HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES

Official Report

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Price Eight Annas
HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

TUESDAY 15TH JULY 1952

(28th day of the Second Session)

THE ASSEMBLY MET AT TWO OF THE CLOCK
[MR SPEAKER IN THE CHAIR]

Starred Questions and Answers

Mr Speaker Let us take up questions

*279 Shri L B Konda (Not Present)

Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question

KILLING OF PEOPLE IN COMMunist MOVEMENT

*250 Shri Ch Venkaitrama Rao (Karimnagar) Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state

(1) Whether any people in Karimnagar district were killed by the Police in the Communist movement before and after the Police Action?

(2) If so, how many have been killed?

(3) How many persons were arrested by the Police and the Military during the same period?

(4) How many are still in jails?

Underground
Allowance to Detenu

*251 Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state —

(1) What is the allowance paid by the Government to the detenus towards food and travelling expenses whenever they are taken to Supreme Court and other courts in connection with Habeas Corpus applications?

(2) Whether this allowance is actually reaching the detenus?

(3) Whether the allowance is sufficient for the purpose for which it is paid?
13th July 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

Mr. Ch. Venkateswar Rao: Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state—

1. Whether there was a firing by the Police in Burgupalli village of Chennur taluq Adilabad district on 17th May 1951?

2. If so for what reasons?

3. How many persons were injured?

Mr. Rama Rau: A firing did take place in the village of Chennur taluq Adilabad district on 17th May 1951. The reasons for this firing were to prevent further disturbances. No one was injured in the incident.

SHO Rama Rau: The firing was a result of a disturbance that occurred on 17th May 1951. There were no injuries reported.

SHO A. P. Murthy: The incident occurred due to a disturbance. No one was injured.

SHO B. N. Raju: The firing was a result of a disturbance that occurred on 17th May 1951. There were no injuries reported.

SHO V. P. Rao: The firing was a result of a disturbance that occurred on 17th May 1951. There were no injuries reported.

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SHO V. P. Rao: The firing was a result of a disturbance that occurred on 17th May 1951. There were no injuries reported.
Lathi Charge on Prisoners in Hyderabad Jail

253 Shri Ch. Venkatarama Rao Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state

(1) Whether there was a lathi charge by the Police on political prisoners in Central Jail of Hyderabad on 27th May 1952?

(2) If so for what reasons?
SHOOTING ON PEASANTS IN RAJURA

278 Shri L B Konda Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state

1 Whether it is a fact that the Police Sub Inspector fired upon the peasants who were cutting the grass in the jungle on 25th February 1952 near Pardi village of Rajura taluqa in Adilabad district?

2 Whether it is a fact that after enquiry the Magistrate came to the conclusion that there was no reason for the firing?

3 Whether the Government are aware the motive behind firing was to extract money from the peasants?

4 If so what action has been taken by the Government against persons responsible for the firing?
Starred Questions and Answers
15th July 1952

Shri M. S. Rajakngam (Warangal) In all these cases is it not advisable that the people who are in charge of the enquiry should be asked to send copies of the enquiry direct to the Government?

Shri D. G. Bindu Not necessarily

Shri Rajakngam I think it will save some time

Mr Speaker It is not a question but a suggestion
1726
15th July, 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

*b23 Shri L B Konda Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state

1. Whether it is a fact that one Balingam a weaver died in Aler Police Station on 29-12 1951 and that the Police state that was due to poison taken by him in the Police Station?

2. Whether it is a fact that the Chemical Examiner's Report and the report of post mortem was contrary to the Police statement?

3. Whether it is a fact that after enquiry the Magistrate found that the death was due to beating?

4. Whether the hon Minister was requested to pass orders for special independent investigation in this connection?

5. If so what steps have been taken by the Government in this regard so far?
سری دکمبر راوی، بلوچستان ہیں، اسکی روہاں کی اطلاع نو بینے

شیری، دکمبر کی ایک فصل (Poison) ہے جو کہ دوبارہ کے ہو جاتے ہیں۔ پوائنے کے لئے لانگماہ (Poisoning) کی روہ کی کلا کہ ہو ہیں

حریو (१) ہال
حریو (२) ہال
حریو (३) ہلان

حریو (४) سی آئے لگی کی برد درموزیہ ہوگی ہے، یہ نیاس رکومنس (Representation) کے ہوا ہے۔ سی آئے لگی کی ورث آئے کے بعد کی روہی

سی ہی آئے لگی کا حکم دیکھیا ہے

سری دکمبر کوہیلا کی کسی یہی کی کیمیاء سے ہے جس میں ہلاک کی نویںمیل

پوائنی ہے جس کا ہر کا کر کے ہوگی ہے

سری دکمبر کوبیلا کے کی کیمیاء سے ہے جس میں ہلاک کی نویںمیل

پوائنی ہے جس کا ہر کا کر کے ہوگی ہے

سری دکمبر راویاں بلوچستان کے کی کیمیاء سے ہے جس میں ہلاک کی نویںمیل

پوائنی ہے جس کا ہر کا ہوگی ہے

سری دکمبر کوہیلا کی کسی یہی کی کیمیاء سے ہے جس میں ہلاک کی نویںمیل

پوائنی ہے جس کا ہر کا کر کے ہوگی ہے

سری دکمبر کوہیلا کی کسی یہی کی کیمیاء سے ہے جس میں ہلاک کی نویںمیل

پوائنی ہے جس کا ہر کا کر کے ہوگی ہے
Mr Speaker  No this question need not be answered

**DIRECTIONS OF PRISONERS AFTER EXPIRY OF TERM**

394 Shri Veerendra Patel Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state

1. Whether it is a fact that many prisoners are detained in different jails of the State even after the expiry of their term of imprisonment?

2. If so, the total number of such prisoners in the State?

3. The total number of such prisoners in Gulbarga Jail?
Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question

SULLAGE WATER IN PEDDAVAGU

*238 Shri M. Buchah (Sirpur) Will the hon Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

1 Whether the Government are aware that Sirpur Paper Mills are letting out their sullage water containing deleterious chemicals into the Peddavagu stream which is the main source of water supply along its route in Sirpur taluk as a result of which health of men and cattle is being affected

2 If so what steps do the Government intend taking in the matter?

SHRI PROOLCHAND GANDHI Minister for Public Health Medical and Education

As the effluent from the Sirpur Paper Mills is being discharged into the Koivagu and Peddavagu streams (which is apt to contaminate river water thereby injuring the health of men and animals) Government is corresponding with the Mill authorities for installation of a suitable plant for the treatment of the effluent before it is discharged into the river. The Mills have contacted and they are corresponding with the Rundy Filters (India) Ltd Bombay for advice in this respect. Government will however make a further survey and will try to solve the problem with the help of the Mill authorities.
15th July 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

Sir, in the matter of as many as 8 cases the Health Department has granted the permission to the respective Departments to continue the services of the concerned officers as they are available to Government. (correspondence)

Sir, the matter of the permission to continue the services of the officers is being considered by the Government.

Sir, the case of the officers has been referred to the competent authority. (correspondence)

Quarters for Teachers

Shri Chandrasekhara Patel (Kamalapur) Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state whether there is any proposal with the Government for constructing quarters for teachers in the districts on co-operative basis?

Shri Chandrasekhara Patel — There is no proposal with the Government for constructing quarters for teachers in the districts on co-operative basis.

Shri Chandrasekhara Patel (Kamalapur) Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state whether the rule of compulsory retirement after a service of 25 years is first applied to gazetted or non-gazetted officers?

Compulsory Retirement

Shri Chandrasekhara Patel — There is no proposal with the Government for constructing quarters for teachers in the districts on co-operative basis.

Compulsory Retirement

Shri Chandrasekhara Patel — The rule of compulsory retirement after a service of 25 years is first applied to gazetted officers.
Starred Questions and Answers
15th July 1952

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi (Minister for Education)

The rule applies to both gazetted and non-gazetted Officers alike who have opted under the Old Pension Rules.

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi 6 Gazetted Officers and 29 non-gazetted officers of the Department have retired in 1951 52 under this provision.

Shri Ramrao Balkhasandrao Deshpand (Pathri) Will the hon Minister be pleased to state whether after putting in 25 years service in the Government Department the man is energy is completely exhausted or not?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi It is a rule and therefore under the rule we do not see whether he is exhausted or still energetic.

Gazetted Officers Regional Languages

Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question

*366 Shri Chandrasekhara Patil Will the hon Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

Percentage of gazetted officers in Karnataka Kannada knowing in Marathwada Marathi knowing in Telangana Telugu knowing?
Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question

BEATING OF HEADMASTER BY DY SP

"367 SI \ Cn drasekhara Patel Will the hon Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state whether it is a fact that the Deputy Superintendent of Police beat the Headmaster of Jangam at Ramannapet when the latter was on Election work?"

(a) If so what act on has been taken by the Government against the said Police Officer?

I say ASP he is not stopping the lorry. On this the ASP got furious as he thought that it was a discourteous language to the man of his position. So he behaved in a rude manner with the Headmaster and also kicked him.

Mr Speaker, I also feel that the lorry that was stopped near the house of the Headmaster was not justified. The ASP should have taken action against the driver of the lorry.
Mr Speaker It is a matter of opinion Let us proceed to the next question Shri Veerendra Patel

TRAINING FOR TEACHERS

Shri Veerendra Patel (Aland) Will the hon Minister for Public Health Medical and Education be pleased to state

Whether it is a fact that teachers are forced to undergo training on half pay since two years?

The Hon'ble Shri Phoolchand Gandhi Graduate teachers are now given study leave to undergo training and during this period they are given half-pay.

There is no compulsion. The Education Department, however, expects all teachers to get trained, which improves their efficiency as well as prospects.

There is no compulsion. The Education Department, however, expects all teachers to get trained, which improves their efficiency as well as prospects.

Please note that this transcription is based on the provided image and might not capture all the nuances of the original text.
Previously the teachers in the Education Department had to go on study leave during the period of their training. Sometime later Government began to get certain number of teachers trained at Government expense by paying full salary to the teachers and treating the training period as on duty. As a result untrained teachers in the hope of being selected sooner or later as Government candidates were reluctant to undergo training by taking study leave. The Education Department has got a record of it. Therefore the annual output of trained teachers became too inadequate for the requirements of the department. That system also affected the interests of the pupils in the schools. Therefore it has been abolished and the present system of paying half salary to teachers during the period of training has been introduced.

Mr. Speaker Let us proceed to the next question.

Shri Veerendra Patel

NON-MULKIES IN EDUCATION DEPT.

Shri Veerendra Patel Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state Whether and if so how many non mulkies have been appointed so far in the Education Department after Police Action?
Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question

Shri Veerendra Patel

G. DRS IN EDUCATION, DEPT

Shri Veerendra Patel Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

Whether there are any posts in the Education Department carrying a starting pay of Rs 235?

Shri Veerendra Patel —sahab aay hain ki (195) se bina any tadbhav shru kro orhita hai, bhaa bache khaa poosth pravast prashn karte hai kii? Sahab aay hain ki nahi hai.

Bhimji Bhatia lakhanwale —kahihi virasat karta hai bhar aay abh khaa sathvaayuch kalyan khaa saath saath vaat baake saathvaayuch kalyan vaatvaayuch vaatvaayuch kalyan varshaayuch baalav metaa khaa kahihi kalyan?

Bhimji Bhatia —haa prashn yah vaath kabta kahihi

Shri B. L. Konda Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

1. Whether the Government have classified any particular section of the people as backward classes?

2. If so what are the communities included under this section?

3. What steps have been taken by the Government to promote educational and economic interests of the backward classes?
नफ़्सिस (सदस्य) राम कुमार राय नाे ज 6 तक का भाग होलकांडला
Backward Classes
कृत जाग, जो कृति का पक्ष है जिन्हें हान
Classify
क्योंकि यह केवल सोशल हूक है (3) नाना नव
के जाग की जाग का जाग का जाग का जाग का जाग का जाग का जाग का जाग का
 Communities
नाम नाम का हवाल ने नाम के नाम के नाम के नाम के नाम के नाम के
Scheduled Tribes
(2) कृति सबसे जाग का जाग का जाग का जाग का जाग का जाग का जाग का
Castes
नाम नाम का हवाल ने नाम के नाम के नाम के नाम के नाम के नाम के
नाम नाम का हवाल ने नाम के नाम के नाम के नाम के नाम के
Steps
(3) दस्तावेज के नाम के नाम के नाम के नाम के नाम के नाम के
Social uplift
ले ही 9 अंस नाना हृदय ने नाना हृदय ने नाना हृदय ने नाना हृदय ने नाना हृदय ने नाना हृदय ने नाना हृदय ने नाना हृदय ने नाना हृदय
Schedule Caste Trust Fund
क्रियाविद्या ने ही ने ही ने ही ने ही ने ही ने ही ने ही ने ही ने ही
Comprehensive Act
Starred Questions and Answers

15th July 1952

Social Service Department (Social Workers Representatives)

Provision for the welfare of the local population has been one of the main aims of the Social Service Department. It has been the responsibility of the department to ensure that the local population receives adequate facilities for their welfare.

The Social Service Department has been active in providing various welfare services to the local population. These services include education, health, housing, and employment.

The department has been working towards improving the living standards of the people. It has been successful in providing education to the children of the local population. The department has also been providing health services to the people, which has resulted in a decrease in the incidence of diseases.

The department has been working towards providing adequate housing to the people. It has been providing housing to the people who are in need of it. The department has also been working towards providing employment to the people.

The Social Service Department has been successful in providing various welfare services to the local population. The department has been working towards improving the living standards of the people. The department has been providing education, health, housing, and employment to the people. The department has been successful in providing education to the children of the local population. The department has also been providing health services to the people, which has resulted in a decrease in the incidence of diseases. The department has been working towards providing adequate housing to the people. It has been providing housing to the people who are in need of it. The department has also been working towards providing employment to the people.
15th July 1952

**Stated Questions and Answers**

Mr Speaker, no such remarks.

Mr Speaker, no such remarks.

Mr Speaker, no such remarks.

Mr Speaker, no such remarks.
Starred Questions and Answers
15th July 1952

Mr Speaker Now let us proceed

Serious and necessary action has been taken in the interests of the country by the Government of Pakistan to ensure the safety and security of all its citizens. Special attention has been paid to the needs of the minority communities. All efforts are being made to provide them with every facility and assistance possible. The Government is fully committed to the protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms. It is determined to bring about a just and peaceful society.

Serious efforts are being made to improve the economy and to ensure a steady growth. Measures are being taken to increase the production of essential goods and to reduce the cost of living. The Government is also working to strengthen the financial sector to facilitate business and investment.

Serious attention is being paid to education and health. The Government is committed to providing quality education and health care to all citizens. Special emphasis is being placed on literacy campaigns and the provision of health facilities in remote areas.

Serious steps are being taken to address the challenges facing the country. The Government is committed to work jointly with the people to achieve a better future for all.
Business of the House

Shri Muthyal Rao On a matter of clarification Sir

M Speaker No clarification now Sh : Papi Reddy

(Shri Papi Reddy rose in his seat)

M Speaker Before you proceed I would like to draw your attention to Rule No 134 of the Provisional Rules which reads as follows

A member presenting a petition shall confine himself to a statement in the following form

I present a petition signed by petitioners regarding

No debate shall be permitted on such statement

Shri Papi Reddy Mr Speaker Sir I rise to present a petition signed by Yogu Bagayya and other 28 Haryana of Jagan Pahad Hyderabad West Taluq Hyderabad District regarding the grave danger of peace by one Shri Madhusudhan Rao son of Venkateswar Rao the nephew of the hon. Chief Minister who is trying to deprive their de jure and de facto possession of 117 acres of Khany khati land by obtaining pattas surreptiously with the connivance of the District Administrator

Mr Speaker This petition is referred to the Petitions Committee Now Shri B Ramakrishna Rao

Privilege of the House

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao Mr Speaker Sir Before the House proceeds to transact other business I rise to raise a question of privilege of this House. I have given notice of this Motion to raise the question of privilege in connection with a very unpleasant incident that happened yesterday. The House is aware that yesterday an adjournment motion was moved by Shri K Venkatrama Rao in order to discuss a matter of alleged public importance, namely, the illegal detention of some Municipal councillors and other workers of PDF party including the detention for three hours of Shri Uppal Malcharu MLA and other matters. After hearing Shri Venkatrama Rao who moved the adjournment motion and myself on behalf of the Government, the Honble the Speaker ruled that the motion was not in order and therefore refused to give his consent to the proposed motion. After
the ruling was given by the Chair the hon Member for Ippaguda rose to speak and began commenting on the Ruling. In spite of intervention by the Members and the hon Speaker calling to order the said hon Member for Ippaguda continued his speech and declared that he and his party were walking out as a protest against the Ruling. He also remarked addressing the Chair. Your rulings are all in favour of the party in power. I am quoting from his speech in Urdu as recorded. After the hon Speaker again called him to order the said hon Member for Ippaguda repeated his charges against the hon Speaker and said we walked out on account of this conduct of yours. He said this in Urdu and later he said in English. We are not going to tolerate this partiality. After saying this the hon Member for Ippaguda walked out of the House along with other Honble Members of his party.

The conduct of the hon Member for Ippaguda in casting aspersions on the hon Speaker's impartiality in the discharge of his duties is a grave matter notice of which has necessarily to be taken. The hon Speaker represents in his person the authority and dignity of the House as a whole. The accusation of partiality is a serious reflection on the hon Speaker in the discharge of his duties and on the dignity of the Chair. The reflections on the Chair made by the hon Member for Ippaguda and the so-called walkout by him and other hon Members of his party in protest against the Ruling of the Chair are not only inconsistent with the standard which the House is entitled to expect from its hon Members but also derogatory to the high dignity of the Chair which all the hon Members of the House are bound to maintain and uphold. They constitute a clear breach of privilege of the House and contempt of the Chair and of the House as a whole. The matter may therefore be referred to the Committee of Privileges for investigation and report.
13th July 1952  Business of the House

Mr Speaker Order Order

Mr Speaker Order Order

Mr Speaker Order Order

Mr Speaker Order Order
We are not going to tolerate this partiality.

We are not going to tolerate this partiality.

After the member has asked for leave of the Assembly to raise the question of privilege, the Speaker shall ask whether the member has the leave of the Assembly. If objection is taken, the Speaker shall request those members who are in favour of leave being granted to rise in their seats and if 14 members so act accordingly the Speaker shall intimate that leave is granted. If less than 14 members rise the Speaker shall inform the member that he has not the leave of the Assembly.
15th July 1952  Business of the House

The Speaker may direct any member who refused to obey his decision or whose conduct is in his opinion grossly disorderly to withdraw immediately from the Assembly and any member so ordered to withdraw shall do so forthwith and shall absent himself during the remainder of the day's meeting.

Mr Speaker  No discussion Please
We shall now take up L A Bill No 21 of 1952 regarding Special Assessments of Land.
L A Bill No XXI of 1952 a Bill to Provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on Certain Lands in the State of Hyderabad

To provide for the levy of a special assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad.

With the general increase in the prices of agricultural commodities, assessments now form a much lesser percentage of the yields than in the past. A large number of taluqs in the State is due for revision settlements. Owing to the difficulties of finding sufficient technical staff necessary for the purpose, it has not been possible to undertake a revision of the settlement where it is overdue.

Having regard to these considerations and in view of the immediate need for revenue to enable the Government to go ahead with the reconstruction schemes, it is proposed that special assessments should be levied on the land revenue payable in respect of different classes of lands in the State till resettlement rates of assessment are imposed.

(Revised)

Dry land

Wet land

Settlement Commissioner

In the name of God, the Most High, the Most Merciful, the Justice of Justice, the Generous, the Bestower.

In the name of God, the Most High, the Most Merciful, the Justice of Justice, the Generous, the Bestower.

In the name of God, the Most High, the Most Merciful, the Justice of Justice, the Generous, the Bestower.

In the name of God, the Most High, the Most Merciful, the Justice of Justice, the Generous, the Bestower.
L A Bill No XXI of 1952
a Bill to Provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

1746 15th July 1952

The Hon'ble Speaker,

Kayseri District Council,

Sir,

I have the honour to present the following Bill, which is to be introduced in this Assembly in order to provide for the levy of a Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad:

I order that the Bill be referred to the Finance Committee for report.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

Hon'ble Member, Finance Committee.
The tax burden on the poor classes including agricultural and industrial labourers, small scale farmers, petty artisans and the low grade staff is fairly high relative to their income. The other classes have to bear the burden of excise duties and customs duties and land revenue in the case of farmers. In the middle classes certain sections are heavily taxed e.g. traders and land lords. In the upper section the substantial land holding classes escape lightly including the professional classes merchants and industrialists. This whole income group is lightly taxed in comparison with similar income groups in the adjacent States.
15th July 1952

L A Bill No XXI of 1952

a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

With the general increase in prices of agricultural commodities assessments now form much lesser percentage of the amount than in the past.

By Hoole, Secretary.
لال پیپلز کونگریس کا لکھنے کا اثر جو معاں میں فرقوں کی اہمیت نہیں رہی ہے ہے۔ مسائل کے بارے میں معاں میں فرقوں کی اہمیت N

Discussion

(Title)

(Subtitle)

(Motor Vehicle)

(Discussion)

(Tenancy)

(Title)

(Subtitle)

(Tenancy Bill)

(Title)

(Subtitle)

(Relief)

(Title)

(Subtitle)
15th July 1952

L A Bill No XXI of 1952

a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assesment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

Before the House of Assembly of the Government of the Hyderbaid

In the Assemble Assembly of the State of Hyderabad, in the month of July in the year 1952, the following Bill was introduced:

"A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assesment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad."
General increase in prices of agricultural commodities assessment now form a much lesser percentage of the yields than in the past.
15th July 1952

L.A. Bill No. XXI of 1952
A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

读后>

At the opening of the debate on the main motion, the Hon. Chief Minister said (Hon. Chief Minister) that the Government had notified the intention of introducing the Bill in the Assembly. The Bill was to provide for the levy of special assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad. The purpose of the Bill was to raise funds for the development of the State.

The Hon. Chief Minister stated that the Bill was a necessary step in the development of the State. He explained that the funds raised through the special assessment would be used for various developmental projects in the State. The Bill also contained provisions for the protection of the rights of the landowners.

The Hon. Chief Minister concluded by requesting the Members to support the Bill and pass it without delay. He emphasized the importance of the Bill for the welfare of the State and its inhabitants.

Next Session

Postpone
L. A. Bill No XXI of 1952 15th July 1954 1751

a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

The President's Writ

In the District Court of Hyderabad, in and for the State of Hyderabad, on the 15th day of July, 1954, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, during the term of the said Court, before the Hon. Justice... who is hereby directed to complete the trial of the said cause or question and to deliver judgment thereon as speedily as possible.
15th Jly 1952

L A Bill XXI of 1952

a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

Shri Sharan Gowda: Su I beg to move that L A Bill No. 21 of 1952 moved by the Hon. Chief Minister be referred to a Select Committee.

I did not hear.

Shri V. D. Deshpande: As per provision in the Rules he is moving a motion for referring the Bill to a Select Committee.

Mr Speaker: That can come up in the Second Reading.
L A Bill No XXI of 1952  15th July 1952  1755

a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

The House then adjourned for recess till Half Past Four of the Clock

[Mr Speaker in the Chair]
Mr Speaker Shri Shamuvaro Ekbalikai

Mr Speaker Shri Shamuvaro Ekbalikai

Rule 86 (2)

Any member may make a motion as aforesaid by way of amendment

So I want to move a motion in the form of an amendment that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee

It has been introduced and also the motion for the first reading has been adopted. After the consent of the House has been given for the second reading then those amendments are moved

the member in charge may make one of the following motions in regard to the Bill namely —

(a) that it be read a second time that is before reading a second time the select committee stage comes

It need not be moved for a second reading before this motion can come

Mr Speaker After the first reading is over then it says

that it be read a second time — or
that it be referred to a Select Committee — or
LA Bill No XXI of 1952 15th July 1952 1757

a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

that it be circulated for the purpose of eliciting public opinion thereon

(a) Any member may make a motion on as aforesaid by way of amendment

Shri Srinivasrao may continue
15th July 1952

L. A. Bill No XXI of 1952

A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad


ds the

...
L A Bill No XXI of 1952  15th July 1952  1759

a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands
in the State of Hyderabad

Oppose

*Defence*

(Offensive)

*Responsible*

(Security

*Settlement System*

(Fundamental Rights)
L A Bill No XXI of 1952
a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

Valuation

A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad.

[Signature]
L.A. Bill No XXI of 1952
15th July 1952

A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

(a) High Prices
(b) Agitation
(c) Welfare
(d) Ways and Means

Producer
Consumer
Income

Justifiable

[Note: The text is in English and Urdu, discussing high prices and the need for a special assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad.]
LA Bill No XXI of 1952
13th July 1952

A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

Section 1

We, the members of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Hyderabad, in pursuance of our constitutional powers, do enact as follows:

Section 2

The levy of special assessment on certain lands shall be made as provided in the Schedule attached to this Act.

Section 3

This Act shall come into force on the date of its publication in the Official Gazette.

Schedule

[Details of the Schedule]

(5) Manifest

We, the members of the Legislative Assembly, hereby declare that the said levy is necessary for the public interest.

Passed on the 13th day of July, 1952.

(Signatures of the Members)

Note: The above text is a draft and may not reflect the final version of the document.
a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

June 1952

On 1st July 1952, a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad was introduced in the Assembly of the State of Hyderabad.

The Bill was introduced by Hon. A. S. Mahbub Ali, M.P., the Minister for Finance.

The Bill sought to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad for the purpose of meeting the cost of certain public works and to raise revenue for the State Government.

The Bill was referred to the Committee on Finance for further consideration.

The Committee on Finance indicated their support for the Bill and recommended its passage.

The Bill was passed by the Assembly and became an Act on 1st July 1952.

The Act was published in the Official Gazette of the State of Hyderabad on 2nd July 1952.
हालाँकि बातों का सार इस पद्धति से रखा जाता है कि नागरिक बालकों को ब्राह्मण बनाने के लिए क्षतिग्रस्त होना चाहिए। इसके कारण, ज्यदा ही ब्राह्मण नहीं होते। इस दृष्टि से, इस प्रकार के व्यक्तियों को किसी भी पद्धति से ब्राह्मण बनाने के लिए अधिक समय और प्रयास लगाना चाहिए।

लूट ले तो नृत्यरत ते सुशासन राहिलों वर आपका देख बूढ़ी होगी。” यदाना पुलिसार कुच सकन कायाकल्पक स्थापना अवधि वन्दन कर न बाकी कर तर नाही का धारणा:” युवकता वर ताज़ाताही बव साग नाही को होता बदार कुछ की मात्र पुढ़ते हुए तुलना करो वायुस्थाने वेशाते विवेध शुद्ध हुआ हो लिंग नाही है। शुद्धि की राजनीति की खाना हुलाने

बुढ़ा को एम साही धाराप्रवाही आती की तत्काल सब वेदना पुरूषिकार बढ़े आते ही गोपन बाली आते पण मानवरूढ़ या धार्मिक पुरूषिकार बाली आते ही इतिहास कालार्ग नाही। उद मानवता आता धार्मिकप्रवाही पुरूषिकार तारा वसा श्रद्धा कारते कैलास बालक सब वेदना पुरूषिकार बढ़े आते ही तारा नाहीं तर भावारी का धारावधार कार्यालय पुरूषिकार विद्वानी सब वेदना पुरूषिकार बाली दौरी विभिन्न वालक सब तारा पुलिसार पहुँच कर लग कोहोला पीढ़ी धारावधार कार धारणा हुलाने।

लूट ले तो नृत्यरत ते सुशासन राहिलों वर आपका देख बूढ़ी होगी।
A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

The Bill was passed by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Hyderabad on 1st July, 1952.

The object of the Bill is to provide for the levy of a Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad for the purpose of meeting the expenses of public works and public utility services.

The Bill provides for the levy of a Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad for the purpose of meeting the expenses of public works and public utility services.

The Bill also provides for the appointment of a Board of Assessors to determine the amount of the Special Assessment and for the collection of the same.

The Bill further provides for the apportionment of the Special Assessment among the benefitting owners and the levy of a Special Assessment on lands for the purpose of meeting the expenses of public works and public utility services.

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Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

Section 1: The Special Assessment

This Act is enacted to provide for the levy of a special assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad.

Section 2: The Assessable Lands

The lands assessable under this Act are those specified in Schedule A.

Section 3: The Assessment Rate

The assessment rate for the lands specified in Schedule A is as follows:

- [List of assessment rates for different categories of lands]

Section 4: The Assessment Procedure

The assessment procedure shall be as follows:

- [Description of the assessment procedure]

Section 5: The Assessment Order

The assessment order shall be issued by the Collector of the district.

Section 6: The Payment of Assessment

The assessment shall be paid within the time limit specified in Schedule B.

Section 7: Appeal

Any person aggrieved by the assessment may appeal to the Commissioner within the time limit specified in Schedule C.

Section 8: Enforcement

This Act shall come into force on the date of its publication in the Official Gazette.

SCHEDULE A

[List of lands assessable under this Act]

SCHEDULE B

[Time limit for payment of assessment]

SCHEDULE C

[Time limit for appeal]

Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Hyderabad on the 15th day of July, 1952.
15th July 1952

A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

Members of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Hyderabad in the House of Representatives, etc., etc., in pursuance of provisions of the said Act, have passed the following Resolution:

Whereas the special assessment by way of payment of a tax on lands in the State of Hyderabad was levied for the purpose of providing special benefits for the development of the State, it is expedient to repeal the said special assessment.

Be it therefore resolved that the special assessment by way of payment of a tax on lands in the State of Hyderabad be repealed with effect from the date of the passing of this Resolution.

Passed at the House of Representatives on this day of July, 1952.

[Signature]

Member of the Legislative Assembly

[Signature]

Member of the Legislative Assembly

[Signature]

Member of the Legislative Assembly

[Signature]

Member of the Legislative Assembly

[Signature]

Member of the Legislative Assembly

[Signature]

Member of the Legislative Assembly

[Signature]

Member of the Legislative Assembly
L A Bill No XXI of 1952 15th July 1952 1769

A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

( Grow more food campaign )

( Resettlement )

( Statistics )

( Structure )

( Feudalism )

( Do or Dying )
15th July 1952

A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

A Bill was introduced in the Assembly of the State of Hyderabad for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad.

The Bill seeks to impose a special assessment on certain lands within the State of Hyderabad for the purpose of funding certain projects or services. The assessment would be levied on the owners of the specified lands.

The Bill defines the eligible lands, the rate of assessment, and the procedures for its collection and administration. It also contains provisions for appeals against the assessment.

The Bill aims to address the needs of the State by allocating funds for infrastructure, education, health, or other developmental activities. It is expected to contribute to the overall growth and welfare of the State and its residents.

The Bill is a significant legislative proposal that requires careful consideration and input from various stakeholders, including landowners, representatives of the people, and other relevant parties involved in the administration of the State.

In conclusion, the Bill presents an opportunity for the State of Hyderabad to enhance its financial resources and improve the quality of life for its citizens. It is essential to ensure that the assessment is fair, equitable, and transparent, giving confidence to all those affected by its implementation.
L.A. Bill No XXI of 1952  15th July 1952

a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

To His Excellency M. Ali Murti, G.C.I.E., G.C.M.G., C.S.I., Governor of the State of Hyderabad,

Sir,

We, the undersigned Members of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Hyderabad, do hereby present you with this Bill for your consideration and approval.

We believe that the levy of a Special Assessment on certain lands is necessary for the development and improvement of the State. We have carefully considered the implications of this measure and are confident that it will contribute to the welfare of the people.

We therefore request you to givegrave consideration to this Bill and to act upon it in the best interests of the State.

Yours faithfully,
The Members of the Legislative Assembly.
772
15th July 1952

L A Bill No XXI of 1952

A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

Section 102. 3 - 25. (1) For the purposes of this Act, there shall be levied and collected the rate in the following manner:

Rate

- 100 acres or less..............2 annas per acre
- Over 100 acres.................1 anna per acre

(Second Revision)

(Third Revision)

Settlement

Levelling of tax

Shib system
A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

1952 15th July 1952

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Agricultural income (Model or symbolic tax)
If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act the Government on occasion may require by order do anything which appears to the Government to be necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.
A Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

15th July 1952

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L A Bill No XXI of 1952

Bill SPHJMALE BANARU SHIVAMAPPA (General Principles) DISCUSS

THE BILL

The Bill is concerned with the assessment of lands in the State of Hyderabad. It proposes to levy a special assessment on certain lands for the purpose of financing developmental projects. The Bill is designed to provide a fair and equitable basis for assessing the taxable capacity of the landowners.

The legislation is aimed at ensuring that the burden of assessment is shared fairly among landowners. It seeks to establish a transparent and just system for determining the taxable value of land, taking into account various factors such as location, size, and productivity.

The Bill includes provisions for appeals and reviews to ensure that the assessment process is fair and that the rights of landowners are protected.

In conclusion, the Bill provides a comprehensive framework for assessing and levying special assessments on lands in the State of Hyderabad. It aims to promote equitable fiscal practices and to ensure that the assessment process is transparent, just, and in compliance with the principles of fairness and equity.

8
We compare very favourably even with Ramraj
L A Bill No XXI of 1952 15th July 1952 1777

a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderabad

Quotations

1. From an account of the fixed costs of the Kingdom.

2. From a similar account of the fixed costs of the Kingdom.

Averages of dry rate

Maximum of 3.5%
15th July 1952

L A Bill No XXI of 1952

a Bill to provide for the Levy of Special Assessment on certain lands in the State of Hyderaband

(Average wet rate)

As against this in Bidar of which all the Tulukas have been resettled the average dry rate varies from Rs 1 14 0 to Rs 3 12 0 Maximum Rs 1 11 0 to Rs 4 0 0 Average Rs 7 5 0 to Rs 10 12 0

He deputes Sultana Sahir that in all the cases the area was considered 9 to 10 acre per khasa. It may be observed that the area is taken from the revenue records. The maximum area of 2500 acres per khasa.

He says that the maximum area is considered 2500 acres per khasa.

He refers to the figures of the revenue records. The maximum area is considered 2500 acres per khasa.

He says that the maximum area is considered 2500 acres per khasa.

(Interruption) Mr Speaker No interruption Please
Mr Speaker, the question is:

That L.A. Bill No XXI of 1952, a Bill to provide for the levy of special assessments of certain lands in the State of Hyderabad, be read a first time.

(The motion was adopted)

The Assembly then adjourned till two of the Clock on Wednesday the 16th July 1952.