

1. Irregularities:

- A new word or phrase has been inserted:
  
2. Admiration for the above:

- A new sentence has been added:

3. Output:

- A new table or list has been added:

4. Efficiency:

- A new diagram or graph has been added:
करना का बच्चा का जो हिस्सा हूँ वह और बिस्तारदारी से जो हूँ तथा जिसे भी कार्य करना है। जब वे मेरे बच्चे का अभियान में हैं, तभी वे बच्चे की पत्नी में हैं। वे उनपर होते हैं। जिसे वह इनके साथ लिखता है, वह और यदि वह इनके साथ लिखते हैं, तो वह इनके साथ लिखते हैं। केवल हार्जें के साथ इनके साथ लिखते हैं, तो वह इनके साथ लिखते हैं।

हमने प्रमाण करेंगे कि इसे करना है और इसे करना है। जिस तरह कि वह इसे करना है, तो वह इसे करना है।

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फिर पालना है कि भारत में जनमत के अनुसार वाली विद्यालयों में बालक और बालिका का पाठ्यक्रम है। भारत में विद्यालयों के अनुसार वाली विद्यालयों में बालक और बालिका का पाठ्यक्रम है। भारत में विद्यालयों के अनुसार वाली विद्यालयों में बालक और बालिका का पाठ्यक्रम है। भारत में विद्यालयों के अनुसार वाली विद्यालयों में बालक और बालिका का पाठ्यक्रम है।
Mr Speaker  Now I shall put the cut motions to vote

Shri Uddhavut Patil  Speaker Shri I beg leave of the House to withdraw my cut motion

The Motion was by leave of the House withdrawn

Shri V D Deshpande  Speaker Sr I beg leave of the House to withdraw my cut motion

The Motion was by leave of the House withdrawn

Shri Sriramasa Rao  Speaker Sr I beg leave of the House to withdraw my cut motion

The Motion was by leave of the House withdrawn

Shri G Sreearamlu  Speaker Sr I beg leave of the House to withdraw my cut motion

The motion was by leave of the House withdrawn
Mr Speaker  Now I shall put the Demand to vote.

The Question is

That a sum not exceeding Rs 10 48 000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1953 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 8"

The Motion was adopted

Mr Speaker  The Question is

"That a sum not exceeding Rs 5 50 000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1953 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 9"

The Motion was adopted

Mr Speaker  The Question is

"That a sum not exceeding Rs 2 50 000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1953 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 10 (A 18)"

The Motion was adopted

Minister for Rural Reconstruction (Shri Devi Singh Chauhan)

Speaker Sir I beg to move

"That a sum not exceeding 1 75 000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1953 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 11 The Supplementary Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh"

I beg to move

"That a sum not exceeding Rs 5 00 000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will
Supplementary Demands for Grants
25th July, 1952

come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1953 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 12. The Supplementary Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh.

I beg to move.

That a sum not exceeding Rs. 40,000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1953 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 16 (C 9). The Supplementary Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh.

I beg to move.

That a sum not exceeding Rs. 50,000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1953 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 18 (3). The Supplementary Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh.

Mr Speaker Motions moved.

Mr Speaker motions moved.
Demand No 11—Veterinary

Mr Speaker I shall now take up c in to to Demand No 11

Mr Speaker I shall now take up c in to to Demand No 11

Mr Speaker I shall now take up c in to to Demand No 11

Mr Speaker I shall now take up c in to to Demand No 11

Mr Speaker I shall now take up c in to to Demand No 11

Mot on moved

That the demand under the head Veterinary be reduced by Re 1

Mr Minister for Rural Resettlement (Hons Minister for Rural Resettlement) said a
Supplementary Demand for 25th July 1952

Grants

(Aims and objects)

Mr Speaker Sir,

I beg to move that the demand under the head 'Veterinary' be reduced by Rs 1 to discuss the working, aims and objects of the 1st mortgage banks.

Mr Speaker Is this a new point?

Mr Speaker The hon. Member says working, aims and objects.

Mr Speaker This is not a new point.
Shri K. Seshadreeswara: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I do not want to move the cut motion.

(Discuss)

Mr. Speaker, Sir, I do not want to move the cut motion.
Supplement to Demands 11, 16, 18 (C 9) and 18 (3) vote

Mr Speaker I shall put Supplementary Demands Nos 11, 12, 16 (C 9) and 18 (3) to vote.

The Question is

That a sum not exceeding Rs 1.75 000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1958 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 11.

The Motion was adopted.

Mr Speaker The Question is

That a sum not exceeding Rs 1.50 000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1958 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 12.

The Motion was adopted.
Mr Speaker  The Question is

That a sum not exceeding Rs 40,000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 1st day of March 1958 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 16 (C 9)

The Motion was adopted

Mr Speaker  The Question is

That a sum not exceeding Rs 50,000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 1st day of March 1958 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 18 (A 8)

The Motion was adopted

Mr Speaker  Now we shall take up Demand No 19

Demand No 19 (A 18) — Industries and Supplies

Rs 1,00,000

Minister for Commerce and Industries (Shri V. V. Vidyasagar)

Mr Speaker  Sir, I beg to move

That a sum not exceeding Rs 1,00,000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1958 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 18 (A 18). The demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh

Mr Speaker  Motion moved

(PAUSE)

Mr Speaker  The question is

That a sum not exceeding Rs 1,00,000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1958, in respect of Supplementary Demand No 18 (A 18)

The Motion was adopted

Mr Speaker  Next we will take up Demand No 14
Supplementary Demand for 25th July 1988

Grants

Demand No 1d (G 10)—Miscellaneous Depts
Rs 10,00,000

Minister for Social Service (Shri Shanker Deo) Mr Speaker, Sir I beg to move

This a sum not exceeding Rs 10,00,000 be granted to the Ryti muluk to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of Much 1958 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 1d (G 10). The demand has the recommendation of the Ryti muluk.

Mr Speaker Motion moved

Shri V D Deshpande Mr Speaker, Sir I take objection to that More 'Sir' is not enough hon the Minister for Social Service should say 'Speaker Sir'

Shri V D Deshpande Mr Speaker, Sir I take objection to that More 'Sir' is not enough hon the Minister for Social Service should say 'Speaker Sir'

*Confirmation not received*
Mr. Speaker, now we shall take up cut motions to this demand Shri Uppala Malchur
Supplementary Demands for 25th July 1952

Demand No 14 (G 10)—Miscellaneous Depots—Rs 10 00 000

Shri Uppala Mahath (Surajpur—Reserved) Mr Speaker Sir I beg to move

That the Demand under the head ‘Miscellaneous Departments’ be reduced by Rs 1 to discuss the policy of sinking of wells for drinking water

Motion moved

That the Demand under the head Miscellaneous Departments be reduced by Rs 1

Shri R.Bala Gourmanthy (Khammam—Reserved) I do not wish to move my cut motion Sir

Shri Gangaram (Nirmal—Reserved) Mr Speaker Sir, I beg to move

“That the demand under the head ‘Miscellaneous Departments’ be reduced by Rs 1 to discuss the failure of Government to uplift Harijans”

Mr Speaker Motion moved

“That the demand under the head ‘Miscellaneous Departments’ be reduced by Rs 1, to discuss the failure of Government to uplift Harijans”

Shri Gopala Gangwardey Mr Speaker Sir I beg to move

“That the demand under the head ‘Miscellaneous Departments’ be reduced by Rs 1 to discuss the urgency of constructing houses and sinking of wells for Harijans”

Mr Speaker Motion moved

“That the Demand under the head ‘Miscellaneous Departments’ be reduced by Rs 1 to discuss the urgency of constructing houses and sinking of wells for Harijans”

Shri Ganpati Thakur

Shri D. Venkata Reddy

Grants

( Police Action )

...
Shri Uppala Malcharu Mr. Speaker Sir I beg leave of the House to withdraw my Cut Motion to Demand No 14 (G 10)

The Motion was by leave of the House withdrawn

Shri Gangaram Mr. Speaker Sir I beg leave of the House to withdraw my Cut Motion to Demand No 14 (G 10)

The Motion was by leave of the House withdrawn

Shri Gopula Gangareddy Mr. Speaker Sir I beg leave of the House to withdraw my Cut Motion to Demand No 14 (G 10)

The Motion was by leave of the House withdrawn

Mr. Speaker The Question is

That a sum not exceeding Rs. 10,00,000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March, 1958 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 14 (G 10)

The Motion was adopted

Demand No 14 (G 11) (Head of Account 57) Development Schemes for Pungabhada Project

Minister for Labour Rehabilitation Planning and Information (Shri V B Raju) Mr. Speaker Sir I beg to move

That a sum not exceeding Rs. 20,00,000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March, 1958 in respect of Supplementary Demand No 16 (G 11) The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh

Mr. Speaker Sir I beg to move

That a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,00,000 be granted to the Rajpramukh to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day
of March, 1953, in respect of supplementary Demand No. 10 (G-12). The Demand has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh."

Mr. Speaker: Motions moved. Now, the cut motions,

Shri V. B. Raju: If there are any points they may be raised in the general discussion on cut motions, I will be in a position to answer them afterwards.

Demand No. 16 (G-12)-57. Miscellaneous—Community Projects—Rs. 5,00,000.

Shri K. Venkai Ram Rao (Chinakondur): Speaker, Sir, I beg to move,

"That the Demand under the Head '57, Miscellaneous Community Projects' be reduced by Rs. 1 to discuss Community Projects."

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved:

"That the Demand under the Head '57 Miscellaneous Community Projects' be reduced by Rs. 1 to discuss Community Projects."

Mr. Speaker: The other motion standing in the name of Shri J. Anand Rao is the same as this viz., to discuss Community Projects.

Shri J. Anand Rao (Sircilla—General): Speaker, Sir, I want to discuss the Policy of the Community Projects. There is a good difference between the two.

Mr. Speaker: That could be done, while discussing 'Community Projects.'

Shri J. Anand Rao: It is an important subject, Sir, I request I may be allowed to speak for five minutes on this subject.

Mr. Speaker: The hon. Member can discuss and so the cut motion need not be moved.
Supplementary Demand for 15th July 1982

Yours truly,

[Signature]

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

* Confirmation not received
Supplementary Demands for Grants

Administrative set up of the community project

Concrete broad policies and general supervision

Temporary visits
I really would like to ensure the points made by the senator.

I moved. He said the name is bad. Probably the most not

However, are brought to bring about the prophecies and associated with it.

In fact, I am pleased to announce a new program gift. The gift can

hang if it is worn with the best of intentions. In the dream

Opposition in all shall fill the gap by the end name and

harp under so that their knowledge will be borne adopted by the

Senator. The Speaker. Sir: the Treasury Building
have understood what 'community' signifies. If he can distinguish between an orchard and a jungle, he can distinguish between a 'community' and a crowd. What the Government of India or what the party in power does is to create a community in India, while the project of the Communist Party and the P.D.F. is to create a crowd in India, because a crowd alone would serve the purpose of that party. I want to make it clear that this is not based on any political considerations. This is simply Technical Economic Plan. My friends on the other side are committed to planned economy. If they have any clear vision, let them say clearly that India does not to the line of planned economy. If once they agree to the planned economy—the plan is drawn, any sophists or gyps may be criticised. Without taking into consideration, the implications of any plan or the technicalities of any plan, bringing in the name of America and bringing in the name of any other country and trying to hit the headlines of newspapers does not impress upon the Treasury Benches.

Now, much has been said without relevance to the point and ultimately the complaint is that it has not been brought to the notice of this House. I can agree on that point. But unless and until we have completed our surveys and estimates and give a concrete shape, the Hyderabad Government does not find it necessary to give information in parts, whereas it has been conveyed by the Government of India through the radio, through the press, through the speeches of the Prime Minister of India to every nook and corner of the country. Simply pleading ignorance here on a cut motion does not resound to the dignity of the party to which the lion, Member belongs.

Shri V. D. Deshpande: I am referring to a definite rule of the Legislative Assembly, where it has been specifically mentioned that if a new scheme comes before the House, the details have to be supplied to the House.

Shri V. B. Raja: I have already conceded that point. I have already said that why this has not been brought before the House or placed as a statement on the table of the House is for the reason that the surveys are going on, estimates are being prepared, plans are being prepared, and all these things are being done, and if it is the desire of the hon. Member to have any general note, the Government of India have issued, the Government is prepared to supply copies, and I will supply them in a few days.
Secondly, it was stated that it was a Mutual Security Pact, but the real fact is that it is Indo-U.S. Technical Co-operation Agreement. In the hon. Member going to prevent this great country associating with any other country on technical matters through the import and export of technical knowledge, scientific knowledge. The hon. Members in opposition others who belong to the particular political party have no objection to import ideas, but they have objection to import [italics]

Shri V. D. Deshpande: No, No. It is not that.

Shri V. B. Raju: Even if the hon. Member says 'no' a thousand times, I will not be convinced.

Shri V. D. Deshpande: We are opposed to import control from outside.

Shri V. B. Raju: I have not said we are going to import control. We are not importing ideas through a voluntary [italics]

Shri V. D. Deshpande: Then why should the U.S. Ambassador try to get us funds?

Shri V. B. Raju: I am coming to that point. Simply take the name of experts who are associated with the scheme and try to picture that they are going to control our [italics]. is not going to convince the intelligent men here and outside. Such a thing is meant for the consumption of the unfortunate folk, who are called by the word 'masses'. But nobody in this House is going to be misled.

The hon. Member has read the administrative set up or structure in the State. There is the State Development Board, the Chairman of which is hon. the Chief Minister. The Ministers concerned are members of the Board. There the Secretary who is also the Development Commissioner. No American, no Russian is a member of the Committee. His Committee is, I can declare, all-powerful and supreme and can decide what to do and what not to do. It is entirely within their competence. There is no imposition even from the Central Government, except that an uniform scheme has to be followed, the details of which have been sent to us. I do not understand how the Americans come in our way.
The Motion was adopted

Mr Speaker The Question is

That a sum not exceeding Rs 20,00,000 and 1 Demand No 18 (G 11) be granted to the Kuppi mukhi to defray the several charges which will come in course of payment for the year ending the 31st day of March 1953. The Demand has the recommendation of the Kuppi mukhi

The Motion was adopted

Mr Speaker I am glad that we have been able to finish the Supplementary Demands although not by 3 30 but at least by 4 40. Now we shall meet again in the evening for the purpose of passing the Appropriation Bill. I think we can meet at 4 30 p.m.

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao Mr Speaker Sir, I would suggest 4 o clock because though the Appropriation Bill may not take much time, there is a Motion to be discussed. Perhaps some of the hon. Members may like to say something on that. After this we have some social function at 5 30. I should think, Sir, that 4 p.m. would be more convenient

Mr Speaker I think we can discuss from 1 30 to 5 30. In about 15 or 20 minutes we can finish the Appropriation Bill and then we can finish the other work by 5 30 and be in time for the social function. Unless the Members are inclined to talk a good deal on the Motion, we should be able to finish our work by 5 30 p.m.

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao In that case, Sir, we may meet at 4 30 p.m.

The House then adjourned for lunch till Half Past 1 o'clock.

The House reassembled after lunch at Half Past 1 o'clock.
Mr. Speaker in the Chair


Mr. Speaker: Dr. G. S. Melkote.

The Minister for Finance (Dr. G. S. Melkote): Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg to introduce L. A. Bill No. XXVI of 1952, The Hyderabad State Supplementary Appropriation Bill, 1952. The Bill has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh.

Mr. Speaker: The Bill is introduced.

Dr. G. S. Melkote: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg to move:

"That L. A. Bill No. XXVI of 1952, The Hyderabad State Supplementary Appropriation Bill, 1952, be read a first time. The Bill has the recommendation of the Rajpramukh.

Mr. Speaker: Motion moved:


Shri V. D. Deshpande: Mr. Speaker, Sir, The Appropriation Bill is being read for the first time. I believe that to-day is the last day of the present Session. We have discussed so many things here, and to-day we will be passing, what is supposed to be, the Supplementary Appropriation Bill.

On this occasion, I do not wish to take much time of the House. As such, I will simply say that we have gone through the experience of the first Budget in the first elected Assembly. Our experience has been varied on different topics; sometimes, we have had similar opinions; on many, we differed too. But, while we part to-day—I feel, all the hon. Members of this Assembly will also go with this feeling—that we have tried our level best to understand each other and put forward one's own view so as to be more and
more beneficial to the mass and less just and fair to change then file as it makes it more accept and more tolerable. In this House I hope all the views and feelings and many times strongly be. But I will expect that the I may be taken in the objective view and not only clearly as such. In our own and understanding the view it will be how the Sir if I may say so I realize the understanding honestly different people buy. I am trying to put forward then view and there in how much I have anything to contribute or to emphasize anything in my body as such. We on own light have been put into the things and we will be putting those in future as well. There will be many occasions to come to unwind these there were many time we are to differ from each other with that sincerity that you end with that moment which every party has and which every individual want me in the society has.

With this I believe that on this occasion I would draw the attention of the Treasury Benches to the many expectations which were there in our minds for the past two months and which remain unfulfilled, yet to this day. I not I not draw the attention of the hon the Chief Minister to what I am alluding because he is aware of it-- is he should be. I mean about the political situation in our State and our demand to bring it to normal. I will take this opportunity to appeal to him that he should put this action by a non-stop thing which would satisfy this all of the House and which will make it close to us that it is after the experience of three months the hon the Chief Minister and the Treasury Benches use believe in a position now to say that it is possible in Hyderabad to work in the coming days in our own way on a democratic path that has been chosen by all the parties at present. As I said the other day 'trust Begots Trust' I believe that applies not only to this side but also to the Treasury Benches.

I must put before the House my recent and feeling that the Treasury Benches have been moving too slow in the matter of setting matters. Here I think it had occasion to refer to that if it should not be possible for the people of the popular Government to cut the Red Tape then is on whom should it be expected?—Not from the regular administrative services who have been by nature accustomed to Red Tape and to slow moving.
I will appeal on this occasion to the hon. the Home Minister and the hon. the Chief Minister to release all the detainees and to create an atmosphere which will make us believe that the Government is prepared to change the whole situation and bring normal life in Hyderabad. Earlier also, I had referred to the incidents that took place in Telangana. On this occasion, I will put forward very clearly before the House that in the coming by-elections and in the coming days, it will not be our party or our organisation which will in any way create a situation which is supposed to be 'disturbed.' Of our own, what we have decided, we are following and we will be following. But, I am afraid, that things are changing on the other side. Probably, the feeling is gathering, in some sections and a hon. Member on that side, some time back, probably justly, told me that all the violence was on this side once; why not a little violence on that side now? Violence whether it is from this side or that side, is not going to help the situation. I have made the position very clear. Therefore, I take this occasion again to request the Treasury Benches to immediately solve this problem of political amnesty and create a situation which will not keep that heart-burning which is there for the last so many years. I do not believe that the hon. the Chief Minister wants to continue this any longer. On occasions when I had interviewed the hon. the Chief Minister privately, he assured me that he was trying to see that situation changes. Why not change it at present—that is my appeal to him.

As regards the other matters that have come up in the Budget, I have already expressed my views: sometimes we agreed; sometimes we differed; though we beg to differ we may co-operate also. These are the few things which I wanted to put before the House; and I hope they will be taken into consideration by the hon. the Chief Minister.

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I am grateful to the Leader of the P.D.F. party, the hon. Member for Ippugudia, for his speech—the tone of his speech and the spirit of his speech, at this moment. I am very glad to be able to say that during these two brief sessions that we have had, my experience which is a sincere expression of feeling shows that we have almost come up to our own expectations. In spite of
certain discussions in which I have heretofore unhesitatingly joined, and probably some time will join in the future, I believe the moment will have arrived to bring the Opposition and the Government together on the same platform. I am sincerely willing to unite and I hope the hon Members of the Opposition will act accordingly in pursuance of the resolution in the country and the late陛下根据自己的原则和利益在某些问题上的措施。我相信这将是一个合适的机会来重新审视我们是否拥有相同的共同目标和利益，特别是在民主方面。虽然在某些问题上我们可能不同意一些观点，但如果没有民主，就无法拥有民主。因此，我完全愿意在这样的背景下，尽管存在一些分歧，但我相信我们已经保持了高标准和民主精神的参与。我希望这两位议员和朋友在这一点上能够接受我提出的建议，尽管在某些方面我们可能有分歧。我在这一侧代表的民主精神和民主原则。有无民主，将决定我们的道路。我愿意与政府一道，寻求一个既能反映我们共同目标和利益，又能反映个人和集体利益的解决方案。这可能会带来某些变化，但这是我愿意为之付出的。我愿意为政府和民主精神的参与而努力。
course, I have been complaining that many of the things that should not have been opposed were opposed; but, apart from that, I am sure, on certain fundamentals we all agreed, and there need be no bickering or difference about those fundamentals. I am quite sure, by and by, we will be able to understand one another much more than we have been able to do in the past. As I said, 'Trust does begat trust' and it should be mutual—I quite agree with my hon. friend.

On the part of the Government, I must say, that at least soon after, since we have taken charge on the 6th March, 1952, we have been anxious to make friends, if I may say so, with the erstwhile Communist Party or the P.D.F. party, whatever you may call it. We have felt that there is some sincerity of purpose with them and that sincerity of purpose, we want to exploit—if I may use that term in a good sense and not in a bad sense. So far as services to people are concerned, I am sure, we will all continue to pursue that spirit in our future working.

My hon. friend has alluded to a point which he has been taking up with me very often, viz., the release of detenus and certain other allied matters. I can say without fear of contradiction that we have been pursuing a policy which ought to result in a better understanding of one another. The number of detenus still unreleased and for whose release my hon. friend is pressing, is now small enough; but that is not to say that I or my colleague, the hon. Minister for Home is not going to reconsider the matter. As a matter of fact, if I may say so, we have been so busy in this House that it has not been possible for us to review certain other cases which would have been reviewed if we had some time. Now that to-day we are closing this session, it will be possible for us very soon to review that List and perhaps, it will be possible for us also to satisfy, at least to a certain extent, the expectations of my hon. friend. We are not eager to keep behind the bars Members of any party or the P.D.F. or the Communist Party without reason or rhyme. Unless there are special reasons, I may assure my hon. friend that he will find me very co-operative in the matter of releasing detenus. 'The proof of the pudding is in the eating'—This saying, everybody knows. I need not make promises and my hon. friend will himself find that I am very sincere about it.

After paying this compliment to the Opposition, I am sure, everybody in this House will agree that the proceedings
conducted during the war and have been very severe, and that of a very high standard. If you permit me, sir, I will say that the informing was done with very little conduct in proceedings as long, by virtue of your tact and skill, I am able to (Cries) I am very happy to see that we have a Speaker who combines in him all the qualities of a very distinguished lawyer and a patron of the noble time one who combines in him so much with it will as well as tact and tolerance (Cries) In combination of these good qualities you see I am glad to tell our friends the hon. Members for Tipperary.

I do not desire to prolong my speech, I hope that after we have finished this session in about half an hour—the session will be able to meet you. There are by elections in which my hon. friend has declined to think I should make reference to, I can give him an assurance that no provocation or notice of complaint will be given by Members of this side of the House, any cause for complaint for my hon. friend I am always at his disposal to find out and see the truth about it. If I may say so the Government is pledged to conduct the rest of the session by elections in the fairest manner possible. After all one seat or two seats on this side or on that side is not going to matter very much, and I do not see any reason why there should be any talk of violence—eagerly for a reference to violence from this side or that side is absolutely unnecessary. We should conduct these by elections in the same manner and with the same dignity as we have conducted ourselves in this august Assembly and I hope it will not be far from the truth and I am confident, it will be possible for all to achieve that object. (Cheers)

Mr Speaker, The Question is

That L.A. Bill No XXVI of 1952 a Bill to authorize payment and appropriation of a certain sum from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the State of Hyderabad for service of the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1958, be read a first time.

The Motion was adopted.
Dr. G. S. Meikote : Speaker, Sir, I beg to move that L. A. Bill No. XXVI of 1952, The Hyderabad State Supplementary Appropriation Bill, 1952, be read a second time.

Mr. Speaker: The Question is:

"That L. A. Bill No. XXVI of 1952, The Hyderabad State Supplementary Appropriation Bill, 1952, be read a second time"

The Motion was adopted.

Mr. Speaker: There are no amendments. I shall put Clauses 2 and 3 with schedule to vote.

The Question is:

"That Clauses 2 and 3 with schedule stand part of the Bill"

The Motion was adopted.

Clauses 2 and 3 with schedule were added to the Bill.

Mr. Speaker: The Question is:

"That the short title and commencement stand part of the Bill"

The Motion was adopted.

The short title and commencement, i.e., Clause 1 was added to the Bill.

Dr. G. S. Meikote: Speaker, Sir, I beg to move that L. A. Bill No. XXVI of 1952, the Hyderabad State Supplementary Appropriation Bill, 1952, be read a third time and passed.

At this juncture, I must necessarily say that the whole House has shown extreme consideration to me. I took up the Finance Department fully conscious of my own ability. The Interim Budget was passed and again now, the final Budget too was passed. During this short period I had tried my best what is humanly possible. I am also perfectly aware of that I have not been able to come up to the expectations of the House. I can only say this much: it lies with me to strive but it is for the House to appreciate what little I have
been able to do. I do not know to what extent the House has been able to see to what I have been doing, but I may as well say, the House that so long, is 1 am in the I am not Department. I shall strive my best to come up to the expectation of this House. I once am in the House for the extreme consideration it showed to me.

Thank you Sir. (Cheers)

Mr Speaker: The Question is

That A Bill No XXVI of 1952, the Hyderabad State Supplementary Appropriation Bill 1952 be read a third time and passed.

The Motion was adopted

(Canada)

Discussion on the Motion for increase of Subvention and Grants in Aid to the State of Hyderabad

Mr Speaker: Now Shri Gopil Rao Kakhata will move the motion he has given notice of.

This Assembly wholeheartedly supports the Memorandum submitted by the Government of Hyderabad to the Indian Finance Commission on 16th July 1952 and urges upon the Government of India to accept the demand for the increase of subvention and grants in aid to Hyderabad State particularly in view of the importance of the execution of the Five Year Plan and the fulfillment of the urgent financial requirements of the State.

* Confirmation not seen yet*
یہ زبانی نامائی ہے جس میں اکثر بولنے والوں کی حالتیں اور نظامات کے لئے استعمال ہوتی ہے۔
Discussion on the Motion for
increase of Subvention and Grants
in and to the State of Hyderabad

Dear Sir,

The number of cases in which the State Administration is required to provide immediate relief is increasing.

Public opinion

The recent developments in the country have been favourably received by the public.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]

Note: The above letter is a sample and does not reflect the actual content of the document.
Discussion on the Motion for 26th July, 1952.

Increase of Subvention and Grants-in-aid to the State of Hyderabad

Shri V. D. Deshpande: The memorandum that has been placed before the House, has raised issues, with which, I believe, this side of the House is also in general agreement. I am not going out of my way when I quote here that Shri Rajagopalachari also recently raised this point in the Madras Assembly. He expressed the view that a little more autonomy is necessary for the States. If a province like Madras which has not gone through that amount of turmoil and suffering as we have for many years, should feel the necessity of filling up the deficit and strengthening the finances, we in Hyderabad, who have gone through much more turmoil and trial, will be justified in demanding from the Centre that they should look also to the interest of the peoples of Hyderabad. I am deliberately using the word 'Peoples of Hyderabad' because this State has the peculiar position of being made up of different nationalities, Andhra, Kannada, Maharastra and those of the Urdu tongue. All these people have to be developed and their interests have to be kept in view. Our needs are much more because of that, and it makes our administration much more complicated. Therefore, this aspect has to be emphasized in putting forth our demand.

Another aspect is that one-third of the State is under, what is known as, Jagirdar areas. It was only recently taken over by, what I should say, the Diwani. The need to develop this backward area, which suffered due to lack of educational facilities, communication facilities, and medical aid facilities, is urgent. This area is not small. It comprises of nearly 7 thousand villages. The Government of India should take into consideration this aspect and we will be perfectly justified to demand that the necessity of ameliorating the conditions of the masses in Hyderabad State is much more than in some other places. While expressing my views on this, I must say that I am in general agreement with the views expressed in the Memorandum. Of course, it is but natural that when a Memorandum has been presented on behalf of

* Confirmation not received
the Government and when we on this side of the House express our general agreement, it should be understood to be the views of the people as a whole.

As regards the estimated objectives given in this Memorandum—this is not the occasion to comment on that and I do not wish to comment on that as such but let me make it clear that probably the picture is different. We have our own views on this. But that is not the pertinent point or the more important side of the points mentioned in the Memorandum. But the main principle is, we feel, that the agreement which was reached earlier as has been expressed by the mover of the resolution—was based on facts that existed during the abnormal conditions. If it is granted that the situation then was abnormal, the problem has to be studied de novo. I believe that not only the revenue gap should be considered, but the special aspects, the peculiarities in Hyderabad must be taken into consideration. I have had occasion to meet the members of the Finance Commission and I tried to impress that the revenue gap has to be reviewed because the years which have been taken into consideration—from 1947-48—were abnormal in Hyderabad State. Before Police Action, the then existing Hyderabad Government had declared a war on the people and to that extent inflated the expenditure, in Police and Defence Departments. To take that as the normal situation, while deciding assets and liabilities, resources, income and expenditure will not be justifiable. I am glad to inform the House that the Finance Commission also appreciated the point, but they pleaded their inability to do anything to the existing structure, because their terms of reference were much restricted. I would request the Government of Hyderabad, which is the competent Government at present, that they should present this feeling also to the Government of India that much injustice was done to Hyderabad as far as revenue gap was concerned.

Regarding defence expenditure, Sir, in the past the then existing Government of India used to station armed contingents at Secunderabad and for that purpose, I believe, the Berar Agency was conceded and out of that the expenses were met and in addition more than 20 lakhs or 20 lakhs used to be paid to us. In this memorandum the Government of Hyderabad has demanded 20 lakhs of rupees. That they have justly done and I will support that. As such, even though
the Centre has taken over the defence expenditure, they are not, in fact, meeting any special defence expenditure on Hyderabad. The stationing of troops is not done as before and if that is a fact, it is a saving to the Government of India in the time of about 2 crores of rupees. They should give this money back to Hyderabad. We are justified in demanding that, in view of our backwardness and in view of the particular situation obtaining here.

Again, about the income-tax, I am in full agreement with the views in the Memorandum and as the Finance Minister has stated, while taking into consideration the income-tax, its full growth in Hyderabad in the coming years ought to have been considered. When we began to impose this tax here we had just begun it. The other day I had gone through the figures, but I am unable to understand the mathematics behind it. While arriving at the averages the two years had to be considered, but the collections of only one and half year were taken into account. I learnt mathematics in primary, middle school and high schools and I learnt that averages are considered according to the periods; but here I find that the average of one year was arrived at by dividing 1½ years by 2 years. Therefore we lost about 60 lakhs of rupees or so. We are justified in demanding that, at least that year in which we had collected income tax throughout the year, should be considered as the basic year. The trick that was done was that the collections of these 1½ years were divided not by 18 months, but by 24 months. This was multiplied by 12 and thus the average for the year was found out. It has done injustice to us. We have a right to ask them to make the correct calculation. I had occasion to discuss this point as well with members of the Finance Commission. To that extent I am in complete agreement with the Memorandum.

Another aspect which I believe the Government of Hyderabad should take up with the Government of India is about the various items which we have to pay. Probably a reference to this is already there and I will not allude to it. But just as certain of our resources have been taken over, similarly as regards some other items our needs have been down. Hon. the Chief Minister and the Treasury Benches know the different items which are charged and which we have to pay. I believe that the Government of Hyderabad should plead with the Government of India that we should be free to decide for ourselves according to the
situations according to 20000 at our disposal. At least this side would be in full view of it and in order to make the Government of India understand that those 20000 or 20,000 should be fixed so as to give us more resource.

Then there are 20 points in the memorandum. About the development plans I would not go into details yet at present. We stand for a mono and mono development plans. So it does not need any argument for me to support the development plans. They are that of course I may be permitted to say that it is not enough having plans. We have to do much and our responsibilities are much greater compared to other. Still which made up of experience of having a democratic legally elected Government for the last decade or so. We who are just beginning an elected Government have much more difficulties and responsibilities compared to them. Therefore I believe the Government of India should necessarily give more attention to us than what they paid to Mach 3 and to Bombay as such. Therefore through you Mr. Speaker and through the Treasury Benches and through the House as a whole I appeal to the Government of India to look at these aspects. The fact is that unity in diversity. That the fact is that diversity does exist. There are different nation alites — or if that word is not permitted — different cultural groups existing in different parts of India which have to be developed. If we do not develop them, if the different limbs of the body are not developed, I do not think the body politics the economic politics and the socio-political of the country as a whole could be developed. This is the reason. Why I believe we come justified in stressing this point. This is our right, having taken part in the national movement for the last so many years having sacrificed so much it is our right and by right we can demand of the Government of India that they should give us sufficient help.

Therefore making it very clear that generally we are in agreement with this memorandum I believe the Government of Hyderabad should with the backing of the entire
Mr Speaker: The Question is

'That this Assembly wholeheartedly supports the Memorandum submitted by the Government of Hyderabad.
to the Indian Finance Commission on 16 July 1952 and in view of the demand for the increase of subvention and grants in aid to Hyderabad State particularly in view of the importance of the execution of the Five Year Plan and the fulfilment of the urgent financial requirements of the State.

The Motion was adopted.

Announcements by the Speaker

Mr. Speaker I want to make the following announcements.

The Privileges Committee that has been appointed has asked for extension of time for presenting its report till 15th September 1952. In view of the fact that the Session was going on the Committee met four times but could not finish its work.

Therefore extension upto 15th September 1952 has been granted.

(PAUSE)

The last announcement I have to make is about the prorogation of the Assembly.

I have received a communication from the Rajpramukh stating that he is pleased to order under Art 171 read with Art 288 of the Constitution of India that the present Session of the Legislative Assembly be prorogued from now.

The Assembly was then prorogued.
HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES
Official Report

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Price: Eight Annas
LIII HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Tuesday and December 1932

(NINTH DAY OF LIII THIRD SESSION)

The House met at Half past 1w of the clock

[Mr Speaker in the Chair]

Starred Questions and Answers

Mr Speaker Let us take up questions

Relief Measures in famine areas

*252 (616) Shri G Humamath Rao (Mullag) Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state —

(a) Whether famine conditions prevail in the districts of Nalgonda and Wuangul?

(b) If so how much good grains have been distributed in the above districts during August and September 1932?

(c) What measures have been taken by the Government to give relief to these famine stricken areas?

ملکاوارکرگروسللی (زبکرچارادی) (م) 500-00

ملک کو خرد خزانسازی دینی را داگا اذکار کرده و جا وال

معونت کردی جامعہ دو دوکا-50

و یہ دو طور رکھ کے ایکابی میں ہو رہے ہیں

ہروئی (ب) کا میں ایک حکومت کے انتظام میں ہیں احیان یورونیری کی صدارت

کسی کو پینے کے لیے میں

لکھدی

(6339)

551
نام نے لائنز (یو ای ای) اور پریس یون ٹی شاپز (یو ای) کا انتظامیہ گزر کے
کل کی معنی مشہور فیصلہ کے اور ان کے تاخت خلاف کے سرکاری 
کے اور اخیر تا ہیں، اوہ کہ کل اور قانونی کے ردعمل کو مباہت کی

"Mr. Speaker, No British India any longer.

لاگئے جام چہارہے ہیں کہ جنگیہوں نے یہ بات
کہ کہا ہے کہ اگر ایک گز کو کوئی اور
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شروع کیتا ہوا ہے اور یہ اب تاہم کہ یہ

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شروع کیتا ہوا ہے اور یہ اب تاہم کہ یہ

"Mr. Speaker, No British India any longer.
Sherry gives a speech about the new regulations.

Q: What is the purpose of the new regulations?

A: The purpose of the new regulations is to ensure fair trade practices.

Q: How will these regulations benefit the consumers?

A: These regulations will protect consumers from unfair practices.

Q: What are the consequences for businesses that violate the regulations?

A: Businesses that violate the regulations will face severe penalties.

Q: How can the public report instances of violation?

A: The public can report violations through the designated hotlines.

Q: Are there any new measures for food safety?

A: Yes, the government has introduced stricter measures for food safety.

Q: What is the significance of these measures for public health?

A: These measures are crucial for preventing food-related diseases.

Q: How can the public access the updated regulations?

A: The updated regulations can be accessed through the government's official website.

Q: What is the importance of compliance with these regulations?

A: Compliance with these regulations is essential for maintaining a healthy and fair market.
2nd Dec 1954

_Sir, d Questns and Answers_

Social Service Department

*289 (561) Shri Ch Venkat Rama Rao* Will the hon Minister for Social Service be pleased to state

(a) The estimated expenditure on the administrative services of the Social Service Department?

(b) The total number of Gazetted and non-gazetted officers in this Department?

*254 (502) Shri Ch Venkat Rama Rao* Will the hon Minister for Social Service be pleased to state

(a) What are the day to day functions of the District Inspectors of the Social Service Department?

(b) Whether it is the duty of these Inspectors, to see that social justice is meted out to the Harijans and other socially backward classes?

(c) Whether and if so how many such cases were brought to the notice of the Inspector of Kurnool district and with what results?

*Scheduled Castes*
Mr. Speaker: The question is about the District Inspectors and their day to day functions. It is not a general question.

Mr. Speaker: The point is that it was not done through the Social Service Department. This is the only relevant point.
2nd Dec 1952

**Children's Libraries**

*288 (908) Shri N. V. Pathak (Sillod) Will the hon.
Minister for Social Service be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that 125 Children libraries
were established by Shri Setu Madhav Rao Pujari the
Collector of Aurangabad district?

(b) Whether expenditure incurred on libraries is borne
by the Social Services Department?

Shri Sankrdo (न) 6 Hours 30 Minutes

Shri Ramanand Ramanand (न) 8 Hours 30 Minutes

Shri ramanand ramanand (न) 8 Hours 30 Minutes (Accounts)

Shri ramanand ramanand (न) 8 Hours 30 Minutes (Pet. L. influence)

Shri ramanand ramanand (न) 8 Hours 30 Minutes

Shri Sankrdo (न) 6 Hours 30 Minutes (Sankrdo)

Shri Sankrdo (न) 6 Hours 30 Minutes (Indian)

Shri Sankrdo (न) 6 Hours 30 Minutes (Conference of Social Work)

Shri Sankrdo (न) 6 Hours 30 Minutes (Sankrdo)
Mr Speaker. It is a matter of opinion. Let us now take up questions from the other list. Shri M. Buchsah.

Shri M. Buchsah (Sirpur). Will the hon. Minister for Excise, Customs and Forests be pleased to state the reasons for not implementing the scheme of Tree to the Tapper in the three taluqs selected for this purpose?

The President

Mr Speaker. cabinet.

Shri M. Buchsah (Sirpur). Will the hon. Minister for Excise, Customs and Forests be pleased to state the reasons for not implementing the scheme of Tree to the Tapper in the three taluqs selected for this purpose?

The President

Mr Speaker. cabinet.

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The President

Mr Speaker. cabinet.
سیری از درون سحر وحشی بیان می‌کند که اگر یکم کرو روح خداوند خاص ایجاد کنیم، بفهمیم چه گزاره‌هایی از دنیا و دنیای معنوی وجود دارند. گزاره‌ها در عین حال، باعث بهبود در دنیای واقعیت می‌شوند. گزاره‌ها در عین حال، باعث بهبود در دنیای واقعیت می‌شوند.

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سیری از درون سحر وحشی بیان می‌کند که اگر یکم کرو روح خداوند خاص ایجاد کنیم، بفهمیم چه گزاره‌هایی از دنیا و دنیای معنوی وجود دارند. گزاره‌ها در عین حال، باعث بهبود در دنیای واقعیت می‌شوند. گزاره‌ها در عین حال، باعث بهبود در دنیای واقعیت می‌شوند.
Serious and important work has been done so far. The Hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply has promised to state:

1. the levy collections of rice jawai bails and wheat for this year?

2. the balance to be collected?

Jawab

(781) Shri G. Hanumanth Rao Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state:

1. the levy collections of rice jawai bails and wheat for this year?

2. the balance to be collected?

Collections

30 (781) Shri G Hanumanth Rao Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state:

1. the levy collections of rice jawai bails and wheat for this year?

2. the balance to be collected?
2nd Dec 1955

Sir M Bichnah

Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

The steps taken by the Government to protect the crop from the wild pigs which are causing huge losses in the crops?

Destruction of Crops

*40 (692) Shri M. Bichnah: Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

The steps taken by the Government to protect the crop from the wild pigs which are causing huge losses in the crops?

D. A. S. A. 1200 A.D. in 4177, I had a report from the Divisional Officer, Ushai, regarding the depredations of wild pigs on the crops in the Division. Since then, I have been receiving regular reports from the Divisional Officers and other officials regarding the damage caused by wild pigs. The Government has taken several steps to protect the crops. These include the use ofchemical sprays, the erection of fences, and the employment of local villagers to help in the control of the wild pigs.

Shri P. V. Ramalinga Rau (Kollur): The number of wild pigs has increased in recent years due to the decrease in their natural enemies. The Government is taking steps to control the wild pigs and protect the crops.

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Shri P. V. Ramalinga Rau (Kollur): The number of wild pigs has increased in recent years due to the decrease in their natural enemies. The Government is taking steps to control the wild pigs and protect the crops.
Mr. Speaker Does the hon Member mean peasants of any party?

Shri M. Iqbal The question Pertains to such peasants who have affiliations with leftist parties.

Mr. Speaker Which is the party?
2nd Dec 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

Q. Whether the cultivation of jawar, bunti and ruce, has fallen down in 1952 in the Koya, Itagi, Bugampahad, Palvancha, Mulug, Pakhal and Yellandu taluqs?

If so, for what reasons?

Exploration

[Handwritten notes in Urdu]

Tacking down of Cultivation

*41(786) Shri G Hanumanth Rao Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

1. Whether the cultivation of jawar, bunti and ruce, has fallen down in 1952 in the Koya, Itagi, Bugampahad, Palvancha, Mulug, Pakhal and Yellandu taluqs?

If so, for what reasons?
Mr Speaker: The hon Member could have asked it in the question itself.

Loss in Supply Department

On motion by Shri G Hanumanth Rao (V 98) and seconded by Shri A Ramareddy, the House was informed that the Government sustained a loss of Rs 42,998 in the supply of seeds from 1950-51 to 1951-52. The Minister for Agriculture and Supply was asked to state:

1. Whether the Government sustained any loss in 1950-51 and 1951-52 in Supply Department?

2. If so, how much and on what?
2nd Dec 1952

Started Questions and Answers

Disappearance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Q</th>
<th>A</th>
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</tbody>
</table>

DAK TRAM CHAIRMAN NAGAR

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Confiscation of Deposits

*48 (340) Shri Mansukhand Kewalchand Phalke (Phulman) Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and supply be pleased to state

1 Whether Government are aware that the Collector of Amangabad district confiscated the amounts of Rs 500 each deposited by Shri Phoolchandu and Shri Babu Lal Motilal owners of ration shops Nos. 7 and 5 respectively in Amangabad Town without assigning any reasons?

2 If so what are the reasons for such confiscation?

3 Whether the said amounts will be refunded to the parties?

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2 If so what are the reasons for such confiscation?

3 Whether the said amounts will be refunded to the parties?
Mr. Speaker: How does that question arise?

Mr. Speaker: I do not want to encourage personal questions?

Cash Prize for Levy

44 (862) Shri M K Pahade: Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

1. Whether Government are aware that a sum of Rs. 500 was sanctioned by the Government for awarding a cash prize to the village contributing maximum levy in Bhokardan taluq, Aurangabad district?

2. Whether it is a fact that the said prize was to go to the village Amrav but the Collector gave the amount to Bhokardan taluq Club?
Whether the Government propose to recover the amount from the aforesaid Club and pay it over to the said village Anvi?

Daakram jan vanai, rod 20 aur 3 khoob hai.

Shri Jamshedpal Ji bhataya kya dikhati sarhul kasliya khaan ek raat de bhalam sushree khaan ka he saakhe h?

Daakram jan vanai, rod 20 aur 3 khoob hai.

Daakram jam vanai, 10 bhi nashanaka.

Seraii che hoo rajam ranjita (rama dar?) na aankdhalui? Lileh he nise maahmuluch kile?

Daakram jan vanai, rod 20 aur 3 khoob hai.

**Inspection of Gram Banks**

*48 (724) Shri G Hanumanth Rao Will the Hon. Minister for Rural Reconstruction be pleased to visit and inspect in the months of August September and October 1952?

Rolul riekerus masiuro (Shri D. Waseem Chohan) Hain Saelul Milj

Sumo tikenh dekaran doro bun galoos mulj adalul aadh bhal uladul na dalul uladul na dero

Sekss dikush gie.

Shreeti mii bai ko wankaht rajam rali ban mulj semu giro deko dinkch ka giro?

(Not Answered)

Shreeti dagegh (adalul adahu) 10 mulj se bai eramanka khaan se mulj adalul aad ka yoon hada ka giro. Nib dinkch de aas samlata se. Se derufla

Deena chah 1 houn. Aon giro deko dinkch ka giro?

Shreeti dagegh (adalul adahu) 10 se thah?

Shreeti dagegh (adalul adahu) 10 se thah?
مریبہ دو سکو سخوہان نا کی نکسن ج سملو دکر دکھ ہنسلہ گئے

(Information)

مریبہ دو سکو سخوہان نا کی نکسن ج سملو دکر دکھ ہنسلہ گئے

(嬴)
Unstarred Questions and Answers

Acreage of Forests

42 (811) Shri Vanshchand Pahade Will the Hon. Minister for Excise Customs and Forests be pleased to state

(1) What is the total acreage of land under forests in 1. Chhira, 2. Marathwada and 3. Karnataka and its percentage of the total land of the respective areas?

(2) Which region requires afforestation badly?

(3) Whether and if so how much of land has been acquired for afforestation during the last two years in each district with names of persons from whom the land has been acquired?

(4) Whether compensation has been paid to tenants of land?

(5) If the acquired land was under cultivation how many tenants have been deprived of their tenancy rights?

(6) In how many years the Government propose to bring under afforestation all the acquired land? If so much has been brought under afforestation during the last two years?

(7) What is the total amount of money spent in acquiring the land during the last two years?

Shri K V Rangareddy (1) Following table gives the total land area under forests and percentage of forest to the land area for each region separately

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Total land area</th>
<th>Area under Forests</th>
<th>Percentage of Forests to land area</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>acres</td>
<td>acres</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telengana</td>
<td>26561280</td>
<td>7196082</td>
<td>27.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marathwada</td>
<td>12818600</td>
<td>5845822</td>
<td>41.58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karnataka</td>
<td>4051840</td>
<td>445468</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actually it ought to be 25 to 38% where as it is only 15 to 20% in the State
(2) Following regional parks under the following 15 districts require afforestation badly

Kurniak region
1. Osmanabad District
2. Bidar District
3. Ruchki District
4. Gulbarga District

Maithwaad region
1. Bhi District
2. Aurangabad District
3. Parbhan District
4. Nanded District

(3) In Osmanabad District 801 acres 8 gunta

(4) A list is enclosed herewith. Only 860 acres from acquired land have been actually brought under afforestation and this is in addition to the afforestation work carried out on Government lands.

(5) All the owners mentioned in the list attached have been paid.

(6) Department is not in a position to furnish this information as the question of acquisition of land pertains to the Revenue Department.

(7) It is proposed to bring 12,500 acres of acquired and Government lands under afforestation in five years. So far 8105 acres have been brought under afforestation and this includes 860 acres of acquired land.

(8) The total amount spent on acquisition of land is Rs 20,825 only.
2nd Dec 1952

LIST OF LANDS ACQUIRED FOR HOUSE VILLA AT CLIFF LAKES JAKI LAKES BRAHMA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Si Survey No</th>
<th>Area (A)</th>
<th>Rs 14</th>
<th>Rs 2</th>
<th>Rs 29</th>
</tr>
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<td>20</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>630</td>
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<tr>
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<td>19</td>
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<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>19</td>
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Total 730 2 10 228 0 2 2432 6 180 6 0

LIST OF LANDS ACQUIRED FROM SHEI PAJA KAYAN RAJ BALI DHAR AHINGA LADEK KULJAHAR

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<tr>
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<td>0 2 5 8</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>186 16 11</td>
<td></td>
<td>0 2 5 8</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>187 16 26</td>
<td></td>
<td>0 2 5 8</td>
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Total 55 10 24 0 2 2432 6 180 6 0

Grand Total 801 8 16 228 0 2 2432 6 180 6 0
Mr Speaker: We shall now proceed with the Legislative Work and will continue the discussion on amendments to Clause 8 of the Hyderabad Free Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1952.

Adjourned
L A Bili No XXXII of 1952
the Hyderabad Compulsory
Primary Education Bill, 1952

2nd Dec 1952

Semi: official

Candidates

Kendu Mi.

L. B. H. and D.

G. and B.

Ha. and D.

The following amendments of the Bill have been

H. and D.

G. and B.

Ha. and D.

Kendu Mi.

Participants
हृदय अधी बादल के कुछ दूहरा सूर्य यम किरण ताराय फ्लाष ध्यान धमण धम�
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کرتے ہیں۔

لکھ کر ہوا ہے کہ میری مٹی کے سردی گھر کو پاسا گیا ہے۔

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گیا ہے।
2nd Dec 1952

The Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1952

(1) Ruling Party

(2) Distinct wise

(3) Teachers

(4) Supporters

(5) Exploit

(6) Minority

(7) Chairman of the committee

(8) akwaami
یہ سند کے بیانات میں علاوہ عناوانی درج کی گئی رہی ہے۔

Majority

کیا یہ کہا جا سکتا ہے کہ عدالت کی علاوہ سے کسی کی مال کی گناہ کا ہے؟

یہ سانگ ایک گیا ہے۔ لیکن اسی کی حمایت کی نہیں لگا کر کہ کا کہا جا رہا ہے۔ یہ لوگ کیے

اپنے اعمال کے علاوہ غیر اپنے اعمال کے حوالے سے معاوضہ کیے جا رہے ہیں۔ یہ لوگ اپنے

 Kia ہے اور دیکھ کر کہ یہ آئے گا دیکھتا ہے اور گا ایک لوگ کیے

کو ہیں وہاں کوئی نینو کی ہے لیکن یہ آئے گا دیکھتا ہے اور دیکھتا ہے

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کیا ایک لوگ کی یہ آئے گا دیکihn
Inspite of having a law in this regard, the education of tribal people was neglected. The lack of proper education and facilities in the tribal areas has led to a huge gap in the education of the tribes and the mainstream society. The government has taken several steps to bridge this gap, but the results are yet to be seen. The tribal areas need proper infrastructure, including schools, hospitals, and roads, to provide an environment conducive to education. The government should also focus on providing scholarships and other educational aids to the tribal students to enable them to pursue higher education.
A Bill No XXVII of 1952
2nd Dec 1952

the Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1952

The Government of the Hyderabad State, having been satisfied that there is a necessity for imparting primary education to the children of the State, hereby enacts as follows:

I. Short title.

This Act shall be called the Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Act, 1952.

II. Definitions.

In this Act:

(a) "primary education" means education in any school or institution which is authorized and recognized by the Government of the Hyderabad State for the purpose of imparting primary education.

(b) "primary school" means a school or institution which is authorized and recognized by the Government of the Hyderabad State for the purpose of imparting primary education.

III. Compulsory attendance.

Every child of the age of six years and above shall be required to attend a primary school for a term of not less than six months in any calendar year.

IV. Fees.

The fees for primary education shall be fixed by the Government of the Hyderabad State and shall be reasonable.

V. Punishment.

Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of this Act shall be punishable with fine or imprisonment, or with both.

VI. Power to make rules.

The Government of the Hyderabad State may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

VII. Repeal.

All enactments and orders in force in the Hyderabad State on the date of commencement of this Act shall be deemed to be re-enacted under this Act.

VIII. Commencement.

This Act shall come into force on the date of its publication in the Official Gazette.

IX. Interpretation.

If any difficulty arises as to the interpretation of any provision of this Act, the Government of the Hyderabad State may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make such interpretation as it thinks fit.

X. Repeal and Re-enactment.

(a) All enactments and orders in force in the Hyderabad State on the date of commencement of this Act shall be deemed to be re-enacted under this Act.

(b) The provisions of this Act shall have effect subject to the provisions of the Constitution of the Indian Union.

(c) The provisions of this Act shall be binding on all persons and bodies corporate or incorporated in the Hyderabad State.

(d) The provisions of this Act shall be enforceable by any person aggrieved by any act or omission in contravention of this Act.
2nd Dec 1952  I A Bill No. X X X X of 1952
the Hyderabadi Compulsory
Primary Education Bill 1952

...
అవిరుద్ధ పంచాయత్యాపాదిత్తులు (Elections) తెలిపి పరిస్థితులను నిందిస్తుంది. సంప్రదాయం విషయంలో ఉదాహరణతో చెప్పుకోబడితే తాగానించడం ఆధారం వచ్చి పరిస్థితికి సాంస్కృతిక అసముదారం ఉంది. పంచాయత్యాపాదిత్తులు ద్వారా పంచాయత పరిస్థితులను సూచించడం వాడం కారణం వచ్చి పరిస్థితికి సాంస్కృతిక అసముదారం ఉంది.

పంచాయత్యాపాదిత్తులు ద్వారా పంచాయత పరిస్థితులను సూచించడం వాడం కారణం వచ్చి పరిస్థితికి సాంస్కృతిక అసముదారం ఉంది. పంచాయత్యాపాదిత్తులు ద్వారా పంచాయత పరిస్థితులను సూచించడం వాడం కారణం వచ్చి పరిస్థితికి సాంస్కృతిక అసముదారం ఉంది.

పంచాయత్యాపాదిత్తులు ద్వారా పంచాయత పరిస్థితులను సూచించడం వాడం కారణం వచ్చి పరిస్థితికి సాంస్కృతిక అసముదారం ఉంది. పంచాయత్యాపాదిత్తులు ద్వారా పంచాయత పరిస్థితులను సూచించడం వాడం కారణం వచ్చి పరిస్థితికి సాంస్కృతిక అసముదారం ఉంది.

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I A Bill No. XVIII of 1932
the Primary and Secondary Education Bill 1932

Uponward:

If the Lokup Ustad & Jumindan Kosta, may Allah bless him, were to be transferred from one college to another, it would be necessary to consult the Mufti of the district and to obtain his approval. This is a matter of great importance, as it affects the religious education of the students. Therefore, it is recommended that the Mufti be consulted before any such transfer is made.

(Signed) 
(Russian) 

Ammar 

The undersigned 

[Signed]

Rasul Ahmad

[Signature]
لئکن یہ ہمارے ہاں ہے، اس کی غلطی کی وجہ میں، ممکنہ طور پر اس کی ہماری بحث کا جائزہ نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔
Mr Speaker Let us finish I want to complete discussion on clause 3 by 4.30 p.m Shri Phoolchand Gandhi
सर्वाधिक रोशन सिध्दिण्डेहा को महेन्द्र विक्रम सिंह के कार्य की उद्योग

सर्वाधिक रोशन सिध्दिण्डेहा को महेन्द्र विक्रम सिंह के कार्य की उद्योग
There are three types of public education available in schools: elementary, secondary, and higher education. Elementary education is provided in the United States of Soviet Russia.

This system of public education is supervised by several ministries and departments.

Secondary and secondary schools for adults and young industrial and agricultural workers are home special schools approved by the state as well as extra school establishments. All these come under the Ministry of Public Education of the Union Republic and their local organs, the departments and committees of public education.

All the listed ministries and departments (committees) appointed for the supervision of all these schools are in their turn subordinate to the highest organs of power in the Soviet Union, the Supreme Soviet of the USSR and the Council of Ministers of the USSR.
Mr Speaker Last time it was brought to the notice of the House that unless all these amendments are taken together the clause will have no meaning. So the principle will be decided first and then the amendments adjusted. Suppose all these four amendments are put together to vote and the principle of election is agreed to then we shall effect the necessary changes in the clause itself.

Now I shall put the amendments 1, 2, 3 and 4 together to vote.

The Questions

That in line 2 of sub clause (1) of Clause 8 of the Bill the following words be omitted namely—

* Government shall appoint*
I A Bill No XXXII of 1952 2nd Dec 1952 889

th II Subsidy Compulsory
Primary Education Bill 1952

That for the word appoint in line 2 of sub clause (1) of Clause 8 of the Bill the following words be substituted namely—

cause elected

That after the words a Local Committee in line 3 of sub clause (1) of Clause 8 of the Bill the following words be added namely—

shall be elected

That for the word nomination in line 2 of sub clause (2) of Clause 8 of the Bill the following word be substituted namely—

election

The Motion was negatived

Mr Speaker  Now I shall put amendment No 6 to vote

The Question is

That in line 2 of sub clause (2) of Clause 8 of the Bill the following words be omitted namely—

and removal

The Motion was negatived

Mr Speaker  The Question is

That Clause No 8 stand part of the Bill

The Motion was adopted

Clause No 8 was added to the Bill

Mr Speaker  As there are no amendments to clauses 4 5 6 and 7 I shall put them to vote

The Question is

That Clauses 4 to 7 stand part of the Bill

The Motion was adopted

Clauses 4 to 7 were added to the Bill
Mr Speaker We shall meet again at 5.10 p.m.

The House then adjourned for recess till 11 Minutes past Five of the Clock

The House re-assembled after recess at 11 Minutes Past Five of the clock

Mr Speaker We shall take up clause No. 8 Shri J. Anand Rao will move his amendment

Shri J. Anand Rao Mr Speaker Shri I beg to move

That between the words to believe and that a guardian in clause 8 of the Bill insert the following comma and words namely

', after all possible efforts in this respect

Mr Speaker Will the hon Member read the clause with his amendment?

Shri J. Anand Rao When a Local Committee has reason to believe after all possible efforts in this respect that a guardian of a child who is bound under the provisions of this Act to cause the child to attend a school has failed to do so or that any person other than the guardian is utilising the time or services of a child in connection with an employment

Mr Speaker So the other words remain as they are

Shri J. Anand Rao Yes Sir

Mr Speaker Amendment moved

That between the words to believe and that a guardian in clause 8 of the Bill insert the following comma and words namely

', after all possible efforts in this respect

Shefali आठ वर्ष बाल लीसकरे तीन वर्ष नामस्त्र तीन कलेक्टर के

के भी कोई आर्क का देखा होने अर न में तीन के कलेक्टर नवोक्षि

मन्त्र के में दो ही केंद्र बी तीन ही तीन के कलेक्टर नवोक्षि

के होते है विश्वास के शरीर में हम तीन तीन तीन के कलेक्टर नवोक्षि
LA Bill No. XX1 of 1952
2nd Dec 1952

the Hyderabad Compulsory Education Bill, 1952

Relevancy of the Bill

The Bill seeks to extend the provisions of the Compulsory Education Act, 1952 to the Hyderabad State. The Bill provides for the establishment of a Board of Education and for the appointment of an Inspector of Schools. The Bill also provides for the appointment of a Committee to frame rules and regulations for the implementation of the provisions of the Act.

The Bill is relevant in the context of the Hyderabad State as it aims to provide free and compulsory education to all children of the age of 6 to 14 years. The Bill seeks to establish a system of primary education in the State and to ensure that every child has the right to education.

The Bill is a significant step towards the realization of the right to education for all children in the Hyderabad State. It is expected that the implementation of the provisions of the Act will lead to the普及 of education in the State and contribute to the development of the State.

The Bill is a landmark piece of legislation and is expected to bring about a positive change in the education system of the Hyderabad State. The Bill is relevant in the context of the Hyderabad State as it seeks to address the issue of educational inequality and ensure that every child has the right to education.
and after the Government had complied with the provisions of section 10 of the Act

Mr. Speaker The hon. Member has not given notice of his amendment

Shri A. Ray Reddy I need not give notice of moving an amendment to an amendment

Mr. Speaker This is not an amendment to an amendment but the hon. member wants to add something

Shri A. Ray Reddy It is also possible.

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi It is an amendment to the original clause

Shri A. Ray Reddy It is an addition to the amendment that has already been moved. After all possible efforts in this respect, I want to add and after the Government had complied with the provisions of section 10 of this Act.

Mr. Speaker Clause 10 is already there and that is applicable to all cases.

Shri A. Ray Reddy Clause 8 reads like this: When a Local Committee has reason to believe that a guardian of a child who is bound under the provisions of this Act to cause the child to attend a school has failed to do so, or that any person other than the guardian is utilising the time or services of a child in connection with an employment whether for remuneration or not in any such way or at such time as to interfere with the attendance of the child at a school, it shall make an order directing the guardian or such other person to cause such child to attend school on and from a date specified
in the order or as the case may be to refrain from utilising the services of a child from such date so as not to interfere with his attendance at the school

Mr Speaker What is the amendment the hon member wants to move without giving notice of it

Shri A Raj Reddy

After all possible efforts in this respect and after the Government having had complied with the provisions of Clause 10 of the Bill

After all possible efforts in this respect and after the Government having had complied with the provisions of clause 10 of the Bill
After all possible efforts in this respect
After all possible efforts in this respect

...
When a local committee has reason to believe that a guardian of a child who is bound under the provisions of this Act to cause the child to attend a school, 

To attend means with reference to a school means to be present for instruction at the school.
To attend used with reference to a school means to be present for instruction at the school on such days and for such time and for such periods of each day as may be required under regulations framed by the Local Committee for that area with the approval of the Director.

Section 7 (2) A child may be exempted from compulsory attendance at school under this Act.

(a) When there is no school within a distance of one mile measured along the nearest road from the residence of the child.

And after the Government has complied with the provisions of section 10 of the Act.

آگر اصل اسلسوں کے موریس اس اسلسوں کو سولِ کوریہ میں و؟ بر اُس میں میں اس سے مسلسل
ملےہے ہو۔ ہو ہو کے ہو کے ہو۔
Mr. Speaker: The question is
that between the words to believe and that a
guardian in Clause 8 of the Bill the following comma and
words namely

after all possible efforts in this respect be inserted

The motion was negatived

Mr. Speaker: the question is

That Clause 8 stand part of the Bill

The motion was adopted

Clause 8 was added to the Bill

Clause 9

Shri J. Anand Rao: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg to move

That in sub-clause (2) of clause 9 of the Bill the
following words namely

and to a further fine not exceeding annas eight per
day if such contravention continues after the first conviction

be omitted

Mr. Speaker: Amendment moved

That in sub-clause (2) of clause 9 of the Bill the
following words namely

and to a further fine not exceeding annas eight per
day if such contravention continues after the first convic

be omitted
2nd Dec 1952

दिनांक: 2 दिसम्बर 1952

[लेख का कुछ हिस्सा हटाया गया है]

"यह एक लघु उदाहरण है जो आपके विचारों को दिखाता है। इसका उद्देश्य यह है कि आप अपनी विचारधारा को यथायोग्यता देने के लिए कमांड एवं स्टेजिनग उद्योग के लिए सही उत्तरदाता बनने के लिए अपने विचारों को सत्यापित करना होगा।"

[लेख का कुछ हिस्सा हटाया गया है]

"सामाजिक नीति में आपके प्रभाव बढ़ाने के लिए आपके विचारों को सत्यापित करने के लिए सही उत्तरदाता बनने के लिए आवश्यक है। यह आपके विचारों को सत्यापित करने के लिए एक सही उत्तरदाता बनने के लिए आवश्यक है।"

[लेख का कुछ हिस्सा हटाया गया है]

"यह आपके विचारों को सत्यापित करने के लिए एक सही उत्तरदाता बनने के लिए आवश्यक है। यह आपके विचारों को सत्यापित करने के लिए एक सही उत्तरदाता बनने के लिए आवश्यक है।"

[लेख का कुछ हिस्सा हटाया गया है]

"यह आपके विचारों को सत्यापित करने के लिए एक सही उत्तरदाता बनने के लिए आवश्यक है। यह आपके विचारों को सत्यापित करने के लिए एक सही उत्तरदाता बनने के लिए आवश्यक है।"
When a guardian is bound under the provisions of this Act to cause the child to attend a school has failed to do so or that any person other than the guardian is using the time or services of a child in connection with an employment whether a remuneration of not in any such way as at such time is to interfere with the attendance of a child at a school.

Alternate

Serve (idler)

Dowser

Barsad (villager)

Wakil (entertainer)

Continuous
2nd Dec 1952

1 & 1 Bill No. XXVII of 1952
the Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill 1952

This is one of the strangest amendments that have been brought before this House. This amendment takes away all the force of the Bill. If a guardian or a father is asked to pay a fine of Rs. 5 only for keeping any child at home or for using
the child for any remunerative purpose he will be gladly prepared to keep the child at home for any length of time and if that were so, where is the compulsion used for the purpose of educating the child? This amendment takes away the force of the Bill and therefore I submit that the amendment should not be accepted.
The text is not legible due to the quality of the image. It appears to be a document in a foreign language, possibly Arabic or another script not easily identifiable. Without clearer visibility, it's difficult to accurately transcribe or translate the content.
When in lieu of the sub-section (8) of section 1 is in every case to cause the guardian to himself or herself in such a cause the child to sit in school

When a Local Committee has reason to believe that a guardian of a child who is bound under the provisions of the Act to cause the child to sit in school has failed to do so in that any person other than the guardian is utilizing the time and services of a child in connection with an employment whether for remuneration or not in any such way as at such time to interfere with the attendance of a child at a school
and to a further fine not exceeding one thousand rupees per day if such contravention continue after the first conviction.

If such contravention continues after the first conviction

(Recurring offence)
Mr. Speaker Order Ordu No interruption, Please
2nd Dec 1952

I A Bill No \text{\textcircled{VIII}} of 1952

the Hyderabad Compulsory
Primary Education Bill 1952

مریا محمد معینی، وزیر عدلیت، پرستش اور ہے کہ لا اگاہ کہ ابی کی کانگران، پس

یعنی میں باہر اور ایک ہی لائیں ہے اور وہ اس کے سمت کو ہی میں حس کرتا ہو۔ غرہا ہے اور میں اور ہر اور اور کوئی ہی روزی ہے کہ ہماری اس کم اور اس

ہمارے کہ ہے اک لئے ہی میں اگر ایک ملکا ہے شریار جو ان سو میں ہر ہمیشہ کے

ناہم ہے جو وہ لوکوں اور اور کوئی ہی نہیں ہے۔ کی ہیں ہیسے میں ہمیشہ ہے۔
L A Bill No. XXXVII of 1952
2nd Dec. 1952
Primary & Elementary Education

(To be continued)

JAGI HARI SINGH & COMPANY.

The following clauses have been made:

1. Clause 1: The title of the Bill has been changed to the "Primary & Elementary Education Bill, 1952".

2. Clause 2: The definitions of "Primary Education" and "Elementary Education" have been clarified.

3. Clause 3: The duration of primary education has been increased from 8 to 10 years.

4. Clause 4: The extension of the scope of education to include vocational training has been included.

5. Clause 5: The provision for the establishment of a National Council of Education has been made.

6. Clause 6: The powers of the State Government to regulate private schools have been increased.

7. Clause 7: The provision for the appointment of an Inspector of Schools has been made.

8. Clause 8: The provision for the appointment of a Director of Education has been made.

Summary:

The Bill aims to improve the quality of primary and elementary education by increasing the duration of education, including vocational training, and by establishing a National Council of Education. It also provides for stronger regulation of private schools and the appointment of inspectors and a Director of Education.

...
حمف مسما سری (رام کس زاو) مرکر کی ی ی کہ مہاون ک

(Compulsory Primary Education) دی میں ہنر لی

(Reasonable)

Nomination)

Argument)

Bona fides)

کی گھی کی بنا رہا ہے کہ نئی سلسلہ اسمبلی وہام کی مثال نہ زیادہ کبھی نہ

کوئی کم کیا گیا

میں سر نگرف کے کے سر نگرف کے گیریا کو میں میں کہا ہے کہ ممالک چاہے او

واپس چاہے او
L A Ball No XXIII of 1952 2nd Dec 1952

Provision

Specify

Criticism

Reasonable Credit

Guardian

Continuous disobedience
۲دَمَر ۱۹۴۲ میں چاندی کی مسکنیات کی کونوں کا قومی مفت بھی ہے؟ جو ۹۱۰ سے کہ کہریں کی نینگ کی، مفت کی نینگ کی، مفت کی نینگ کی؟

یہ اور ایسے دو افراد کے لئے ہے جنکو سے کچھ کم کے کاکام کو بہتر تھا؟ یہاں اس کا ہمارا تھا کہا کا کام کو بہتر تھا؟ یہاں اس کا ہمارا تھا کہا کا کام کو بہتر تھا؟

یہ اور اسی کا ہمارا تھا کہا کا کام کو بہتر تھا؟ یہاں اس کا ہمارا تھا کہا کا کام کو بہتر تھا؟

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L A Bill No. A\VII of 1952  
2nd Dec 1952  
Primary Education Bill 1952

Anonymous

بہت سے انکا ارکام سے ہی کہا کہ ہم یہ ریز ایئر لسی کو فنکال ماؤگی ہے۔ انکا دورہ ہو ہے ہوئے (Bona fides) ہم سب بل کہ پیشکش کا لو اور کوئی اپنی اور عرض دلائے گے لے گا کہ انکا دوسرے بھر سے۔

جن کی ہے ہم کہا کہ ریز وکار او اسٹر مک کے درمیان ہے۔ (Visual)

آئے اور یہی سے میں ہاوا ہوئی کہ انکا ارکام سے ہم یہ روس ہو ہے۔

ہمیں ہو ہے کہ ایک اور روزہ کی مددی ہے میں ہم ہے۔

اگر ہم نو مہا گی اسکے ہیں کہ ہم سبہ میں رہنے او رہنے ہے۔ ہمیں عام

سولوی جو مہا ہے جو اہل ہے ہو ہے ووکا دائرہ کی مشورہ کے لیے لوگ ہے۔ اس لیے ہے۔

بپورا سے دنیا

(Extraneous Reasons)

میں نیکا میں بھی ہوئی ہے ہو۔ (Parental Consideration)

میں نیکا میں بھی ہے ہوئی ہے۔ (Moral Consideration)

بہت سے انکا ارکام سے ہی کہا کہ ہم یہ ریز ایئر لسی کو فنکال ماؤگی ہے۔ انکا دورہ ہو ہے ہوئے (Bona fides) ہم سب بل کہ پیشکش کا لو اور کوئی اپنی اور عرض دلائے گے لے گا کہ انکا دوسرے بھر سے۔

جن کی ہے ہم کہا کہ ریز وکار او اسٹر مک کے درمیان ہے۔ (Visual)

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بپورا سے دنیا

(Extraneous Reasons)

میں نیکا میں بھی ہوئی ہے ہو۔ (Parental Consideration)

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بپورا سے دنیا

(Extraneous Reasons)

میں نیکا میں بھی ہوئی ہے ہو۔ (Parental Consideration)

میں نیکا میں بھی ہے ہوئی ہے۔ (Moral Consideration)

بہت سے انکا ارکام سے ہی کہا کہ ہم یہ ریز ایئر لسی کو فنکال ماؤگی ہے۔ انکا دورہ ہو ہے ہوئے (Bona fides) ہم سب بل کہ پیشکش کا لو اور کوئی اپنی اور عرض دلائے گے لے گا کہ انکا دوسرے بھر سے۔

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آئے اور یہی سے میں ہاوا ہوئی کہ انکا ارکام سے ہم یہ روس ہو ہے۔

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اگر ہم نو مہا گی اسکے ہیں کہ ہم سبہ میں رہنے او رہنے ہے۔ ہمیں عام

سولوی جو مہا ہے جو اہل ہے ہو ہے ووکا دائرہ کی مشورہ کے لیے لوگ ہے۔ اس لیے ہے۔

بپورا سے دنیا

(Extraneous Reasons)

میں نیکا میں بھی ہوئی ہے ہو۔ (Parental Consideration)

میں نیکا میں بھی ہے ہوئی ہے۔ (Moral Consideration)}
It costs me Rs 50.
Mr. Speaker, The question is

That in sub-clause (2) of clause 8 of the Bill the following words namely

"and to a further fine not exceeding ten rupees eight per day if such conviction continues after the first conviction" be omitted.

The motion was negatived.

Mr. Speaker, The question is

That Clause 8 stand part of the Bill.

The motion was adopted.

Cl. 8 was added to the Bill.

CLAUSE 10

Shri K. L. Navasitha Rao Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg to move

"That for clause 10 of the Bill, the following, namely

10. Arrangements shall be made by Government to provide free instruction with necessary materials to the children for such instruction and one meal a day where ever the Committee so recommends in schools for children whose attendance at school under this Act is or to be deemed to be compulsory"

be substituted.

Mr. Speaker, Amendment moved

"That for clause 10 of the Bill the following, namely

10. Arrangements shall be made by Government to provide free instruction with necessary materials to the
children for such instruction and once time make where ever the Committee so recommends in schools for children whose attendance at school under this Act is or to be deemed to be compulsory be substituted

_Shri Annayyavao Gaonse_ Mr Speaker, Sir, I beg to move

'That in clause 10 of the Bill the following words namely

'and whose guardians do not arrange for their instruction in special schools or recognised schools be omitted'

_Mr Speaker_ Amendment moved

'That in clause 10 of the Bill the following words, namely

'and whose guardians do not arrange for their instruction in special schools or recognised schools be omitted'
I A Bill No. A Y AII of 1952
2nd Dec 1952
the Hyderabad Compulsory Primary Education Bill, 1952

... (Clauses) में दर्शाया गया है कि उपलब्ध क्षेत्र (Clause) 1 का पूर्वार्द्ध अथवा (Clause) 2 का पूर्वार्द्ध या उन्नत (Clause) 3 का पूर्वार्द्ध (Rural Areas) आदि के उपलब्ध क्षेत्रों में भी उपलब्ध होगा।

मशीनें और उपकरणों का वाणिज्यिक उपयोग आदि

श्री एस. एन. शास्त्री (वरिष्ठ) आर्सेल सेक्यो इंस्केम्स के जीवन की पुस्तक

मानी-...

मशीन एसीकर्ट.- लोकार्थक लेखा गिटा माइनेंग निकरूपन...

के में के एन. प्रेमा राऊळ.- में दोलम एवं रजिस्टर को दर्जन ( }

से रेडियो भी के एन. रहा हुईं।। ना विभाग प्रचार के कोर्ट्स के घरी जहा के

पक्ष 1 उपलब्ध रहित.
Arrangements shall be made by Government to provide free instruction in approved schools for children whose attendance at school under this Act is made compulsory and
whose guardians do not arrange for their instruction in special schools or recognised schools

and whose guardians do not arrange for their instruction in special schools or recognised schools

Arrangements shall be made by Government to provide free instruction in approved schools for children whose attendance at school under this Act is made compulsory

And whose guardians do not arrange for their instruction in special schools or recognised schools

Compulsory Free Education

It is meaningless
Where a Local Committee has reason to believe that

the guardian of a child

is not providing a school

We should provide for the instruction of such child in approved schools.

And whose guardians do not arrange for their instruction in special schools or recognised schools.

Thus Act to cause the child to attend a school.
Now we adjourn till 2:30 p.m. tomorrow

The House then adjourn till Half Past Two of the Clock on Wednesday the 3rd December 1952