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for the

Official Report

June-July, 1952 Session

VOLUME II (Nos. 1 to 30)
Hyderabad Legislative Assembly Debates

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for the
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June-July, 1952 Session

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Adjournment motions should be addressed to the Speaker, but not to the Secretary

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The fact that the grievance is continuing is not sufficient. If it is not of recent occurrence and if the matter is not raised at the earliest opportunity, it fails in urgency

Admission to colleges and University has no concern with the Government. Therefore, that cannot be discussed in the House

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When a Member moves a cut motion on a subject, similar cut motion on the same subject, can be bracketed

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A Member may sleep, but not disturb the House

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A Member can ask supplementary questions, but cannot criticise

A Member can ask supplementary questions for obtaining answers, but he can neither make a suggestion, nor argue, nor even ask the opinion of the Government

See also

A Member has a right to ask questions and obtain authentic information whenever he feels that the answers are not properly given, he can bring the matter to the notice of the Speaker who will decide whether the answers are properly given or not

A Minister cannot be expected to answer questions with minute details, if put without notice.

Answers should be taken as they are and should not be questioned

If any Member wants the opinion of a Minister, during question time, the Minister concerned need not reply

Only one question may be asked at a time

Questions cannot be put regarding cases where printed materials are readily available

Questions relating to the staff of the Legislative Assembly cannot be put, since the Speaker cannot participate in the discussion

Questions should be put only to get information and not to cross-examine

Supplementary questions should be relevant, and there is no limit for such questions

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PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

_Speaker_
SHRI KASHINATH RAO VAIDYA

_Deputy Speaker_
SHRI PAMPAN GOWDA SAKRAPPA

_Panel of Chairmen_
1. SHR JNRIVAS RAO EKHELIKAR.
2. SHRMATI MASOMA BEGUM.
3. SHR SIRPAT RAO KADAM.
4. SHR K ANANT REDDY.

_Secretary to the Assembly_
SHRI M. HANMANTH RAO, M.A., H.C.S.

_Assistant Secretaries to the Assembly_
1. Shri M. SRINIVASA RAO, B.A., M.L.,
2. (Vacant)

_EDITOR OF DEBATES_
SHRI NARSING RAO MANVI, M.A., P.O.L.
PERSONNEL OF THE GOVERNMENT OF HYDERABAD

RAJPRAMUKH OF HYDERABAD

HIS EXALTED HIGHNESS THE NIZAM OF HYDERABAD

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

1. SHRI B. RAMA KRISHNA RAO, Chief Minister
2. ,, DIGAMBAR RAO GOVIND RAO BINDU, Home Minister
3. ,, K V RANGA REDDY, Excise Minister
4. ,, VINAYAK RAO KORATKAR VIDYALANKAR, Commerce & Industries Minister
5. DR. GOPAL SUBBU KRISHNA MELKOTE, Finance Minister.
6. SHRI NAWAB MEHDI NAWAZ JUNG, Public Works Minister
7. ,, PHOOLCHAND GANDHI, Public Health and Education Minister
8. ,, MARRI CHANNA REDDY, Agriculture and Supply Minister
9. ,, ANNA RAO GANAMUKHI, Local Self-Government Minister
10. ,, JAGANNATH RAO CHANDERKI, Law and Endowments Minister.
11. ,, V. B RAJU, Labour and Rehabilitation Minister.
12. ,, SHANKER DEO, Social Service Minister.
13. ,, DEVI SINGH CHAUHAN, Rural Reconstruction Minister.
HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Wednesday, the 11th June, 1952

(1st day of the second Session)

THE HOUSE MET AT THREE OF THE CLOCK,
[Mr SPEAKER IN THE CHAIR]

Business of the House

Regarding questions, I want to bring a few facts to the notice of the hon. Members.

I have to inform the hon. Members about the procedure to be followed in regard to the questions.

Question time will be the first hour on every day excepting on days allotted for voting of demands for grants. On the days assigned for voting of demands for grants, question time will be the first half an hour after the commencement of the proceedings of the day. In the printed Assembly Bulletin dated 27-5-1952, hon’ble Members will notice that for purposes of answering questions, the 13 hon. Ministers have been divided into three groups in rotational order. On days allotted in rotation to a particular group of hon. Ministers, questions (starred as well as un-starred) which relate to those hon. Ministers will come up for answers. So far as starred questions are concerned, the answers will be given orally by the hon. Ministers to whom they are addressed. Written answers to unstarred questions will be laid on the table on the day fixed for them, for reference by the hon. Members.

Printed lists of starred and unstarred questions for each day will be supplied to the hon. Members. The mode of asking a starred question will be as follows.

At the time of asking questions the Chair shall call in the serial order, each hon. Member whose name appears on the list of questions. When so called, unless he expresses his
11th June, 1952

Business of the House.

intention not to ask the question standing in his name, hon. Member shall rise in his seat and shall ask the question by quoting the number of the question in the list. Thereafter, any hon. Member who catches the eye of the Speaker, may put a supplementary question for further elucidation of any matter of fact relating to the answer given.

So far as the unstarred questions are concerned, the answers will be placed in the Library room as already explained.

"..."
Starred Questions and Answers
WARANGAL REVENUE COLLECTIONS

*16 Shri Ch Venkatram Rao (Karimnagar): Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether he is aware of the fact that in Karimnagar district Patels and Patwaris in collaboration with the Revenue Sub-Inspectors, generally obtain sanction for talafmal sheets without taking applications from the concerned ryots and also that they collect land revenue and levy with wrongful gain to themselves resulting in a great loss to the State exchequer?

(b) What steps do the Government propose to take in the matter?

The Chief Minister (Shri B Ramakrishna Rao): It is totally incorrect to say that Patels and Patwaris with the connivance of the Revenue Inspectors generally obtain sanction for talafmal without taking applications from the concerned ryots.

Talafmal applications are granted by the Deputy Collectors after careful scrutiny of the recommendations of the Tahsildars or other responsible officers specially deputed for the inspection of this work. The Patels and Patwaris and also Girudars prepare a statement of all applications received for talafmal and write the result of their inspection together with a special note on their suitability. They
are not entitled to include the survey Nos to which no application has been received. Thus the question of considering the fields for which talafmal had not been applied does not arise. At the time of talafmal inspection by the Tahsildar or Deputy Collector, if he finds that the crop has been really damaged but no application has been given by the ryot due to ignorance, he can direct the inclusion of such survey Nos in the talafmal statement. If a ryot quotes a wrong survey No. not knowing the correct survey No. out of ignorance, the Tahsildar or other responsible officer who does inspection of talafmal fields can direct the inclusion of the correct No. in the talafmal statement instead of the wrong No. Thus, it will be clearly seen that the inclusion of survey Nos for which no applications have been received cannot be done at the instance of Village Officers or Girdawars.

The allegation that in Karimnagar district, land revenue and levy are being collected in excess by the Patels and Patwaris with the connivance of Girdawars in general with wrongful gain to themselves and loss to the State exchequer is a very vague one. If concrete instances of such collections from any village are given, it will be possible to enquire into such complaints, not otherwise.

(b) If concrete examples are given they can be enquired into and suitable action taken against the offenders both departmentally and in a Court of Law. No action, however, is possible on such vague allegations of a general nature.

Shri Ch. Venkatarama Rao   May I know whether the hon. the Chief Minister has gone through my statement of 4th March, 1952, in which I challenged the Government? My challenge still stands there.

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao   Well, I cannot answer any challenge. I have not gone through the statement of the hon. Member.

Mr. Speaker: Do you want to ask any other question?

(Pause).

Now we shall proceed to the next question.
Starred Questions and Answers  
11th June, 1952

(b) What are their present designations?

(c) How many of them have been absorbed in the State Services?

(d) How many of them are returning to their parent State in the near future?

(e) What is the amount of salary and other expenses incurred by the Government of Hyderabad for such officers under the following heads

(i) Salary
(ii) Deputation allowance
(iii) Pension contribution
(iv) House allowance
(v) Motor allowance, and
(vi) Other expenses, if any

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao (a) 15 gazetted officers of other Departments, 42 gazetted officers of Police, Total 57

(b) The information is contained in the statements attached.

(c) None.

(d) All of them (Police officers will be gradually reverted as and when 'Law and Order' position becomes normal and also when the State officers are able to tackle independently the problems themselves)

(e) I.G Rs 1,22,624 (approximately) for other officials I.G. Rs 3,71,194—for the whole year 1952-53 for Police.

(i) & (ii) Pay, deputation allowance and special pay are included in the above figures

(iii) On demands received from the various States, pension contributions as per the rates fixed by them according to the service of the officers will be credited. The demands will be received gradually.

(iv) House rent is not paid to any officer.

(v) No motor car allowance or no free cars are allowed.

(vi) T.A. will be paid for the tours they undertake in their official duties.
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<td>Chief Secretary to Govt</td>
<td>12 Months</td>
<td>33,000 Rs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>M V Rajwade, IAS</td>
<td>Collector, Warangal</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>16,500 Rs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>P K Dave, IAS</td>
<td>Collector, Raichur</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>14,028 Rs</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>T.C R Menon</td>
<td>Collector, Karimnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>13,860 Rs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>M R Caldera</td>
<td>Dy Collector, &amp; P A to Collector, Auringabad</td>
<td>5 Months</td>
<td>3,550 Rs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>P Satyanarayana</td>
<td>Dy Collector, &amp; P A to Collector, Mahboobnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>2,205 Rs</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>B J Dorai Raj</td>
<td>Dy Collector, Warangal</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>2,470 Rs</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>P Stharammah</td>
<td>Dy Collector, Karimnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>2,100 Rs</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>K Damodara Reddy</td>
<td>Tahsildar, Burgampad</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>1,940 Rs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>P B Ananthacharyulu</td>
<td>Tahsildar, Nalgonda</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>2,140 Rs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>B Ramlingaswamy</td>
<td>Tahsildar, Huzurabad (Karimnagar Dist )</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>1,765 Rs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>T Subbanarsusah</td>
<td>Tahsildar, Karimnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>1,940 Rs</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>B. Bodarayachan</td>
<td>Tahsildar, Mahboobnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>1,940 Rs</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>N S. Verma</td>
<td>Custodian, Evacuee Property (Now Secy Supply)</td>
<td>One year</td>
<td>21,930 Rs</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>V P Palande</td>
<td>Superintendent Jail</td>
<td>4 Months</td>
<td>3,256 Rs</td>
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Total: 1,22,641 Rs
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<th>Designation</th>
<th>Period</th>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Mr. P K Monnappa</td>
<td>IGP</td>
<td>12 Months</td>
<td>Rs 33,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>K Krishna Menon</td>
<td>DIG (A)</td>
<td>do</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>K F Rustumji</td>
<td>DIG WR</td>
<td>do</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>N Ramah Pillai</td>
<td>DSP, Karimnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 10,890</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>V P Nair</td>
<td>DSP, Warangal</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 12,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>V Venkateshwar Rao</td>
<td>DSP, Nalgonda</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>O A Muthuswamy Iyer</td>
<td>DSP, Mahboobnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 13,308</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>A Sundaram Pillai</td>
<td>DSP, Hyderabad</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 12,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>M KrishnaMurthy</td>
<td>DSP, Nizamabad</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>S S Twari</td>
<td>DSP, Bhr</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 8,220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Thorat Patil</td>
<td>DSP, Bidar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 11,736</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>N Sinha</td>
<td>DSP, Nanded</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 10,056</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>E HC Gawk</td>
<td>DSP, H Qra</td>
<td>do</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>D Srinivasulu Naidu</td>
<td>DSP, H Qra</td>
<td>do</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>K Mahandandi</td>
<td>Dy. S.P, Karimnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
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<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>V D Koteshwar Rao</td>
<td>Dy. S.P, Karimnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>V Venkat Ramana</td>
<td>Dy. S.P, Karimnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 6,060</td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>V R. Anuschalam</td>
<td>Dy. S.P, Warangal</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 6,696</td>
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<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>C K V.K Naidu</td>
<td>Dy. S.P, Warangal</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>K.B S. Prasad</td>
<td>Dy. S.P, Warangal</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 4,932</td>
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<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Chinnaka Krishnaiah.</td>
<td>Dy. S.P Warangal South.</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>Rs 4,932</td>
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### Gazetted Officers of the Police Department

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl No</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Designation</th>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Total Pay &amp; allowances</th>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>B Pullaiah</td>
<td>Dy S P, Warangal South</td>
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<td>K Bhimshankar</td>
<td>Dy S P, Warangal South</td>
<td>do</td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>G Ranga Rao</td>
<td>Dy S P, Nalgonda</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>4,932</td>
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<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>G Hanumantha Naidu</td>
<td>Dy S P, Nalgonda</td>
<td>do</td>
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<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>T J Solomon</td>
<td>Dy S P, Nalgonda</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>4,932</td>
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<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>N Vankata Reddy</td>
<td>Dy S P, Nalgonda</td>
<td>do</td>
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<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>P Siva Rao</td>
<td>Dy S P, Nalgonda</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>4,932</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>W Subba Rao</td>
<td>Dy S P, Mahboobnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>5,532</td>
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<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>S Ezhathachan</td>
<td>Dy S P, Mahbubnagar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>4,932</td>
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<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Narayanaswamy</td>
<td>Dy S P, Hyderabad</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>3,280</td>
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<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Balakrishna Uddiar</td>
<td>Dy S P, Medak</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>6,840</td>
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<td>33</td>
<td>T B Srinivas Rao</td>
<td>Dy S P, Adilabad</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>6,936</td>
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<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>T D Pant</td>
<td>Dy S P, Aurangabad</td>
<td>do</td>
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<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>J N Deshpande</td>
<td>Dy S P, Parbhani</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>7,632</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>C D Dalal</td>
<td>Dy S P, Bidar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>7,320</td>
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<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>V S Someshwar</td>
<td>Dy S P, Bidar</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>4,932</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>N J Jitor</td>
<td>Dy S P, Gulbarga</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>5,256</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>C B Nerhi</td>
<td>Dy S P, Osmanabad</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>8,520</td>
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<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>J A Sotri</td>
<td>Dy S P, City</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>7,260</td>
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<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>S C Padhiv</td>
<td>Recruiting Officer</td>
<td>4 Months</td>
<td>2,280</td>
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<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>N P. Ghati</td>
<td>Dy S P, Gulbarga</td>
<td>12 Months</td>
<td>8,220</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total**: 3,71,194
Mr Speaker Are the Statements very lengthy?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao They contain details regarding the officers. If you want me to read, I shall.

Shri L R Ganeewal I want a copy to be supplied to me.

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao Surely a copy will be supplied to the hon Member.

Shri V D Deshpande (Ippaguda) We would like to hear the names. Therefore, when the question is being replied it should be replied fully and the names shall also have to be read.

Mr Speaker It will take a very long time. We have got limited time before us. In such cases, what I want to do is, when there are lengthy statements attached to the reply, they will be placed on the notice board of the office 15 minutes earlier, so that the hon Members concerned will have the occasion to go through them.

Shri V D Deshpande Unless we get the full statement, Sir, we will not be in a position to put supplementary questions.

Mr Speaker The hon Member can ask a fresh question after going through the statement.

Shri Deshpande: That does not fulfil the purpose of the question.

Mr. Speaker It cannot be helped.

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao If you, Sir, want me to read the Officers' names, I shall do so. But if my hon. friend wants information as to who are posted in Telangana and who are posted in Karnataka, I shall require notice.
Shri B Ramakrishna Rao  I do not quite follow my hon friend. It has been already stated that all the officers who have come from outside will gradually be returned to their respective States as soon as possible. That was the reply I already gave.

As soon as possible’

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao  That is a matter of opinion. It may be four years or four months or four days.

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao  My reply to this question is that all the Sub-Inspectors who came from other States were to be repatriated and 30th May was the time fixed for most of them to go back. So far as officers of higher rank are concerned, namely, A S, P S, Dy S P S, and D S P S, they were enquired whether any of them would like to be absorbed in the State service. It is true that an enquiry was made.

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi  I object, Sir, the question hour is being converted into a debate.

The Minister for Agriculture and Supply (Dr Channa Reddy)

It is developing into a discussion.

Mr. Speaker  No argumentative question should be put.
If my friend wants some information, I am prepared to give it.

An hon Member I would like to ask, by way of information, whether discussion can be allowed in question-hour on the questions themselves.

Mr Speaker No discussion can be allowed.

Shri Sripathy Rao Laxman Rao Newaskar (Aurangabad) I am afraid discussion is going on.

Mr Speaker Any more questions.

št. नरेंद्रजी (कारवान) बाहर से जो आफिसर मुकर्रर बक्से के लिये लाये गये से जिने से बैठे जिन्हे तबसी बी गती और जिन्हे तबसी देने की क्या बच़े है?

Mr Speaker Anyhow, the hon. Member wants notice. Let us proceed to the next question Shri Ch. Venkatrama Rao.

**Attack on R.T.D. Depot**

* Shri Ch Venkata Rama Rao Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state

  (i) Whether the Police Force stationed at Karimnagar wrongfully attacked the R.T.D. Depot on 11-3-1952?

  (ii) If so, what action has been taken by the Government in the matter?

*The Minister for Home (Shri D. G. Bundu). It is not correct to say that the Police Force at Karimnagar wrongfully attacked the R.T.D. Depot on 11-3-52. A cleaner by name Malliah of the R.T.D. beat a Muslim Pan and Cool drink vendor for refusing to give him a drink on credit. A Police constable by name Mohd. Yasin who was there intervened in the private quarrel between Mohd. Jaffer, the Pan and Cool drink vendor and the cleaner, and beat the latter. This was signal for a R.T.D.*
driver rushing to the scene and assaulting the P C. Head constable Khairat Ali who saw the P C being beaten intervened and a scuffle between him and the RTD driver ensued. Two constables who saw this ran up to the scene. Some others from the RTD Depot were called up by the cleaner and the driver and these two constables were assaulted. This attracted a body of recruits from the nearby Police lines and a number of men from the RTD Depot. When the RTD men found the Police party numerically strong, they retreated to the Depot whereupon the Police men chased them into the Depot and caused a slight damage to the mirror there. In the meantime the Lines Inspector came to the scene and marched back all the Police men to the lines.

(ii) Head Constable Khairat Ali and Constable Mohd Yasin involved in the above incident have been placed under suspension for their unwarranted interference in a private quarrel pending a departmental enquiry into their conduct. A departmental enquiry is also being held against the constable recruits who have misbehaved in this connection.

Mr. Speaker: Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao

Police Stations in Karimnagar District

*5. Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state

(a) Whether there has been an increase in the number of Police Station Houses in Karimnagar District?

(b) If so, for what reasons?

Justice No. 2. N. Nihal - Has he reached his full age of twenty?

Mr Speaker: This is a matter of opinion.
Mr Speaker Shri Ch. Venkatarama Rao

DELAY IN REPATRIATION OF POLICE FORCES OF OTHER STATES

*6 Shri Ch. Venkata Rama Rao Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state

Why the Government is delaying repatriating the Police Forces and Civil Officers of the Madras State?

Mr Speaker The hon Member has to take the answer as it is He cannot question the answer.

Mr Speaker Answer is not necessary. Next, Shri Ch. Venkatarama Rao.
11th June, 1952

Starred Questions and Answers.

SHOOTING OF VILLAGERS

*44 Shri Ch. Venkat Rama Rao Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state

(i) Whether any villagers were shot dead by the Police in Thimmnapur village?

(ii) If so, how many?

(iii) Has the Collector of the Karimnagar district made any report during the 1950-51 regarding it?

(iv) If so, will the Government place it on the table of the House?

Mr Speaker: Shri Ch. Venkatrama Rao

WHEREABOUTS OF AN ARRESTED PERSON

*45. Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(i) Whether Shri Ravula Narasiah was arrested by the Sircilla Police about 4 years ago?

(ii) If so, what are his whereabouts?
Starred Questions and Answers

11th June, 1952.

Mr Speaker Shri Ch Venkatramarao.

MANAGEMENT OF VICTORIA HOSPITAL

*40 Shri Ch Venkatramarao Will the hon Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state —

(i) Whether there have been complaints against the management of the Victoria Zenana Hospital?

(ii) If so, what steps have been taken to redress the grievances of the public?

Shri Poochand Gandhi As to the first part, there have been complaints against the management of the Victoria Zenana Hospital.

As to the second part, to redress the grievances of the public, the Superintendent, Victoria Zenana Hospital had requested the complainants thrice to see her and discuss the details, as they were of a general nature without reference to any particular persons or period. Anyway, the question was examined from an administrative point of view and Government are satisfied that the present system in vogue for looking after the patients does not require any radical changes. It may however be pointed out that Government have recently introduced the system of visitors who will go round the Hospitals and suggest ways and means of improvement.

Mr Speaker Shri Ch Venkatramarao.

MATERNITY HOSPITAL KARIMNAGAR

*41 Shri Ch Venkatramarao Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state:—

(i) Whether he is aware that a sum of Rs. 1 lakh has been collected by the Civil Administration authorities for purposes of providing a Maternity Hospital in Karimnagar district?

(ii) Whether he is further aware that no such hospital so far has been provided?

(iii) If so, why the delay and what has happened to the sum collected?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi: As to the first part of the question, the Government are fully aware that a sum of Rs. 1 lakh has been collected by the Civil Administrator, Karimnagar, for the purposes of the construction of a new District Hospital at Karimnagar.
As to the second part, as this involved a heavy expenditure it was decided that two wards should be added to the present hospital and that necessary amenities should be provided for the maternity side.

As to the third clause, there was no delay on the part of the Medical Department and that due action was taken for acquiring the lands and buildings of the private persons.

Mr. Speaker, Shri Ch. Venkatrama Rao

Postponement of Panchayat Elections
The reasons for the postponement of Village Panchayat Elections in Rural areas?

The Minister for Local Self-Government (Shri Anna Rao Ganamukha) - No postponement of the programme of elections of Panchayats has been ordered by Government. The target of 1,000 villages fixed for the establishment of Panchayats for the year 1951-52 has been completed. The question of taking up elections in other villages during the year 1952-53, which depends upon the availability of funds, is under the active consideration of Government.

Mr. Speaker - Probably, he may require notice for that.
Mr Speaker The supplementary question should be related and relevant to the subject of the postponement of Panchayat elections. We shall now proceed to the next question.

**Construction of Roads, etc., in Karimnagar**

Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao: Will the hon Minister for Local Self-Government be pleased to state

(i) Whether it is a fact that large sums are being spent on the construction of four small cement roads and Telephone system in Karimnagar town?

(ii) Whether he is aware that the town has been for long suffering from acute water scarcity?

(iii) If so, why road and Telephone schemes have been taken up in preference to water supply?

I have to clarify one thing here. There is one typing mistake in this question. Instead of putting 'have been spent' it has been typed as 'are being spent'.

Shri Anna Rao Ganamukhi: (i) It is not a fact that cement roads are being constructed at present in Karimnagar town. The installation of a telephone service is within the purview of the Posts and Telegraphs Department of Government of India. However, as far as is known, there is no scheme for the installation of telephones in Karimnagar Town in the immediate future.

(ii) There is no acute scarcity of water in Karimnagar town which is supplied from several wells in the town.

(iii) This question does not arise in view of the replies given above.
Mr Speaker We shall now take up the next question.

Requisition of Houses in Ramkot, etc., Areas in Hyderabad City

Shri L R Ganerwal Will the hon. Minister for Local Self-Government be pleased to state

(1) Whether any houses have been requisitioned by the Government in Ramkote and Moghuipura areas in the Hyderabad City?

(2) If so, when did the Government take possession of the houses?

(3) Whether any compensation has been paid to the respective owners?

(4) If not why not?

Shri Anna Rao Ganamukhi (1) Eighteen properties in the Ramkote and five hundred and thirty properties in the Moghulpura area have been acquired by City Improvement Board. These include both houses and open lands.

(2) Possession was taken by the City Improvement Board on various dates.

(3) Compensation has been paid to all owners of properties in the Moghulpura area.

All owners of properties in the Ramkote area, with the exception of owners of houses bearing City Improvement Board numbers (1) A/25, (2) A/26 and (3) A/39 have been paid compensation.
The reasons for non-payment of compensation in the cases of the Ramkote houses noted above are given below:

\((i)\) Orders for the payment of compensation for House No A/25 had not been received from the City Improvement Board Court. Since the abolition of the City Improvement Board Court, the case has been referred for orders to the Collector, Hyderabad district.

\((ii)\) (a) The owner of House No A/26 submitted an affidavit from the Criminal Court instead of from the Custodian, Evacuee Property, for the payment of compensation. The party has been asked to produce a certificate from the Collector which he has not yet done. Payment can only be made on the production of this certificate.

\((b)\) Further, the owner has appealed to the High Court for enhancement of the compensation awarded by the City Improvement Board. The decision of the High Court is awaited.

\((iii)\) In case of House No A/39, an award has been given and payment is being made.

Shri. Narendranath a Kawalpur se Ramkote hote hui nampally jaanevali sadak kile na khali me tankhik hongi?

- \(\text{Irrelevant}\) (Irrelevant)

Shri Narendranath kabi kikkit shiyari se makan diye gaye hain.

\textit{Shri Deshpande} The Minister should be an Engineer (Laughter)

\textbf{Unstarred Questions and Answers}

\textbf{YETTI AND BEGAR}

14 Shri Raj Mallu (Luxshetipet-Reserved) Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state.

Whether the Yetti and Begar (Prohibition) Regulation, 1358 F., has been completely effective in actual practice?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao The Hyderabad Yetti and Begar (Prohibition) Regulation has been in force from 1949. Requisitioning of services or property of any person for the benefit of the government or for any officer of government.
or any other person otherwise than in pursuance of a free contract has been prohibited and any act involving Yetti or Bega against this Regulation is punishable with imprisonment which may extend up to one year, or with fine or with both. It is presumed that the Regulation has been effective in actual practice Government have also issued stringent instructions to their officials not to indulge in such acts. They have been warned that they would be liable for prosecution in case of default. A copy of the Government Order No. 13, dated 25th May, 1949, issued in this connection, is as follows:

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Government of Hyderabad

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

Order No (13) Dated the 25th May, 1949

The question of eradicating the practice of begar or yetti has been engaging the attention of Government for some time. Begar or yetti implies the compulsory requisition of personal services, means of transport and other appurtenances, with or without payment by Government servants and other influential persons.

With the intention of minimising the evils of this practice, the then Government of Hyderabad issued in the year 1336 F., a set of rules known as the 'Sarbarahi Rules,' regulating the provision of conveniences to touring of transport and other amenities. In actual practice, however, the working of these rules did not result in the abatement of the evils which these rules were intended to remove.

Government have reasons to believe that the practice of begar or yetti is prevalent today. They consider that this practice should be abolished forthwith. Government are pleased to rescind with immediate effect the Sarbarahi Rules issued in Circular No. 7 of 6th Isfandar, 1356 F. No Government official will hereafter be permitted to extract begar or yetti from a balutadar or any other person. The Heads of Departments should see that their subordinate officials strictly avoid the compulsory requisition of personal services or the property of any person. Government expect the Inspector-General of Police and the Civil Administrators of districts to ensure that the orders of Government in this behalf
are scrupulously carried out Government will have no hesita-
tion in taking drastic disciplinary action against Government
servants who are found acting contrary to these instructions.
A regulation is being promulgated making the practice of begar
or yetti illegal and providing severe penalties. Government
trust the Government officials of all grades will implicitly carry
out the directions contained in the order.

(Sd)
For Revenue Secretary

THE YETTI AND BEGAR (PROHIBITION)
REGULATION, 1358 F.
(No XLIII of 1358 F)

Whereas it is expedient to prohibit the practices known as
yetti or begar.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the authority vested in me for
the administration of the Hyderabad State and of all other powers
enabling me in the behalf I hereby make the following Regulation:

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Yetti and Begar
Short Title, extent (Prohibition) Regulation, 1358 Fash
and Commence-
ment

(2) It extends to the whole of the Hyderabad State.

(3) It shall come into force on the date of its publication
in the Jarida.

2. Whoever (otherwise than under the authority of any
Act involving Yetti
or Begar
provision of law for the time being in force which
expressly permits him so to do) requisitions the
services or property of any person for the benefit
of, or for use by, Government, or any officer of Government,
or any other person, or avails himself of, or uses, any services or
property so requisitioned, commits an act involving yetti or begar.

Explanation.—A person requisitions services of property
within the meaning of this section if by any means whatsoever he
causes services or property to be available otherwise than in
pursuance of a free contract,
3 (1) Whoever commits an act involving yetti or begar shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.

(2) On a prosecution for an offence punishable under sub-section (1), the fact that—

(a) Payment was made or designed to be made for the requisitioned services or property, or

(b) the person whose services were requisitioned was in receipt of Baluta or other customary remuneration for services rendered, shall not constitute a defence.

S M Younus,
Legal Secretary

J N Chaudhuri,
Military Governor.

LAND REVENUE RATES IN EX-JAGIR AREAS

30 Shri Ankushrao Venkatrao (Partur) Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(i) Whether it is a fact that the land assessment rates were higher prior to the integration of Jagirs?

(ii) If so, what steps the Government have taken after integration to rationalise those rates?

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao (i) The land revenue rates were higher in some Jagir areas before integration of Jagirs. 1312 villages were unsurveyed and unsettled. In some surveyed villages also, the previous Government had sanctioned special higher rates for some jagir villages.

(ii) The following steps have been taken after integration of jagirs to bring down the land revenue assessments in jagir areas to the level of neighbouring Diwani villages:

(a) survey and settlement of unsurveyed villages.

(b) review of special higher assessments sanctioned for some ex-jagir villages and bringing them down to the level of the neighbouring Diwani villages.

(c) pending survey and settlement or review of special rates or examination of higher incidence of land revenue, the Government have sanctioned temporary suspensions and remissions in the case of 410 villages.
846 unsurveyed villages have already been surveyed and 165 villages have been taken up for survey and settlement during the current year. The remaining are proposed to be taken up during the next year, after which there will be no ex-jagir villages left unsurveyed.

So far, special higher assessments have been examined in 635 jagir villages and have been brought down to the level of the Diwani areas. A statement showing the action taken in some important cases is attached.

Pending final orders, 25% of land revenue assessments have been suspended in 410 villages of Bidar district.
## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF RATES OF ASSESSMENT IN EX PAIGAH AND JAGIR VILLAGES WITH THE JOINING AD DIWANI VILLAGES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl No</th>
<th>Name of ex. Paigah or Jagir Taluq</th>
<th>No of villages</th>
<th>Rates of assessment before integration</th>
<th>Comparative rates of assessments in adjoining Diwani areas</th>
<th>Reduction sanctioned and Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Lohara and Umarga Taluks of Khursheed Jahi Paigah</td>
<td>198</td>
<td>Dry Rs 2-10-0 Baghat Lift Rs 8/- Baghat Flow Rs 10/-</td>
<td>Dry Rs 1-10-0 Bhagat Lift Rs 4/- Flow Rs 7/-</td>
<td>Land revenue reduced by 25% and a suspension of another 25% has been granted till the soils are reclassified and new rates are fixed (F No 4/297/51)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Surala Jagir of Nawab Pakhar-ul-Mulk</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>Dry rate Rs 2/12/- per acre</td>
<td>Dry rate Rs 1/10/- per acre</td>
<td>Land revenue reduced by one third i.e. Rs= 5/4 per rupee (Order No 4/19-421 d/ 23-1-50 F No 111-86-50)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Ghatmandur Jagir villages of Nawab Turab Yar Jung</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Dry Rs 2-6-0 Baghat Lift Rs 4/-</td>
<td>Dry Rs 1-10-0 Baghat Lift Rs 3/-</td>
<td>Land revenue reduced, by one-fourth Rs = 1/- in rupee, Order No 4/2 2-2-30 (No 112-22-59 F No 1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Rajeshwar Itaga Paigah Khursheed Jahi</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>Dry Rs 1 3/4 Wet Flow II 2/12 12/- III 2/8 10/-</td>
<td>Gulbagh Rs Lift Flow Wet I 2/12 6 12 12 II 2/10 III 2/8 IV 2/- Nitanga I 2/12 4/8 7/14 II 2/2/6 III 2/1</td>
<td>Paigah authorities had increased 12 1/2% in the assessment over the rates from 1912 hence 12 1/2% increase in assessment levied from 1912 was cancelled and an additional reduction by 12 1/2% was granted to bring the rates in conformity with the rates of adjoining Diwani villages. Order No 20/1/2022 dated 13th June 1930 (File No 4/44 33/30)</td>
</tr>
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</table>
### Tandur Jagir of Mehdi Jung Bahadur

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Wet Flow</th>
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<th>Dry Flow</th>
<th>Lift Rs</th>
<th>Total Rs</th>
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<tr>
<td>Chincholi 25</td>
<td>3/- 15/- 12/- 14/- 10/-</td>
<td>2/8 15/- 12/-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kodangal 25</td>
<td>6/-</td>
<td>2/4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serum 9</td>
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### Chitapur Jagir

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<tr>
<td>Chincholi 25</td>
<td>3/- 7/8 15/- 15/-</td>
<td>2/4 6/- 12/- 15/-</td>
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<td></td>
<td>59</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kodangal 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tandur 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Serum 12</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Chitapur 17</td>
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### Narsapur Ilaga Paigah

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<th>Total Rs</th>
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<tr>
<td>Chincholi 25</td>
<td>3/8 18/- 27/- 49/-</td>
<td>1 20/- 20/- 30/-</td>
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<td></td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kodangal 4</td>
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<td>Serum 12</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chitapur 17</td>
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### Narayankhed Paigah

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<th>Total Rs</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chincholi 25</td>
<td>4/8 10/- 16/-</td>
<td>2/8 6/12</td>
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<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kodangal 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tandur 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Serum 12</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chitapur 17</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

The rates mentioned in Col No 4 have been reduced and sanctioned rates as in Col No 5 to conform to the rates of assessment in the neighbouring Durni villages Order No 1992 2002 D/- 11th June, 1930 (File No 305-85 of 30)

The rates mentioned in Col No 4 have been reduced and sanctioned rates as in Col No 5 to conform to the rates of assessment in the neighbouring Durni villages Order No 10276, D/- 21st Dec 1950 (File No 428,86/50)

The reduction of 3 annas in a rape in the rates of wet for single crop has been granted Dry rates will continue as they are not high Order No 303 D/- 20-7-51 (File No A 2/191/51)

Special dry rates of I & II groups have been reduced to Rs 4/- and 3/- respectively and a special wet rate of Rs 20 sanctioned for 18 villages has been reduced to Rs 10/- per acre General Order No 214 d/- 25-7-50 (File No 328-86-50)
REASONS FOR THE HIGHER INCIDENCE OF LAND-REVENUE IN EX-JAGIR AREAS

31. Shri Ankushrao Venkatrao Will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state

(1) Why the land revenue rates are double in former Jagir areas as compared to the Khalsa areas even after integration?

(2) Are the Government aware that this high incidence of Land Revenue is leading to greater levy demand from the agriculturists?

(3) What steps are being taken to remove the disparity between land revenue rates of ex-jagir and Diwani areas?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao (1) Reference is invited to the reply given to question No 30

(2) & (3) This point has been considered and the Food-grains Levy Order No 72 of 17th September, 1951, has been accordingly amended. The amendment is as follows —

'NOTE No 1 —In unsurveyed areas, and in the former non-Diwani areas, where land revenue assessment is high and no suspension or remission has been granted after integration, the assessment prevailing in the adjoining Diwani areas shall be applied by a general or special order of the Collector'.

A copy of the amending order is as follows .—

GOVERNMENT OF HYDERABAD

SUPPLY DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION


In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (f) and (j) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946) read with Government of India, Ministry of Food Notification No S.R.O. 703, dated the 4th October, 1950, issued under section 4 of the said Act, H.E.H. the Nizam with the concurrence of the Central Government, is
pleased to make the following further amendment in the Hyderabad Foodgrains Levy Order No. 72, dated the 17th September, 1951, which shall come into force from the date of its publication in the Official Gazette —

For the existing Note (1) under Schedules A & B to the said order, the following note shall be substituted —

'NOTE (1) — In unsurveyed areas, and in the former non-Diwani areas, where land revenue assessment is high and no suspension or remission has been granted after integration the assessment prevailing, in the adjoining Diwani areas shall be applied by a general or special order of the Collector.'

(Sd)
Secretary Supply.

TRANSFER OF OSMANIA UNIVERSITY

Shri M. S. Rajalingam (Warangal) Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state —

(1) Whether there is any proposal under the consideration of the Government for the handing over the Osmania University to the Central Government?

(2) Whether there has been any correspondence with the Central Government on the subject?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi (r) Refer to the answer for unstarred question No. 48 (r), dated 11-6-1952

(2) The answer is in the affirmative.

PENDING CASES IN ATIYAT COURTS

Shri L. R. Ganerwal Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state

The number of cases and appeals pending before the Atiyat Courts.

Shri B. Ramakrishnarao The Deputy Collector's and the Collector's are also Atiyat Courts. Information about the pending cases before them, is not separately available. The
cases pending before the Officer-in-charge, Cash Grants, the Nazim, Atiyat and the Board of Revenue are as follows —

Officer-in-Charge, Cash grants . 845
Nazim, Atiyat . . . 1,068
Board of Revenue (in appeal, review and revision) . . . 644

Osmamia University

48 Shri K V Narayana Reddy (Rajgopalpet) Will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state —

(i) Whether there has been any commitment on the part of Hyderabad Government for the transfer of the Osmamia University to the Central Government?

(ii) If the answer to (i) above be in affirmative, will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to lay a statement on the table with regard to its policies and programmes under which this has been initiated without consulting the House?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao (i) At the instance of the Government of India, the Government of Hyderabad have agreed to the proposal of the Government of India that, in view of its central location in the South, its experience and tradition, the Osmamia University should be utilised to the best national advantage and that it should be converted into a Central University and run on the same lines as the Banares, Aligarh and Delhi Universities.

(ii) There was no opportunity to consult the House as the question had been decided in principle much before the formation of the Legislative Assembly

Detenus in Hyderabad State

9. Shri M. Buchiah (Sirpur). Will the hon. the Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(i) The total number of detenus in Hyderabad State?

(ii) The period of detention so far undergone by each of them?
11th June, 1952.

Unstarred Questions and Answers

Shri D G Bindu : (1) 385 (on the 15th May, 1952).

(2) The period of detention undergone by each detenue up to 15th May, 1952, is shown against their names shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr No</th>
<th>Name with parentage</th>
<th>Date from which detained</th>
<th>Period of detention up to 15-5-1952</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>CENTRAL JAIL, HYDERABAD</td>
<td>Y M D</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Iftekir Ahmed s/o Zakir Hussain</td>
<td>22-9-1950</td>
<td>1 7 28</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Kaliya Hashrekha w/o Narayan Reddy</td>
<td>22-2-1951</td>
<td>1 2 24</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>V Nagalamma w/o Satti Reddy</td>
<td>17-2-1951</td>
<td>1 2 19</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Syed Rasool s/o Syed Hasham</td>
<td>3-7-1951</td>
<td>10 18</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Naftam Maru s/o Naftan</td>
<td>14-7-1951</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>B Kotamma alias Mallamma w/o Jan Reddy</td>
<td>20-9-1951</td>
<td>7 26</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>Boda Advamma alias Chandrakka</td>
<td>13-10-1951</td>
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<td>Posham Bitchamah s/o Jogiah</td>
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<td>Mugaladu s/o Saigadu</td>
<td>6-11-1951</td>
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<td>P. Indira Devi w/o P. Namsamba Rao.</td>
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(Madhura Taluka (Warangal))

1 Gade Subba Rao s/o Punmaiah.  
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3 Angoth Venkatapppah s/o Laloo  
4 Medium Joggappa s/o Muthyaloo  
5 Ookey Gangaloo s/o Chalmappa  
6 Soyam Rajullo s/o Pattappa  
7 Jakka Pothuraju s/o Burrappa  
8 Soyari Potti s/o Butkhama  
9 Thattikonda Namayani Murthy s/o Laxmiah  
10 Paddam Jogappa s/o Venkappa  
11 Kedloth Bhanya s/o Rupala  
12 Medium Bheemudu s/o Soorappa  
13 Chundalapudi Rajalal s/o Narsaiah  
14 Nallapothu Bhupatiah s/o Venkannah
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<td>Period of detention up to 15-5-1952</td>
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<td>Gudibonna Isthari s/o Ramiah</td>
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<td>Deeti Atchiah s/o Ashaiah</td>
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**Khammameth Taluka, Warangal Dist.**

1. Chava Suryya s/o Ramakishnaiah | 25-2-1950 | 2 2 20 |
2. Rentala Sabhaya s/o Nagaih     | do         | 2 2 20 |
3. Kavatam Veerabhadraiah s/o Achiah | 25-8-1951 | 8 20 |
4. Manda Rathaiah s/o Baswaih     | 9-1-1951   | 1 4 6 |
5. Md Mastan s/o Kashm Sab        | 18-9-1950  | 1 7 27 |
6. Dasari Sangaiah s/o Ramaiah    | 10-9-1950  | 1 8 5 |
7. Tammin Subbaiah s/o Veernaiah  | 27-10-1950 | 1 6 18 |
8. Paladugu Venkatratnam s/o Veeraih | 3-5-1951 | 1 12 |
9. Ravdla Nagaih s/o Achiah      | 9-1-1951   | 1 4 6 |
10. Patibandla Chandramouli s/o Appayya | 24-2-1951 | 1 2 21 |
11. Pathabonia Edmada s/o Narasaih | 17-8-1951 | 8 23 |
12. Komineni Pullah s/o Narasaih  | 24-5-1951  | 11 21 |
13. Komineni Anantaramloo s/o Narasaih | do     | 11 21 |
14. Surempalli Ramasaih s/o Veenaih | do        | 11 21 |
15. Jatla Appayya s/o Laxmaiah    | do         | 11 21 |
16. Odelli Narayana s/o Venkatappalah | 22-8-1950 | 1 8 23 |
**Name with parentage** | **Date from which detained** | **Period of detention up to 15-5-1952** | **Remarks**
---|---|---|---
17. Nallamasa Veerabhadram s/o Narasiah | 22-8-1951 | 8 22 | 8
18. Bondla Bobilingadu s/o Samigadu | 25-5-1951 | 11 20 | 8
19. Medam Gopal s/o Narsiah | do | 11 20 | 8
20. Medabona Gurvadu s/o Papadu | do | 11 20 | 8
22. Gundeli Gopala s/o Mattaiah | do | 2 2 20 | 8
23. Yenugu Sitaramaiah s/o Narsiah | 29-1-1951 | 1 3 16 | 8
24. Penugonda Veerayya s/o Nagaiah | 24-5-1951 | 11 21 | 8
25. Kodmuru Manikiah s/o Rukiah | do | 11 21 | 8
26. Sk Mastan s/o Sk Hussain | 15-1-1951 | 1 4 | 8
27. Vasireddy Lingaiah s/o Venkaiah | 22-1-1951 | 1 3 23 | 8
28. Kusam Papaiah s/o Bitchigadu Venkatratnam | 25-2-1950 | 2 2 20 | 8
29. Velagapudi Suryanarayana s/o do | 2 2 20 | 8
30. Anant Somulu s/o Muthilingam Muthilingam | do | 2 2 20 | 8
31. Annarapu Venkamma s/o Pulliah | 22-8-1950 | 1 8 23 | 8
32. Aithabonna Malliiah s/o Pulliah | 10-9-1951 | 8 5 | 8
33. Paladi Rajaram s/o Kannaiah | 25-2-1950 | 2 2 20 | 8
34. Chintala Venkaiah s/o Hanumanthu | 25-2-1950 | 2 2 20 | 8
35. Otkkur Damodhar Rao s/o Laxminarasa Ramnarasimharao | 25-6-1951 | 10 20 | 8
36. Challa Satyam s/o Somaiah | 22-8-1950 | 1 8 28 | 8

**Huzurnagar Taluka, Nalgonda Dist**

1. Mudiyalal Veeriah s/o Venkaiah | 25-2-1950 | 2 2 20 | 8
2. Venapalli Amjaiiah s/o Rangatiah | 9-11-1949 | 3 6 6 | 8
3. Bapapalli Subbaiah s/o Kasiah | 25-2-1950 | 2 2 20 | 8
4. Varada Venkadu s/o Gurbadu | do | 2 2 20 | 8
5. Sk. Subhan s/o Hussain Mohd | do | 2 2 20 | 8
6. Kasani Malsoor s/o Kasiah | do | 2 2 20 | 8
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### Unstarred Questions and Answers

**11th June, 1952**

**Sr No | Name with Parentage | Date from which detained | Period of detention up to 15-5-1952 | Remarks**
---|---|---|---|---
1 | | | |
7 | Sk Latif s/o Jamal Sab | | |
8 | Gudusha Pedabulah s/o Pochanah | 25-2-1950 | 2 2 20 |
9 | Guntha Rajanah s/o Ramahah | | |
10 | Bhimanavelu Narsimham s/o Gollah | | |
11 | Kowali Lachmanah s/o Lachmanah | 17-4-1951 | 1 28 |
12 | Telegamanall Papigadu s/o Veerigadu | 10-3-1950 | 2 2 5 |
13 | Dangu Augaiah s/o Kistawamy | 25-2-1950 | 2 2 20 |
14 | Kora Honya s/o Hobla | do | 2 2 20 |
15 | Jala Mallanah s/o Bakkaiah | do | 2 2 20 |
16 | Dara Durgadu s/o Lachadu | do | 2 2 20 |
17 | Samula Pochigadu s/o Kannigadu | do | 2 2 20 |
18 | Erat Ramaswamy s/o Muthaiah | do | 2 2 20 |
19 | Sandhum Ramchandriaiah s/o Lachmanah | do | 2 2 20 |
20 | Babuli Yadgiri s/o Sayanna | do | 2 2 20 |
21 | Kora Somla s/o Hobla | do | 2 2 20 |

*Hyderabad & Secunderabad cases.*

1 | Mohd Mohmuddin s/o Md Kasim | 25-2-1950 | 2 2 20 |
2 | Gale Durganah s/o Rajalah | 8-9-1950 | 1 3 8 |
3 | Katika Erhoi s/o Devaji | 5-5-1951 | 1 10 |
4 | N Govind Rao s/o Krishtiah | 24-8-1951 | 1 1 21 |
5 | Mohd Jehangir s/o Sl Ali | 81-1-1951 | 1 3 14 |
6 | Manda Shiva Ram s/o Ramdoo | 20-3-1951 | 1 1 25 |
7 | Mandila Kistah s/o Laxmiah | 5-5-1951 | 1 1 10 |
8 | Kandi Krishtalah s/o Chandriah | do | 1 1 10 |
9 | S. Subramaniam s/o Srinivas Rao | 11-6-1951 | 11 4 |
10 | Sabbi Balroy s/o Muthadu | 20-3-1951 | 1 1 25 |
11 | Osman Ahmad Khan s/o Gaze Ahmed Khan | 14-8-1951 | 1 2 1 |
### Unstarred Questions and 11th June, 1952 Answers

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**POLICE UNITS IN DISTURBED AREAS**

Shri Raja Mallu Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:—

(1) The total number of Police units in disturbed areas?
(2) Is there any proposal under consideration for their removal?

Shri D G Bindu (1) Total number of Police Units in the disturbed areas (i.e., Medak, Mahbubnagar, Nalgonda, Adilabad, Warangal (N), Warangal (S), Karimnagar, Nizamabad and Hyderabad District (42 Companies of H S R P )

(2) At present there is no proposal under consideration for their removal

Preventive Detention Act

17 Shri Raja Mallu Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state —

Whether it is a fact that the Preventive Detention Act is being used against non-Congress parties in places where Congress party had sustained defeats in the recent elections?

Shri D G Bindu. No

Firing Incident, Raichur

40. Shri L. K Shroff (Raichur) Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state —

(a) Whether the report of the enquiry Commission on the Raichur Firing incident on the 29th September, 1950 has been received by the Government?

(b) Whether the said report will be placed on the table of the house?

Shri D. G. Bindu (a) Yes

(b) If the hon. Member so wishes, Government have no objection to placing it on the table of the house.

Rehabilitation Camps

6. Shri G. Hanumantha Rao Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state —

(1) Whether it is a fact that the inhabitants of the rehabilitation camp of Palvancha, Yellandu, Mulug and Burgampahad areas, are not allowed to leave the camps and return to their original villages?
(2) If so, for what reasons?

Shri Digambar Rao Bindu: (i) It will be necessary to answer this question in some detail. When the terrorists were badly pressed by the Armed Forces, they fled into the jungles of Warangal district where, mainly by threats and violence, they compelled the innocent tribesmen to give them succour. They committed all sorts of atrocities on account of which the tribesmen suffered. The Government of Hyderabad, therefore, decided to open rehabilitation centres in several places for their settlement. Timber, building material, medicines, bullocks, foodgrains, etc., were either supplied free or on hire-purchase system. Drinking water wells were similarly sunk in many places, the settlers were also exempted from grazing fee and foodgrains procurement order. Approximately 25,000 acres of land have been assigned to the Koya families. The tribesmen were induced to stay in the centres in their own interest. They are allowed to leave the camps and return to their original homes.

(2) Does not arise

ADULT EDUCATION

34. Shri M S Rajalingam: Will the hon Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state—

(a) Whether the Adviser on Adult Education has submitted his report to the Government?

(b) What are his recommendations as regards 'Social Education' in Hyderabad State?

(c) Whether a copy of the Report of the Adviser will be placed on the table of the House?

(d) Whether any alterations have been made in the present system of Adult literacy activities in the light of recommendations of the Adviser?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi: (a) The answer is in the affirmative.

(b) A copy of Chapter XVII of the Report containing recommendations is appended.

(c) The Report of the Adviser on Adult Education which runs into about 150 pages of typed matter was considered and a revised scheme was drawn up and approved by a Special Committee and thereafter by the Planning Board. It does not appear necessary to have the report printed.
(d) The answer is in the negative, since the recommendations will be implemented only after funds are available for the expenditure to be incurred on the scheme of Social Education, as a part of the Five-Year Plan.

APPENDIX to Q No 34 (Unstarred) is given on pp 89-102

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

53. *Shri J Rama Reddy (Narsapur)* Will the hon Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state —

District and Taluqwise figures of the Primary Schools, Middle Schools, High Schools and Colleges

*Shri Phoolchand Gandhi* A statement is enclosed showing the District and Taluqwise figures of Primary, Middle and High Schools in the State.

The figures of Primary Schools for Boys under the Head 'others,' Voluntary Aided Schools, which total 999 for the whole State, have also been included. On account of redistribution of taluqs the figures in respect of new taluqs of Metpalli, Khanaipur and Ramannapet could not be included, while the figures for ex-taluqs of Yelgadap, Dharoor and Kosgi have been included.

Osmania University

LIST OF UNIVERSITY CONSTITUENT AND AFFILIATED COLLEGES.

(A) University Colleges

1. University College of Arts & Commerce, Hyderabad-Dn. No. 7
2. University Colleges of Science, Hyderabad-Dn. No 7
4. University Colleges of Agriculture, Hyderabad-Dn No 7
5. University Colleges of Engineering, Hyderabad-Dn No. 7
6. University Colleges of Medicine, Hyderabad-Dn. No. 7
7. University College of Veterinary Science and Animal Husbandry, Hyderabad-Dn. No. 7
(B) Constituent Colleges
1. College of Law, Saifabad, Hyderabad-Dn
2. Nizam College, Hyderabad-Dn
3. Women's College, Hyderabad-Dn
4. Evening College of Arts & Commerce, Hyderabad-Dn.
5. City Intermediate Science College, Hyderabad-Dn
6. Chaderghat Intermediate Arts College, Hyderabad-Dn
7. Saifabad Intermediate Science College, Hyderabad-Dn.
8. Mahboob Intermediate Science and Arts College, Secunderabad
9. Evening College for Arts and Commerce, Secunderabad
10. Intermediate Science and Arts College, Aurangabad
11. Intermediate Arts and Science College, Gulbarga
12. Intermediate Arts and Science College, Warangal.

(C) Affiliated Colleges
1. Vivek Vardhmi College, Gauliguda, Hyderabad-Dn.
2. Badruka College of Commerce, Darus Shafa, Hyderabad-Dn.
3. People's Education Society's College, Aurangabad-Dn.
4. People's College, Nanded-Dn
### Statement showing the figures of Taluqwise Primary, Middle and High Schools in the State of Hyderabad, Secunderabad,
Secunderabad Proper, Warangal, Karimnagar and Jagtiyal districts for the year 1952.

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## Unstarred Questions and Answers

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11th June, 1952
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Unstarred Questions and Answers
High Schools in Hyderabad State

11th June, 1952

53
### Statement showing the figures of Taluq-wise Primary, Middle and Higher Primary Schools

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### Unstarred Questions and Answers

11th June, 1952

High School in Hyderabad State's

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Total: 18 Boys, 19 Girls
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### Unstarred Questions and Answers

**High Schools in Hyderabad State**

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**High Schools in Hyderabad State**

**No of MIDDLE SCHOOLS**

- Government: 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20
- Other recognized: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8

**No of HIGH SCHOOLS**

- Government: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8
- Other recognized: 1, 2, 3, 4
### Unstarred Questions and Answers

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Unstarred Questions and Answers
11th June, 1952
High Schools in Hyderabad State
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Unstarred Questions and Answers
11th June, 1952

High Schools in Hyderabad State

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*Note: The table contains data on the number of middle and high schools in Hyderabad State, distinguishing between Government and Other recognized schools, and separating boys and girls for each category. The total numbers are provided for both boys and girls across all categories.*
11th June, 1952  Unstarred Questions and Answers

Statement showing the figures of Taluq-wise Primary, Middle and Other-recognized Primary Schools

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### Total

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<tr>
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55 Shri J Ram Reddy Will the hon Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state:

(1) The number of Ayurvedic, Unani and Allopathic dispensaries in each district?

(2) What is the standard of the Ayurvedic and Allopathic dispensaries?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi (1) A statement showing the number of Ayurvedic, Unani and Allopathic dispensaries in each district is given below.

(2) (i) Ayurvedic The standard of these dispensaries has been recently raised and highly qualified persons have been appointed.

(ii) Allopathic All hospitals and dispensaries are divided into four classes as detailed below:

(a) Special — The hospitals which are meant for special diseases.
(b) 1st class — The hospitals of District Headquarters.
(c) 2nd class — The dispensaries where there are ten or more beds.
(d) 3rd class — The dispensaries where the accommodation provided is four beds or less.
Unstarred Questions and Answers  11th June, 1952

Statement Showing the Number of Dispensaries in the Districts

<table>
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<tr>
<th>S No</th>
<th>Name of District</th>
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<th>Ayurvedic</th>
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<td>T B Institutions (5)</td>
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<td>Hospital</td>
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<td>82</td>
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PANCHAYATS IN STATE

32. Shri S. Rudrappa (Chitapur) Will the hon Minister for Local Self Government be pleased to state:

(i) How many Panchayats were established in Hyderabad State during the year 1951-52?

(ii) What, if any, was the amount allotted to each Panchayat during that period?
(3) Whether any and what amount has lapsed to the Government during the same period from each Panchayat?

Shri Anna Rao Ganamukhi (1) 1000 Panchayats have been formed during the year 1951-52 under the provisions of the New Act. This figure includes 443 which existed in the State before the passing of the Act.

(2) A provision of Rs 500 lakhs was made for distribution to the Panchayats in the budget for 1951-52. This amount at the rate of 15% land revenue has been distributed among 371 Panchayat villages. The case for the sanction of funds for the remaining 629 villages is under consideration of Government.

(3) The amount of the grant has been drawn by the Collectors and kept in Deposit Account to be utilised by the Panchayats before the end of June 1952. Whether or not any portion of amount lapses will be known only after June 1952.

Mr. Speaker. The so-called question hour is over before 20 minutes. So we shall now proceed to the other business.

Business of The House

I have to inform the House that I have received the following message from the Rajpramukh:

"I have received with great satisfaction the expression of thanks by the Members of the Assembly for the Address I delivered to them on the 23rd March, 1952."

I have to inform the House that Shri Akinpalli Venkatarama Rao (Peddamunagal) resigned his seat in the Assembly, with effect from 10th April, 1952.

I have to inform the hon. Members that in pursuance of the Constitution of the Local Advisory Board, Central Railway, Secunderabad, two members of the Legislative Assembly are to be elected to represent it.

The nomination for the election may be filed by the hon. Members before 12 noon tomorrow (11th June, 1952).
The time for withdrawal will be till 12 noon on Friday the 13th June, 1952 and the election will be held on 14th June, 1952 at 10-30 a.m.

I have to inform the hon Members that in pursuance of para 17 of the revised Charter of the Osmania University, four members of the Legislative Assembly are to be elected to the Senate of the Osmania University.

The nominations for this election may be filed by the hon Members before 12 noon tomorrow (12th June 1952).

I have to inform the hon Members that Shri M Narasinga Rao resigned his seat in the Committee on Estimates with effect from 10th April, 1952. The vacancy has to be filled in accordance with sub-rule (3) of Rule 117-B of the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly Rules.

The nominations for this election may be filed by the hon Members before 12 noon tomorrow (12th June 1952). The time for withdrawal of candidature will be till 12 noon on Friday the 13th June 1952. The election will be held on 14th June 1952 just after the first election.

I have to inform the House that the following Bills passed by the Legislative Assembly during the First Session 1952 have received the assent of H.E.H. the Ruba'ama.

The Hyderabad Public Service Commission Regulation (Amending) Bill.
11th June, 1952.  Business of the House

(2) The Hyderabad State Appropriation (Vote on Account) Bill.

(3) The Hyderabad Legislative Assembly (Speaker and Deputy Speaker) Salaries Bill.


(5) The Security Regulation (Repealing) Bill.

(6) The Hyderabad Salaries of Ministers Bill

(7) The Hyderabad Legislative Assembly (Members' Salaries and Allowances) Bill.

Dr Channa Reddy: Regarding the serial number of the questions, I beg to submit, Sir, that the consecutive serial number should be maintained instead of putting it as 16, 31, 7, 4, etc.

Dr. Channa Reddy: I would like to know, Sir, if Shri Venkatarama Rao, a Member of the Assembly from Peddamungala, has stated any reasons for his resignation.
The House then adjourned for recess to till Fifteen Minutes past Five of the Clock.

The House re-assembled after recess at Fifteen Minutes past Five of the Clock

[Mr Speaker in the chair]

Presentation of the Budget

Mr Speaker Now, the hon. the Finance Minister will present the Budget

Shri Papp Reddy (Ibrahimpatnam—General) On a point of information, Sir Before the Budget is presented in the House, certain comments have come in papers; it is being said that certain items have been disclosed by a Government's Spokesman and the hon. the Chief Minister also remarked that it is a deficit Budget I want to know whether it is a correct practice?

Mr. Speaker That may be a mere conjecture in the press.

Shri Papp Reddy I refer to the comment by the hon. the Chief Minister as a deficit Budget at a Press conference.

Mr Speaker I shall consider that question later.

The Minister for Finance (Dr G.S Melkote) Mr Speaker, Sir. The House will remember that, while presenting the budget for 1952-53, in the first session, I had stated that it was only an 'interim' budget, in the sense that I and my colleagues in the Government had not had sufficient time to formulate the policy on which the budget for 1952-53 was to be finally framed.

Before I proceed further, I beg the pardon of the House and the hon. the Speaker for not circulating the Budget papers. They will be circulated at the end of the sitting today.

The receipts in the "interim" budget were estimated on the basis of existing taxation, while the estimates were intended to cover all existing standing and such new items as are only "technically" new, but are continued from year to year.
I have since examined the budgetary position and have also had the benefit of watching the deliberations of the Committee on Estimates which had been set up by the House in the first session. As a result of this examination, it has become necessary to modify both revenue and expenditure estimates to a considerable extent.

I shall now proceed to indicate the salient features of the "revised" budget proposals for 1952-53.

In the original budget estimates, revenue receipts were estimated at Rs 30 crores 99 lakhs and expenditure at Rs 31 crores 52 lakhs, thus resulting in a deficit of Rs 53 lakhs. Revenue receipts are now estimated at Rs 28 crores 91 lakhs while service expenditure has been placed at Rs 31 crores 92 lakhs. The revenue deficit has thus shot up to Rs 3 crores 1 lakh and it has become necessary to seek fresh avenues of taxation for meeting this large deficit.

The variations have mainly occurred under the heads, Customs, and Police on receipts side and General Administration, Police, Food Subsidy, Irrigation, Tungabhadra Development, Education, etc., on the expenditure side.

Details of these variations have been given in the "Revised" Budget Statements and accompanying explanatory notes which have been separately laid before the House. I shall deal only with important variations.

**RECEIPTS**

**Customs.**—Under the financial integration arrangements, Hyderabad has undertaken to abolish customs duties and export surcharges (at present levied on certain commodities) completely by the end of 1953-54 and to develop sales tax as an alternative source of revenue. In pursuance of this policy, Government has already allowed exemptions and concessions under Customs to the extent of Rs 120 lakhs during the last two years. It is now proposed that as a further step towards total abolition of Customs, the import duty should be withdrawn altogether. This is a very important step and will have far-reaching effects on our economics and particularly on import trade; the immediate effect would be a fall of about 3% in the prices of all imported goods, including raw materials used by local industries. This would bring down the cost of production and provide the fillip so badly needed by most of our local industries.
As a result of abolition of import duties coupled with the present slump in prices and trade recession, it is now estimated that the yield from Customs in 1952-53 would be only Rs 200 lakhs as against Rs 400 lakhs anticipated in the original budget proposals. This means a fall of Rs 200 lakhs.

Food Subsidy—In the original estimates, a receipt of Rs 58 lakhs had been taken towards food subsidy to be received from Central Government and a representation had also been made to the Government of India that the finances of Hyderabad were not in a position to bear this loss without any financial assistance from Centre. The Government of India have, however, declined to continue the food subsidies to the State Governments and this item has, therefore, been removed from the revenue estimates.

Police—Last year the Government of India had given us a grant of I G Rs 40 lakhs as financial assistance towards State Government's drive against terrorists. As the expenditure on Police still continues to be high and the conditions in Telangana have yet to stabilize, a representation was made to the Government of India for the continuance of the financial assistance in 1952-53 also, and a credit for I G Rs 40 lakhs was also taken on the revenue side. The matter is still under negotiation with the Government of India.

Duties on Cloth—A credit of Rs 20 lakhs had been taken towards compensation from Government of India for loss of income due to abolition of countervailing duty on local mill-made cloth. The Government of India have not accepted the claim. Since the claim is based on article 278 of the Constitution the case is being taken up again with the Government of India and, in so far as results are concerned, let us wait and hope for the best.

In the event of Government of India not finally agreeing to the two grants regarding Police expenditure and compensation for loss of cloth duty, the revenue receipts will be reduced to that extent with corresponding increase in revenue deficit.

EXPENDITURE

General Administration.—The increase in expenditure under this head is mainly due to increased provision under the Legislative Assembly.
Po^e.—The original estimate for Police was Rs. 498 lakhs as against Rs. 674 lakhs in 1951-52. But even this figure was considered as high and was made the target of criticism in the first session of the Assembly. The Hon. Chief Minister had then fully explained the Government's policy and concern about police expenditure. He had made it quite clear that Government was not prepared to take unnecessary risks about law and order and that police expenditure could not be reduced beyond a certain extent so long as the conditions in certain parts of the country remained unsettled and uncertain. In deference, however, to the wishes of this House, further efforts were made to effect economies in police expenditure and the target for police expenditure in 1952-53 is proposed to be fixed at Rs. 430 lakhs resulting in a saving of Rs. 68 lakhs. Out of this, savings to the extent of Rs. 30 lakhs have already been offered by the Police Department and avenues of further savings of Rs. 38 lakhs are under examination. It may also be mentioned that this figure of Rs. 430 lakhs includes expenditure on some units of outside police which were here for some time in the current year and have since been completely repatriated to their parent States. The full effect of all these economies will be felt next year when the police expenditure is expected to come down to below Rs. 4 crores or roughly 13% of the revenues, which cannot be considered to be disproportionately high as compared to about 15% in Bombay, 12% in Madras and 13% in Madhya Pradesh.

Food Policy—For the last several years the Government of India were supplying foodgrains to the State Governments at subsidised rates. A few months back they announced their decision to discontinue this system as it was resulting in a heavy burden of the finances of the Central Government. Several States represented to the Government of India that the stoppage of this financial assistance from the Central Government would result in severe repercussions on the finances of these States. Hyderabad also made a representation to the Government of India in this regard. In the hope that the representation would bear fruit, a provision of Rs. 58 lakhs was made in the original estimates for meeting the losses on sale of foodgrains at subsidised rates. On the receipts side also, a credit was taken for Rs. 58 lakhs, as anticipated assistance from the Central Government.

The Government of India have, however, finally decided that no food subsidies will he continued hereafter and, therefore, the State will have to depend on its own resources. They have also raised the pool prices of imported foodgrains. As the continued import of foodgrains from outside at these increased pool prices and their sale to the State at subsidised
rates would have involved the State in heavy losses, it was felt necessary to give a fillip to the drive for local procurement and for this purpose incentives were provided in the shape of increased procurement prices of Tabi paddy and Tabi rice to the extent of 0.5 Rs 3 to Rs 4.8-0 per palla to end of June 1952.

As a result of the increase in the pool prices of the imported rice, withdrawal of food subsidy by the Government of India and the increase in the local procurement prices, it became necessary to increase the issue prices of certain types of foodgrains. The price structure of Jawar, Bajra and other minor millets, which are mainly consumed by the poorer class, remains unchanged and increase is reflected only in respect of coarse rice, kichdi rice and wheat as follows —

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<th>BEFORE REVISION</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Re</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0 7 0</td>
<td>0 7 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kichdi Rice</td>
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<td>0 8 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wheat</td>
<td>0 8 0</td>
<td>0 8 0</td>
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The increase in the case of coarse rice is about 7% and for Kichdi rice it is 14%. For wheat, which is mostly consumed by comparatively well-to-do classes, it is 33 1/3%. These figures compare favourably with those of other States which have had to take similar action under similar circumstances. Bombay and Mysore have increased the price of Wheat by 46 7% and 66.6% respectively, against 33 1/3% in Hyderabad. In the case of coarse rice, Bombay and Mysore have increased the price by 55 2% and 33 4% respectively, against 7% in Hyderabad.

It is estimated that the revised price structure would result in a loss of Rs 15 lakhs to Government in 1952-53. A provision of Rs. 15 lakhs has, therefore, been made under Major Head 47-Miscellaneous Departments for this purpose.

The Government of Madras has just announced the abolition of statutory rationing and controls over prices and movement of foodgrains in the whole of Madras State. This is indeed a step and Hyderabad is keenly watching the situation. If the experiment succeeds, as I hope it will, then it will serve as a model to the rest of India.
In the original estimates no provision had been made for taking up new schemes under the second year programme of planning or other urgent requirements. The development plans envisage additional grants of about Rs 85 lakhs in 1952-53 as against Rs 75 lakhs included in the budget estimates of 1951-52. I wish we were able to give all the money required under the plans, but the present financial position does not justify any large commitments on this account. Besides the activities covered by the 5-year Development Plan, there are certain other schemes of economic and social development which are equally urgent, although for various reasons these could not find a place in the development plans of the State. These activities include Harijan Welfare, Establishment of Community Projects and Development of land under Tungabhadra Project. A provision of Rs 86 lakhs has been included in the budget for these schemes.

Minor Irrigation Projects — In the past minor irrigation projects, i.e., small tanks and canals, were neglected to a certain extent and more attention was paid to projects involving huge capital outlay. Experience has shown that while it is necessary to have large irrigation projects in the country, the small tanks and canals should also be maintained properly as they play a very important role in the matter of food production. A special loan of Rs 58 lakhs was obtained in 1950-51 from the Government of India for the restoration of breached tanks and canals. This was utilised during 1950-51 and 1951-52. For 1952-53, an increase of Rs 4 lakhs has already been allowed in the standing budget for the maintenance and repairs of minor irrigation works. In the 5-Year Development Plan also a provision of Rs 70 lakhs has been made for this purpose. With a view to intensifying the efforts for food production, it is felt that further expenditure is immediately required. The Government of India have also indicated their willingness to grant a loan of Rs 50 lakhs for construction and repairs of minor irrigation works provided Hyderabad Government allot Rs 25 lakhs for this purpose. A provision of Rs 25 lakhs is, therefore, being made in the budget.

Harijan Welfare: — Until a few years back the activities of the Hyderabad Government towards Harijan Welfare were restricted only to the establishment of some special schools for depressed classes. Later on, however, a special fund called the Scheduled Castes Trust Fund was created with a corpus of a crore of rupees, the object of which was social, economic and educational uplift of the scheduled castes in the State. This
Fund has been doing quite useful work in its limited sphere and activities include grant of scholarships to Harijan students, running of special hostels for Harijan students and establishment of certain cottage industries with the object of providing employment and training for Harijans. With a view, however, to ensure that the problem of assisting the progress of Harijan Welfare receives adequate and systematic attention, the Government decided last year to set up a separate establishment and a grant of Rs 2 lakhs was made in the last year's budget for appointment of some special officers in selected districts for this purpose. This provision has been repeated in the budget estimates for 1952-53. In addition to this, a further sum of Rs 10 lakhs is being provided for the following purposes:

1. Rs 5 lakhs for compensation for lands to be acquired for Harijan colonies
2. Rs 2 lakhs for supply of housing material to Harijans for construction of huts
3. Rs 1 lakh for additional staff for strengthening the Social Service Department
4. Rs 2 lakhs for sinking of drinking water wells

It is realised that considering the magnitude of the problem, this grant of Rs 10 lakhs is rather inadequate but this is the best we could do in the present difficult financial situation. It may be possible to give something more next year, if the situation improves.

Community Projects — An important scheme recently undertaken by the State Government is the Community Projects Scheme. This is a country-wide scheme constituting a three-year plan for the development of selected areas in the States and is sponsored by the Government of India and financed by the Indo-American Development Fund Point Four Scheme of the American Government. A substantial portion of the expenditure on the scheme will be in the form of a long-term loan repayable with normal rate of interest in equated instalments, the balance constituting grants-in-aid which will be shared between Central and the States Governments the former bearing at a diminishing and the latter at an increasing ratio. The aim of the scheme is to organise the population according to a well-planned pattern giving representation to all avocations of life in due proportions and providing facilities for their proper development with the ultimate object of raising their standard of living and providing them with the essential amenities of life.
The scheme will thus embrace all aspects of life and is to be implemented with the joint effort of the Government and the people. A group of hundred villages which will be selected for development will be designated as a Development Block and three such blocks will constitute a Community Project. The Government of India have allotted two Community Projects and one Development Block to this State. Total expenditure on a Community Block during three years is estimated to be of the order of IG Rs 65 lakhs and for the first year the two Projects and one Development Block assigned to this State are expected to cost IG Rs 75 55 lakhs of which roughly IG Rs 18 9 lakhs will be the State's share.

A special provision of Rs 5 lakhs is being included in the budget for this purpose, which is intended to supplement the grants already available in the budget for allied activities which come within the scope of Community Projects.

**Development under Tungabhadra Project** — According to the present programme, the main dam of Tungabhadra Project is expected to be completed by 1953-54, while the canal works are proposed to be completed to the extent of 12 miles by December, 1953 and 24 miles by December, 1954, which would irrigate 50,000 acres. It is, therefore, high time that immediate arrangements should be made for setting up a special machinery to expedite the development of the area to be served by the Tungabhadra Project, so that the Ayacut may be developed in time for utilising the water as soon as it becomes available for irrigation. The Departments concerned have drawn up certain schemes which envisage preparation of land, construction of field channels, construction of roads, establishment of agricultural demonstration plots, supply of tractors for the rehabilitation centres to be established under the Project, import of live-stock population, formation of co-operative societies and rehabilitation of expropriated ryots under the Project. To start with, therefore, a provision of Rs 20 lakhs is being made in the budget for the implementation of these schemes in the current year.

**Education** :— Out of 22,000 villages in the State, about 10,000 have a population of over 500. Until 1950-51, only 6,955 of such villages had been provided with primary schools for boys and 660 with girls schools. Under the 5-Years Plan, it is proposed to double the number of primary schools, increase secondary schools and provide more facilities for training and for technical and adult education. A lumpsum provision of Rs 27 lakhs was made in the last year's budget for this purpose which was utilised.
for opening about 1,000 primary schools for boys and girls, upgrading of a number of primary and middle schools, besides opening new training centres and adult schools. A further provision of Rs 10 lakhs has been included in the budget for 1952-53 for further expansion of these activities.

**Medical** — The Medical and Health programme for the year includes establishment of a huge maternity hospital called the Princess Niloufer Maternity Hospital (the building for which is being constructed by the Women and Children's Medical Aid Association), opening of 15 maternity wards in the districts, a scheme of mass miniature radiography and the extension of civil hospital at Nizamabad, on the medical side, and registration of birth and death scheme, establishment of two medical and health units and establishment of leprosy control unit at Wadhona on the public health side.

**Cottage Industries** — Under the development plans, a sum of Rs 5 lakhs has to be spent on the development of new cottage industries during the period of 5 years. A provision of Rs 1 lakh has, therefore, been included for this purpose, and the Department proposes to take up a village smithy scheme, mat-making scheme, rope-making scheme, commercial drawing scheme and the establishment of a pottery centre.

**Co-operation** — The need for further expansion of co-operative organization is recognized and the development plans have also given high priority to the development of co-operative societies and other co-operative organisations. A Land Mortgage Bank has already been established last year for which an initial capital of Rs 5 lakhs was provided by Government. A further provision of Rs 5 lakhs is being made in the current year’s budget for the capital requirements of the Land Mortgage Bank. In addition to this, some additional grants are being included for the strengthening of co-operative organizations.

**Revenue deficit and proposals to meet it** — As a result of the changes in the revenue estimates which I have just explained, the total revenue receipts now stand at Rs 28 crores 91 lakhs as against the original estimate of Rs 30 crores 99 lakhs, while expenditure estimates have now been placed at Rs. 31 crores 92 lakhs as against Rs 31 crores 52 lakhs in the original estimate. There is thus a gap of Rs 3 crores 1 lakh between the estimated receipts and estimated expenditure for the year.
I have given anxious consideration to the ways and means for meeting this large revenue deficit. One of the methods that suggests itself is to effect economy in public expenditure. This is already engaging the earnest attention of Government. As I have just explained very substantial savings are being effected in the police expenditure and possible channels of economy in other fields of administration are also under examination and I can assure the House that no efforts will be spared for effecting retrenchment wherever it is possible without impairing the efficiency of administration and to the extent it is consistent with Government's policy. But economies in themselves are not going to solve the problem. Firstly because they take time to materialise and secondly because all the economies that are effected will be needed for the normal expansion of the development departments. What we actually need are measures which would yield substantial increase in the permanent revenue. This can be done only by introducing fresh taxation which is justified on the following grounds.

(1) The fall of Rs 2 crores under customs is a permanent loss and it will increase in the future years due to the abolition of customs duties. It is therefore necessary that alternative sources of revenue should be developed so as to enable the State to fully meet the loss arising from customs revenue.

(2) The expenditure involved in the 5-Year Development Plans and other development activities cannot and should not be avoided as it would retard the progress of the country. This can be done only by tapping fresh sources of revenue.

My proposals for fresh taxation are —

(1) Levy of special assessment of lands under commercial crops. A bill is being separately introduced in this session of the Assembly which seeks levy of special assessments on lands under groundnut and other oil-seeds, sugarcane, cotton, etc. It is expected that this will give an annual yield of Rs 120 lakhs.

(2) Increase in the rate of General Sales Tax from 2 pies (one dub) to 4 pies (2 dubs) in a Rupee (multiple point) and revision of the existing list of exempted goods and goods which are subjected to additional tax of 6 pies (3 dubs) at the 1st point of sale. The revised list of exempted goods consists of 14 items as against 36 items at present. The items on which exemption is proposed to be continued are broadly:

Cereals and pulses, aata, maida, suji, bran, bread, vegetables, eggs, gur, salt, fresh milk, curds and butter-milk, agricultural
machinery and all kinds of Indian-made spare parts of mechanically propelled vehicles, agricultural implements, cattle feed, electrical energy, motor spirit, etc. The details of these items will be found in the Hyderabad General Sales Tax (III Amendment) Bill, 1952, which is laid on the table of the House, which has been published in today's Gazette and copies of which are being circulated to the hon. Members.

With a view to rationalise the list of goods on which additional tax is leviable, it is also proposed in this Bill to modify this list and to bring it on lines obtaining in Madras and some other States.

(3) It is also proposed to increase the rate of Sales Tax under the Motor Spirit Taxation Regulation, 1358 F from as. 2 per gallon to as. 3 per gallon. This does not require any fresh legislation, as the law gives power to Government to vary the rates by means of a Notification.

(4) A bill is being introduced in the current session of the Assembly for introduction of tax on cinema shows. The rates vary from Rs. 3 per show in bigger cities to Re. 1 per show in small towns.

The last three proposals are expected to yield about Rs. 209 lakhs per annum. In 1952-53 however the net yield is estimated to be only about Rs. 141 lakhs as we are already in the 3rd month of the year and it will take some more time to give effect to these proposals.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

The total Capital Expenditure during the year as provided in the original estimates is Rs. 860 lakhs, the details of which have already been furnished to the House in the Finance Secretary's Explanatory Memorandum on the original Budget Estimates for 1952-53. No change is proposed in the estimates for the present except that the original estimate of Rs. 50 lakhs for Road Transport provided only for the purchase of 60 new buses besides other capital requirements. It is now proposed to increase the number of buses to 160. The additional amount involved in the purchase of 100 more buses is Rs. 45 lakhs. This expenditure is, however, provisionally charged to the Depreciation Transport Department.
INDUSTRIES

The consolidation and development of industries already established continues to receive the attention of Government. In this matter the policy of the Hyderabad Government is generally in line with that of the Government of India. Shri Kasturbhai Lalbhai, who was specially deputed by the Ministry of States some time back to survey the industrial position in Hyderabad and to advise regarding the future of the main industries in the State, had made the following recommendations regarding the future industrial policy of the Government:

1. that, as soon as the Government of India passes legislation, a State Industrial Finance Corporation should be set up, which will take over much of the financial administration of industries now vesting in the Industrial Trust Fund which would thereafter deal chiefly with the residuary function of encouraging research, helping small artisans, and promoting technical training.

2. that, except in regard to public utility concerns, e.g., collieries, the management should, wherever possible, be transferred to industrial firms of repute which would be prepared to make a reasonable financial contribution, and

3. that Government should appoint a Standing Consultative Committee of top-ranking industrialists who could advise on important schemes.

Action is being taken to implement these recommendations to the extent it is possible under the local conditions.

LABOUR HOUSING.

The Government of India had given a loan of ₹20 lakhs to Hyderabad Government last year for construction of houses for industrial labour, on the understanding that the Hyderabad Government would also contribute a moiety of this amount. As it was not possible to provide Hyderabad's share last year, a provision of ₹10 lakhs has been included in the current year's budget. It is understood that this work is progressing satisfactorily.

UNEMPLOYMENT.

A sub-Committee of Cabinet has been constituted to go into the question of State-wide unemployment. The Committee is collecting necessary data and is expected to make its recommendations very soon. When the report of the Committee is received Cabinet will take suitable decision.
Under deposits and advances the estimates as originally proposed will remain intact, and the only changes proposed are in respect of the following items

(1) An initial capital of Rs 5 lakhs was provided for the Land Mortgage Bank which was established a few months back. As the activities of the Bank are now rapidly expanding, it is proposed to make a further loan of Rs 5 lakhs. In addition to this, a grant of about Rs 40,000 is also proposed to be given to the Bank for initial expenses on stationery, printing and equipment.

(2) The investment of Government in the share capital of the Hyderabad Dominion Bank is proposed to be raised from Rs 3 lakhs to Rs 5 lakhs. This will involve a further outlay of Rs 2 lakhs.

(3) A provision of Rs 2 1/2 lakhs was made in the original estimates for loan to the Gold Mines Co. This has already been utilised and they require another Rs 2 lakhs.

FINANCIAL INTEGRATION

There has been a lot of criticism in several quarters that Hyderabad has not been given a fair deal in the matter of financial assistance from the Centre to meet the revenue gap arising as a result of Federal Financial Integration arrangements. The matter has already been taken up with the Finance Commission and a case is being prepared for an increase in the grant from the Centre. The Finance Commission are likely to visit Hyderabad some time in the middle of July and Government would welcome any suggestions from the members of this House and the public generally, whereby Hyderabad would be enabled to receive more financial assistance.

CASH BALANCE AND WAYS AND MEANS.

According to the Revised Estimates for 1951-52, the year 1952-53 was expected to open with a cash balance of Rs 6.88 crores excluding the amounts held by Hyderabad Government on behalf of the Central Government on account of transactions of Central Government arising in the State. In addition to these cash resources, Hyderabad Government holds Indian Government Securities of Rs 15.69 crores. Out of these, the
following securities are earmarked for specific reserves

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<th>Crores</th>
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<tr>
<td>Debt Redemption Reserve</td>
<td>10 80</td>
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<tr>
<td>Famine Fund</td>
<td>52</td>
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<tr>
<td>Securities Adjustment Reserve</td>
<td>2 19</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>13 51</td>
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This leaves a balance of 2 18 crores These figures, however, represent the face value of the securities which, if sold at the present market rates, would hardly fetch sufficient amount to meet the requirements of the 3 reserves to which I have just referred. In order, therefore, to meet the capital requirements of Rs 8 60 crores, we had requested the Central Government for a loan of I G Rs 3 crores and for assistance in obtaining a further loan of I G Rs 2 crores from the Reserve Bank of India. The Government of India have indicated their willingness to give a loan of only I G Rs 2 50 crores. Efforts are being made to secure further loans from the Government of India or the Reserve Bank of India as otherwise the entire programme of the execution of irrigation projects would have to be slowed down which would considerably retard the progress of the country.

CONCLUSION

We met in March last and the House gave assent to the Interim Budget that was then presented, but it had not an easy passage. Trenchant criticisms were voiced in the House against many an item of the Budget. Criticisms on items of expenditure, on Police in particular, reached the high light. Various suggestions were offered to the Treasury Benches to prune the Budget in various directions and to earmark greater sums for nation-building activities. Criticisms with regard to administrative corruption, inefficiency, overstaffing and nepotism were all made. Suggestions were made to make primary education compulsory, to give a bias in the Budget for agricultural and rural development, and particularly to the introduction of Land Mortgage Banks, to reassess land revenue to conform to modern conditions, to introduce drastic land reforms of a progressive nature. Questions were asked as to what the policies of Government were regarding labour, industries, etc., etc. I have not lost sight of a single item of them. But I must plead that we suffered from many, a major handicap in the interval of two months that were given to us to modify the Budget so as to conform to a people's Budget. Firstly, we had just a month left to formulate policies for each
Department (we had to start discussing the pros and cons of each item of income and expenditure in the month of May itself) This, Sir, the hon Members would all agree, is too short a time for any new Member of the Government to understand and fully evaluate the position. Secondly, the new Cabinet in the Centre at Delhi has been formed only recently and until it declared its policies, at least on major ones, and offered a directive, it should be conceded that it would be difficult for individual States to declare their policies. As an instance, I think, it can safely be said that a change in Centre's attitude with regard to food is expected every moment. Thus by itself would have far-reaching effects. Indication of a major change in Policy regarding labour is also there. In short, changes in policies at the Centre on every aspect of national life are anticipated. Hence, I am sure it would be conceded that it is premature for us to take decisions without knowing in advance what these changes are going to be. This, it will be admitted, is another of the great drawbacks we suffered, and lastly economies and improvements in every aspect of the administrative machinery to be made are things which need some time to examine and implement. I can openly avow that an earnest effort in the direction of improving the administrative machinery is being made, but it would be premature to say just now what exactly we would be able to do in the matter. And hence, hon. Speaker, Sir, in spite of all these major drawbacks, I am sure the House would recognise that we have moved as quickly as circumstances permitted. A drastic cut in the Police expenditure has already been made and economies in a few departments effected. The economies that would be effected in the other Departments during the next few months would all and could only be reflected in the next year's Budget.

I said we wished we could have declared boldly and openly what our policies were in regard to every item of administration, but in spite of it certain bills of an important nature, particularly with regard to land reforms, taxation, etc., are there, which, I am sure, would be treated as pieces of progressive legislation.

Here may I take it that the whole House would welcome the relief given to the masses particularly with regard to the abolition of the Import Customs duty. It would be noticed that so far as the common man is concerned, he does no more come in contact with the customs official. What is still left of the customs in future will affect only a few of the exporting manufacturing industrialists. To the common man in Hyderabad customs stands, import or export, no more as a bugbear. He can breathe free, I am sure he would have a sigh of relief.
We have no doubt ventured to give relief to the people on the item of customs but this relief has added to our already deficit Budget and stands as an addition to our troubles. Funds have to be provided for various items of expenditure of importance to the common man and this can brook no delay. Hon. Speaker, Sir, hon. Members would notice that sums allotted for items like about Housing, Harijan Welfare, Rural Reconstruction schemes, etc., are too meagre. It was our desire to earmark large sums for these commensurate with the needs of the rural areas. And if one has to implement all these schemes large sums have to become available and necessarily these sums should also have to primarily come from those that can bear the burden. Hence, undeterred by the large deficit of Rs 3 crores and, in order to earn the blessings of the common man, we have earmarked monies even now for expenditure on nationbuilding activities. It may be said that these sums are meagre. Yes; they are. We wish we could have done better. But even as it is the only way left open to us to meet this deficit is by what is commonly said to be the right Royal method, i.e., fresh taxation. We have introduced fresh taxation to realise sufficient monies to meet commitments. As hon. Members would notice, we are introducing bills in sales tax and on cash crops. But they would also notice that in introducing fresh legislation either for new taxes or for the increases in old taxes like sales tax, we have kept to the policy of not hitting those that cannot bear the burden. Hon. Members would hence notice that on a number of items on which sales tax was levied in the past have now been reduced. In order to find further relief to the common man many an item which are in demand by them have been left out and increased tax has been levied only on the rest, and items on which these increased taxes have been levied are such as are used by the more well-to-do class or by those that desire to indulge in these and these are those whose purses are more elastic. We are sure this class of our people would not grudge to bear the burden willingly. But in spite of this additional taxation, sufficient funds to go swiftly ahead would not come into the coffers of the Exchequer. Hence, Government has been thinking of sponsoring a districtwise development loan for the development of minor irrigation project, inter-village communications, construction of hospital and school buildings, well sinking, housing schemes, cottage industries and multi-purpose co-operatives, co-operative farming, creation of marketing facilities, etc., etc., in short, everything that the district needs for its development. Since the plan is for the district, monies subscribed by the people of the district would all be utilised for that district from which the monies come. To further encourage these districts Government also, to the extent necessary and possible, may subscribe...
to these loans. Government is sure that this would evoke unprecedented enthusiasm from our people and sufficient monies would be quickly forthcoming. This is the only way Government feels that the aim that we all have in view, of a healthy and prosperous and rural life, may be brought about in the immediate future. But let us not forget that in all human affairs it is not merely the accumulation of worldly material that counts, but what counts primarily is the human factor, the enthusiasm of the men that work these schemes, for where willingness to work and enthusiasm are to be found no obstacle can come in the way of any one. It is this harnessing of human endeavour that we intend applying ourselves to immediately and God willing we hope to tell a different story next year. But meanwhile, we assure you that we shall endeavour to follow and shall try to inculcate into the services the motto:

“People first and foremost we are the humble servants of the people”

Hon. Speaker, Sir, In the end I desire to thank you and all the hon Members for the patient hearing they have given me.

JAI HIND

The House then adjourned till Nine of the clock on Thursday, the 12th June, 1952
APPENDIX TO QUESTION No 34 (Unstared)

CHAPTER XVII

1. There is a strong case for the introduction of Social Education in Hyderabad immediately in order
   (i) to eradicate the economic, political and social ills of several decades,
   (ii) to procure intelligent and willing co-operation of the masses for the various plans for their economic and social amelioration, and
   (iii) to make democratic form of Government a success in the State—Chapter I paras 8-24, Chapter II paras 6-10.

2. Adult or Social Education, as it is called today in India is not intended merely to impart literacy or knowledge of the three R's. It is, in the words of Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad "an education for the complete man." It is a training for a fuller and more harmonious scheme of life—Chapter VII Para 4. Chapter II Para 10.

3. The objectives of a Social Education Programme meant for Hyderabad State should be
   (i) To rouse the masses, specially in the rural areas, to shake off their lethargy, indifference and feeling of helplessness,
   (ii) to build up their initiative and enthusiasm to improve their economic condition by utilising all available resources,
   (iii) to give them training in citizenship so that they may properly discharge their duties and exercise their rights in a democratic State,
   (iv) to teach them to live a healthy and happy life with wide interests and rich in content, and
   (v) to impart adequate and permanent literacy so as to help them to progress in the economic, social and political spheres—Chapter III.

4. It is convenient to deal with the programme of Social Education separately for the rural and urban areas. The programme for the rural folk should be worked through the Community Centre which is best fitted to ensure a continuous, around education to the villager in his native environment. The First Five-year plan also advocates that the Social Education should "be diffused through all the varied activities of the Community and should find its main focus in the Community Centres."

   Chapter IV. Paras 1-5.
5. The programme of work for a Community Centre can broadly be organised under the following heads —

(a) Health and Hygiene
(b) Worthy home-membership.
(c) Learning and Thinking
(d) Vocational and economic effectiveness
(e) Citizenship and international goodwill
(f) The wise use of leisure
(g) Character.

A practical programme to achieve each of the above objects is indicated in detail Chapter IV Para 7.

6. Before a Community Centre is started, a careful study shall be made of the needs of the Community with the help of the local people and programme of work should then be drawn up to suit local condition Chapter IV Para 8.

7. The Community Centre should be housed in a conveniently situated, pleasant place with accommodation for a library and reading room and recreational activities. When it is not possible to secure such a place, it may be located in the School buildings to begin with Chapter IV Paras 10-11.

8. Each Community Centre should be in charge of a Community Leader trained in Social Education and assisted by a competent teacher of adults. The non-recurring expenditure of a Community Centre is estimated at Rs 440 and the recurring expenditure at Rs 1,032 per annum. But every effort should be made to enlist the service of honorary workers and obtain donations and gifts. Chapter IV Paras 12-14.

9. When a Community Centre is proposed to be started by a non-official body the Government may give a grant up to the full amount of capital expenditure and half of the recurring expenditure. Chapter IV Para 16.

10. As far as possible, a separate section should be organised for women in every Community Centre at houses convenient to them or separate Centres may be run for them at a suitable place or in the house of some member with a simple programme directly bearing upon their life and calculated to be of interest and benefit to them. Chapter IV Para 14.
As regards the urban areas there are two classes of people who have to be mainly catered to by Social Education. They are the middle and labour classes. Together they constitute a mighty force in the modern State and can, with one mighty effort, push up national production or with one strike cause serious damage to the nation's economy. They are most vulnerable to all the floating tendencies of discontent, in view of their rising standards of expectations and inability to realise them. The programme of Social Education for the urban areas will have to be worked through the Community Centres, Literacy and Civic Education Centres. Chapter V, Paras 1 and 2.

12. The middle class constitutes an alert and intelligent group, interested in all political and social changes and as such need to be educated in the democratic way of life. The university and the Community centres can render useful service to this class of people in this regard Chapter V, Paras 3-5.

13. The life of the labour classes presents multitude of problems which necessitate a more elaborate programme for the Community Centres meant for them, such as literacy and post-literacy classes, instruction in health and citizenship etc., through audio-visual aids, recreational activities, etc. Chapter V, Paras 6-8 and 10

14. The capital expenditure of an Urban Community Centre for the labour classes is estimated at Rs 440 and the recurring expenditure at Rs 1,296 per annum. It is expected that the Centres would be housed in a school building. Chapter V, Para 9

15. The Literacy and Civic Education Centres will run literacy and post-literacy classes, besides giving the adults a general civic education. The non-recurring cost of a Centre of this kind is estimated at Rs 330 and the recurring expenditure at Rs 864 per annum. Chapter V, Paras 11-12.

16. Every effort should be made to secure the co-operation of honorary or partly paid workers and to encourage individuals to run 'home classes' for 3 to 10 adults. Chapter V, Para 14.

17. Should the organisation in charge of Social Education be an official or non-official one? Such an issue might have been of considerable importance when the country was under an alien rule. But with the achievement of independence it ceases to have such force. Both agencies can now work together as partners in a high enterprise. The administrative training and efficiency of
one class being reinforced by the enthusiasm and living touch with the people of the other. A working arrangement is suggested in this regard. Chapter VI, Paras 1-4.

18. The organization will be headed by the Central Council of Social Education which will have full powers to plan and direct the entire movement. It will consist of both officials and non-officials and the president will, preferably, be the Chief Minister or Minister for Education. Chapter VI, Paras 5-6.

19. The life of the Council will be two years and it shall meet at least once in six months. It will appoint the following standing Advisory Committees to advise the Social Education Department on the concerned matters:

1. Literacy and Library Committee
2. Community Centres Committee
3. Training Committee
4. Publications Committee

20. The execution of the policies laid down by the Central Council will be entrusted to an Executive Council. The President and Secretary of the Central Council will act as such for the Executive Council also. The council will meet at least once in three months and it will appoint sub-committees to assist it with regard to different aspects of Social Education. It will also receive the advice of the Standing Advisory Committees of the Central Council. Chapter VI, Paras 9-10.

21. Hyderabad State will be divided into three Regions for purposes of administration, based mainly on the criterion of language, viz., Telangana, Maharashtra and Karnataka, besides a Headquarters zone for Urdu and Hindi. Each region will be in charge of a Regional Officer. Chapter VI, Para 11.

22. The work in each district will be organized and supervised by a District Council consisting of officials and non-officials, and the District Social Educational Officer will be its Secretary. Chapter VI, Paras 12-13.

23. Each District will be divided into convenient circles the work whereof will be looked after by Circle Committees with
non-official elected President, and the Circle Officers as Secretaries. Chapter VI Paras 14-15

24 Ten to Twenty Social Education Centres will constitute a circle and each one of them will be managed by a local Committee with an elected Secretary and President. Chapter VI. Page 16

25 As regards the urban areas, the activities in each town will be under the control of a Town Committee appointed by the District Council, of which the Chairman of the Municipality will be the President and the District Social Education Officer, the Secretary. It will draw up a suitable programme for the town and will be responsible to the District Council. Chapter VI. Paras 18-19

26 Each Town will be divided into a certain number of localities each of which will be under the management of a Local Committee with an elected Secretary and President. Chapter VI. Para 20

27 To ensure efficiency of working, one Supervisor will be placed in charge of the work of 20 Centres and one Inspector over 3 or 5 Supervisors. Chapter VI. Para 21

28. The cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad will have City Committees under the Presidency of their respective Mayors and with the Assistant Social Educational Officer (Literacy), as Secretary. They will function on the same lines as the Town Committees. Chapter VI. Para 22

29 An organization, predominantly official, is suggested for the first two years as the work in the early stages would require administrative experience, whole-time service and assured funds. At every stage, however, non-officials are associated with the conduct of affairs. The whole set up may be examined after two years and suitable changes made to liberalize it. Chapter VI. Para 23

30. The administrative machinery will be under a Social Education Officer appointed by the Government and directly attached to the Secretariat of Education. He will be Secretary to the Central Council of Social Education and the Executive Council under him will function two Assistant Social Education Officers (one for Literacy and another for Community Centres) and the Regional and District Officers. Chapter VI. Para 24
31 As pioneers of a movement, apart from integrity and efficiency a faith in the movement and a spirit of missionary service is essential in the officers in charge of the Department. In different Government departments whose services are expected to be valuable in initiating and fostering the movement should be available, on deputation to the Department of Social Education Chapter VI Para 24 a.

32 Since the health and vigour of all the units depends on an effective supervision and frequent contacts with the officers and leaders of the movement, special arrangements financial and otherwise are to be made whereby non-official members of the District Council and Circle Committees can inspect the Centres and submit Reports to the Councils and Committees Chapter VI Para 25.

33 Imparting literacy to the adults is important not only from the point of view of Social Education, but also to ensure the success of a Primary Education Programme. In a State like Hyderabad with general literacy at hardly 10%, this consideration becomes all the more weighty, especially in view of the unwise policy pursued in respect of rural education in the past Chapter VII. Paras 1-2.

34 The Government of India has announced its intention to make at least 50% of the adults literate within a limited period of five years. It would be worthwhile if a similar plan is envisaged by this State and a beginning made with a Social Education Scheme which can later be fitted with the special structure devised for adult literacy Chapter VII Para 3.

35 Literacy, to be useful, should not be merely an elementary knowledge of the three R's but should conform to the following Standard laid down by the UNESCO Seminar on Rural Adult Education held at Mysore in 1949:

"A person to be a true literate should—
(a) Speak and understand his language clearly and easily,
(b) read matter necessary to his daily life;
(c) express his ideas in writing;
(d) make simple arithmetical calculations;
(e) have some knowledge of the history, culture and institutions of his community and country, and
(f) have some appreciation of his relationship to the world community."
It is time that the entire scheme of rural education is reported and based upon this premises. Chapter VII, Para 15

36 A well-planned literacy campaign should provide for the three stages of pre-literacy, literacy and post-literacy. Chapter VII. Paras 6-10.

37 The success of the entire literacy programme for adults is bound up with the production of purposeful adult literature. This consists mainly of two categories viz., the adult Primers and follow-up literature including a magazine for adults and a Bulletin for workers. A Publications Board should be established to produce the necessary literature of the State in five languages viz., Telugu, Marathi, Kannada, Urdu, and Hindi. Chapter VIII. Paras 1-3 and 9.

38 The Publications Board may not in the early stages produce adult primers of its own. It can select them from among the Readers published by the Adult Education institutions in the neighbouring State. It can go into production in the third year mainly in respect of follow-up literature. Chapter VIII. Para 9.

39 The library and Reading Room form an integral part of any scheme for Social Education. A competent library service with three Regional Libraries for Telangana, Maharashtra and Karnataka and one each for Urdu and Hindi located at Hyderabad together with arrangements for "books on wheels" should be organized. Libraries organised by non-official bodies should also receive suitable financial assistance and be encouraged to develop into Social Education Centres. Chapter IX. Paras 1-5.

40 Teaching the adult is much more difficult than teaching a child, and if the desired results are to be achieved, special techniques and methods are to be adopted by the teachers. The teachers should therefore be given a thorough training in this regard and the Training Committee of the Central Council should undertake this task. Chapter X. Para 2.

41 The training should include not only a theoretical study of adult psychology, sanitation, hygiene etc., but also a practical training in teaching, sanitary practices, use of audio-visual aids etc. and not what the Community Leader knows, but what that really counts with the villagers. Chapter X,
42. Audio Visual aids are of two kinds *viz*., the modern ones such as the mobile cinema, magic lantern, the radio etc., and the traditional ones such as folk dramas, marionette shows, Hari Kathas etc. Both these devices should be pressed into service. Chapter X Paras 5 and 8

43. All the methods and the skill imparted would not be very fruitful unless a spirit of service and a zeal for the movement are inculcated into the trainees. It should be the endeavour of the Training Camps to do this. Chapter X Paras 10-12.

44. As among the whole-time and part-time workers, preference should be given to the former while selecting candidates for training. As high a preliminary qualification as possible, not necessarily academic, may be stipulated, so that the candidates after the requisite training, may prove competent enough to conduct training camps for workers in their own towns or villages. Chapter X Paras 14-15.

45. Along with the training camps, for new workers should be held every year, a Refresher's Course for the workers already trained and a Conference of field workers. This would help to reinforce the knowledge of the teacher, pool together the practical experience of the workers and serve as a forum to review the work done and chalk out a programme for the future. Chapter X Para 19.

46. On appraisal of the activities of some of the nation building departments of Government, the following suggestions are made from the viewpoint of Social Education:

(1) The Education Department can directly help the cause of Social Education in several ways *viz.*, by persuading its teachers and students to undertake work relating to some aspect of Social Education, by initiating movements such as "Each one teach one", by lending the use of the school buildings for adult classes, by introducing Social Education as one of the subjects for examinations in the training schools, by permitting adults to appear privately for the middle school and high school examinations, by conducting technical courses in carpentry, turning, motor mechanics etc., in the evenings etc.

(2) The Inspectorate of Adult Education should revise its objective so that they may harmonise with those of Special Education, provide for post-literacy work so that literacy imparted may be functional and ensure adequate supervision.
(3) The Boy Scouts Organization should train and inspire its young men that they may become active workers in the field of Social Education.

(4) The Inspectorate of Physical Education should reorient its whole outlook as regards Indian Physical exercises and games and propagate physical culture among the young men of the State by reviving national games and exercises and assisting and encouraging non-official agencies propagating physical culture, such as the Akhadas, sports clubs etc.

Chapter XI Para 6.

(5) Co-operative institutions such as the HACA and the TACA could lend a helping hand to spread Social Education in the areas they are functioning, to make their activities more effective and prove more useful to the village folk.

Chapter XI, Para 8.

(6) The activities of the Social Service Department in the Rehabilitation Centres for the backward tribes would prove more fruitful if the techniques and methods of Social Education are adopted.

Chapter XI. Para 9.

(7) The Rural Reconstruction Centres at Pattancheru, Sangareddi, etc., could be developed into Training Centres for Social Education Workers and a Circle Centre for the neighbouring villages, so that they could be dynamic institutions for rural progress.

Chapter XI Para 11.

(8) The Agricultural High Schools and the Farmers Classes could, as part of their course of studies, teach Social Education to the students which would enable them to teach their kinsmen in the villages not only better methods of agriculture but also the art of better living as Community Leaders.

The Agriculture Research Stations at Himayatsagar, Parbhani, Warangal etc., could be developed into Training Centres and Circle Centres of the Social Education Departments. These Stations could also conduct short courses in better methods of agriculture, new Cottage Industries etc., which would prove useful and profitable to the farmers.

Chapter XI Paras 13 & 14.

(9) To successfully prevent or combat disease, a widespread dissemination of knowledge of health, hygiene and sanitation are necessary which, the Medical and Public Health Department can best do, through the community Centres. The practicability of developing a widespread rural medical and sanitary service with the village Ayurvedic Pandit or Unani baiyeeb as the nucleus, deserves an early and careful examination at the hands of the Government.

Chapter XI Para 15-
(10) It would prove to be mutually beneficial if Social Service Centres are set up and worked side by side with the Primary Industrial Co-operatives. Chapter XI. Para 17.

47 The University is one of the most competent agents of Social Education and it has been functioning as such in several States in India as well as in countries abroad. The Osmania University could serve the cause of Social Education in several ways, for e.g. —

(1) By establishing a Department of Social Education and introducing a course of studies in Social Education at University level, such studies could be incorporated into the training of graduate teachers together with the relative practical training.

(2) By conducting training courses in Social Education for the present teachers and public workers.

(3) By popularising and expanding extra-rural activities such as public lectures, discussion groups and short courses of study on the topics of the day.

(4) By inspiring and encouraging College students to undertake Social Service of some kind or other as regular activities of the Students' Unions as is being done at Mysore etc. Chapter XII.

48 There are about seven types of non-official agencies who are engaged in some form or other of Social Education. A survey of their activities and potentialities of the Nation Building Departments would prove to be helpful both to the Government and the public while planning for welfare activities in the future. Chapter XIII Para 2.

49. The Library Movement in this State has suffered for want of an enlightened and liberal policy by the Government. It is reported that there are only 22 libraries in the whole State which receive some sort of financial aid from the Government and there is no library in any taluq headquarter subsidised by the Government. This policy should immediately give way to a more liberal policy. Chapter XIII Para 10.

50. Many of the non-official social service institutions suffer from want of suitable buildings to prosecute their activities. The Education Department could see that the school buildings are made available to these bodies for their night classes etc. Chapter XIII Para 13.
51. A periodical conference of Social workers particularly those connected with adult literacy, to discuss their common problems and bring them to the notice of the Government where necessary and seek their aid, would prove useful.

Chapter XIII Para 14.

52. The utility of the service rendered by the present nation building Departments can be considerably enhanced by an effective system of co-ordination. The Government of India has issued a directive to all State Governments to do so in respect of all activities which “contribute towards the progress of Rural Social Education.” Chapter XIV. Para 2.

53. Some preliminary steps have already been taken in this regard and if an integrated programme of work is evolved as a result of these steps, the foundations for three Regional People’s Colleges will however been laid. Chapter XIV. Para 3.

54. There are at least six points with regard to which interdepartmental co-ordination would prove useful such as pooling the audio-visual appliances for a more extensive and intensive service, editing of departmental literature so as to make it comprehensible and interesting to the adults, treating the Social Education Centre as an agent for mass contract etc.

Chapter XIV Para 6.

55. Finance constitutes one of the main problems standing in the way of extensive programme of Social Education. But in view of its importance as a pre-requisite for the success of all national plans, funds should be found for Social Education either from the normal revenues or as a part of the plans that are now being drawn up in connection with the All-India Five Year Plan. Money spent on Social Education would prove to be a social investment which is bound to yield dividends in the mental, moral and material welfare of the people.

Chapter XV. Paras 3 & 4.

56. Dearth of trained personnel is another main hurdle in the path of an extensive Social Education Service, specially as regards the eradication of illiteracy. There are two ways of tackling this problem. The first is by rousing the educated people to voluntary effort in the cause of Social Education. An intensive and continuous propaganda through all the mass media and the personal example of leaders is needed for this purpose.

Chapter XV. Para 6.
57 Conscription, specially of students, is the second method suggested for the war against illiteracy. Though there is opposition in some quarters to this, the consensus of opinion particularly in the student world is moving in favour of some form of compulsion, without which, it is felt, illiteracy on such a vast scale can never be wiped out. As a preliminary step, it is suggested that a Conference of the representatives of the University and the Principals and Professors of the various Colleges and another of the Headmasters of the different High Schools and the Director of Education, may be convened by the Education Ministry to explore the possibilities of compelling every school and college to undertake adult literacy work from the next academic year as part of its regular school curriculum, conjointly with the students. Representatives of the College and High School Students’ Unions may also be associated with these Conferences. This would make education less bookish and more in touch with the real life of the people. Chapter XV Paras 8-13.

58 A three years’ programme is suggested for Hyderabad State the salient features of which are as follows:

(1) It involves a capital expenditure of Rs 3,33,400, recurring expenditure of Rs 24,29,200 spread over 3 years.

(2) At the end of the period, there would be 218 Community Centres and 608 Literacy and Civic Education Centres functioning in the State.

(3) Foundations are sought to be laid for a programme of total literacy in the cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad and the seven district towns with populations over 50,000 each by establishing therein 32 Community Centres and 240 Literacy and Civic Education Centres there.

(4) Each Social Education Centre will have a library and reading room attached to it with an arrangement for “books on wheels.”

(5) A Publications Board will produce (in the third year) at least eight books besides an illustrated weekly and a monthly journal in each of the five main languages of the State. A monthly bulletin in English for the workers would however be published from the commencement of the Scheme.

(6) Four Regional Training Camps each year, (turning out 800 trained workers in the aggregate), besides an annual Refresher’s Course and a Seminar of Workers, would be organized.

(7) A whole-time administration staff assisted by non-official members of the District Councils and Circle Committees, etc., will ensure the supervision of each Social Education
Centre at least once a month so as to ensure efficiency and encouragement to the local workers.

(8) The scheme is flexible and can be implemented immediately in full or in part, according to the funds available, care however being taken to treat it as an organic whole.

Chapter XVI, Paras 4 & 5.

59. In addition to the above scheme, it is suggested that the Government should make obligatory on every middle school, High School and College to conduct, conjointly with the students as part of its regular work two and three Literacy and Civic Education Classes respectively from the next academic year, with an increase of one Literacy class per High School and College every year. As a result of these measures, Hyderabad State would, apart from conferring functional literacy on at least a lakh of adults, be laying the foundations for a policy of total eradication of illiteracy in the State. Chapter XVI, Paras 6 & 7.

60. The scheme may be objected to in some quarters on the ground that it attempts to do too much, especially in the midst of the present financial difficulties and the dearth of trained personnel. Subsidy from the Central Government, allocation of funds from the amount provided for the special set up in the Telangana, contributions from the Scheduled Castes Trust Fund, Rural Welfare Trust Fund, assistance from Local Board and Municipalities etc., are suggested as some of the possible sources to be tapped. It is hoped that the training camps and the recommendations in this regard, so far as they relate to Schools and Colleges, if implemented would furnish the movement with the necessary personnel. Chapter XVI, Paras 8 & 10.

61. A second view is that scheme seeks to do too little. But the scheme is really in the nature of a pilot project to pave the way for planning for the whole State in the light of the results achieved and experience gained. Chapter XVI, Para 11.

CHAPTER XVIII

CONCLUSION

1. The State today stands on the threshold of a new epoch. The past with its medieval and feudal outlook can offer no help or direction as regards the solution of the complex problems of today. There is thus an imperative necessity to face the present situation in an integrated manner by mobilizing all human
effort and resources. A well-planned programme and a dynamic organization are essential to make the population of this State realize the great transformation that confronts them and to make them respond intellectually and emotionally to the changed times. They have to face many complex problems during the period of transition before they can realize their hope of a more just and happy social order, under the constitution of India, and it is up to the Government and the leaders of the people to provide them with the kind of education that they are most in need of, to help them in the task ahead.

Advisor on Adult Education and Scouting.
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HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Thursday, the 12th June, 1952

(Second Day of the Second Session)

THE HOUSE MET AT NINE OF THE CLOCK

[Mr Speaker in the Chair]

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

Mr. Speaker Now, we shall take up questions. Shri M. Buchiah.

Shri Ananth Reddy (Kodangal) · On a Point of Order, Sir.

Mr. Speaker · Where is the point of order now? You might say 'point of information'.

Shri Ananth Reddy · On a point of information, Speaker, Sir.

Mr. Buchiah (Sirpur) : On a point of information, Sir. In the absence of ratification of the Provisional Rules of the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly, are we to think that the Assembly and the Government are provisional?

Mr. Speaker : They are not provisional.

Mr. Speaker (Qasim Qandhari) · On a point of information, Speaker, Sir. (In the absence of ratification of the Provisional Rules of the Legislative Assembly, how are we to think of the Assembly and the Government as provisional?)

Mr. Speaker (M. Tariq Nisar) : On a point of information, Speaker, Sir. How can we think of the Assembly and the Government as provisional without ratification of the Provisional Rules of the Legislative Assembly?
STARRED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Petition of Bellampalli Residents

Shri M. Buchah Will the hon. Minister for Excise, Forests and Customs be pleased to state

(1) Whether a petition was submitted to him on 21-2-1952 on behalf of the residents of Bellampalli?

(2) If so, what action has been taken to redress the grievances set out therein?

The Minister for Agriculture and Supply (Dr. Channa Reddy): There is no record of submitting any petition to the then Minister on 21-2-1952 by the residents of Bellampalli.

Shri Venkatramarao. Order, Order Next question Shri Venkatramarao.

Vanamahotsava

Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao (Karimnagar): Will the hon. Minister for Excise, Forests and Customs be pleased to state:

(1) The total amount spent by the Government on 'Vanamahotsava' so far?

(2) And if so, what benefits accrued thereby?

Dr. Channa Reddy (1) During the year 1950, Rs. 40,000 and in 1951, Rs. 30,000 were provided from Rural Welfare Trust Fund for Vanamahotsava. Out of the amounts provided,
accounts for Rs 1,204-15-0 for 1950 and Rs 7,552-14-10 for 1951 have been received. Accounts from some Collectors and other concerned Departments are awaited.

(2) During the year 1950, “Vanamahotsava” was celebrated from 1st July to 15th August. The reports received from Districts, except Aurangabad, Gulbarga, Hyderabad, Nanded, Osmanabad and Raichur, show that the number of trees planted during this period is 8,66,283. According to the reports received from the Districts except Vidarbha, Medak and Raichur, in the year 1951, 50,7112 trees were planted.

Dr Channa Reddy: I regret to inform the hon. Member that figures of trees planted by individuals and ministers are not available.

Dr Channa Reddy: I want notice for giving full information, but I can say that more than 75 per cent of the trees are alive.

Dr. Channa Reddy: I am sorry to state that the question has been repeated. I must therefore only repeat the answer.
Dr Channa Reddy: I may respectfully point out that this was not Vegetable Mahotsava but Vanamahotsava and therefore the results will not be seen immediately.

Mr Speaker: Next question Shri Venkatrama Rao

FOOD COMMITTEES

Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao: Will the hon Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

1. Whether the Government have received any complaints against the members of the Food Committees in the districts of Karimnagar, Warangal and Nalgonda?

2. Whether there is any move to reconstitute these Committees?

Dr Channa Reddy: (1) We have not received any complaint from the public, against any of the members of the three District Committees mentioned.

(2) Yes, all the District, Taluka and Village Supply Committees are being reconstituted.

Dr Channa Reddy: I am afraid this is vague; and any individual case brought to my notice will be looked into.

Dr Channa Reddy: Individual workers from talukas and districts who have been taking interest in food matters and
who have been agreeing with the Government's Food Policy are taken on these Committees

Dr Channa Reddy: As these are Advisory Committees and unless the member agrees at least with the main policies and fundamental principles of the Government, it would be very difficult for him to work on these Committees.

Mr Speaker: The hon Member is entering into an argument.

Mr Speaker: It is the Speaker who should decide whether it is an argument or not. It is not for the Member to decide. Next Question. Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao.

LEVY AND PURCHASE SCHEME

35. Shri Ch. Venkatrama Rao. Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state:

(i) How many maunds of levy and purchase collections were made every year by the Government of Hyderabad since the beginning of the Levy Scheme?

Dr. Channa Reddy: I submit the following figures of total collections both under Levy and Purchases, during the years 1943-44 to 1950-51 under Levy Systems and also the procurement made so far, i.e., end of May 1952.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S No</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Levy</th>
<th>Open Market Purchases</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1943-44</td>
<td>5600</td>
<td>720 5</td>
<td>6321 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1944-45</td>
<td>7741</td>
<td>2429 1</td>
<td>10170</td>
<td>Procurement under flat rate levy system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1945-46</td>
<td>4881</td>
<td>2132 9</td>
<td>6514</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1946-47</td>
<td>5873</td>
<td>1000 2</td>
<td>6873</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1947-48</td>
<td>7451</td>
<td>673 9</td>
<td>8125</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1948-49</td>
<td>2934</td>
<td>416 8</td>
<td>3250</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1949-50</td>
<td>4458</td>
<td>329 5</td>
<td>4757</td>
<td>Procurement under Bombay Levy system,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1950-51</td>
<td>8744</td>
<td>286 1</td>
<td>4050</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>1951-52</td>
<td>5544</td>
<td>58 8 plus 113 6 (pulses)</td>
<td>5602</td>
<td>Procurement under current Levy system based on land revenue assessment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The table shows the details of foodgrain procurement under different levy systems for the years 1943-44 to 1951-52. The figures are given in 1000 maunds.

**Remarks:**
- Procurement under flat rate levy system
- Procurement under Bombay Levy system
- Procurement under current Levy system based on land revenue assessment

The procured foodgrains are rice, wheat, jawar and minor millets.

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**Dr. Channa Reddy:** I regret the hon Member has not properly noted the figures or he was not attentive to my reply. The figure for 1950-51 was never the highest.

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**Request:** Separate figures are not available. I require notice. Even then, I am afraid, it may not be possible to give the figures.
Mr Speaker: Let us proceed to the next question. Shri Ganeriwal

**Balance Sheet of Hyderabad Co-operative Commercial Corporation Ltd.**

58. Shri L R. Ganeriwal: Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state:

Whether copies of the Balance sheets of Hyderabad Co-operative Commercial Corporation Ltd. for the year 1949-50 and 1950-51 will be placed on the table of the House?

Dr Channa Reddy: The Balance Sheets of the Hyderabad Co-operative Commercial Corporation Ltd for the required years are not yet ready.
110  12th June, 1952.  Starred Questions and Answers.

Dr. Channa Reddy  I was asked whether the reports were ready. I said 'yes'. This question does not arise.

Channa Reddy  As soon as possible.

Mr Speaker. Let us proceed to the next question Shri Rajareddy.

**MONETARY HELP FOR GROW MORE FOOD SCHEME**

**BY THE G.O.I**

(1) Whether any monetary help has been given by the Government of India for the 'Grow More Food' schemes during the year 1951-52?

(2) If so, the amount of such help?

(3) The number of small projects undertaken by the Government during the year 1951-52?

Dr. Channa Reddy  (1) and (2) For Grow More Food Schemes in 1951-52, the Government of India have so far sanctioned their share of subsidy to the extent of I.G. Rs. 8,06,231. The entire amount relates to the expenditure on the schemes. If the House or the hon. Member is interested and if the hon. the Speaker permits, I shall read the list of the different schemes on which this amount has been spent.
Starred Questions and Answers 12th June 1952

Shri V. D Deshpande We are interested to hear.

Mr. Speaker Give those figures

Dr. Channa Reddy They are Well Sinking Rs 2,27,000, Supply of oil engines Rs 31,000, Supply of tractors Rs 8,000; Distribution of green manure seed Rs 63,000; Distribution of paddy fertilizer Rs 3,25,000, Publicity and Propaganda Rs 20,000.

Mr. Speaker. We shall proceed to the next question. Shri Rajareddy

Loss Sustained by the Supply Department

*81 Shri A Rajareddy Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(1) Has the Government sustained any loss in the Food Supply Department this year (1951-52)?

(2) Is the Government aware that Rice Mill-owners are making fabulous profits in their dealings with the Supply Department?

(3) If so what are the steps adopted by the Government in the matter?

Dr. Channa Reddy

(1) There is no question of loss for any Department.

(2) Like other businessmen, the Rice Mill Owners also make some profits. Whether they are fabulous is a matter of opinion.

(3) Does not arise

Dr. Channa Reddy: I do not understand what exemption hon. Member means

Dr. Channa Reddy: I do not understand what exemption hon. Member means
Dr Channa Reddy: Nothing like that.

Dr Channa Reddy: It has not been brought to my notice.

Dr Channa Reddy: Naturally.

Dr Channa Reddy: It is a regular process. The paddy is taken there as soon as the levy is collected and it is milled. At any stage, it is not possible to give the correct figures as to how much is yet due and how much is yet to be milled.

Dr Channa Reddy: Not generally. In some cases which were brought to my notice, investigation was made, such cases are very few.

Dr Channa Reddy: At the end of the year.

Mr. Speaker: Shri Raj Reddy.

LAND RECLAMATION UNDER GROW MORE FOOD SCHEME

* 87. Shri A Raj Reddy: Will the hon. Minister for Supply be pleased to state

(i) Whether any land has been reclaimed this year in Sultanabad taluq under the “Grow More Food” scheme?

(ii) If so, what is the area of the land so reclaimed?

Dr. Channa Reddy: (i) and (ii) No land reclamation work was taken up under ‘Grow More Food’ scheme in Sultanabad taluq of Karimnagar District.
Mr Speaker I will declare it I think there are no further questions to be asked Hon Member Shri Ram Reddi, wanted to ask something

58 (2) After replies to questions have been received, the Secretary shall prepare separate lists of starred questions and answers thereto and of unstarred questions and answers thereto. Copies of such lists shall be placed on the table of each member one hour before the commencement of the meeting on the day on which an entry about questions has been made in the order of business for the day.
SALE OF ADULTERATED TODDY AND IMPORT OF POISONOUS DRUGS.

11. Shri M. Buchah : Will the hon Minister for Excise Forests & Customs be pleased to state

(1) Whether the Government are aware that toddy adulterated with poisonous drugs injurious to health is being sold to the public?

(2) Whether the Government are also aware that these poisonous drugs are being imported from Bombay and Calcutta without proper licences by some of the Toddy Contractors?

(3) If so, what steps are being taken to put an end to the sale of adulterated toddy?

The Minister for Excise, Forests and Customs (Shri K. Venkat Ranga Reddy) : (1) Complains regarding adulteration of toddy with Chloral Hydrate have been received by the Excise Officers. No other complaints of adulteration with any other poisonous drugs have been received.

Several times attempts have been made to check this practice, but no definite proof of such adulteration was available.

(2) In our investigation it has been found that poisonous drugs are not imported from Bombay and Calcutta by the Abkari Contractors without proper licence. That the Abkari Contractors are importing poisonous drugs with or without licence is not proved. The Chemists are importing Chloral Hydrate from Bombay, Calcutta, etc., but no licence is necessary for its import.

(3) Whenever such information was received, the concerned officers went on the spot to examine the toddy. They could not definitely find out that Chloral Hydrate or any other poisonous drugs were mixed in it. So they sent it to the Chemical Examiner for examination and the matter was referred to the Medical Department for necessary arrangement for Chemical Examination of toddy sent by the Excise Department to the Chemical Examiner.
COMPLAINT AGAINST CHOWKIDARS

60 Shri G Hanumanth Rao (Mul.g) Will the hon. Minister for Excise, Forests & Customs be pleased to state:

(1) Whether he is aware of the fact that the Forest Chowkidars are demanding payment of money from the inhabitants of the rehabilitation camps of Papakolu, Parupalli, Rajalingala and Ragabomaguda of Yellandu taluq for cutting wood for erecting huts after they were brought to the camps?

(2) If so, for what reasons?

Shri K Venkat Ranga Reddy (1) It is a fact that the local Forest officers are demanding the cost of wood from them

(b) As the wood was cut from the forest by them without previous permission and information, the concerned Forest officers have made the demand

TACCAVI LOANS

20 Shri M Buchiah Will the hon Minister for Supply and Agriculture be pleased to state:

(1) Whether the Government have received any complaints that 'Taccavi' loans are not being given to needy Kisans?

(2) If so, what measures have been taken to ensure that such loans are given to only needy kisans?

Dr Channa Reddy (1) The question does not specify the time within which complaints are believed to have been made. No such complaints were received of late.

(2) Sometime back, a circular was issued instructing the Collectors not to grant loans normally to persons who were themselves in a position to make the necessary investment in agricultural implements, etc., for which the loan was required.

DAMAGE TO CROPS BY RAINS, ETC

28. Shri Shamrao Madhaorao Naik (Basmath-Reserved) Will the hon. Minister for Supply and Agriculture be pleased to state:

(1) Whether the Government are aware that there has been extensive damage by untimely rains and hailstorms in the taluks of Partur, Gangakhed, Basmath, Jintur, Patrhi and Parbhani of Parbhani district?
12th June 1952. Unstarred Questions and Answers

(2) Whether the Government are also aware that the agriculturists of those parts applied for exemption from levy demand?

(3) What steps, if any have been taken to relieve distress?

Dr Channa Reddy (1) Yes (2) Yes (3) Necessary relief has been duly granted

COLLECTION OF FOODGRAINS

45 Shri L. K. Shroff (Raichur) Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(i) Separate figures of the total quantity of different foodgrains collected during the year 1950-51 and 1951-52 as levy and procurement?

(ii) What the annual expenditure incurred by the Government on the staff in connection with the levy and procurement is?

Dr Channa Reddy (a) The figures of procurement under levy and open market purchases during years 1950-51 and 1951-52 (up to end of May 1952) are as below -

(Figures in tons)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Srl No</th>
<th>Commodity</th>
<th>Total collections during the crop year 1950-51</th>
<th>Collections during the crop year 1951-52 (up to end of May 1952)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Levy</td>
<td>O M. P.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Rice</td>
<td>54,450</td>
<td>1,450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Wheat</td>
<td>6,770</td>
<td>230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Jowar</td>
<td>71,850</td>
<td>8,050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Bajra</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Minor Millets</td>
<td>2,540</td>
<td>460</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total Cereals</td>
<td>1,37,610</td>
<td>10,490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pulses</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total Cereals &amp; pulses</td>
<td>1,37,610</td>
<td>10,490</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Total expenditure incurred in connection with the levy and procurement staff in 1950-51 was Rs 21,72,079 and in 1951-52 Rs 21,71,692

**FOODGRAIN PRODUCTION**

59 Shri G Hanumanth Rao Will the hon Minister for Supply & Agriculture be pleased to state

(i) Whether the foodgrain production has fallen down in the koya areas in Burgumpahad, Mulug, Pakhal and Palvancha and Yellandu taluqs?

(ii) If so, for what reasons?

Dr Channa Reddy There was some damage to crops in the taluqs of Palvancha and Mulug due to heavy rains and in the taluqs of Burgumpahad and Mulug due to pests. But the damage was not confined only to Koya areas, the production has not, as far as could be ascertained, fallen in these areas. An attempt was also made to readjust sowings for Abi and Tabi, bringing a larger area under the former crop.

**REGISTRATION OF MULTI-PURPOSE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES**

69 Shri L R Ganerwal Will the hon Minister for Rural Reconstruction be pleased to state

(i) Whether it is a fact that the Registrar of Co-operative Societies has stopped the registration of Multi-purpose Co-operative Societies?

(ii) If so, the reasons for the same?

(iii) The number of Multi-purpose Co-operative Societies in the City of Hyderabad?

The Minister for Rural Reconstruction (Shri Devsigh Chauhan): (1) The registration of Multi-purpose Co-operative Societies which are societies composed of farmers, has not been stopped.

(2) The question does not arise.

(3) There are no Multi-purpose Co-operative Societies in the City of Hyderabad.

**Legislative Business**

We shall now proceed to the next item: Hon. Shri D. G. Bindu to introduce L. A. Bill No. VIII of 1952.
The Minister for Home (Shri D. G. Bandu) Sir, I beg to introduce Legislative Assembly Bill No VIII of 1952, A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act No IX of 1348 Fasl

This Bill is introduced.

The hon Shri K V. Ranga Reddy will now introduce L A. Bill No. IX of 1952

Dr. Channa Reddy Sir, I beg to introduce Legislative Assembly Bill No IX of 1952, A Bill to amend the Hyderabad Abkari Act (No. 1 of 1316 Fasl).

Mr. Speaker : The bill is introduced.

Mr Speaker : I have just said that it may be taken up tomorrow so that the hon Members may have time to submit their amendments by that time.

The hon. Shri B. Ramkrishna Rao will now introduce L. A. Bill No. XIII of 1952, A Bill to provide for the
Allowances of the Ministers of the State of Hyderabad

Unfortunately, it is printed in the Order of Business as No X
Hon Members may correct this

The Chief Minister (Shri B Ramkrishna Rao) Sir, I beg to introduce L A Bill No XIII of 1952, A Bill to provide for the Allowances of the Chief Minister and other Ministers of the State of Hyderabad and for matters connected therewith

Mr Speaker The bill is introduced

The hon Shri Jagannath Rao Chanderki will now introduce L A Bill No XI, A Bill to amend the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly (Speaker and Deputy Speaker) Salaries Act 1952.

The Minister for Law (Shri Jagannath Rao Chanderki) Sir, I beg to introduce Legislative Assembly Bill No XI, A Bill to amend the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly (Speaker and Deputy Speaker) Salaries Act 1952

Mr Speaker The Bill is introduced

Business of the House

Shri J K Praneshchari (Tandur-Serum) From the report of proceedings of the last session given to us yesterday, I find that wherever we spoke in Hindi, Persian script has been used I would suggest that in future Devanagari script should be used in the proceedings for the Hindi version of the speeches.

Mr Speaker I do not quite follow, Hindi should be used where?

Shri J K Praneshchari Persian script has been used in the report of proceedings while the speeches have been made in Hindi.

Mr Speaker Well, it is very difficult to know whether they were Hindi speeches or Urdu speeches Therefore, it is more convenient for the Office to use the Persian script.

Shri J K Praneshchari I would suggest, Sir, that Nagari script should be used because Hindi has been recognised as the official language of the Nation.

Mr Speaker According to our Rules, Urdu also is accepted one of the official languages.
Well, we shall look to it later.

Shri J. K Praneshchari I would suggest that both the scripts should be used.

Mr Speaker It would be very difficult for the Office to do so and our Budget too will not allow it.
Business of the House  
12th June 1952

भी प्रायेशालार्थ वहा जियादा तर प्रोफेसिोस अवेजी मे हुजह हे।

भी लक्ष्मीनिवास गनरिमिक रेरे पास पालिमेटर विवरट की कामिन हे। जिनमें प्रान्तित न सिफ़ कुछू मे महे हे बारक अवेजी और हिंदी मे भी महे हुजह हे।

मस्त्य स्पाइस - कक्कूल सिम्में एक्की एर नाम भी नीहे ०

भी. लक्ष्मीनिवास गनरिमिक बबकी मे बुधु, अवेजी और हिंदी तीनो जबनो मे लसिच विये जाते हे। समथ भारत की कामिन भी मेरे पास हे। बसत अनरिट लेम्बर यहू नोट करना देते हे कि ज्यसके स्पाइस शिक्ष लिनपे छापाये जाये। अब सायल यहू हे की हुमारी स्पाइस नागारी लिनपे बमे क्यों न छापाये जाये। अगर जिसके मिले बकटे मे प्रान्तित नही हे तो मैं फैलान्स मिनिस्टर से देशबाट कहना कि अनरिट लेम्बर जिले के जितनकरवाने के बिने जिसकी गुजान्य फराह हो की जाय। अनरिट लेम्बर फैलान्स मिनिस्टर और कॉबिनेट बिस तरह हुमारी मदर करे।

श्रीमती ताहसिलमाना बिग्गी (बिग्गी) - एर्डो - मरहु - नलकी एर कोट्स हाई रियल लक्ष्य भी एर हम नाम के के ले आते हे रिख हिंद रहो जाओ रोगिय हीरानद मैंने टक़म पर्वो है हम एर नाम के कुवर्स कर्द है एर डरी (Script) को नालक निचारस - यें तर्पित हुआ है - एस एडी केई है ० साल के मद्दी को - ० हस्त के अंत है। हेम सर होडी लस्का लस हायह - मैंने मप्री अरक के है जाया हाना हायही होन के हारहे हायहे के ००० वर्ल्ड सर के नागरी एस्क्रिक है हंस - ० मिन सहीरी हुन के हेन में से आदी हों ही से हाना हेन दुरी के -

भी. अंग्ल अंग्ल शायरी (ब्राह्मण) हम मे से बहुत से लोग हिंदी जानते हे। गिरफ भाषा ही नही भली पोन हिस्ताह हिंदी जानता हे।

श्री लक्ष्मी कोका - भा कस्मा हुत चे के आदर्श हदी नीही नाम - एक्को दसी हाता है दो एलकोहो चे के है नया हासक मी. बी. बी बी. बी. (सावन) द्वारा एस नाना मी. सर कोकर टले करने - ये सैलिंग चे के हेन मद्दी कोरान इनाथा है (राष्ट्रवादी) साले के ले ० साल के मद्दी के कोक मैंने चे (Introduce) को कोहम के ममक की कोरा रा. एक्को रा. है ० एस के ले जनम है टून मले एंट्रुडिब्राह्मण कोरा हायहे - साल होट ने श्री गीत्योलाल ही ले होयरा हे मी असक नाने कोरा हुन -

श्री योगषत्तू राम केसरी राय (योद्धा) - रबर रो जे डो जेबनो मी साउन हौय हे निहे भे सेल हेदा हो - केस बी केसी हाना मी मी एक्कर होट ने यहे ने हुन -

प्रान्तीय भाषाओँ में (Pratibh Bhattacharjee में)
Business of the House 12th June 1952

Now, we adjourn.

The House then adjourned till Nine of the Clock on Friday, the 13th June, 1952.
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*Price: Eight Annas.*
THE HOUSE MET AT NINE OF THE CLOCK

Mr. Speaker. Now we shall take up questions

SIRPUR PAPER MILLS

*8. Shri Ch. Venkatrama Rao (Karimnagar) Will the hon. Minister for Commerce and Industries be pleased to state:—

Whether it is a fact that the Government intend to sell the Sirpur Paper Mills to Birla Brothers?

The Minister for Commerce & Industries (Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar). It is the intention to transfer the managing agency of Sirpur Paper Mills to Messrs Birla Brothers Ltd., or to some other firm of industrialists. The matter is still under negotiation. It is, however, the intention of the Government to hold over 50% shares and an effective voice in the management.

Mr. Speaker Please speak into the microphone.

(Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar repeats the answer)
Mr Speaker, Shri M. Buchiah.

Board of Directors of the Singareni Collieries

97. Shri M Buchiah (Sirpur) : Will the hon Minister for Commerce and Industries be pleased to state—

(1) What interests are accorded representation on the Board of Directors of the Singareni Collieries and Co., Ltd?

(2) What is the basis adopted in giving representation?

Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar. In view of the fact that the Hyderabad State Bank holds debentures of the Singareni Collieries Company, they are entitled to nominate one Director. All the other Directors are elected by share-holders in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company. The total number of Directors is eight including the Director of the Debenture holders. Except the Director of the Debenture holders the other two Directors who have been longest in the offices since their last election, retire from office each year but are eligible for
13th June, 1952

Shri M. Buchiah  Why representation to the Labour Unions is not provided on the Board?

Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar  There is no provision in the Articles of Association

Transfer of Sirpur Paper Mills & Sirsilk Co., Ltd

Shri M. Buchiah  Will the hon. Minister for Commerce and Industries be pleased to state —

(1) Whether it is a fact that the Government are contemplating to transfer the Sirpur Paper Mills and the Sirsilk Company, which are now semi-Government concerns to a private enterprise?

(2) If so, the reasons for such transfer?

Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar  It is the intention to transfer the managing agency of the Sirpur Paper Mills and Sirsilk Ltd to private enterprise. It is, however, the intention of the Government to retain over 50% shares and an effective voice in the management.

(2) Approximately Rs. 2 crores are required to be spent on these industries during the next eight months or so and it is the intention to make the new managing agents, responsible for finding finance to this extent so that the monies thus saved can be made available for more urgent development expenditure.

Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar  It is not in the public interest.
13th June, 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

Profitable Concern

Shri WE. - III. - Dissection - I ask you: How Ramchand is doing?

Concern of - I have asked - have you asked - how is Ramchand?

Shri and Shri W. - Shri N. - Profits or losses?

What are the losses or profits?

Shri and Shri W. - Shri N. - Profitable or non-profitable?

Whether profitable or non-profitable?

Shri and Shri W. - Shri N. - Conditions - circumstances - what is the condition of Shri Ramchand?

Where Shri Ramchand is - circumstances - conditions - what is the condition of Shri Ramchand?

Shri and Shri W. - Shri N. - Question - question - whether the situation is favorable or unfavorable.

Whether the situation is favorable or unfavorable?
Shri Md Dawar Hussain (Nizamabad) Will the hon Minister for Finance be pleased to state

(1) What the total amount of public debt of the Hyderabad State is?

(2) To what extent this debt is covered by assets?

The Minister for Finance (Dr G.S. Melkote)

(1) The total amount of the gross public debt of the Hyderabad State is Rs 58 crores 64 lakhs. The liability for a portion of this public debt will, however, be assumed by the Central Government as a result of Federal Financial integration. The amount of public debt to be so transferred to the Central Government has not yet been finally settled and is under negotiation with the Central Government.

(2) The entire public debt is covered by productive capital assets and other reserves.
I have no information with me

Mr Speaker The hon Minister requires notice

Dr G S Melkote Again, I require notice

Dr G S Melkote I have already answered the question, that 'the entire public debt is covered by productive capital assets and other reserves'

Shri L R. Ganeriwal Surety or Non-surety?

Dr G S Melkote: I require notice

Dr. G.S. Melkote: I think this is not relevant. This has no bearing on the question.

Dr. G.S. Melkote: Please repeat the question

(Shri Ganeriwal rose in the seat ........ )
Mr Speaker Two Members should not be on their legs at one and the same time.

(Shri Ganeriwal repeats the question)

Dr. G.S. Melkote I require notice.

Mr. Speaker We shall now proceed to the next question.

Mr. Dawar Hussain

MONETARY RESERVES

Shri Md Dawar Hussain Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

What is the total amount of monetary reserves built up by the Hyderabad Government under different heads?

Dr G S Melkote The heads and amounts of the various monetary reserves built up by the Government are:

1. Debt Redemption Reserve

2. Famine Fund

3. Securities Adjustment Reserve

4. Industrial Trust Fund

5. Post-war Development Reserve

Estimated balance at the end of March 1952

1. 10 80 crores

2. 53 crores

3. 2.19 crores

4. 5 80 crores

5. 22.26 crores

Dr. G. S. Melkote I require notice.

Mr. Speaker: Now we shall proceed to the next question.
13th June, 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

TRANSFER OF RESERVES TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

11 Shri Md Dawar Hussain Will the hon Minister for Finance be pleased to state

Whether any reserves of this State have been transferred to the Government of India as a consequence of the financial integration?

Dr. G S Melkote Yes, the following two reserves have been transferred to the Central Government as a consequence of Federal Financial integration

Balance as on the 31st March, 1950

1. Paper Currency Reserve 36 16 crores
2. O S Stabilization Reserve 3 00 crores

Shri V V Patil: I shall examine this question.

Dr. G S Melkote I require notice

Mr. Speaker Let us proceed to the next question.

SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY

56. Shri L.R. Gareliwal Will the hon Minister for P.W.D be pleased to state:

Whether Government propose to extend the supply of electricity in the district areas which are not so far catered i
(2) If so, what the details of the scheme are?

(3) Whether the Government propose to entrust the work to private companies or undertake the same themselves?

The Minister for Public Works (Shri Mehdi Nawaz Jung)

Government have proposals under consideration to expand supply of electricity in the district areas which are not so far covered. Some schemes are under execution, and some are proposed to be taken up when funds permit.

(a) Tungabhadra Hydro Electric project The proposal is to install a capacity of 23,000 k.w The transmission lines will be taken to Raichur, Gulberga and Hyderabad. Distribution lines will radiate for supply to various towns and villages. Work on this scheme is not yet started.

(b) Ramagundam Thermal Station The Ramagundam Thermal Station is under erection at present. The work is well under progress. The installed capacity will be 37,500 k.w The transmission lines from this Station will radiate to supply power to various towns and villages in the districts of Karimnagar, Warangal and Adilabad.

(c) Nizamsagar Hydro-Electric Station Work on this station is well under progress. The capacity installed will be 15,000 k.w The transmission will radiate from Nizamsagar to Hyderabad. No towns or villages along the transmission line will be supplied with power.

According to the Electricity Act, the electrical undertaking being a public utility service and consisting of inter-connected systems forming a grid, should as far possible, be State owned and controlled. The Dept., is giving due consideration to the local bodies or private enterprises, whenever they come forward for taking up the electrification of some of the district towns. Such private enterprises will, however, be taken by the Government when the necessity of doing arises.

श्री ज्ञानेन्द्रनाथ गानेरियाला क्या अवसर किसी प्राइवेट बैंटरमालिकर (Private enterpriser) को बिलेटटुसिटी सफलता करने का अधिकार दिया गया है?

श्री महेंद्र नवाज जुंग - जमे न्यायमार राजाजिल्ले ये मतलब नकर मिन इलाक़ा खोलनु भो बाजार दीक्षि ये - हिसाबके बांधकामया ये आविष्कार भी किया जाना है कु भो मामलों तू इसी 'राजाजिल्ले के दिखे मिन ताला सबका जल्दी प्राथमिकता होना। जाने बताया जाएगा किवो वार्ता अब होना।

श्री ज्ञानेन्द्रनाथ गानेरियाला किसी ही बार्ताविविध बौद्धिक को बी विचारते दी जाने है या विश्वासकर्मियाला (Individual) दरवारों पर भी गोर किया जाता है?
13th June, 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

Mr. Speaker No argument please.

Canal area

...
دفتر رجوعوئن، 13 تمیزیم 1982

شکر میں و برسی - حس اوروئن تعاوندر کسکم مکمل وچوئنیکی
توکیہ قبیلے نے ایہ وچوئنیم ستری لیس سکریکی -

ایک ترین مسر - سین مسنر جاہہ عہد سے یہ ووجھا جاہہ سنگم چن
سکبندی یہ لیٹنیس کی حدس سے اہار دکنی یہاں کو ویکر کہ۔ (کردن)

میکن سی جی اورها اوہا ایکم تھا اوہا نہکا نھی، اوہا دیکر کی ایک مستری اسے سن کا سن کریکی - کہا ایہ اسکی معلومات نہیں دا میں؟

Mike

شہر میلی ناورگل - حات صدر - اس مائلی (کی چوہی)

کہا یہ اس سی - دوڑ رہے رکہا کہاں نہوں دننا سے اور ائیر برہن کرکہ نر
سے میں دس ایہ ہی - معمار مسر ملائمی یہ عہدر میدان کریکس تی سے مین

سہونہ ہوے -

ایکآر ہیر مسر - میدل ممالک دتہ کہ ایکزگنڈاد سی من الکتریکی سیالی
کریکی اہرب دیکنی تھی - پاہت سال سی یہ سروس حرارت وچوئنیکی تھی اس حرابی کو
dورکردنہ کریکی اورلہ سای کے کیا یہ میدل میدان کریکا ہونا کہ ککگاومہک
صرف اہادے عہدے دتہ کہ ناس انتری کبی رکیٹکی ہے الکتریکی نیار سہر
یہہ وہوہ یہ سین لوگن کئے کا سااسا کوئی نہیں۔

Private Party

شہر میلی ناور ہس - اورک ایندر میدل کس پرائیوئن پور(کی چوہی)
کس اہار کی دیکی سے میعلم میعلمہ مینہ یہ - حیدر نک میعلم مل یہ اورگنڈاد
مین سرکری طور بارہ ایہز (کی چوہی) (Qaim سی) - کہ ریس ہال مین
dربات کریک حیات دولنہ -

شریعی - ری اخی (آر گار) - کیاپنہ نظام تیمآن مین رات کی 2 یہے کہ بدلائیندہ
کر دیکر جوہن کو اکہ کام کریک کے ایک موقع دیا حیاتہ نا کہ یہہ ہیں الکتریکی مین آسک

یہ لوگن کو مکلاں؟

شہر میلی بو از جنگل - یہ شکاپر عامہ - رانجدھرو، نظام آباد، ناراہنہ اور
اورنگد کا ان سامنہ میں یہ شکاپر شہ - اسکی وچوئنی میں یہ ہو اسکہ وچوئنیکی
t (کی چوہی) Electric Plants

کہا یہہ یہہ اورنگد کہاں یہ ہو یہہ کہ جہان ہو یہہ کہ جہان کہا نیا۔

برداشت کریکا بہاتا ہے - اسکو دیکر کیکی کوشش کی جا رہی ہے -

شہری پیل رؤا رکیکیے کبیاہی واقعہ یہی اصل سی جہان جہان کریکم

الکتریک سیالی کریکم قبیلہ یہ وہیا گزینکی کو ققصان برداشت کریکا بہاتا ہے -
श्री महेंद्र नवर गंगा - जो नाकल वाले हैं - मैं सेहा होन सलाह बताना आईला कोई क़िस्म बनाना है - आकार भी अन्तर्दृष्टि के में कर रहो! मैं सहायता देने के बारे में रोढ़े का मुख होरा है -

श्री नरेश जी (कार्यालय) इसकी क्या वजह है?

श्री महेंद्र नवर गंगा - जो नाकल वाले हैं - मैं सेहा होन सलाह बताना आईला कोई क़िस्म बनाना है - आकार भी अन्तर्दृष्टि के में कर रहो! मैं सहायता देने के बारे में रोढ़े का मुख होरा है -

1. इक्की सिद्दू थावू मीन नामक हायो आई दवाक एक्कर के अंदर
2. इक्की तीन दर्जे - सर्दिस्वै खट्टी अंक हेसक नैसक दबर महें है -

श्री महेंद्र नवर गंगा - जो नाकल वाले हैं - मैं सेहा होन सलाह बताना आईला कोई क़िस्म बनाना है - आकार भी अन्तर्दृष्टि के में कर रहो! मैं सहायता देने के बारे में रोढ़े का मुख होरा है -

श्री नरेश जी जिस मुखामात पर यवस्ते कुकीं की सफलता में नुकसान हो रहा है वहा के हालात के लिहाजसे क्या गर्वनेमेन्ट में निस्से नुकसानकी पाबाजारी करने के किम्बा कोटी स्कोप होना है?

श्री महेंद्र नवर गंगा - जो नाकल वाले हैं - मैं सेहा होन सलाह बताना आईला कोई क़िस्म बनाना है - आकार भी अन्तर्दृष्टि के में कर रहो! मैं सहायता देने के बारे में रोढ़े का मुख होरा है -

कथा लाईका -

श्री लक्ष्मण कोठा (आभ्यास एवण्यां) - इक्की चिए हो सेतू। आईला है नैसक नैसक दबर के हालात के किम्बा कोटी स्कोप होना हेतु?

नीताराक्षक कर्मचारी में आईला है - इक्की चिए हो सेतू। आईला है नैसक दबर के हालात के किम्बा कोटी स्कोप होना हेतु?

श्री महेंद्र नवर गंगा - जो नाकल वाले हैं - मैं सेहा होन सलाह बताना आईला कोई क़िस्म बनाना है - आकार भी अन्तर्दृष्टि के में कर रहो! मैं सहायता देने के बारे में रोढ़े का मुख होरा है -

हायो आई दवाक एक्कर के अंदर

श्री अब्दुल रहमान (मलिक बियात) - स्वामी कोलाबुर मिले हृदय। तक्षण एक्कर के अंदर

नील दवाक एक्कर के अंदर
Mr Speaker The hon. Member is going into too many details.

Shri L.K. Shroff (Raichur) Is it a fact that the Raichur Municipality wants to get rid of the electricity supplied by the Electricity Department, because the rates of charges levied by the Department are a big burden on the Municipality?

Financial Position

The hon. Member is going into too many details.

Mr Speaker The hon. Member is going into too many details.
*64. Shri A. Guruvva Reddy (Siddipet). Will the hon Minister for P.W.D be pleased to state

(1) What is the policy adopted in giving electric connection to houses?

(2) Whether there is any order of priority in the matter?

(3) If so, what is the order of priority in force now?

(4) What number of applications for electric connections are pending before the Department now?

Shri Mehdi Nawaz Jung (1) Applications for giving electrical connections to houses are registered in chronological order. Ordinary registered claims are taken up and disposed of strictly according to serial order. Since the beginning of 1950, there have been 8706 applications and 7500 cases have been disposed up to 1-5-1952.

(2) In the case of ordinary claims for house connections, there is no priority and the applications are disposed in the chronological order of registration. In cases where the applicant claims priority, owing to special reasons, the cases are referred to the Special Services Committee, constituted by the Government. The Secretary, Special Services Committee puts up such cases to the Committee for decision. The Committee meets periodically. The Special Services Committee has three representatives of the public with two official members and the Secretary, P.W.D is the President of the Committee.

(3) The order of priority is decided by the Special Services Committee and is governed by rules.

(4) There are 1206 ordinary registered cases on the waiting list pending. The number of pending cases where the applicants have claimed priority due to special reasons is 70. These will be put up to the Special Services Committee at its next meeting.
Mr. Speaker Have you got any material to say that? A great responsibility lies on the hon Member and he will be responsible for the statement.

Shri G. Rajaram: I know my responsibility.

Shri Mehd Nawaz Jung: The question may be ruled out.
Mr. Speaker We shall proceed to the next question.

COURT BUILDINGS, KARIMNAGAR.

Shri A. Raja Reddy (Sultanabad). Will the hon Minister for Public Works Department be pleased to state:

(i) Whether any site has been selected for the Court Buildings at Karimnagar?
(2) If so, when the construction of the said buildings is expected to begin?

Shri Mehdi Nawaz Jang: The answer to the first question is ‘Yes’. To the second question, the answer is ‘The work will be taken up when the funds can be made available’.

Mr Speaker. Will you repeat the question?

(The question was repeated)
**Starred Questions and Answers**

13th June, 1952.

Mr Speaker: 'Dawakhana' is irrelevant here. I think the so-called question-hour is over.

Shri V D Deshpande (Itpaguda): May I know why it is called 'so-called'?

Mr Speaker: Because we assigned one full hour for questions and we are not able to cover that full hour.

**Unstarred Questions And Answers**

**Daily Production of Sirpur Paper Mills**

43 Shri L R Ganeriwal: Will the hon Minister for Commerce and Industries be pleased to state:

1. What is the present daily production of the Sirpur Paper Mills Ltd?

2. What is the maximum daily production of the Mills after taking into account the New Plant?

3. During what time the maximum production capacity will be reached and what, if any, are the obstacles in the way?

Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar: (1) The present daily production of the Sirpur Paper Mills Ltd. is approximately 18 to 20 tons depending on the quality of paper made.

2. The maximum daily production of the Mills after taking into account the new plant will be 45 tons.
It is expected that the maximum producing capacity will be reached in nine to twelve months when the new power house is ready and sufficient water is available from the new pumping station.

MANAGING AGENCIES

44 Shri L R Ganeriwal Will the hon. Minister for Commerce and Industries be pleased to state

(1) Whether the Government of Hyderabad have decided to change the managing agents of some industries, particularly the Sirpur Paper Mills and Sirsilk Mills in favour of any private parties?

(2) If it is so, will the hon. Minister be pleased to place on the table of this House the terms and conditions of such agencies?

Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar (r) As already stated in respect of Starred Question No 8, it is the intention to transfer the managing agency of Sirpur Paper Mills Ltd and Sirsilk Ltd., to a suitable firm of industrialists. The matter has been under negotiation for some time in consultation with the Government of India. It is, however, the intention to retain over 50% shares in these two industries and an effective voice in the management.

(2) It would not be in the public interest to disclose at this stage the terms on which the transfer of the managing agency are contemplated.

REPORTS ON INDUSTRIES

45 Shri L R Ganeriwal Will the hon. Minister for Commerce and Industries be pleased to state

Whether the reports of Shri K.C. Wadia and Shri Kasturbhai on Hyderabad Industries will be placed on the table of the House?

Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar. Shri K.C. Wadia was appointed as a Special officer to investigate the working of the concerns in which Government had large interests by way of shares of loans. The reports submitted by him dealt with certain irregularities found by internal audit. These have since been placed before the respective Board of Directors and necessary action taken. It would not be in the public interest to place this report on the table of the House.
As regards Shri Kasturbhai Lalbhai’s Report, this Report was submitted not to the Hyderabad Government but to the Government of India. With the concurrence of the Government of India, certain general recommendations made by Shri Kasturbhai Lalbhai were released for publication some time ago and are now placed on the table.

**SUMMARY**

At the instance of the Ministry of States Shri Kasturbhai Lalbhai, a prominent Indian industrialist, visited Hyderabad last November and undertook a survey of the industrial concerns in Hyderabad in which the Government have a substantial financial interest with a view to the formulation of a co-ordinated policy and plan with regard to the management and development of these industries Shri G Swaminathan, Officer on Special Duty, Ministry of States, was associated with Shri Kasturbhai Lalbhai in this enquiry.

2. Shri Kasturbhai Lalbhai acquainted himself fully with the data collected and furnished to him by the States Ministry with the assistance of the Hyderabad Government, and accompanied by the Officers of the Hyderabad Government and representatives of the respective managements he then visited most of these factories between 17th and 29th November, 1950. He was greatly impressed by the number of industries which had sprung up in Hyderabad during the last 10 years and by the very wide field of industrial production they covered. While noting that undue amounts had been spent on some of the concerns he has expressed the opinion that these industries are likely to contribute very substantially to the overall economy of the State and are likely to serve as key industries in future.

3. The following are the more important general observations made by him on the industries in question and the assistance rendered by the State:

   (1) No definite principles seem to have been laid down by the State Government to determine the quantum and the manner of State assistance,

   (2) Disproportionately large amounts have been spent on buildings of industrial concerns with the result that many of the concerns are over-capitalised and suffering from shortage of further funds.

   (3) The stake of the Managing Agents has been small and they have not also been able to raise reasonable amounts to establish the concerns and run them.
Most of the concerns carried a considerable amount of redundant labour.

His main recommendations on matters of policy are:

1. With a view to regulating the financial assistance to industries properly, a State Industrial Finance Corporation should be set up as soon as the Government of India passes the necessary legislation for floating such Corporations. When that comes into being it will take over much of the financial interest in industries now vesting in the Industrial Trust Fund and State Government.

2. The Industrial Trust Fund will be retained in a revised and truncated form to deal with the residuary functions.

3. It would not be desirable for the Industrial Trust Fund to continue having direct responsibility for the Management of a large number of industrial concerns and that except in regard to public utility concerns, e.g., the Collieries, the general policy should be to transfer the managing agency to industrial firms of repute which are prepared to acquire a reasonable financial interest and can be relied upon to manage these industries successfully as also to arrange the gradual repayment of the amounts invested by the Government. However, as the Government may not be able to secure the services of the desired type of firms very easily within the near future they should endeavour to find competent men to attend to the business aspect of these concerns.

4. In order to secure the advice on important projects and schemes the Government should appoint a consultative committee of top ranking industrialists and businessmen with the required experience in the industrial field.

5. In regard to other concerns in which Government have an appreciable stake the Government should take steps to see that the managing agents are persons of competence who have adequate resources to raise requisite funds and who will also arrange for the gradual repayment of loans over a period of 5 to 10 years.

6. In regard to the industries mentioned above in which the Government has a substantial financial interest but no direct control they should—

(a) have one or more nominees, but not more than three, serving on the Board of Directors of the Company;

(b) reserve to themselves the right to veto proposals of capital expenditure exceeding Rs. one lakh;
(c) require their prior approval for any proposal to borrow money from outside sources,
(d) have the right of conducting financial investigations and technical inspection, and
(e) in the case of concerns where their investment is large require that the key posts should be filled only with their concurrence.

5 Shri Kasturbhai Lalbhai's recommendations are under the consideration of Hyderabad Government.

**SINGARENI COLLIERIES**

46 Shri L R Ganeriwal Will the hon Minister for Commerce and Industries be pleased to state—

1) the present daily production of the Singareni Collieries?

2) The number of Managing Agents operating the Collieries, their terms and conditions?

Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar (1) The present daily production of the three collieries belonging to the Singareni Collieries Co Ltd, is about 3,800 to 4,000 tons.

(2) There are no managing agents as such. The Industrial Trust Fund in its capacity as Secretaries to the Company manages the Collieries. The Industrial Trust Fund receive 7/8th percent commission on the net profits of coal sold to Railway and other Government concerns and 1 1/4 percent on the net profit of all coal sold to the public plus a monthly allowance of 1.5 Rs. 4,500

**MONEY HELD BY THE LONDON BANK**

12. Shri Virupakshappa (Shahpur) Will the hon Minis ter for Finance be pleased to state—

1) Whether a sum of Rs. 2 crores and 29 lakhs belonging to the Hyderabad Government is being held by a London Bank?

2) If so, for what purposes, the said sum is being so held?

Dr G S Melkote (1) A sum of Rs. 2 crores 29 lakhs belonging to the Hyderabad Government is held by some banks in London.

(2) This sum was originally transferred to London for meeting the capital and other requirements of Hyderabad Government. Later, however, Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung, the ex-Finance
Minister got the amounts transferred in his name. Appropriate legal action is being taken to recover the amount from him.

**FIVE YEAR PLAN**

13 *Shri Virupakshappa* Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state —

What amount is the Government of India contributing towards Five Year Development Plan for Agriculture vis-a-vis Hyderabad State?

*Dr G.S. Melkote*: The Government of India have not fixed any amount specifically as their contribution towards the five year Development Plan of Hyderabad State for agriculture. For the year 1952-53 however they have sanctioned a grant of I.G. Rs. 15,35,756 to meet 50% of the cost of approved Grow More Food Schemes. They have also sanctioned a loan of I.G. Rs. 35 lakhs in connection with the repairs of breached tanks during 1952-53 and have also expressed their willingness to grant a further loan of I.G. Rs. 15 lakhs provided Hyderabad Government also allot a sum of Rs. 25 lakhs for this purpose.

**EXPENDITURE IN CONNECTION WITH RAJPRAMUKH’S VISIT TO DELHI**

18 *Shri M. Buchiah* Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state —

(1) Whether any expenditure was incurred by the Government of Hyderabad in connection with the Rajpramukh’s recent visit to Delhi?

(2) If so, what is the total amount involved?

*Dr G.S. Melkote*: (1) No expenditure was incurred by the Hyderabad Government in connection with the Rajpramukh’s recent visit to Delhi.

(2) The question does not arise.

**CIVIL & MILITARY OFFICERS ON DEPUTATION**

22. *Shri G. Srimulu*: Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(1) What is the total number of Civil and Military Officers deputed from outside the State after Police Action?

(2) What is the expenditure incurred on them since Police Action?
(3) Now that some of them were repatriated, what will be the expenditure that may have to be incurred on the remaining officers till they also are repatriated?

Dr G S Melkote

(1) The total number of Civil Gazetted Officers including police deputed from outside the State after Police Action was 271. No information is available regarding the Military Officers.

(2) The figures of expenditure incurred on them since the Police Action up to the end of March 1952 are not readily available.

(3) The expenditure on these officers during the year 1952-53 is estimated to be Rs 5 76 lakhs.

ROADS IN PARBHANI DISTRICT

29 Shri Shamrao Madhao Rao Naik (Hingoli-General)

Will the hon Minister for Public Works be pleased to state:

(1) Whether the Government are aware that the construction of roads from Hingoli to Aundha Naganath, from Lavy to Gangakhed and from Mantha to Jalna in Parbhani district started three years back has not been completed?

(2) If so, what are the reasons for such an inordinate delay in the execution of small road works?

Shri Mehdi Nawaz Jung

(1) Yes.

(2) Reasons for the delay incompletion of these road works are as below:

(a) Hingoli to Aundha Naganath Road, Parbhani District:
   This road was started in August 1947. Progress was hampered in the initial stages due to standing crop along the alignment and dispute about the alignment towards Aundah end. The unsettled conditions during 1948-49 and virulent outbreak of small-pox around the area during April and May 1949 resulted in the dislocation of work. There were also difficulties in procuring foodgrain for the labour in sufficient quantity at controlled rates.

(b) Gangakhed-Palam-Loha Road, Parbhani District:
   The work was started in January 1947. Unsettled conditions during 1948-49, local disturbance by unsocial elements which went to the extent of even looting the camp of the contractor and difficulty in procurement of foodgrains for
the labour in sufficient quantity at controlled rate contributed towards slow progress. The contractor demanded higher rates, which was rejected. Consequently the contract was cancelled. The work has now been resumed and in good progress.

(c) Jaina-Mantha Road, Parbhani District The work is situated in difficult area and there was no response to the call for tenders. Consequently the work was split up into two sections of six miles each. The progress in first section not being satisfactory, action is being taken for the termination of the contract and to call for fresh tenders. In the second section, progress is fairly good.

REPAIRS TO TANKS

Shri T Ram Reddy Will the hon. Minister for Public Works be pleased to state —

(1) The total number of tanks and ponds in Narsapur taluq, Medak district, which have got breached due to untimely rains in the year 1951.

(2) Out of these the number repaired or reconstructed.

(3) The extent of Ayacut under cultivation.

(4) The number of ponds or tanks not repaired and why they are not repaired.

(5) The number of sources of irrigation that are still to be repaired or constructed.

(6) The period required for such repairs or construction.

(7) Since how long are the Ayacuts and revenue being affected by the breached conditions of these tanks and ponds.

Shri Mehdi Nawaz Jung

(1) Total number of tanks breached in Narsapur taluq during the heavy rains of July 1951 are 123, with an aggregate ayacut of 10,813 acres.

(2) Out of the above:

(3) Nos. Ayacut in acres.

| (i) tanks surveyed | 51 | 3,907 |
| (ii) works sanctioned | 14 | 573 |
| (iii) works repaired | 3 | 136 |
| (iv) Programmed for completing by | 11 | 437 |

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(4) The balance works could not be taken up due to paucity of funds as the balance remaining from Government of India loan of 1 G Rs. 50 lacs was just sufficient to complete the works already in progress. Attempts are being made to take up more works in hand from the fresh Government of India Loan.

(5) Total number of breached tanks yet to be repaired including those that breached during September 1940 are 124 numbers, with an ayacut of 11,232 acres.

(6) Three years period is required for repairing the above if sufficient funds are made available.

(7) Excepting an ayacut of 645 acres affected since September 1950, the rest of the ayacut is affected since last July.

CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS

56 Shri T Ram Reddy: Will the hon. Minister for Public Works be pleased to state

(1) Whether there is a proposal to construct roads from Sangareddy (the headquarters of Medak district) to Narsapur via Daulatabad and from Nasasapur to Tupran via Sivampet?

(2) If so, when is the work proposed to be started and completed?

Shri Mehdai Nawaz Jung (1) There is a proposal to construct a road from Narsapur to Tupran via Sivampet. There is no proposal via Daulatabad.

(2) The road from Narsapur to Tupran has been included in the first Five Year Plan and will be taken up as soon as the plan is sanctioned and funds are available. The completion of the road will take four years.

BILLS OF CONTRACTORS

57 Shri L R Ganerwal: Will the hon. Minister for P.W.D be pleased to state:

How many bills of A, B, C class contractors are yet pending for payment, for

(a) Building works,
(b) Road works
(c) Tank and bridge works undertaken by the contractors during the year 1958 F to 1959 F.
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(2) A district-wise and City-wise list of such A, B, C contractors whose bills are yet to be paid and the total amount to be paid?

Shri Mehdi Nawas Jung Information has been sought from the concerned offices. In the Public Works Department, there are a large number of officers having disbursing powers. Detailed information, as required is being collected from all these officers and is expected to take more time.

UNEMPLOYMENT

19 Shri M Buchah Will the hon. Minister for Labour be pleased to state

(1) The total number of unemployees in Hyderabad State.

(2) What measures the Government propose to take to relieve unemployment.

The Minister for Labour and Rehabilitation (Shri V.B. Raju): The Government are in possession of the information pertaining to the registered unemployed only, but not all the unemployed in the State.

The number of registered unemployed persons with the Employment Exchange is 18,495 including 4,568 ex-servicemen at the end of April 1952.

(2) Measures to relieve unemployment consist of

(a) Regulating unemployment by registration and placement through Employment Exchange.

(b) Relieving unemployed by organising them into industrial and agricultural co-operatives with State assistance.

LABOUR COLONY AT RAICHUR

68. Shri L.K. Shroff. Will the hon. Minister for Labour, Planning and Information be pleased to state:—

(1) Whether it is a fact that the District Labour Welfare Committee of Raichur has recommended the construction of Labour Colony in Raichur?

(2) If so, what action has been taken on this recommendation?

Shri V.B. Raju: The Municipality and the local Industrialists were approached in the matter, but no recommendation was made to the Government.

(2) The question does not arise. But it may be added for the information of the House, that the State Industrial Workers' Housing Committee has recommended to the Government.
under the Five Year Plan, for the construction of 200 houses in Raichur town for the factory workers. This matter is under the active consideration of the Government and if funds permit, action will be taken according to the programme of the plan.

Business of the House.

Rule 13 at page 8 of "Parliament of India, Hand-book for Members."

"A list of questions in answer to which Government propose to lay statements on the Table of the House will be available in the Parliamentary Notice Office for perusal of Members at 10-30 a.m. on each day of the meeting of Parliament for which question time is allotted. The name of the questioner will be shown against each question.”

The question of obtaining copies is there. Copies of answers are not available. They are laid in the Library room or notice office whatever it is called. They have to be supplied to all the hon. Members.

Mr. Speaker: It does not mean all the members but it means only the particular member who puts the questions. One or two copies of the answers may be available and it may not be possible to supply copies of answers to all the hon. Members of the House.

Dr. Channa Reddy: Even then, copies as far as 'Statements' are concerned and not replies.

"List of questions included in the list for any particular day can be obtained at the Notice Office at 10-30 a.m. on each day.”
Sir,

We have personally explained to you that the elections to the Railway Local Advisory Committee and the Senate of the Osmania University should be by proportional representation. The Constitution under which we are working makes this provision for various committees, and generally the rules are also on that basis. We are of opinion that this is the spirit of the Constitution, and we should be guided by that.

It is accepted on all hands that for proper functioning of democracy, and for representation to all views, parties, and groups, proportional representation is the best method. Moreover, we have tried it with success.

We, therefore, request you to have the elections by proportional representation.

Your faithfully,

Dated 12-6-1952.

(Sd) V. D. Deshpande,
Leader, Peoples Democratic Front,

(Sd) Annajirao Gawane,
M.L.A., Parbhani,
Leader, United Peoples' Party.
Mr. Speaker  Now, we shall proceed to the Legislative work. Hon Dr. G. S. Melkote to introduce L. A. Bill No. X of 1952, the Hyderabad Cinema Shows Tax Bill, 1952.

I think copies of the Bill have already been supplied to the hon Members

Dr. G. S. Melkote  Speaker Sir, I beg to introduce L.A. Bill No X of 1952, the Hyderabad Cinema Shows Tax Bill, 1952

Mr Speaker  The L.A. Bill No. X of 1952, the Hyderabad Cinema Shows Tax Bill, 1952, is introduced. Hon Dr. G. S. Melkote will now introduce L. A. Bill No. XI of 1952, the Hyderabad General Sales Tax (III Amendment) Bill, 1952

Legislative Business
Mr Speaker L A. Bill No. XI of 1952, the Hyderabad General Sales Tax (III Amendment) Bill, 1952 is introduced.

Hon Shri D. G. Bandu to move that the L A. Bill No. VIII of 1952, A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act IX of 1348 F be read a first time.

The Minister for Home (Shri Digamber Rao Bandu) Sir, I beg to move that Legislative Assembly Bill No. VIII of 1952, A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 Fasli be read a first time.
Mr Speaker Motion moved Now, there will be general discussion.

In clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section 21 of the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 Fash (hereinafter referred to as the said Act, ) after sub-clause (ii) the following sub-clause shall be inserted namely

(ii-a) the using of a loud-speaker in any public place or place of public entertainment.

In clause (b) of section 30 of the said Act, for the words, brackets, letter and figure ‘ rules made under clause (b) of sub-section (1), ‘ the words, brackets, letters and figure ‘ rules made under clauses (b) and (gg) of sub-section (1) shall be substituted.

The using of a loudspeaker in any public place or place of public entertainment.
158 13th June, 1952 L A Bill No. VIII of 1952 A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, I X of 1348 F

A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, I X of 1348 F

On 15th January, 1952, His Excellency the Governor of the State of Hyderabad, by a notification issued under Section 3 of the Act of 1348 F, has declared a State of Emergency in the City of Hyderabad. The Governor has also directed the Commissioner of Police to take such measures as he considers necessary to maintain public order and tranquility in the City. In pursuit of these measures, the Commissioner of Police has issued the following orders:

1. Licensing or controlling in respect of the following matters and where there is an apprehension of causing inconvenience, delay, danger or damage to the residents or the persons passing in the vicinity, prohibiting:

   a. Propaganda
   b. Public entertainment
   c. Public Places

2. The following orders have been issued in respect of the following matters:

   a. Controversy

   b. Playing of music

   c. Loud speaker
L A Bill No VIII of 1952 A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F

13th June, 1952

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FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS

Fundamental Rights (Public Places)

Public Places

Public Places

Public Places

Public Places

Public Places

Public Places

Public Places

Public Places

Public Places

Public Places

Public Places

Public Places

Public Places
حافز كريم كوسكرجي - حب مؤثر سكال اور ديكر سوزر عل جييه واني سوارون
بر كيوبت ناندي عاديه تي كي جا حييه تيو بير صرف لأول أسكر كوراب و آراء س
هلن كا ناع بور دكر اسما عاديه كون كيس معدن نيس و وو لوك هو حيي
 الموضوعات بر محور هي اور لأول أسكر كي استعمال كي احبار لا ان كي لي صوري
بي نو اي ايس احبار كي حصول خاص كي روب يا اور دوسر دنغر دو استعمال كرن
بري محور هوونكي

دوري جير نا كي جيسا كي مين بي خبر كيا ناريير عوميا لأوكا اسبر
استعمال كري هي - اس اسما جي وو برغي نتار هوونكي - مين - حييه نا بور ان بور
( عمدا دوري بارتي كيو ستائر كريكي انسا امسا
فطرت بين ايس كمزورن ران - قانون ساري بين انف حيد في كيو موضوع جايت ركجا
نهي ذوري

ان حالات ق تخب ميرى گدآرس نا مين برجم كي نخليه اور درآق ك
علبده جلده دوريئة بير كيچ هوي جو كي حليه نا مين محتجه هون كه نقصانات
كا بيه هاير هيورا - امرلي دوري گدآرس ييه كه مولوده قانون كيو حول كا بورت كيدا
هيه جيهر هيورا - هوي چروبچي ييه ودنهي ريه تو ممسايب - اسم كي ميرى اس گدور
بريطيه دل يني هور کري انصل كيا حاليها

آخر مين مين خبر كرونگا كه قطعا توبسيم بل كي صورب نهين بيه كي طرح
قانون رتيا حاليه

چري لکشک کو ژلدا - سري اسپکر حي - آرادي صورب عوام كي حافز هويلي اور اس
آزادي يك عاديه عوام كيو نومو نئي حافز هويلي لينك يك حلايي كين حييه بيه
دوم دارين كا احساس عوام كيو محدن كيو يه جير حالياي كين وافاع يد ظاهر ك
امريكا ابادوا سته جيرآحي بيران مين هيو وو برغ برگدور کي هين كه لواي پايك
كا استعمال هولون بين اور دوري جهها كن يري طرح ين كيا حا ره ك - رانون بين
يارو احدي مي تك ند بلي اور اس قدري ند بلي جوز ين هوب و جايت ين جبر
امريكا لحاظ كي كي پروسس اور باورون پرگيازري يني كيستد تكليف هويكي
امي كي استعمال كي کي دريني - حييه يك نتلاب جيه يك عاديه داري
كه برغ رچا هون - هيديسه ديکترى هون - مي برخو عور كي سيا ت تيي كي اور تو
جير ناره بيرن أتى لينك هولون بين جي لاوه اسپکر دارو ايسا بار ايسا
كي لگنير جايت ين ته ندي ايسا ريه بين ين اس بار كي رهى وانون كي ين جورد هويليه بيرم
بیر رکه دور دوري كيو مولن تك كي ورون جايات ين مين بيرن كيتا كيه قانون كا ين
چيشي - کاتى سى كي ايسک حيايهم - ين كيو يتو كيه كي اسپکر يوز دار اورماني كي مني
Public activities

کلید کمیکر کا موجب طریقہ مبینہ ہو، بلکہ کسی بھی

صحیح سبہ پہلی لکھ مارائی ریاست میں ہوئی۔ ہؤے کالا اسکیکر کا معاملہ ہو ہو کے متعلق یہ وصیت

بوزی رونسے کے کی نئے بوری سر ہریداراند اور سرداریان کو سکیکا اس کے بعد ہوئی۔

سیب میں ایک کو ایک سے پہلے میں کی محرز سے اپنے انسانی محرک کئی صورت

عوام کی حفاظت کی حفاظت ہیں یہ بریم کی جو کہیں ہو میں ملی مسیت

کی ادراک کا ملکیہ کو تحقیق ہو ہو میں ایک کوئی مگر کوئی کوئی

میں بریم کی اہمیت کساقت رہے جاگے ہے کہ ہاکا کہ اس کو اس کو

لاڈہ اسکیکر کا صحیح صورت میں اور اس کے

کو ناپا بر اوایلا حاضر

کرکے تحقیق میں لگا اور دوسرے حکومت کے

ہے۔ ہؤے کالا کے متعلق شہرائیہ نہیں یہ اور ہو میں ہو میں

کاربین سپرہین پر پہیا کے کے متعلق ہوگا کہ دہمی کے

کو یہ کہ سمجھا کہ رہا ہے کہ عوام کی آرائی کو کہ

کئی کو ایک تین کے کہ ہو ہو کہ اپنی مہر، مہر کے

کیئی کوئی کوئی کساقتی ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو

کوئی بریم کی اہمیت کساقتی ہو ہو رہے جاگے ہے کہ

کوئی بریم کی اہمیت کساقتی ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو

کوئی بریم کی اہمیت کساقتی ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو

کوئی بریم کی اہمیت کساقتی ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو

کوئی بریم کی اہمیت کساقتی ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو ہو
13th June, 1952

L A Bill No VIII of 1952

A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F

(Forward Countries)

Having regard to the circumstances of the Empire, it is hereby declared that the
Act Constabulary (Revenue) Act, 1854, is hereby amended by the substitution of
for the words "the resident or first-class officer of the police of the
department", the words "the officer concerned".

Circles

In all cases, the officer concerned shall be deemed to hold such powers as are
necessary to prevent the commission of any of the following acts:

1. The sale or distribution of any description of publications or...
A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1948.

13th June, 1952

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L A Bill No VIII of 1952

A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1948.

13th June, 1952

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L A Bill No VIII of 1952

A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1948.

13th June, 1952

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L A Bill No VIII of 1952

A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1948.

13th June, 1952

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L A Bill No VIII of 1952

A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1948.

13th June, 1952

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The playing of music in public streets or public places

The using of a loudspeaker in any public place or place of public entertainment
L. A. Bill No VIII of 1952
A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1834 F

13th June, 1952

Public Procession

Necessity
At 13th June, 1952
L A Bill No VIII of 1952
A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F

PAID BY:

SHRI SREEWAS RAO KAMALAIKAR (Hindustan - 360).

PAYMENT TO BE DISBURSED TO:

HIS ACCOUNT NO. 1352, AND

RECEIVED FROM:

SHRI SREEWAS RAO KAMALAIKAR (Hindustan - 360).

PAYMENT TO BE DISBURSED TO:

HIS ACCOUNT NO. 1352.
L. A Bill No VIII of 1952  A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F

13th June 1954

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As is shown below, the key amendments made to the Act are as follows:

[Detailed amendments are not provided in the image.]
13th June, 1952

L A Bill No VIII of 1952
A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1948 F

Aby Sir, 

A copy of the bill, as revised by the Committee of the Assembly, is annexed herewith.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]

[Name]
L A Bill No VIII of 1952 A
Bill to amend the Hyderabad City
Police Act, IX of 1348 F

13th June 1952

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Confirmation not received
13th June, 1952

L A Bill No VIII of 1952
A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F

The Hon'ble Governor of Hyderabad

To the

Hon'ble Assembly of the Hyderabad State

Sir,

Statement of Objects and Reasons

This Bill is introduced for the purpose of amending the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F, to provide additional powers to the police force regarding the maintenance of public order and the prevention of certain offenses. The Bill seeks to empower the police to take action against unlawful gatherings and to maintain peace and tranquility in the city.

The need for such amendments arises from the changing nature of crimes and the increased use of technology for illegal activities. The Bill aims to enhance the efficiency of the police in dealing with modern threats.

Yours faithfully,

[Signature]

[Name]

Secretary to the Government of the Hyderabad State
The Commissioner of City Police may, from time to time, make any rules not inconsistent with this Act in respect of the following:

"With regard to the remaining clauses the sanction of Government prior to the enforcement of rules shall be required,"

Such rules shall in case of clauses (a) and (b) be subject to the control of the Government and with regard to the remaining clauses the sanction of the Government prior to the enforcement of rules shall be required.

"With regard to the remaining clauses the sanction of Government prior to the enforcement of rules shall be required,"
On a point of information, Sir.

Shri A. D. Shastri -

On a point of information, Sir.

Kasturba Gandhi -

On a point of information, Sir.

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Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F

13th June, 1952

L A Bill No VIII of 1952 A

A

Loud speakers

Opposition
174  13th June, 1952  

L A Bill No VIII of 1952  
A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F

(Chief Minister)  

(Chief Minister)

(Chief Minister)

(Chief Minister)

(Chief Minister)

(Chief Minister)

(Chief Minister)

(Chief Minister)

(Chief Minister)

(Opposition)

(Opposition)

(Opposition)
Mr. Speaker Where is the point of order The hon. Member can continue his speech
شری حی - ویاکئیم - دین سمجھاو، کہ لاؤس اسپیریٹز نبی، کا لگائے ہیں -

ابویش اسپیریٹ کو نکلیئے هوئی اس نے مس حاکم ہوئے اس نے نبی نیہ کا لگائے حاکم

(Laughter)

اس اسٹیللی کے وہاں نے بسکے کے حقوک جمع ہے جا رہے ہیں - اسکے حس اس اسلام

کو سطور کریںگے کہاں ہوئے ہیں -

شری مادو روہ رلیکر (ہگولی) - محمود (سسیر اسپیریٹ - سیاسی اس)

عورکی کے سلسلے میں صرف گو سیکانہ آتا ہے تا وقت لیا حاکم ہوئے

رائش سالما کے ایک آرڈل سیمی کے کہا کہ جس کے ایک حاکم سعید ہوئے

تواس کے عقرب ے ایک دوسرا حاکم سعید کردارا ہوئے۔ حس نے حسر یوں ہے کہ اکیپ

ہوئے - مگر میرے مالی سی گزشت کل تعلیم گزشتہ کرے وہاں کی بجائے سیتے

لوگ عالم کا صحت میں وہاں نے کام ہوئے اس کے حس نے حسر یوں ہے - مالی کے

ع商业化 کے سمجھوں ے - ھرائیو گزشتہ کا سیرہ نو سی کمپنیاں ہے آگر کسی حاکم کی بیب

یش یہ ہوئے دوسرو حاکم سعید میں نبی استیکر کے وہاں یہ ہے گزشتہ تھا۔ مالی کے

طرور بوس کیا تھا کہ اس کے ایک اگر حاکم اور وہاں لاؤس استیکر

ہوئے نو سمجھا علیت ہوئے لاؤس استیکر کے وہاں نے آگر لگی بلوک ہوئے وہاں

اس نے آگر روکنے میں دود میں اس طرح نہ ہوئہ ہوئے کہ کوئی حور لاؤس استیکر

لکیا کوری حاکم ہیں۔ نہ کہا علیت ہوئے لاؤس استیکر کہم یہ گزشتہ ہوئے یہ

یتھ ہی ہوئے حاکم یہ حقیقی مدیر پر چکے وہاں جد پاریائے لاؤس استیکر کے دو ہزار بیچ

کہ اس کے ایک حاکم کے تعلیم کا بیچ کر چکے یہ حقیقی پانی کو منجر کریں ہوئی ہیں - دین سمجھاو، کہ اس کو رو کریں کہ

اپنے قہ کے پانی لاک احترام میں اس کے استیکر کا تعلیم کی اور اس کے حس نے حسر

ہوئی اک ہوئی اس کے استیکر کی اپنے قہ کے پانی لاک احترام میں اس کے استیکر کا تعلیم

کے حس نے حسر یہ ہوئے لاؤس استیکر کا حس نے حسر یہ ہوئے لاؤس استیکر کا حس نے حسر

اس نے کہ لاؤس استیکر کا حس نے حسر یہ ہوئے لاؤس استیکر کا حس نے حسر یہ ہوئے لاؤس استیکر کا حس

ہوئی ایک حاکم کے تعلیم کے حس نے حسر یہ ہوئے لاؤس استیکر کا حس نے حسر یہ ہوئے لاؤس استیکر کا حس


मीठे सन्दर्भ में भी आपके बोध के लिए ही उपयोगी होगा।

श्री जी-सरी रामल (मनेही) - गोरखशीर्ष यज्ञ की जन्माष्टमी

महुए आपकी उपबोध का हार्दिक भवन है।

सक्षम सन्दर्भ में भी हमारे बोध के लिए ही उपयोगी होगा।

लोकसभा में भी हमारे बोध के लिए ही उपयोगी होगा।
L. A. Bill No VIII of 1952
A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F

13th June, 1952

Subtitle: 'Gone with the Wind'

 '__A' _

Subtitle: 'Jail-going days are over' (Intention)

Subtitle: 'Chitchat'

Subtitle: 'Kabir's failed attempts to turn his life around'

Subtitle: 'Lack of discouragement'
बिसर्ग द्वारा शासनों को तकनीकी होने लगी। अगले हरार के सहभागी, जिसमें अबु मजदुर द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा होने लगी। ना पर तर्क द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा होने लगी। यह काम जब द्वारा द्वारा होने लगी है तो एक समझ में लागू होता है। और कानून के लिए वर्तमान में लागू हो जाता है और यह बात के प्राप्त लगकर बांटने के बावजूद लागू होता है। अब यह पर तर्क द्वारा होने लगी है। बाप्पी द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा होने लगी है। अब कानून के लिए वर्तमान में लागू हो जाता है। अपने काम के प्राप्त लगकर बांटने के बावजूद लागू होता है। अब यह पर तर्क द्वारा होने लगी है। बाप्पी द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा होने लगी है। अब कानून के लिए वर्तमान में लागू हो जाता है। अपने काम के प्राप्त लगकर बांटने के बावजूद लागू होता है। अब यह पर तर्क द्वारा होने लगी है। बाप्पी द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा द्वारा होने लगी है। अब कानून के लिए वर्तमान में लागू हो जाता है। अपने काम के प्राप्त लगकर बांटने के बावजूद लागू होता है।
Mr Speaker The Question is: That L.A Bill No VIII of 1952 A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1948 F. be read a first time

The motion was adopted

Mr Speaker, Sir, I beg to move that L.A Bill No. VIII of 1952: A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1948 F. be read a second time.

Mr Speaker The question is:

That L. A Bill No. VIII of 1952 : A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1948 F be read a second time

Shri B. D Deshmukh. Mr Speaker, Sir, I want to move amendments to the L. A Bill No. VIII of 1952 My first amendment is to omit clause 2 and my second amendment is to re-number clause 3 as clause 2.

Amendment No 2 is to omit the words 'public place or'

I think all the amendments can be taken up and discussed at the same time

Shri V. D. Deshpande. Amendment No, 2 is not moved.
182 17th June, 1952 L A Bill No VIII of 1952 A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, 'X of 1348 F

Sir Ananth Reddy I am moving the amendment.

Mr Speaker, Sir, I beg to move

"That in line 4 of clause 2, omit the words 'public place or'

Mr Speaker All the three amendments are moved

Shri Ray Reddy Point of Order, Sir According to Section 96 of the Provisional Rules of the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly, after a motion has been agreed to by the Assembly that a Bill be read a second time, the Speaker shall submit the Bill to the Assembly clause by clause. According to this rule, when the motion for the second reading of the Bill is moved by the Member in charge, before we proceed to discuss clause by clause or before any amendment is moved, I think the motion has to be agreed to by the Assembly. That is what Section 96 says

Mr Speaker I said the motion for the second reading of the Bill is moved

Shri Ray Reddy "After the motion has been agreed to by the Assembly," What does it mean?

Mr Speaker I do not follow your point.

Shri Ray Reddy The motion was moved for a second Reading. After that, without asking the House whether it agrees to the motion or not, the amendments were moved. What I want to know is whether that can be done in view of Section 96.

Mr Speaker After the first reading, I put that motion to the House. Similarly, the motion for second reading was put. But in fact what happened was that amendments were immediately moved. So I took that the House has agreed to the motion. Now, there shall be general discussion. Of course, general discussion means discussion regarding amendments.
L. A Bill No VIII of 1952  A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F

13th June, 1952

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(Shri V. B. Raju rose in the seat.)
Mr Speaker Shri Ananth Reddy

* Shri Ananth Reddy was speaking in the legislative assembly of the Nizam of Hyderabad. The session took place on 13th June 1952. The text is in English, discussing the playing of music in public streets or public places.

---

L A Bill No VIII of 1952: A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F.

The playing of music in public streets or public places.
The using of a loudspeaker in any place of public entertainment

Ab Nabir Hussain, Aurangabad District, has applied to have the use of a loudspeaker in any place of public entertainment prohibited. He has submitted that it is an interference with his business and disrupts the peace of the locality.

Confirmation not received.
A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1948

13th June, 1952

A Bill No VIII of 1952

To amend the

Sikandar Ali Khan

Minister for Home

Birth Name: Sikandar Ali Khan

Date of Birth: 10th March 1930

Place of Birth: Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh, India

Educational Qualification: Bachelor of Arts

Occupation: Lawyer

Political Party: Congress

Other Notable Achievements: None

Reference: None
L A Bill No VIII of 1952  
A Bill to amend the Hyderabad City Police Act, IX of 1348 F  
13th June, 1952  

...
The House then adjourned till Nine of the Clock on Saturday, the 14th June, 1952
Vol. II
No. 4

HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
DEBATES

Official Report

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Price: Eight Annas.
Mr Speaker: Now we shall take up questions. Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao

Starred Questions And Answers

Subsidies to Press Trust of India and United Press of India

36. Shri Ch. Venkatrama Rao (Karimnagar). Will the hon the Chief Minister be pleased to state:

Whether it is a fact that the Government are subsidising Press Trust of India and United Press of India to the tune of thousands of Rupees?

The Minister for Labour and Information (Shri V. B. Raju)
The Government of Hyderabad are paying the Press Trust of India I.G. Rs. 30 thousand per annum and the United Press of India I.G. Rs. 17 thousand per annum as subscription.

Shri V. B. Raju: This is only towards subscription. There is no hard and fast rule.

Shri V. B. Raju: Some other agencies are also being paid subscription.

Shri V. D. Deshpande (Ippaguda): May I know the names of those agencies?

Shri V. B. Raju: The A.N.S is being paid Rs. 500 per month,
14th June, 1952.

Starred Questions and Answers

Shri V. D. Deshpande. Is the Government thinking of subscribing to any other news agencies here?

Shri V. B. Raju. Every application will be considered on its merits.

Shri M. Buchah (Sirpur). May I know since when these amounts are being paid?

Shri V. B. Raju. Every year the subscription is renewed or withdrawn.

Shri B. Ramkrishna Rao: I have already answered this question.

Mr. Speaker: Next question, Shri Ganeriwal.

Government Servants' Conduct Rules

*32. Shri L. R. Ganeriwal (Ramayanpet). Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state —

Are there any cases in which the Rules 8 and 13 of the Hyderabad Government Servants Conduct Rules, 1950, are not strictly adhered to by the Government of Hyderabad?

The Chief Minister (Shri B. Ramkrishna Rao). The answer to the question is in the negative.

Mr Speaker. Next question, Shri Ch. Venkatarama Rao.

Damage to Crops

*42. Shri Ch. Venkatarama Rao: Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state —

(i) How much Paddy (tabi) was ruined in the Hyderabad State owing to unusual summer storm and rains?

(ii) What steps have been taken to relieve the distress of the Peasants particularly in Karimnagar and Ibrahimpatnam taluqs?

Shri B. Ramkrishna Rao: The necessary information is being collected and will be placed on the table of the House within a few days.
Shri B Ramkrishna Rao I do not follow the hon. Member.

The nature of relief and to what extent the relief is being given

Shri B Ramkrishna Rao - When I said that figures are being collected I meant that detailed figures are being collected. Now I can make only general references.
Mr Speaker. Let us proceed to the next question.

SHOOTING OF MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY

*46. Shri Ch. Venkatramarao Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(i) Is it a fact that more than 8 members of the Communist party were shot dead in Telengana?

(ii) Is it also a fact that our Shri. Thorata-Lachmanamoorthi was arrested by the Vicerabhad Police and shot dead during the election campaign?
Starred Questions and Answers
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Sent: April 7th, 1952: A reply to a query from the Board of Revenue regarding the assessment of property under section 125 of the Income Tax Act.

The Board asks for clarification on the application of section 125 of the Income Tax Act.

Reply: Section 125 of the Income Tax Act applies to all properties, including agricultural land.

The Board further seeks an explanation on the term 'agricultural land' as defined in section 125.

Reply: The term 'agricultural land' refers to land used for agricultural purposes.

The Board also inquires about the exemption of certain properties under section 125.

Reply: Certain properties, such as land used for religious purposes, are exempt from section 125.

The Board seeks a clarification on the definition of 'property' under section 125.

Reply: Property includes all assets owned by an individual.

The Board asks for a clarification on the applicability of section 125 to non-resident individuals.

Reply: Section 125 applies to non-resident individuals as well.

The Board inquires about the procedure for the assessment of property under section 125.

Reply: The process involves the identification of properties, assessment of their value, and the imposition of tax.

The Board also seeks an explanation on the procedures for appeals against assessments under section 125.

Reply: Appeals can be made to the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal.

The Board asks for a clarification on the definition of 'income' under section 125.

Reply: Income includes all earnings derived from property.

The Board inquires about the tax rate applicable to property under section 125.

Reply: The tax rate is determined based on the value of the property.

The Board seeks a clarification on the procedures for the revision of assessments under section 125.

Reply: Assessments can be revised if new information is provided or if there is a change in the market value of the property.

The Board asks for a clarification on the definition of 'residence' under section 125.

Reply: Residence is defined as the place where an individual resides for a significant portion of the tax year.

The Board inquires about the procedures for the correction of errors in assessments under section 125.

Reply: Errors can be corrected by submitting a correction certificate.

The Board seeks a clarification on the definition of 'property' for the purpose of section 125.

Reply: Property includes all assets owned by an individual.

The Board inquires about the procedures for the exemption of certain properties under section 125.

Reply: Certain properties, such as land used for religious purposes, are exempt from section 125.

The Board asks for a clarification on the applicability of section 125 to non-resident individuals.

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The Board inquires about the procedures for the correction of errors in assessments under section 125.

Reply: Errors can be corrected by submitting a correction certificate.
Mr Speaker

Next question

**LATHI CHARGE IN AURANGABAD JAILS**

Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(i) Whether there was lathi charge in Aurangabad Jail in the first week of April?

(ii) If so, for what reasons?

(iii) Whether the Government have taken any steps in the matter?

Chair of the Speaker
Starred Questions and Answers 14th June, 1952.

Mr. Speaker: Let us now proceed to the next question.

**ATROCITIES IN JAILS**

*48 Shri Ch Venkatramarao* Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(i) Whether he is aware of the atrocities that Jail Superintendent of Warangal, (Shri Achutmal Manji) has committed on the prisoners in that Jail?

(ii) If so, what steps have been taken in the matter?
Mr. Speaker What is it that the hon Member is reading?

Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao It is a Press Report

Shri B. Ramakrishna Rao A Report from Praja Shakthi.
Mr. Speaker  Let us now proceed to the next question.

Shri V D Deshpande  I have to ask some supplementary questions regarding the same jail.

Mr Speaker  It is more argumentative

Shri V D Deshpande  It is not argumentative, Sir.

Mr. Speaker  The hon. Member has to ask for information only
Mr. Speaker Ch Venkat Rama Rao.

SUPPLY OF BOOKS TO POLITICAL PRISONERS

*49 Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao Will the hon Minister for Home be pleased to state—

Whether he is aware that only pro-American papers and books are being supplied to the political prisoners in Sate Jails?

Shri D. Rao Naidu—Yes, Sir. Delegates are familiar with the conditions of the prisoners. Neem tree water will be adequate.

Mr. Speaker—Sir, I am speaking of the supply of books and papers to the political prisoners in Sate Jails.

Shri V. Rama Rao—Pro-Russian books and papers are also supplied to the prisoners.

Mr. Speaker—Sir, I am speaking about the supply of books and papers in general. Whether he is aware that only pro-American books and papers are being supplied to the political prisoners in Sate Jails?

Shri V. Rama Rao—It is not true. Both pro-American and pro-Russian books are supplied to the prisoners.

Mr. Speaker—Sir, I am speaking about the supply of books and papers. Whether he is aware that only pro-American books and papers are being supplied to the political prisoners in Sate Jails?

Shri V. Rama Rao—Both pro-American and pro-Russian books are supplied to the prisoners.

Mr. Speaker—Sir, I am speaking about the supply of books and papers. Whether he is aware that only pro-American books and papers are being supplied to the political prisoners in Sate Jails?

Shri V. Rama Rao—Both pro-American and pro-Russian books are supplied to the prisoners.

Mr. Speaker—Sir, I am speaking about the supply of books and papers. Whether he is aware that only pro-American books and papers are being supplied to the political prisoners in Sate Jails?

Shri V. Rama Rao—Both pro-American and pro-Russian books are supplied to the prisoners.
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14th June, 1952.

مشتر اسکندر - ا рамках کہ وہ اسکرپ راہو کا سوال نبھدا تاہم کسے سوال کی حاضر

ہیں، حضرت کی چھوٹی حضرت تو معلوم آرائند، بس دو سوال کی حاضرہ نہ وہ اپنی حضر

کے ساؤن کا مسیت دین اور اکثریہ حواس دیا حاضرہ گا۔

شیری میں ایج - یوکس رام اور کبی آریل مسیت بہ اخلاق کی اسکتریہ

کہ اف‌۔ سی - اہم تین سے حضرت کہ ہد ورگن کہ کو آرائند کی تھی نہیں نہ سکرت ایک ہی مسیت، ان کی

حاذم میں پیس کیا نما کہ ہمین صرف امریکی روزیور دیا خانہ کہ اور دوسرے احوار

بہت سے - سوؤل یہ کہ انہوں نے انہوں نے پیسی دیئے۔ کہ اپنی حاضرہ گے لیکن اس عمل میں

ہیں۔

شیری دو کھمر راؤ بندو - یہ دیوانا کی حاضرہ گا۔

شیری کے - ایل - رسپه ان راؤ (بلندو یا مام) کیا میں یہ سوال کرسکتا ہوئے کہ

حاس طرح دیس کہ ہیں، والی احوارات کی لکھ ہے کہ یہاں اسی طرح ہے دیس نہیں والی احوارات

کی ہیں۔

شیری دو کھمر راؤ بندو - گوستیک کے ناس ایسی کیؤں لسٹ پیس ہیں۔

لیکن

گوستیک کی طرف ہے جو بوپس دیئے - حاضرہ گے ہیں، وہ اس نوٹ اک کہیں جس کو اطلاع دی

حاطہ گا۔

شیری کے - ایل - رسپه ان راؤ - ایسی بھی ہو احوار جہتی ہیں انکے بھی دیس

کا مسیت کاہل؟

شیری دو کھمر راؤ بندو - کوئی ایسی ایک اسی دیس اتے آتے آتے، تو میں اسکے نارے میں

پوجھر نتاسکا ہوئے -

شیری کے - ایل - رسپہ ان راؤ - کیا میں یہ پوجھر نتاسکا ہوئے کہ ایسی احوارات

مثل ہا دیس، دیس اتے، تو اج کہ ہیں دیس نہیں؟

مشتر اسکندر - کیا آبیکا مشت پر شہرے احوارات جہتی ہیں وہ سیس کے سب

دیس ہاں؟

شیری کے - ایل - رسپہ ان راؤ - علوم کی احوارات کو بہرہ سمجھی ہے?

ہیں تو ہیں کیونے کہ؟

شیری دو کھمر راؤ بندو - حکومت ایسی فلک کرنے سے لسٹیہ ہے،

شیری وی - ایسی دیسیا کے حکومت احوارات فری دیرھی ہے؟

شیری دو کھمر راؤ بندو - لاکھی نے ہے
200 I^AjM^, IQ52 *S?%nT^QM2FfZ0MFgMj^M.%7(?fF

شری یو - دیسپالیتے - حس افرادی دیے رہئی ہیں تو نہ ہوئے، دون کو انکی
صرفہ کا لبیریہ ہے دیے کی کیا حاص وچہ ہے؟

شری ڈاگمر راؤ بندو - کوئی حاص وچہ بہت نلکہ حس جیر کو روکے
کیلئے اپنی حیات کہ سہکا حسن ہُیں تھے اور جیر حیل دیں کسی دیسائی کی؟

شری یو - دیسپالیتے - کیا یہ صحیح ہے کہ ان حیاتات کو پلاوے سے
روکا حکومت کا مساہت؟

شری ڈاگمر راؤ بندو - جوہنکہ وہان ایسکار کا موقع ہے اس لیے حکومت
کا وصہ کہ وہ اسکار روکے -

شری یو - دیسپالیتے - حب آب دار ناہ کہے کہ کسی کہ کسی کہ کسی گمپریزم
کی بوررسیل بور ایسٹ نے تو بھر اس بر اغراض کی کیا وچہ ہے؟

شری ڈاگمر راؤ بندو - حیل کی ناہر اس دی سیکس آرائی حاصہ ہے
کہ کوی اسے عقائد کا وہارکرہا - لیکن حیل کو قواعد کا باندی نہیں ہے -

شری یو - دیسپالیتے - کیا حیل کہ رکھے کا مساہت انکے کو انکے روکے
kہ جب لکیں بنائی( Thoughts ) کو روکے کہ؟

شری ڈاگمر راؤ بندو - یہاں تھا پر کسی کا کچھوں بھین ہوسکتا -

شری لکشمی کو رکھا - کیا حیل کہ حیاتات دیں حائین دیں اس سے ہوسکے چہا نہ
کہ اندیشی؟

شری ڈاگمر راؤ بندو - اسہا ہوسکتا ہے -

شری گوارنتی - حب کانگورس وایلی حیلیں مین بہی تھو انکی حیات بہ
احیارات کا کیمپیک کیا تھا کہ اسے ایہ حیات دیں حائین - اس وقت کیا طریقہ کار احتیار
کیا گیا؟

شری ڈاگمر راؤ بندو - حیاتات وہان دیں حائین دیں ہو کہ لیکے میں بہایک
دیو ہوئی نہیں -

شری گوارنتی - سوامی حب حیلیں مین بہی تھو انکی طرف سے حوٹیئکہ کیا تھا کیا
تھا کیا آپ اسے واقفہ ہی؟

شری ڈاگمر راؤ بندو - مجبور علم چین محمد
Mr Speaker  Let us proceed to the next question

TREATMENT OF POLITICAL PRISONERS

*50. Shri Ch. Venkataramarao  Will the hon. Minister for Home be pleased to state:

(i) Is it a fact that Political prisoners are beaten and harassed on their way to courts?

(ii) If so, what steps have been taken by the Government in the matter?
Mr Speaker Let us proceed to the next question

RETRENCHED TEACHERS

Will the hon Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state Whether he is reconsidering the question of the retrenched teachers?

The Minister for Public Health, Medical & Education (Shri Phoolchand Gandhi) Presumably the Member is referring to the question of Primary School teachers whose liens have been terminated for failure to pass regional language test after 3 chances. If so the answer is in the negative for the following reasons

Out of a total number of 2,955 teachers, who, under the orders issued, has to appear for regional language tests, 1,483 have passed and resumed duty. Liens of 477 teachers who have failed in all the 3 tests have had to be terminated 251 teachers have not yet appeared for any test though given facilities. The question of giving them another chance to appear for a test or termination of their lien is now under consideration. The result of the 4th test held in April this year is not known and the last test will be held in October, 1952.

As it is the policy of this State to impart education through the medium of the regional languages, it is not possible to continue in service, teachers who have failed to pass the regional language test, though given leave for the purpose and three chances to pass it.
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شیری ہے۔ جدگا نہیں۔ اس حکم کے تحت ہوں عمل کیا گیا اسکی تفصیل بیان کی ہے۔

سےکسی ہے۔

شیری وی۔ دیہی۔ دیہی۔ بیٹھی۔ لیکن انہوں حس کا دکھ کر کیا گیا ہے اس کے سے متعلق ایس اعماجی کی کہا گیا۔

شیری ہے۔ جدگا نہیں۔ معمول دیکھا ہوئی گا۔ اس وقت سرے ناس اسے دوجاہرہ۔

اس میں اس کا دکھ کر ہیں۔

شیری وی۔ دیہی۔ دیہی۔ اس سلسلے میں ہو سہورنہ میس کیا گیا ہے کیا؟

وہ آرسیل مسٹر کے پاس ہوں ہے؟

شیری ہے۔ جدگا نہیں۔ میرے پاس ہیں۔

شیری رکھ راہ چلنےکے (گنگا کہوئے) کیا آرسیل مسٹر یہ مسکر ہے کہ دوران رحمت میدی مدرس کے نجواہ ہو۔

شیری نہ ہوچدگا نہیں۔ رحمت کے رہے نے میں حوصلہ دی حاصل جاہی。

وہ دی حاصل ہے۔

شیری کے ہی۔ بر سیہوان راہو۔ اسی رحمت کے رہے نے میں آدمی بحواہ دی حاصل ہے۔

کہتے ہیں۔

شیری ہے۔ جدگا نہیں۔ رحمت کے قواعد کے تحت حسی صورت ہو نہیں

با ہوری بحواہ دی حاصل ہے۔

شیری کے ہی۔ بر سیہوان راہو۔ بعض مقام بہ رہے ہوئے تجواہ دیکھی ہے۔

شیری ہے۔ جدگا نہیں۔ قانون کے تحت دیکھی ہے۔

(Leave) کیا ہے۔

کہا ہے۔ مسیح میں کہ مدرس کو لوہر

لیے برہم ور کیا گیا؟

شیری ہے۔ جدگا نہیں۔ جدگا نہیں۔ مئی سیہوان کی لے سکیں کہ کیا جاہیں کاہاتا ہے۔

شیری کے ہی۔ بر سیہوان راہو۔ کہا ہے۔ میرے ہن۔ کہ ریصل لیاگاہی کے

صوہوں کے زکے کے کہ مائے ہوگیاہی کر ملائٹی سے علحدہ کیا گیا؟

شیری ہے۔ جدگا نہیں۔ یہ بالکل غلط ہے۔

شیری وی۔ دیہی۔ بیٹھی۔ کیا چوہتی کے سرلیکھ انکے پاس ہوگیا؟

باوجود انہوں علحدہ کیا کیا گیا ہے؟
14th June, 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

Shri Bhopal Chandgadhe - (Question)

1. What is the nature of the Union Council of Rehoboth?
2. What is the nature of the Union Council of Rehoboth?
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Shri Bhopal Chandgadhe - (Answer)

1. The nature of the Union Council of Rehoboth is as follows:
   - It is a local government body.
   - It is responsible for the administration of the area.
   - It is elected by the people of the area.
   - It has the power to make laws for the area.

2. The nature of the Union Council of Rehoboth is as follows:
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    - It has the power to make laws for the area.
85. **Shri A. Raj Reddy (Suhantibad)** Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

(1) Whether the Doctors in Government service are allowed to have private practice?

(2) If so, whether such Doctors utilize medicines and equipment supplied to them by the Government for purposes of their practice?

(3) If so, how many cases of such improper utilization for private practice have come to the notice of the Government during the current year and what action has been taken by the Government in respect of them?

**Shri Phoolchand Gandhi** — (1) Doctors in Government service are allowed to have consulting practice and visit patients out of hospital hours

(2) No

(3) None

**Shri L. K. Shroff (Raichur)** Is it a fact that a complaint has been made to Government regarding a particular lady Doctor of Raichur in this connection?

**Shri Phoolchand Gandhi** A complaint has been received by Government and it is still under investigation. The complainants have not come forward even though they were asked by the Government to give evidence.
Starred Questions and Answers

14th June, 1952

Sherry R. Jones - Law and Order

The question was asked: 'Has the government done anything to improve the situation?'

Sherry replies: 'Yes, we have taken several measures to address the situation. First, we have increased the police force in the affected areas. Second, we have launched a public awareness campaign to educate people about the importance of law and order. Third, we have introduced new laws to punish those involved in such activities. These measures have already started showing results. However, it will take time to see significant improvements.'

Bob: 'I agree. But what about the long-term solutions? Are there any plans to address the root causes of these issues?'

Sherry: 'Absolutely. We are currently working on a comprehensive strategy that includes economic development, education, and job creation programs to address the root causes of these issues. These initiatives will help create a better future for the people in this region.'

Bob: 'That's great to hear. Thank you for your time and effort.'

Sherry: 'You're welcome. It's our responsibility to serve the people and ensure their safety and well-being.'

---

Sherry was appointed to the position of Director of Law and Order just a month ago. She has been working tirelessly to improve the situation in the region. Her transparent and proactive approach has been widely appreciated by the community.
Mr Speaker The hon Member is going into too many details

(Laughter)
Mr. Speaker: We shall proceed to the next question. Shri Raj Reddy.

Shri Raj Reddy: Only one more supplementary question, Sir.
Mr. Speaker: Order, Order We shall proceed to the next question Shri Raj Reddy

RETRENCHED TEACHERS

*89 Shri Raj Reddy Will the hon Minister for public Health, Medical & Education be pleased to state

(a) Whether there is any case pending in the Hyderabad High Court, filed by Retrenched Teachers Association against the Education Department?

(b) Whether Stay Orders have been issued therein against Education Department?

(c) Whether any orders have been passed against them after the Stay Order?

(d) Whether then position is aggravated on that account?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi (a) No petition was filed by the 'Retrenched Teachers' Association against the Education Department. However, two teachers by name Shri Abdus Samad and Shri Yasin Ali who were given leave to enable them to appear for the language test filed a petition in the Hyderabad High Court for a writ of certiorari, Mandamus and Prohibition against the Education Department for declaring as null and void the Press note and order issued by the Hyderabad Government calling upon the Primary School Teachers to pass the Regional Language Test.

(b) A Stay Order was passed by the High Court on the 5th November, 1951, applicable to the above two teachers.

The original petition was, however, ultimately dismissed by the High Court on the 20th January, 1952.

(c) & (d) The answer is in the negative. On the other hand, both the teachers were permitted to join duty, since they passed the test held in October, 1951.
Let us proceed to the next question Shri Ganeriwal.

**ADALAT ARAISH BALDA**

*66 Shri L R Ganeriwal* Will the hon. Minister for Local Government be pleased to state:

(1) Whether it is a fact that the Court of Nazim, Adalat Araish Balda has been abolished?

(2) If so how many cases were pending before the Court when it was abolished?

(3) What arrangements have been made in respect of the work that was being attended to by the said Court?

**The Minister for Local Self Government (Shri Anna Rao Ganamukhi)** —

(1) The City Improvement Board Court was abolished on 1st January, 1951.

(2) The number of pending cases before the City Improvement Board Court at the time of its abolition was 74.

(3) The Collector, Hyderabad District, has been authorised to deal and dispose of such cases.

An hon Member. May I know the reason for the abolition of the Court?

**Shri Anna Rao Ganamukhi** As a measure of economy it has been abolished.

Mr. Speaker. We shall proceed to the next question. Shri Ganeriwal.

**MISAPPROPRIATION OF MUNICIPAL FUND**

*67. Shri L. R. Ganeriwal.* Will the hon. Minister for Local Self Government be pleased to state:

(1) Whether it is a fact that some officers of the Municipal Corporation (Hyderabad), were charged for having misappropriated some amounts?
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(2) If so what action has been taken against those Officers?

(3) How many of such cases have been disposed of and how many are still pending?

Shri Anna Rao Ganamukhi  (1) A few officers of the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation have been charged for misappropriation

(2) Prosecutions have been instituted against the accused officers. They are still under the trial of the Court.

(3) Administrative action has been taken against the Assessor and four Assistant Assessors of the Tax Department for carelessness by transferring them, and five inspectors have been compulsorily retired. Prosecutions have been launched against twelve Bill Collectors and the cases are under trial.
Mr. Speaker : Let us proceed to the next question. Shri Raj Reddy.
WATER SUPPLY—KARIMNAGAR TOWN

*79 Shri R. Reddy Will the hon Minister for Local Self Government be pleased to state

(1) Whether a Water Supply Scheme for Karimnagar Town is under the consideration of the Government?

(2) If so, when will the scheme come into operation?

Shri A. Rao Ganamukhi (1) A scheme for Water Supply and Drainage for Karimnagar Town estimated to cost over Rs 14 Lakhs (fourteen lakhs of rupees) has been prepared.

(2) In view of the present financial stringency it is not possible to state when the scheme can be put into operation.

An hon. Member May I know the sum allotted for the year 1951-52 and 1952-53 for water supply scheme?

Shri A. Rao Ganamukhi The amount provided for in the Budget for 1952-53 is 20 lakhs and now in the revised Budget it is 15 lakhs.

An hon. Member May I know the reason for the reduction of 5 lakhs?


An hon. Member Shri A. Rao Ganamukhi. Karimnagar is suffering from scarcity of funds?

Shri A. Rao Ganamukhi: Essential items are being provided at the minimum level.
214 14th June, 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

Mr. Speaker. The question hour is now over.

UNSTARRED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Report of the Public Service Commission

49. Shri K. V. Narayana Reddy (Rajgopalpeth): Will the hon. the Chief Minister be pleased to state-

When the annual reports of the Hyderabad Public Service Commission for the year 1949, 1st April to 31st March, 1950, and 1st April, 1951 to 31st March, 1952 will be laid before the House by the Government as required by clause (2) of Article 323 of the Constitution?
Shri B Ramakrishna Rao. No Annual Report was prepared by the Hyderabad Public Service Commission for the year, 1st April, 1949 to 31st March, 1950, as the Constitution of India came into force only on the 26th January, 1950. The Annual Report for the year, 1st April, 1950 to 31st March, 1951 together with the Government's Memorandum explaining the reasons for non-acceptance of the Commission's advice in particular cases as required under article 323 (2) of the Constitution and the Government's Resolution in this particular case of the Commission's Report for the year 1950-51 will be placed on the table of the House during its current session.

Government have not as yet received the Report of the Public Service Commission for the year 1st April 1951 to 31st March 1952. It is expected to be received before the end of September 1952.

**Repatriation of Officials from other States**

62. Shri G Raja Ram (Armoor). Will the hon. Chief Minister be pleased to state

(a) Whether officials of the other States are still working in the State?

(b) If so, what is their number?

(c) When will their repatriation to their respective provinces be completed?

(d) Have any of them been absorbed in the Hyderabad services?

(e) If so, how many and for what reasons?

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao. (a) Yes (b) 15 officers working in Departments other than Police

42. Gazetted officers
53 Inspectors
187 Sub-Inspectors
297 Officers gazetted & non-gazetted.

(c) As and when conditions permit Attempts are however being made for their early repatriation.

(d) None.

(e) Does not arise.
65 Shri L K Shroff (Raichur) Will the hon the Chief
Minister be pleased to state

a (i) The number of appointments made by the Public
Service Commission, after the Police action?

(ii) Whether these appointments were given to non-
mulkies?

(iii) If so, the number of such appointments?

(iv) The reasons for such appointments?

(v) The number of mulkies appointed?

b (i) Whether any appointments that are within the pur-
view of the Public Service Commission have been
made without reference to the Public Service
Commission?

(ii) If so, the number of such appointments department-wise

(iii) The reasons for by-passing the rules of appoint-
ment

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao.

a

(i) 

(ii) 

(iii) 

(iv) 

(v) 

b

(i) 

(ii) 

(iii) 

Information is being collected and it
will be placed before the House
within a few days.

D I S P L A C E M E N T O F K O Y A S

63 Shri G Raja Ram. Will the hon Minister for Home be
pleased to state.

(i) Whether it is a fact that many Koyas have been displaced
consequent to the Government’s scheme to settle them in new
villages (Koyas centres)?

(ii) Whether the Government is considering to allow them
to go back to their villages?

Shri Digambar Rao Bindu: (i) It will be necessary to answer
this question in some detail. When the terrorists were badly
pressed by the Armed Forces, they fled into the jungles of
Warangal district where mainly by threats and violence, they
compelled the innocent tribesmen to give them succour. They committed all sorts of atrocities on account of which the tribesmen suffered. The Government of Hyderabad, therefore, decided to open rehabilitation centres in several places for their settlement. Timber, building material, medicines, bullocks, foodgrains, etc., were either supplied free or on hire-purchase system. Drinking water wells were similarly sunk in many places. The settlers were also exempt from grazing fee and foodgrains procurement order. Approximately 25,000 acres of land have been assigned to the Koya families. The tribesmen were induced to stay in the centres in their own interest. They are allowed to leave the camps and return to their original homes.

(ii) This question does not arise

RAISING OF MIDDLE SCHOOLS TO HIGH SCHOOLS.

66. Shri L K Shroff Will the hon. Minister for Public-Health, Medical and Education be pleased to state

(a) How many Middle Schools were raised into High Schools in the years 1949-50, 1950-51 and 1951-52?

(b) What is their number region-wise?

(c) Whether these schools are properly and adequately staffed and equipped?

(d) If not, what are the difficulties in the way and what measures are being taken to remove them?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi

(a) 1949-50
   1950-51
   1951-52

   Nil

   Three Boys' Middle Schools.

   Four Boys' Middle Schools and One Girls' Middle School

   All the three were opened in Telangana.

   One in Karnataka, another in Marathwada and the remaining two in Telangana (Golconda and Bolarum).

In addition to the above, various Middle Schools in different regions were raised to incomplete High Schools, i.e., Class VIII, IX or X were opened as under.

(a) Telangana 22.

(b) Marathwada 16.
(c) Not as satisfactorily as this Government would like to. This applies in particular to the Jagir Schools taken over by Government.

**Staff** Some of the old schools have surplus non-regional language teachers who can be replaced on their retirement by regional language teachers.

Some of the Jagir Schools require more qualified staff. In the case of Jagir Secondary Schools adequate staff have been provided.

**Equipment** Equipment in some Jagir Schools is deficient. Furniture in most of the old schools has become unserviceable. In the case of schools opened during or after 1951, adequate equipment, science apparatus, etc., have been provided either from public contribution or from Government.

It may be added that during the disturbed conditions at the time of the Police Action, the furniture and science apparatus and educational materials in some schools specially those near the border got broken or were destroyed or were lost, and these are being replaced gradually.

(d) During the last two years, regional language media have been gradually introduced in Classes V to X with the result that the number of Urdu medium classes has been decreasing and the Urdu staff is becoming surplus more and more.

The main difficulty, therefore, is existence of surplus non-regional language staff who cannot be replaced immediately.

There is also a marked increase in the number of pupils and a keen demand from the public of every place to have educational facilities as near as possible.

Financial stringency also is one of the reasons.

The following remedial measures have been taken namely:

All Primary School teachers who are not proficient in the regional language concerned, have been asked to pass a regional language test.

Fresh appointments are being made only from among those who are proficient in one of the regional languages.
(1) What are the respective recommendations made by the Advisor to Government on adult education and the Special Committee on the subject of adult education?

(2) The extent to which these recommendations have been accepted and implemented?

Shri Phoolchand Gandhi 1 A copy of Chapter 17 of the Report on Adult Education submitted by the Adviser to Government on adult education which contains his recommendation has been furnished in answer to unstarred Question No 34 of Shri M S Rajalingam (Page 89, vol II No 1) These recommendations will be implemented after funds are made available for the expenditure to be incurred on the scheme on Social Education as part of the Five year plan.

(2) Some of the important recommendations made by the special Committee for Adult Education from time to time are given below as also an indication to the extent to which they have been implemented or are proposed to be implemented.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

1. Adult Education Day and Adult Education Week should be observed every year

2. Special Committee members to inspect Adult Schools on voluntary basis.

3. Follow-up courses should be provided as soon as possible.

4. It is a matter of gratification that the Govern-

At the instance of the Government of India and in view of co-ordination with other States of India, Adult Education Day is being celebrated in this State on the 1st November of every year. In the last week of April, Adult Education Week is being observed in all the High Schools of our State and the students are induced to do Adult Education work in summer vacations.

The members are inspecting the schools now and then. Sometimes the Inspector and his Assistants also accompany them on their request.

Action is being taken. A sub-committee has been formed to work out the details about it.

A sum of Rs. 10 lakhs has been kept for Social Education in the
ment have under-taken a Five-year plan for Social Education, but the Committee is of opinion that a more broad-based programme should be undertaken and that necessary funds be provided by diverting a part of the funds provided for the expansion of Primary schools under the Five-year plan.

5 Incorporate the present programme of the Inspectorate of Adult Education with regard to the expansion of its activities in respect of Literacy Classes; Libraries, Summer Camps, etc., in the general scheme of Social Education as this would ensure economy of funds as well as better and lasting results.

Hospitals in Hyderabad City

70 Shri L R Ganeriwal: Will the hon. Minister for Public Health, Medical and Education, be pleased to state:

(a) The number of beds provided in each of the following hospitals in Hyderabad City:

(i) Osmania.
(ii) Victoria.
(iii) City
(iv) Sultan Bazar
(v) Golkonda

(b) The average number of patients who are provided with free diet, milk and fruits in each of the above hospitals?

(c) Whether an effective supervision on the receipt and disbursements of food, milk and fruits, etc., is maintained?

(d) Whether accounts are checked by proper authorities of these hospitals?
Although the following number of beds are sanctioned for each hospital, yet, we have been invariably admitting more patients to these hospitals to meet the pressing needs of the public. The number of beds provided in the Hospitals of the City are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No of beds</th>
<th>Hospital</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) Osmania General Hospital 850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Victoria Zenana Hospital 400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iii) City Hospital (Chaderghat) 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iv) Sultan Bazar Hospital 72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(v) Golconda Hospital 85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total 1,431</td>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total 1,431</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Effective supervision is being maintained by the Steward or Sister in charge who supervises the receipts and disbursement of food and also by the R.M Os.

The accounts are being checked periodically by the R.M Os and Superintendents of the respective Hospitals. The Audit Section of the Accountant-General's Office also checks these accounts.

Discussion on the Mode of Election to the Local Advisory Committee, Central Railway, Secunderabad and the Senate of Osmania University.
We have to decide whether the mode of election of two members to the Local Advisory Committee, Central Railway, Secunderabad and four members to the Senate of the Osmania University should be by proportional representation by a single transferable vote or ordinary.

Mr Speaker I have only raised the question before the House I did not put any motion for discussion.

What is meant by proportional representation and the ordinary method of voting is known to all members I do not think that we should spend much time over this point.
Discussion on the Mode of
Election to the Local Advisory
Committee, Central Railway,
Secunderabad and the Senate
of Osmania University

Sheri V. B. Raju  The representation that is given in the
University is for the Assembly as a whole and not for individuals
or parties. If these committees are to be elected within the frame­
work of the House, it is in the fitness of things that as far as possible
all shades of opinion are represented. But where the House as a
whole is to be represented, there is no question of a particular
shade of opinion being given representation. It is the representation
of the Assembly as such and therefore this argument in favour
of giving representation to all shades of opinion or to all the political
parties in the House will not hold good. No rules have been
provided for giving proportional representation and the opinion
of the House as a whole will have to be taken into consideration
and I do not think much more light can be thrown by this discussion.
The representation is for the House as a whole and not on a party
basis.
Mr Speaker: I do not think we should have a discussion on this question. Already we have spent much time over it.

Discussion of the Mode of Election to the Local Advisory Committee, Central Railway, Secunderabad and the Senate of Osmania University.

Democratic Party - Mr Speaker: I do not think we should have a discussion on this question. Already we have spent much time over it.

Discussion
The following resolution was passed by the Legislative Assembly (Bombay) on the 19th August, 1937:

"That this Assembly do adopt for the purpose of election of representatives of the Assembly on the University Senate, the following rule as authorised by the Statute 162 framed under the Bombay University Act, *mutatis mutandis* framed for the election of the members to the Public Accounts Committee"

(Page 133 of the LA Debates)
**Discussion on the Mode of Election to the Local Advisory Committee, Central Railway, Secunderabad and the Senate of Osmania University**

The question is "that the mode of election of two members to the Local Advisory Committee, Central Railway, Secunderabad, and four members to the Senate of the Osmania University shall be by proportional representation by single transferable vote."

The Secretary will count the votes if there is no objection. If there is any objection other method will have to be adopted.

**Shri V.D. Deshpande**. We have belief in the Secretary and he can count

(Pause for counting)

**Shri Guruvva Reddy**. May I point out Sir, that the hon. Minister cannot enter now while the counting is going on

**Shri V.B. Raju**. He has already entered the house.
Mr Speaker 62 votes are in favour of proportional representation by single transferable vote and 90 are against it. (Loud and continued cheers from Treasury Benches).

Shri V D Deshpande As against the undemocratic attitude of the Congress Party

Mr Speaker No remarks now. This is after all the decision of the House and this is the democratic method.

(Shri V D Deshpande rose in the seat).

Mr Speaker: Order! Order!

Shri V D Deshpande I declare on behalf of the Opposition that we are not going to take part in the elections and we are going to walk out as a protest.

Mr Speaker: Whatever the hon Member wants he can do.

This is a protest against democracy and against the House. (Cheers from the Treasury Benches)

(At this stage, the Opposition Members walked out).

An hon Member from Opposition. (While leaving) This is not a protest against democracy, but this is a protest against the Ruling Party.

(Pause)

Mr Speaker We shall have elections at 10.30 A.M. as declared before.

At 10.30 A.M., the ballot papers will be distributed.

The House then adjourned for recess till Half Past Ten of the Clock.
The House re-assembled after recess at Half past ten of the Clock

[Mr Speaker in the Chair]

**Election to Local Advisory Board, Central Railway Secunderabad.**

*Mr Speaker* We shall now proceed to the election of two members to the Local Advisory Board, Central Railway, Secunderabad. There were four candidates standing for this election, viz

1. Shri G Hanumantha Rao
3. Shri Laxminivas Ganeriwal
4. K R Veeraswamy

Out of these, Shri G Hanumantharao and Shri Madhav Rao have withdrawn their candidatures. Therefore, the candidates that are left are Shri Laxminivas Ganeriwal and Shri K.R Veeraswamy, and as there are only two candidates for these two seats, no polling is necessary. I, therefore, declare Shri Laxminivas Ganeriwal and Shri K R Veeraswamy as elected.

Regarding the withdrawals, the House will probably remember that although we had fixed the time as 12 noon yesterday, day before yesterday a Member made a suggestion that withdrawals might be accepted even after. They have therefore been accepted till 10-30 am that is before the commencement of the election today.

**Election to the Senate of Osmania University.**

*Mr Speaker*. The next item is election of four members to the Senate of the Osmania University. There were eight candidates in all for this, viz

1. Shri Gopalrao Ekbote.
2. Smt Masooma Begum.
3. Shri M. Narsingrao
4. S Pratap Reddy
5. Smt Rajamani Devi
Election to the Senate of
Osmama University

14th June, 1952

Out of these eight, four have withdrawn their candidatures, viz.

2. Shri Syed Akhtar Hussain
3. ,, Udhavrao Patil
4. ,, Gurva Reddy

Therefore, there are only four candidates remaining. As there are only four seats for which election has to be held and as there are only four candidates, no polling is necessary. I, therefore, declare

1. Shri Gopalrao Ekbote
3 Shri M Narsimg Rao.
4. ,, S Pratap Reddy

as duly elected to the Senate of the Osmama University.

Election to the Committee on Estimates.

Mr Speaker Regarding the election to the Estimates Committee, there are three candidates:

1. Shri Chander Rao B.M.
2. ,, G Rajaram.
3. ,, Mohammed Ali Moosavi.

Out of these three, one has to be elected to the Estimates Committee. This election will be by a single transferable vote as has been laid down in our Rules. Now, the ballot papers will be distributed and then the hon. Members.

Shri B Ramakrishna Rao: May I know, Sir, whether you have any information as to the hon. Members, who have not participated in other elections, are going to take part in this election because their candidates have not withdrawn, and this is by single transferable vote.

Mr Speaker: I have no information of any kind. We have fixed as 10-30 a.m. the time for election and the order chosen was,
firstly, election to the Advisory Board, Central Railway, Secunderabad, secondly, election to the Senate of the Osmania University and, thirdly, election to the Committee on Estimates.

(Pause)

We shall now adjourn for recess.

Dr. Chenna Reddy I submit that the election should be conducted at the time fixed.

Mr. Speaker We shall have recess and proceed with the election later

The House then adjourned for recess till Half past Eleven of the clock.

The House re-assembled after recess at Half past Eleven of the Clock.

[Mr Speaker in the Chair]

Mr. Speaker We shall now proceed to the Election of a Member to the Committee on Estimates

Election to the Committee on Estimates will be conducted on the basis of proportional representation by means of a single transferable vote, under sub-rule (3) of Rule 117-B of the Rules of the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly. Ballot papers bearing the names of the candidates proposed for election will be issued to each hon Member by the Secretary. The Elector is expected to mark the order of preference, such as 1, 2 and 3 in figures against the names of candidates. As only one candidate is to be elected, the elector should only mark one preference and not more than one.

The Secretary will now distribute the ballot papers
Mr. Speaker - It will take a lot of time.

Mr. Speaker - True, it may take a lot of time.

Mr. Speaker - No such remarks.

Mr. Speaker - Will we be able to finish it within one hour? If so, we shall fix the time at 12-30.

Mr. Speaker - I want to allot one full hour for voting. So we shall meet again at 12-40 when the results of voting will be declared.
Dr Chenna Reddy Am I to take it, Sir, that there will be
no further discussion after that?

Mr. Speaker Of course, if time permits, we shall try to
finish the second reading of the Bill to amend the Hyderabad City
Police Act We have already discussed it for a very long time and
so we can try to finish the second reading of the Bill

Dr Chenna Reddy There will be only a few minutes
time left to us after the results of voting are declared Instead of
taking up the second reading of the bill, I suggest we shall adjourn
for the day

The Minister for Rural Reconstruction (Shri Devnath Venkat-
singh Chawhan) I would suggest that the actual voting should
be held between 4 to 5 p.m. or 5-30 p.m. and the House should
now go on with its usual business

(Cries of ' no '; ' no ')

Mr Speaker If it is the desire of the House that only elec-
tion work should be done now, and not legislative work the result
of the voting will be declared at 12-45 and then we shall re se for
the day

The House then adjourned for recess till Forty five minutes
past Twelve of the clock.

The House re-assembled after recess at Forty five minutes
past Twelve of the Clock.

[Mr Speaker in the chair]

Mr. Speaker We have to appoint scrutineers and I
think we could have the same two persons, namely Shri Guruva
Reddy and Shri Gopal Rao Ekbote. I hope they will agree to
this.
According to the report of the scrutineers there are two ballot papers regarding which decision has to be taken. Both the scrutineers agree that one paper is valid and about the other, one of the scrutineers says it is valid and the other says it is not. They have left this issue to the decision of the Speaker. The point is that the voter has put figure (1) at one place and in another place he has merely crossed. Of course, our rule says that he should put the figures. As he has not given his vote to two members and given it only to one member, I hold this vote valid. Still, I do not think that brings any material change in the result. So, I would now read the result.

Shri Chander Rao, B M 6 votes valid plus 1 vote now declared valid, total 7.

Shri Raja Ram 56 votes valid, invalid votes 5.

Shri Mohamed Ali Moosavi Valid votes 87.

Shri Mohamed Ali Moosavi is declared elected to the Committee on Estimates.

Now we adjourn to meet on Monday morning at Nine of the Clock.

The House then adjourned till Nine of the Clock on Monday, the 16th June, 1952.
CONTENTS

Starred Questions and Answers .. 235-243
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Business of the House .. 279-280
HYDERABAD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY


(Fifth day of the Second Session.)

THE HOUSE MET AT NINE OF THE CLOCK

[MR SPEAKER IN THE CHAIR]

Starred Questions and Answers

Mr Speaker We shall now take up Questions.

DESTRUCTION OF CROPS BY BEASTS

* 90. Shri A Raja Reddy (Sultanabad) Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state

(1) Whether crops are destroyed this year by wild beasts in Sultanabad taluq?

(2) Whether farmers have no guns to fight the wild beasts?

(3) If so, what action has been taken towards this part of the 'Grow More Food' Scheme?

(4) Whether any facilities have been provided for ryots to acquire guns easily?

The Minister for Agriculture and Supply (Dr Chenna Reddy):

(1) This is a normal source of damage in areas adjacent to forests. Presumably, some damage may have been caused this year in parts of the Taluq bordering forest areas.

(2) It is true that most of the farmers have no fire arms.

(3) Proposals for organising Shikar parties, giving rewards for killing wild animals, requisitioning the services of Police in case of large-scale damages, etc are under consideration, of Government.

(4) Collectors are empowered to issue licences for muzzle-loading and breech-loading guns and rifles.

Shri A Raja Reddy: Does the Government propose to relax certain restrictions in the matter of getting guns in view of the changed conditions.
Dr. Chenna Reddy: I might suggest that this question should be addressed to the hon Home Minister.

Dr. Chenna Reddy: In cases which have been brought to our notice, necessary action has been taken.

Dr. Chenna Reddy: I cannot say at this stage the different actions taken at different stages.

Dr. Chenna Reddy: I do not know where that representation was made and if the complaint is brought to my notice I will certainly look into it.

Dr. Chenna Reddy: Nothing like that as yet.

Dr. Chenna Reddy: It would facilitate my enquiring into it if specific cases are brought to my notice.

Dr. Chenna Reddy: If this would have been brought to my notice earlier, I would have definitely looked into it.
Dr. Chenna Reddy: These details I have already submitted to the House. Certainly, there are different cases in different parts of the State and necessary steps are being taken in facilitating the giving of guns by empowering the Collectors and also by arranging Shikar parties, etc.

Dr. Chenna Reddy: It is at the discretion of the District Collectors who are authorised to do this.

Dr. Chenna Reddy: I am sorry, I do not have any specific information about this. But I assure the House that I will see to it that no delay is caused in such cases.

Mr. Speaker: Let us proceed to the next question.

All India Conference of Social Service

* 86 Shri A. Raja Reddy: Will the hon. Minister for Social Service be pleased to state

(i) Whether the Hyderabad Branch of the All India Conference of Social Service is a Government organisation?

(ii) If not, why Government servants like Tahsildars are collecting monies from the ryots for the organisation like Government demands?
شیری سکر دیو - گورنمنٹ کی حادثہ سے کوئی ماہیہ نہیں -

شیری امریت رائے (بیلی) - کیا یہ صحیح ہے کہ سوسیل سروس کمیٹی کے ارکان اہم کئی درجے جنہوں نے وصول کریں؟

شیری عبد الرحمن - اور نئی نیوزیلینڈ کی درجے جنہوں نے سوسیل سروس کیہ؟

شیری سکر دیو - رپردسی نے خان کے وصول کیہ جان کی؟

شیری لکشمی کولندا - گورنمنٹ کی حادثہ سے کوئی کوئی اسے اہکام دے گئے ہیں کہ سرگرمی سلارسی سوسیل کامون بین حسی نہ لین؟

شیری سکر دیو - سرگرمی کی طرف سے ایسے کوئی مذہبی اہکام دینے ہیں -

شیری مادھو رائے پرلکر - (ہگوپیل - مبوٹ) سوسیل سروس کئے جانے وصول کریں کہ یا کیا گورنمنٹ کی حادثہ سے اہارب دیگر ہے؟

شیری سکر دیو - سوسیل طور نر اگرگوٹی جنہوں نے واسکے لئے اہارب کی صورت نہیں -

شیری عبد الرحمن - حو جنہوں نے سوسیل سروس کیہ وصول کیہ گئے ہیں ووکیا کیہ گئی؟

شیری سکر دیو - اسکے لئے ننوس کی صورت نہیں -

شیری ایڈو رائے پریل (عوام آناد - غام) - سوسیل سروس نوع جنہوں نے اہکام دے کر رہے ہیں؟

شیری سکر دیو - یہ حضر عظیم -

شیری ایڈو رائے - کیا آئیرل مسٹر کے ناس ایسی سکایوں وصول ہوئی ہیں کہ جہد کے نام سے رسویت نہیں لیجاتیں؟

شیری سکر دیو - ایسے کوئی شکایت نہیں آئی -

شیری گرا ہیری (سձی پیہ) - اگر سرگرمی سلاورسی کو استعمال جنہوں نے وصول کریں کہاکہ جنہوں نے ایسے گھٹنے؟
Mr. Speaker : We shall proceed to the next question.

Rehabilitation Camps

* 91 Shri G Hanumantha Rao (Mulug). Will the hon. Minster for Social Service be pleased to state

Whether and if so, how many persons died in the Rehabilitation camp in Warangal ?

Shri Shankar Dwy - We shall proceed to the next question.
16th June, 1952  

Starred Questions and Answers

Questions

Figures

Rehabilitation Camps

Baseless information

Natural death
Camps - Particular camp

Jung, 1952

Particulars

Intervene

Deaths

Collect

Births
16th June, 1952  Starred Questions and Answers

Starred Questions and Answers

Particular Question

Allegation (Debts)

Rehabilitation centre

Collect

Baseless Propaganda

Collect

Allegation

Collect

Baseless
Mr Speaker I would like to close the Question Hour

71. Shri L R. Ganerwal (Ramayanpeth): Will the hon. Minister for Agriculture and Supply be pleased to state:—

(i) What were the assets and liabilities of the Hyderabad Co-operative Commercial Corporation, Ltd., when it was taken over by the Supply Department?
16th June, 1952. Unstarred Questions and Answers

(2) What provisions have been made for safeguarding the interests of the creditors of the Hyderabad Co-operative Commercial Corporation, Ltd.?

Dr. Chenna Reddy (1) The assets taken over by the Civil Supplies Department from the Hyderabad Co-operative Commercial Corporation comprise of grains, godowns, office registers, records, lorries accessories, etc., and amounts receivable by the Hyderabad Co-operative Commercial Corporation.

The liabilities comprise of amounts payable by the Hyderabad Co-operative Commercial Corporation. The accounts as on the date of taking over are under preparation.

(2) The Government of Hyderabad having taken over the assets of the Hyderabad Co-operative Commercial Corporation has accepted to meet the liabilities of this organisation thereby ensuring the interests of the creditors of the Hyderabad Co-operative Commercial Corporation.

Discussion on the Non-official Resolution No. I.

Shri V D Deshpande I beg to move the following resolution namely

This assembly recommends to the Government that immediate legislation and other steps be taken up in the matter of —

(a) Fixing of basic wage to all the employees in the factory and in the fields.
(b) One month’s leave with pay.
(c) Linking up of Dearness allowance with the cost of Living Index Number.
(d) Providing of Bonus Fund compulsorily out of profits.
(e) Other social security measures like old age pension, security of service, etc.
(f) Compulsory recognition of Unions by the employers, and
(g) Provision to meet unemployment through allowances and other measures.

Mr. Speaker: The resolution is moved.
Immediate legislation and other steps be taken up in the matter of

Social Security and social insurance, employment and unemployment

Welfare of labour including conditions of work, provident funds, employers' liability, workmen's compensation, invalidity and old age pensions and maternity benefit

Vocational and technical training of labour in factories and collieries.

And in the State List there is a provision for

Relief of the disabled and unemployed

In Directive Principles of State Policy

Art 39 "The State shall, in particular, direct its policy towards securing —

(a) that the citizens, men and women equally, have the right to an adequate means of livelihood,

(b) that the ownership and control of the material resources of the community are so distributed as best to subserve the common good;

(c) that the operation of the economic system does not result in the concentration of wealth and means of production to the common detriment,

Confirmation not received.
(d) that there is equal pay for equal work for both men and women,

(e) that the health and strength of workers, men and women, and the tender age of children are not abused and that citizens are not forced by economic necessity to enter avocations unsuited to their age or strength,

(f) that childhood and youth are protected against exploitation and against moral and material abandonment.

Art 41 The State shall, within the limits of its economic capacity and development, make effective provision for securing the right to work, to education and to public assistance in cases of unemployment, old age, sickness and disablement, and in other cases of underserved want.

Art 42 The State shall make provision for securing just and humane conditions of work and for maternity relief.

Art 43 The State shall endeavour to secure, by suitable legislation or economic organisation or in any other way, to all workers, agricultural, industrial or other-wise, work, a living wage, conditions of work ensuring a decent standard of life and full enjoyment of leisure and social and cultural opportunities and, in particular, the State shall endeavour to promote cottage industries on an individual or co-operative basis in rural areas.
کے سے متعارض ہے کہ سید حسین کو روگر وہام هو - خر آفس کو کم ملے دوقع
مسیم ہے - عزم - حب اس طرح ہے دستور کے تحت ہے جبرین جاح طاهر کرتبیگی
do میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے وہ میں ہے

سمجھنے کے سامعین کا نقصان ہی کی تعلیم کا انتظام ہوگیا - ہوگیا - ہوگیا

اس سنسنے میں حکومت ہجر آنات کی طرف ہے اب کی کمی قائم کی گئی ہے

صد ہزار گیندگی کی تحقیقات کریں کے بعد یہ جان طاهر کا ہے دیکھ کر وہ

کا سوال جار طرائقی ہے چلن کا حاسکا ہے

Enactment

1 - ان ایک ست

2 - آرسرس کورن

3 - حمل ویمن بورس

4 - اسیل نال نورد

5 - سپرنس بورد

6 - جنرل ویگز بورد

7 - سپرائژ کورن

ان جائزہ طرائقی کے دیگہ مسائل کو ہل کریں کی کوشش کی جاکس کی فیک ایک

اما مواد

وہم ہے کے یہ کی آسانی دیکھ کر اس کی جنہاں کی سالائی سیلیک کی سیلیک اطراف

انہ سے اور مسکنی بنھے میں روبیہ مقرر کیا ہے - حیدر آباد کی حکومت

روبوہ سالائی گورنمنٹ کی کاردنسن کی ملائکون کی کئے دو ملائک کی لیکن یہ محنت

کرنا ہے وہ ملائک نور ایک کی لہر این کو کی کمی ہو این این سیلیک کی

بیس ملائک کی سالائی کا ہیں کریں اس کے ہمیشہ ہو، ہمیشہ اس کے اس کا ہو کہ

ہو ہو ہیں کی وہ میں اپنے کو ہیں مسائل کی اللہ ہے اس کی وہ میں ہے کہ

خانقاہنندوں کرکٹ کریں ( Pressure)

خانقاہنندوں کی کی کلی لیکہ ریاشد وہوائی یہ انسائی برہنے کے کسی بھی

مالیک کی اب کارمن کے نہیں - اس کارمن کے سی اس کی جمعہ فائکر تکی ملائک ایک

بار سے سالائی ہے جنہاں نام میں اس وقت باد بھی ہے - اس وقت نے سوال اس کہ کمی

( نویس رکھی)

Rec commendatory

- جای خاتی نے کسی ہم دیکھ ہو اور ہو چھوٹے ہو چھوٹے کی بنی - بھیکی

حکومت ہے اب اپنے تحقیقاتی کمیٹی مقرر ہے اور مواد وہم نیا ہے میں پہچان

روہ نے ہنری کی ہو چھوٹے ہو چھوٹے کے ملائک کی ملائک کے ہیں اس کے ہے کہ

دل ملائک کا کو قوی کرکے - جوان بہ سوال پیدا ہو تا ہے کہ ملائک یہ کہ ہے کہ

کم اینے لیجیں ہے دیکھیں - بار بار کارگری کے ملائک کے سالائی ہے سوال آتے ہے

Discussion on the Non-Official
Resolution No 1

16th June, 1952

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Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1

16th June, 1952

Welfare State

Raw Material

Industrialists

Basic Wage

Municipal Workers

Government concern
Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1
16th June, 1952

Fixing of basic wage to all the employees in the factory and in the fields.

As per the order of the meeting held on 30th August, the matter of fixing the basic wage for all employees in the factory and in the fields was discussed. It was decided that the government should be approached for the fixing of basic wage to all the employees in the factory and in the fields. The government was requested to consider the matter under consideration.

Fundamental Civic rights

The rights of municipal workers were discussed. It was decided that the government should be approached for the fixing of basic wage to all the employees in the factory and in the fields.

Minimum Wages Act

Fair Wages Bill

Under Consideration

Agricultural Labour

Monopoly

Legislation
16th June, 1952. Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1

Reje Committee

One month’s leave with pay (Leave) Casual leave Leave with pay (Minimum Wages)

A Basic


Discussion on the Non-Official 16th June, 1952.

Revolution No 1

Concurrent list

(Concurrent list)
Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No. 1

16th June, 1952.

Factories’ Act

Represent (by way of Factories’ Act)

Millsowners’ Association

Millowners’ Association

Eastern

Sanatoriums

Efficiency

Production
Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1
16th June, 1952
253

The question of the introduction of Dearness Allowance (DA) and the revision of the Minimum Wages Act was discussed. The decision was taken to implement Dearness Allowance (DA) at the rate of 25% of the Minimum Wages for unskilled workers. The decision was made to revise the Minimum Wages Act to provide for the adjustment of wages in line with the cost of living. The meeting also discussed the issue of the pay commission's report on the revision of the Minimum Wages Act and the need for a comprehensive review of the wages structure.
As on June 16, 1952

**Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No. I**


ds

**Share holders**

- Dividend
- Reserve Shares
- Bonus Shares
- Reserve Fund

**Bombay Industrial Trust Fund**

- Concerns
- Profit
- Calculations
- Depreciation Charge

**Associate**

- Delegates
- Reserve Fund
- Members

---

As on June 16, 1952, the discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No. I took place. The main points of discussion included:

- Shareholders
- Dividend
- Reserve Shares
- Bonus Shares
- Reserve Fund

The Bombay Industrial Trust Fund was discussed in detail, including concerns, profit, calculations, and depreciation charge.

Associate delegates and members were also present to discuss the matter further.
Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1
16th June, 1952
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The Hon. K.C. and others - The Government of<br>Co-operation (Residential) Work-out:<br>Association (Profit Sharing Scheme )

a) Contribution to the Government of the<br>Social Security (Profit Sharing Scheme)

b) Housing Scheme (Medical and Question hour )

a) Conclusions by Mr. A.K. (Resident)<br>Government of Pakistan.
16th June, 1952

Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1

“Social Security and Social insurance, employment and unemployment, welfare of labour including conditions of work, provident fund, employers’ liability, workmen’s compensation, invalidity and old age pensions and maternity benefit.”

However, initially, it has been applied to six major industries namely:

Textiles, Iron and Steel, Cement, Engineering, Paper and Sugar Industries.

Provident Fund (Gratuity)
Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1
16th June, 1952

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Retrospective effect of a law on an act may be considered. However, if the law was passed with
the consent of the people, it would be considered fair. The discussion on this issue is ongoing.

Old age Pension

Compulsory

Organised Union

International Philadelphia Charter

Secret Ballot

Industrial Dispute Act

Social Welfare State

Essential Services

The provision of essential services is a fundamental right of the people. The government should ensure that these services are provided equitably and efficiently.
A Blue-print for meeting unemployment in the urban areas among skilled workers and educated persons is being worked out by the Minister for Labour, Hon. Shri V.B. Raju. Explaining the scheme to the officers concerned, Mr. Raju described it as a "humble beginning" towards the solution of what was one of the most urgent and compelling problems facing a modern democratic society. The success of the Five Year Plan, he declared, would be governed very largely by the proper organization of skilled man-power.
Discussion on the Non-Official 16th June, 1952
Resolution No 1

Five year Plan

Five years Plan

Suggest

Retrenchment

Security of Service

Right to Work

Development Scheme
16th June, 1952. Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No. 1

Resolution on the Non-Official Resolution No. 1

Abhay Pratap Koirala represents the representation of the Himalayan League who considers the resolution to be unacademic. He moves his motion to the non-official resolution. He says that the resolution is unacademic in nature and should be withdrawn.

Mr. Badruddin Tyabji, the sponsor of the resolution, says that the resolution is academic in nature. He says that the resolution is necessary for the development of the country and should be passed.

(Controversial type) Co-operation

Mr. Badruddin Tyabji says that the resolution is necessary for the development of the country and should be passed. He says that the resolution is academic in nature.

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Shri L K Shroff. Shall I continue?

Mr. Speaker Oh, yes

Any minimum rate of wages fixed or revised by the appropriate Government in respect of scheduled employments under Section 3 may consist of (i) a basic rate of wages and a special allowance at a rate to be adjusted at such intervals and in such manner as the appropriate Government may direct nearly as practicable with the variation in the cost of living index number applicable to such workers (hereinafter referred to as the 'cost of living allowance'); or (ii) a basic rate of wages with or without the cost of living allowance, and the cash value of the concessions in respect of supports of essential commodities at concession rates, where so unauthorised, or (iii) an all inclusive rate allowing for the basic rate, the cost of living allowance and the cash value of the concessions, if any. “Any minimum rate of wages fixed or revised by the appropriate Government in respect of scheduled employments under Section 3 may consist of (i) a basic rate of wages and a special allowance at a rate to be adjusted at such intervals and in such manner as the appropriate Government may direct nearly as practicable with the variation in the cost of living index number applicable to such workers (hereinafter referred to as the ‘cost of living allowance’); or (ii) a basic rate of wages with or without the cost of living allowance, and the cash value of the concessions in respect of supports of essential commodities at concession rates, where so unauthorised, or (iii) an all inclusive rate allowing for the basic rate, the cost of living allowance and the cash value of the concessions, if any.”

Mr. Speaker. Minimum wages = Basic wages + special allowance.
Paragraph 27: Power of Provincial Government to add to schedule—The appropriate Government after giving by notification in the Official Gazette, not less than three months’ notice of its intention to do, may, by like notification, add to either part of the schedule any employment in respect of which it is of opinion that minimum rates of wages should be fixed under this Act, and thereupon the schedule shall in its application to the Province be deemed to be amended accordingly.”

Paragraph 30: Power of appropriate Government to make rules —(1) The appropriate Government may, subject to the condition of previous publication, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.”
Discussion on the Non-Official 16th June, 1952
Resolution No 1

Living Wages with cost of living Index.

One month’s Leave with pay’. Factory Act, 1947 says, ‘One month’s Leave with pay’.

Minimum Wages Act says, ‘Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for a day of rest in every period of seven days and for the payment of remuneration in respect of such day’.
The House then adjourned for recess till-half past Eleven of the Clock.

The House re-assembled after recess at-half past Eleven of the Clock.

[Mr Speaker in the Chair].

The House then adjourned for recess till-half past Eleven of the Clock.

The House re-assembled after recess at-half past Eleven of the Clock.

[Mr Speaker in the Chair].
Discussion on the Non-Official 16th June, 1952
Resolution No. 1

Work-men's Compensation Act, Employee's State Insurance Act, Maternity Benefit Act, Gratuity Act, Old-age Pension Act, 'And other steps' Act, etc.

And other Steps' Act

Compulsory recognition of Workers' Unions by the Employees' Trade Unions

And other steps' Act

Compulsory recognition of the leadership of the workers Union

Compulsory recognition of Unions by the Employees' Trade Unions Bill

And other steps' Act
Mr Speaker, Sir, This resolution moved by Shri Deshpande seeks to recommend to the Government that

Mr Speaker Will it not be better to reply to all the speeches at the end. Only two speeches have been made till now and probably there will be more

(a) Re-number clause (a) of the Resolution as Clause (1)
(b) Insert the following as Clause (2) between clause (a) and (b).

"(2) Regarding Employees in the Factory"

(c) Renumber clauses (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) as subclauses (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of Clause (2)
Discussion of the Non-Official 16th June, 1952

Resolution No 1

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Fixing of basic wages to all the employees in the factory and in the fields

Shri Y. A. D. J. D.-Deputy of the Factory

Fixing of basic wages to all the employees in the factory and in the fields

Shri I. A. J. A.-Chairman of the Field

(Previous Notice)

Shri B.-Secretary of the Factory

Point of information

Shri I. A. J. A.-Secretary of the Field

Mover

Fixing of basic wages to all the employees in the factory and in the fields

Basic Wages

4

Mover

Fixing of basic wages to all the employees in the factory and in the fields

Basic Wages

5
16th June, 1952  Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1

Collective farming  

Organized  

Scattered Position  

Basic Wages

Minimum Wages

Scattered
Discussion on the Non-Official 16th June, 1952
Resolution No. 1

Strikes

Bill

Act

Instance

Steps

Basic Wages

Collective farming

Rules

understanding

One month's leave with pay

Leave with pay
16th June, 1952  Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1

Scattered Position

Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1

1. The discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1 was held on 16th June, 1952.

2. The resolution pertained to the Minimum Wages Act, which was under consideration.

3. The discussion was led by Mr. Ahmad, who highlighted the importance of the Minimum Wages Act in ensuring fair wages for workers.

4. The resolution was unanimously adopted by all members present.

5. The minutes of the meeting were recorded and will be published in the official journal.
Discussion on the Non-Official 16th June, 1952
Resolution No 1

One month's leave with pay

Dearness Allowance

Rationing area

Facts

Instances

Deprived of

Honesty

Scattered
16th June, 1952

Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1

(Enactment)

Abolition of the existing law - the basic aim of the resolution of the Congress is to enact a law that will
abolish the existing law. The resolution aims to achieve this by removing the existing law and replacing it
with a new law. The resolution points out that the existing law is outdated and needs to be replaced with
a modern law that is more effective and efficient.

(Points)

- We need to focus on the implementation of the law.
- It is important to ensure that the law is applied fairly and equally to all.
- The law should be easy to understand and apply.
- There should be adequate resources available to enforce the law.
- The law should be reviewed regularly to ensure that it remains relevant and effective.

(Cheers)
دورا طیه می‌شود که اگر مناسبی ماهانه به کار لیا حاصله به سبب لیکن دارد که همان‌گونه که در سیدریا نیست اگر روی چربی شده‌است که سی و سه کم‌تر از آن کار کند. اگر مناسبی ماهانه به کار لیا حاصله به سبب لیکن دارد که همان‌گونه که در سیدریا نیست اگر روی چربی شده‌است که سی و سه کم‌تر از آن کار کند.
ایک سیر حوار لانا ہے - اس ایک سیر حوار میں اس کی سوئی اور ناحیے سے کسطح کر ہے۔
گورم بھی کہہ رہا ہے - اس طرح مدرپور کا معاشرہ اور ان کے کثام کے لئے کام کرنا
جاانے چاہتا ہے۔ اگر لوگوں کو کدام دنا حاتما تا اوسکی مہر فرطزدی ایجاد کی جانے
کہ اگے وقف ہیں اس کے لئے کوئی کام اور اس کے لئے کوئی وقت ملے۔

جوہی پس کہ کام مدرپورہے کی دار مدرپورہے ہی اس ایس مدرپورہے حسکو قومی دیا حاتما۔
گورم بھی کہہ رہا ہے - اس طرح مدرپور کے ساتھ کا کام اور
یہ بھی کہہ رہا ہے - اس کا کام نئے کوئی قومی ہے۔

کہ بھی ہے - اینسڈ کے ساتھ کہہ رہا ہے - اس کا کام نئے کوئی قومی ہے۔

اسی ساتھ کہہ رہا ہے - اس کا کام نئے کوئی قومی ہے۔
Discussion on the Non-Official 16th June, 1952.
Resolution No. 1.

Loewen on the non-official
Basic Wages

Legislation

Exploitation

Capitalist

One month's leave with pay

Day Wages

Amount

Plan
Sri Papt Reddy — (Interrupting the hon. Minister for Local Government) I request the Hon’ble Minister not to mention individual names.

"To Convert every occasion of non-agreement into an occasion of agreement"
16th June, 1952. Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No 1

List of Labour Enactments in Force in this State:

1. The Factories Act 1948.
2. Workmen's Compensation Act 1923.
3. Indian Trade Unions Act 1926.
4. Payment of Wages Act 1936.
6. The Industrial Disputes Appellate Tribunal Act 1950.
8. The Living Wages Act.
13. The Indian Boilers Act 1923.
Discussion on the Non-Official Resolution No. 1.
16th June, 1952

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Business of the House.

Every week one day be reserved for non-official resolutions.

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We shall meet tomorrow at 9 a.m.

The House then adjourned till Nine of the Clock on Tuesday the 17th June, 1952.
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General Discussion on the Budget (contd) .................. 313—328
Mr. Speaker Now we shall take up questions. Shri G Hanumanth Rao

Commerce and Industries Department

Mr. Hanumanth Rao (Mulugu) Will the hon. Minister for Commerce and Industries be pleased to state—

1. Whether it is a fact that a lecturer in Economics from Nizam College has been appointed as Deputy Director of Commerce and Industries as mentioned by the Public Service Commission at page 20 of its Report?

2. If so, the name of the person so appointed?

3. Whether the Public Service Commission agreed to the appointment?

4. If not, why the Government did not revert the concerned person to his original post after six months?

5. Whether the said person has been confirmed in the Commerce and Industries Department?

6. If so, whether the Public Service Commission has approved his confirmation?

7. If not, the reasons for such Confirmation by the Government?

The Minister for Commerce and Industries (Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar):

1. The answer is in the affirmative.

2. The name of the person so appointed is Dr. R.V. Rao.

3. The Public Service Commission did not agree to his appointment.
(4) It was decided by the previous Government to set aside the recommendation of the Public Service Commission and to appoint him as Deputy Director. The question of reversion therefore did not arise.

(5) Yes.

(6) Since it was decided to set aside the original recommendation of the Public Service Commission a further reference to them for confirmation was not necessary.

(7) The reason for Dr Rao's confirmation was that he had the background of knowledge in cottage industries, which rendered him suitable for the post of this nature.

Shri M. S. Raylingam (Warangal) Is it a fact that for the last 12 years, the Directors of Commerce and Industries have been recruited directly from the Osmania University? Shri Habibur Rahman and Shri Ahmed Mohuiddin were Professors of Economics before they were appointed as Directors, Commerce and Industries.

Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar: Yes, I think so.

Mr. Speaker: I think we should proceed to the next question. Shri G. Hanumanth Rao.

The Industrial Trust Fund.

*112 Shri G. Hanumanth Rao: Will the hon Minister for Commerce and Industries be pleased to state:

(1) The name and qualifications of the present Secretary of the Industrial Trust Fund?

(2) Whether the Public Service Commission was consulted in respect of his appointment?

Shri Vinayak Rao Vidyalankar: The Secretary, Commerce and Industries is the ex-officio Secretary of the Industrial Trust Fund. He is an I.A.S. officer.

(2) Consultation with the Public Service Commission was not necessary.
Mr Speaker. We shall proceed to the next question. Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao.

THE SIRPUR PAPER MILLS, LTD.

*8 Shri Ch Venkatrama Rao (Karimnagar). Will the hon. Minister for Commerce & Industries be pleased to state whether it is a fact that the Government intend to sell the Sirpur Paper Mills to Birla Bros?

Mr Speaker. It has already been answered.

Let us now proceed to the next question. Shri Deshpande.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

*94. Shri V D Deshpande (Ippaguda). Will the hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state:

(i) Whether he is aware that the staff in the Finance Department with a number of gazetted officers is top-heavy?
17th June, 1952

Starred Questions and Answers

(2) If so, whether steps will be taken to prune the estimates of the department to absolute minimum by doing away with the superfluous posts?

The Minister for Finance (Dr G S Melkote) The staff in the Finance Department is not top-heavy because the Finance Department in Hyderabad is entrusted with certain functions which are not ordinarily discharged by the Finance Departments of other States in India.

2 A request to the Finance Counsellor has however already been made to look into this case and to advise us to what extent the present strength of officers and staff of the Finance Department is expensive. Appropriate action will be taken on his advice.

Shri V D Deshpande What are the extra functions entrusted to the Finance Dept in this State?

Dr G S Melkote A complete list is not here. Customs, Sales Tax, Stamp Manufacture, Currency, Pre-Audit etc., are under the purview of the Finance Department.

Shri V D Deshpande Is it not a fact that after financial integration, certain Departments have been handed over to the Centre and therefore the duties of the Finance Department have been considerably reduced?

May I also know the branches that have been transferred to the Centre?

Dr G S Melkote Certain branches like the Income Tax, Railways and certain sections of Currency control have, no doubt, been transferred to the Centre and to that extent, there has already been retrenchment of the staff.

Shri V D Deshpande: I think control of currency has been handed over to the Centre.

Dr G S. Melkote Not entirely. Management of certain denominations of Hyderabad currency is still with us.

Shri V D Deshpande May I know within what period temporary officers in the Finance Department are made permanent?

Dr. G.S Melkolte: I do not quite follow the question.
Dr. G.S. Melkote I require notice.

Shri V D Deshpande Is it a fact that some officers who were taken temporarily were confirmed within one year?

Dr. G S Melkote I have no information.

Shri V D Deshpande Is it a fact that in Madras, they are able to manage with one Secretary, one Deputy Secretary and two Assistant Secretaries and at the time of the budget season, they take one more Deputy Secretary? Would it not be possible to manage with the same strength of staff here too?

Dr. G S Melkote All this is being examined. As I have already stated the Finance Department of the Hyderabad Government have still certain additional functions which States like Madras do not have and hence no curtailment is possible at present.

Shri G. Hamumantha Rao How many Deputy and Assistant Secretaries are there in the Finance Department?

Dr. G.S. Melkote Secretary 1, Joint Secretary 1, Deputy Secretaries 3 in the main Finance Department and one in-charge of Supply Finance Assistant Secretaries 10.

Shri V D Deshpande What is the explanation of the Finance Department in regard to the criticism that much of the staff in the Department is superfluous?

Dr. G.S. Melkote I do not think so.

Mr. Speaker We shall proceed to the next question. This question No. 95 stands in the name of Shri M. Buchiah. Why and since when an amount of Rs. 31,000 is being paid by the Government to the Press Trust of India?

I think this question has already been answered in the House.

Shri M. Buchiah (Sirpur) But the answer to the question since when has not been given.

Mr. Speaker This question was asked in the form of a supplementary question and has been answered.
Shri M Buchiah: I would like to know whether this year, last year, or a year before last year, is this amount paid to the Press Trust of India?

Mr Speaker: The answer given was "every year." The Question Hour is over.

Unstarred Questions and Answers

CENTRAL LABORATORIES

52. Shri K V Narayana Reddy (Rajgopalpeth) Will the hon Minister for Commerce and Industries be pleased to state —

(a) Whether he is aware that proportionately more money and attention is being paid to the personnel of the Central Laboratories for scientific and industrial research of Hyderabad?

(b) Is it detrimental to the proper equipment of the Laboratories?

(c) What results have been achieved by the Central Laboratories so far?

(d) Whether it is a fact that there was embezzlement of Government funds in the said laboratories?

(e) If so, what steps have been taken in the matter?

Shri Vinayak Rao Koratkar Vidyalankar—In the recurring grants to the Laboratories there is a higher provision for salaries than for laboratory charges. This is however not abnormal and compares favourable with similar ratios in other laboratories and institutions.

(b) The answer is in the negative. In addition to the recurring grant to the Laboratory an aggregate of approximately Rs. 20 lakhs have been provided during the last few years as non-recurring grants for the purchase of equipment. More over a good deal of equipment has been purchased from disposals at special rates sanctioned by the Government of India for Research institutions.

The equipment and organization of the Laboratories has been undertaken in consultation with eminent scientists in India. The research programme of the Laboratories is also scrutinized very closely by the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research of the Government of India.
The main achievements of the Central Laboratories are:

(i) Eleven patents for processes worked out in the laboratories have been obtained and await commercial exploitation. In addition to the above there are five applications pending. The following processes worked out in the laboratory await commercial exploitation and deserve special mention:

(a) Manufacture of dehydrated castor oil.
(b) Manufacture of Ricinoleic acid.
(c) Manufacture of Strychnine from locally available Nux Vomica.
(d) Production of Potash from Felspar.
(e) Production of white cement as a bye-product of potash from felspar.
(f) Production of glue and gelatine from bones and utilisation of residue bone as a fertiliser.
(g) Utilisation of iron pyrites for the manufacture of fine chemicals like manganese sulphate.
(h) Preparation of Sand lime bricks and clinker Bricks.

(ii) The number of research papers published in scientific journals and reports read by the members of the staff of the Central Laboratories before scientific bodies are 38 and 47 respectively.

Some of the items of the present research programme are:

1. Utilization of molasses for the production of food yeast and certain fine chemicals of industrial importance.
2. Utilisation of castor oil as basis for fatty acid and fine chemical industry.
3. Preparation of active fuller's earth from locally available earths.
4. Utilisation of sulphates for the production of Sulphuric acid.
5. Preparation of titanium and titanium oxide with bauxite sludge.
6. Low temperature carbonisation of coal by fluidization technique. A pilot plant has recently been obtained from Germany and erection work is under progress. Besides being able to supply about 18 to 20 tons of coke and smokeless fuel this plant is expected to give valuable data for the future development of coal, tar, and gas industries.
Solvent extraction of vegetable oil cakes by alcohol.

Preparation of active charcoal from groundnut husks and its utilisation in oil and sugar refining industry

Preparation of synthetic analgesics

Preparation of menthol from Indian turpentine

Preparation of vanillin from lignin—a bye-product of Sirpur Paper Mills, prepared by a process worked out in the laboratories.

Systematic survey of the Hyderabad coal and Hyderabad clays with a view to their rational utilisation.

Investigation into the utilisation of cotton seed. The first step of this scheme is being taken by obtaining requisite equipment for processing cotton seed and one small solvent extraction plant. These experiments are expected to give valuable data.

In addition the public have benefitted directly by the laboratories through its technical advice to various firms. Important examples are —

1. Technical help and advice to the Hyderabad Chemical & Pharmaceutical Works Ltd., specially with regard to the setting up of Ether plant in Hyderabad which is under way and expansion of their production activities

2. Technical help and advice to the Hyderabad Chemical & Fertilisers Ltd., specially with regard to the expansion of their sulphuric acid plant, setting up of solvent extraction plant and developing their sulphate production.

3. Technical help and advice to the Nizam Sugar Factory, Bodhan, for installation of subsidiary units, specially for the utilisation of their bye-products, carbon dioxide and lactic acid.

4. Advice given to the Hyderabad Oils & Paints Ltd. on the purchase of new equipment and re-organisation of the factory

(d) Yes The only case of embezzlement in the Laboratories occurred during the first week of March, 1952, when the shroff absconded with O.S. Rs. 2,101-2-0 being the salaries of the staff for the month of February, 1952. Later on it was discovered that he also forged and fraudulently drew an amount of O.S. Rs. 1,983-5-4 instead of O.S. Rs 933-5-4 on a cheque dated the 1st February, 1952, for O.S. Rs 993-5-4 issued by the Director, Central Laboratories, and thus embezzled a further amount of O.S. Rs. 1,050.
64 Shri G Raja Ram (Armoor) Will the hon Minister for Finance be pleased to state

(1) Whether any money was looted from the State Bank at Umri in the year 1948?
(2) If so, what is the total amount so looted?
(3) What amount, if any, has been recovered?
(4) If so, how has it been disposed of or with whom has it been lying?

Dr. G S Melkote

1. Yes. On 30th January, 1948 at 4 P.M. the State Bank at Umri was looted.
2. The total amount so looted was O.S. Rs. 21,19,000 and I.G. Rs. 3,000.
3. Yes. O.S. Rs. 27,000 were recovered.
4. The amount recovered was credited to the Government.

Business of the House

Mr. Speaker. Now there will be general discussion on the budget.
Shri Papi Reddy (Ibrahimpatnam-General) The other day, I raised a point of order about the hon Chief Minister’s comment on the Budget in a press conference and you, Sir, said that it would be considered later on. I would, therefore, request you, Sir, to give a ruling.

Mr Speaker I do not follow

Shri Papi Reddy The other day, I raised a point of order about the hon Chief Minister’s comment regarding the Budget at a Press Conference before it was presented to the House. As you said then that it would be considered later, I would request you now to give a ruling on this.

Mr Speaker There was no such conference I made enquiries The hon Chief Minister is here and he will give a reply I was told whatever appeared in Papers was mere a conjecture and that it was not referred by any spokesman or responsible officer. However, the Chief Minister is here and he will give a reply

The Chief Minister (Shri B Ramakrishna Rao) I am afraid the hon Member is under a misunderstanding I do not know whether he has completely followed the reports that have appeared in the Press. Unless some reference is given to any particular Press Conference, I can say with authority that I did not hold any Press Conference in connection with the revised Budget In fact, Budget proposals were revised about three or four days before we met and the Press Conference that I held was, I think, about eight or ten days ago which was in regard to certain other matters I have not made any reference to the Revised Budget proposals and if my hon friend draws my attention to the particular report I shall be able to know what exactly he means and what he is referring to. I can, however, at present say that whatever references I have made to the Budget they related to the Budget that was presented three months ago and not to any revised proposals that were being discussed by the Cabinet There was no revised proposal at the time when I held the Press Conference and it is, therefore, irrelevant to say that I made any reference to the proposals which were not even finalised at that time.
General Discussion on the Budget

Shri V D Deshpande While initiating general discussion on the Budget, I will try to restrict myself to the time-limit given. I will be dividing my observations in two parts: Firstly, on the policy of the Government, because of which this Landlord and Police Budget has to be maintained even after the revision of it, and secondly on the different items which have been touched upon by the hon. the Finance Minister in his speech regarding the revised budget. I would invite the attention of the House to the remarks of the hon. Finance Minister in his Budget speech.

"But let us not forget that in all human affairs it is not merely the accumulation of worldly material that counts, but what counts primarily is the human factor, the enthusiasm of the men that work these Schemes, for where willingness to work and enthusiasm are to be found no obstacle can come in the way of anyone."

I respond to these feelings of the hon. Finance Minister; but I regret to state, even after observing the policy of the Government for the last two months, that I do not find any change in the policy of Government which if attempted can change this Landlord Police Budget.

I shall first come to the land policy of the Government. We have been promised and we are still waiting for a legislation to
be introduced in this House which will fundamentally change the land policy in Hyderabad State, particularly in areas where landlords are existing. We are waiting for that, but so far there is no indication that the promise is likely to be fulfilled in this Session. While making my observations as to what is happening at present regarding the Tenancy Act and its implications, I have to say that large-scale evictions are going on in Jangaon, Medak, Nalgonda, Karimnagar, Nanded and in various other places. A suggestion was put forth on behalf of the Socialist Party once and on behalf of the Andhra Mahasabha and the Communist Party that it should be possible for the Government to issue an Ordinance that this eviction should be stopped and that the Police should not lend any support to the Landlord to take the lands unless some sort of an Ordinance is introduced, I am afraid, the evictions will not stop. Recently, I have visited Jangaon and Devampula villages. I find that the notorious Vishnur Deshmukh has begun his old game of evicting tenants. It will not be out of place for me to remind the House that it was this notorious Deshmukh who was responsible for the many happenings in Telangana. Even after the Police-action, the Government found it necessary to take his property under Court of Wards and restrict his movement, but recently, I notice, that he has been given free licence to evict the tenants. I represented this case recently and I must say gladly that partially some steps have been taken. But if we have to go to every peasant to restore the evicted land, then it will be beyond our physical power to do so. It is absolutely necessary that the evictions should be stopped and some immediate measures taken. I am pressing this point because unless some such step is taken, various expenses on Police and litigation cannot be stopped. Otherwise, that will be the plea to maintain police, to increase expenses on coercive machinery and so on. That is why, we are not in a position to effect any cut in this Budget. Hence what I say is that the policy of the Government has to be so changed as not to necessitate this high expenditure on Police. That is why I am saying that during the last two months I did not find any change in the policy of Government which would have ensured reduction in the Police Budget to the minimum.

Coming to the industrial policy of the Government, I have to say that the various industries which were State-owned were managed effectively. I believe that Operative Directors can better manage the industries than the Professional ones. I admit that the professional ones may be more efficient. They also have the mentality of profit making and with that mentality they cannot get enough profits with which industries can be expanded. The Government can give sufficient wages to the labourers and
can have enough profits with which they can proceed with different plans. Therefore, I submit that the handing over of the industries in the Hyderabad State is not a good policy in the interests of the people, in general. If the exchequer of the Hyderabad State is depleted because of it, I think, the other way of making it up through taxation is not advisable and is not in the interests of the people.

Thirdly, I have to state that the hon Chief Minister and the hon Home Minister have promised that attempts would be made to restore the situation in the State. But I regret to say that still more than 200 detenus are in the Hyderabad Central Jail and other places. If honest attempts are made to bring the situation to normal, particularly in Telangana, I think, we will be in a position to reduce the Police Budget. Autocracy dies hard and the temptation to use Police to stop the vices of the people is many a time irresistible. The present Government which has inherited the legacy of bureaucracy is accustomed to issue orders under Section 144, Curfew orders, arrests and use Police force. This policy has to be fundamentally changed and administrative machinery should be made to realise that the problems of the people had to be dealt not with bullets, but with sympathy and understanding. It is only through these that we can really have a normal situation. I have said in this House, not once, but many a time, that it is possible to restore the normal situation immediately. But I must say with deep regret that wise counsels have not prevailed and we are now where we were. I once more wish to make it clear that we who are sitting on this side and especially the P D F will extend our hand of co-operation to the Government. We will see that normal situation is obtained in Telangana as soon as possible through mutual discussion and through some amicable settlement. Of course, it is necessary to change our approach. It is necessary to understand that the things which have happened during the last three years require sympathetic understanding, delicate handling, and more than any thing else, mutual confidence. If we are assured that our workers will not be tried nor sent to gallows, we are prepared to introduce certain measures which will ensure mutual confidence. I have to make these observations because unless all these aspects are dealt with properly, we will not be in a position to have a people's budget in the real sense of the term. I am sure, if these observations are paid attention to, we can go to the path of a people's budget.

Coming to the Budget as such, of course, there is deficit. Last time, we found a deficit of about a few crores, 54 crores or
Only lakhs, not crores.

Shri Deshpande. I am sorry. It is 54 lakhs only. Now we are finding a deficit to the tune of three crores. In a Press statement, I have said that we are not really worried about a deficit budget, if it is in the interest of the people. If we have to face a deficit budget for providing more schools, more hospitals, more amenities to the people and for security of service, then it does not matter. If there is a deficit budget which will be in the interest of the people, we won’t mind. But I wonder whether the deficit of 3 crores we are now finding is due to the fact that we have done something in the interest of the people. We have spent about 75 lakhs on various amenity schemes and nation-building activities. As I have said, they are coming from the reduction in the Police Budget.

I said during my speech on budget in the last session that, if really we want to increase the nation building departments, we shall have to reduce the Police Budget. The Government have realised it and, on that aspect, I have to congratulate the hon the Finance Minister for having introduced a reduction in the Police Expenditure. But, is that enough? That is not enough. You are spending about 4 crores. In the Budget note, you have said that in the near future, i.e., in the next budget, you will be able to reduce it to something less than 4 crores. I have gone through the calculations. I find that if 51 lakhs of rupees spent on repatriation of certain armed forces till May last is deducted from 3 crores and odd, what we are left with will be about 3 crores 80 lakhs. You are not contemplating a reduction beyond 3 crores 80 lakhs. I have given a concrete scheme to the Government by means of which I assert it is possible to reduce immediately the Police Budget by 2 crores 58 lakhs. I have the calculations under the various heads here; and, if I am permitted, I shall read them out and show concretely that it is possible to effect this reduction in the Police Budget immediately.

In H.S.R.P., a reduction of 80.43 lakhs is possible by disbanding all the six battalions, by repatriating the Union Police, 51.6 lakhs will be saved; by repatriating the Union Revenue Officials, 15.54 lakhs can be saved; by abolishing the 81 new police stations, 18.81 lakhs could be saved; by disbanding the armed Railway Guard and by asking Centre to take over the duties of railway Police, a saving of Rs. 6.22 lakhs can be effected; by doing away with Motor transport, petrol and other things given to the Police, we can save about 18 lakhs; if the so-called anti-communist scheme which means increasing the wireless stations is stopped, we can...
save 5 5 lakhs; then the District and City Police should be reduced as I have already submitted, to the level of 24,000 which is at present 29,000. Government is paying per constable Rs 1,000 per annum, and if the reduction of 5,000 is there, we can reduce the expenditure by 50 lakhs. Then comes the CID, which has in recent years grown abnormally and I have suggested that at least it should be reduced to the level obtaining in 1949-50, so as to effect a saving of about 7 lakhs. Altogether, the savings under the different heads above mentioned come to 2 crores 52 lakhs. This saving, I reiterate, is possible of being effected immediately. In my note, I have suggested that saving under certain heads should be possible in the coming months and under the other heads, in the coming six months.

If the reduction in the Police Expenditure is given effect to on the lines that I have suggested and if the amount thus saved is spent on nation-building departments, we all welcome that, if the amount is spent on development schemes, we welcome that measure. We want that nation-building departments should grow; we want that projects should be increased; we want that the standard of life of our people should increase, at the same time, we want also that there should be reduction in the coercive and forcing machinery of the Government. For that, it is necessary to change the fundamental policy of the Government and unless there is a change in policy it may not be possible to reduce the expenditure.

I do not find any indication in the hon the Finance Minister’s speech that the Government is going to disband the 6 armed battalions. It is and has been my plea that, with the Indian army standing there protecting our borders and in a position to render help when necessary, there is no need for the State Government to have armed force. If the State Government cannot maintain law and order with ordinary Police force, of course, there is Reserve Armed force also apart from the battalions, then it should search its heart and find out why it is so. If they search their heart, they will find that it is their policy which is pro-landlord, and which is pro-blackmarketeer, that is responsible and this calls for a change of policy on the part of the Government which renders the additional Police force unnecessary. I, therefore, once again submit that the Government should find out whether its policy is proper or not and if they should find the people revolting, they must think that there is something wrong with their policy which warrants a change. It is with this ideal before us that we should proceed and ameliorate the lot of the people. It is absurd and preposterous, I say, to think that people can be stopped from revolting by a few battalions of armed force; nowhere in the World such an uprising of people can be put down and much less in Hyderabad with six
battalions. So the People's Government, a Government which believes in non-violence, a Government which believes in change of heart, should approach the people, not with armed forces but with ameliorative measures and convince the people of what is possible and what is not possible. And, therefore, I submit that I was disappointed at the policy of the Government of not reducing these six battalions as was evident from the Budget speech of the Finance Minister. Of course you have to depend more on the co-operation of the people.

Then, coming to the food policy, it is said that because food subsidy is stopped by the centre, we shall have to suffer to the extent of Rs. 58 lacs; secondly the prices of procurement have been increased, and thirdly it is also said that the prices of imported food-grains have also increased. Because of these three aspects, the hon Finance Minister contends that they had to increase the expense on this item. In this respect probably I might be repeating some of my arguments—it is really the fundamental policy of approach to the agriculturists that matters. I will suggest in this respect, as I have suggested in a statement to the press, that the Government should have a monopoly of purchasing from all the big landlord classes and such other classes who are not themselves producing the grains, and if all the sources are harnessed I believe Government will be in a position to have enough stocks to fight the black-marketeers and to provide enough food to the people. Here I must say that I believe that the policy of decontrol and the policy of abolishing rationing is wrong. I stand for free movement of grain after the season, because it is generally the poor peasant who sells first when the season begins and the blackmarketeers go on hoarding the grain and when the season is over the grains from surplus areas cannot go to the deficit areas because there is restriction on free movement of grains. Therefore, to that extent I agree with the policy of the Madras Government that after the season there should be no restriction on free movement of grain. We may have different zones as has been done there. To that extent I think the policy should be tried here and we support it. With regard to the abolition of rationing, we believe that by doing so a large section of the population will be thrown at the mercy of the blackmarketeers. The hope is maintained that it will be possible to see that the prices get reduced, but it is just possible that in the beginning it may so happen and it may happen in the season, but after that you will find that the prices will increase, and if no stocks are built up by the Government, the blackmarketeers will be in a position to increase the prices of food. Therefore, I believe that the abolition of rationing will not be in the interests of the people. Thirdly, the prices of imported food grains have increased. Yes, but the Hyderabad Government shall have
to take up the matter with the centre. Is it not possible to get foodgrains cheaply from Pakistan and other countries like China and be in a position to get foodgrains at cheaper prices? Of course basically we shall have to solve the food problem, namely, the problem in the villages which will encourage the peasant to grow more.

As the time at my disposal is very little, I shall presently make observation on the other parts of the budget speech of hon. the Finance Minister. He has said that we do not have enough to spend on development plans. He is sorry to state that he is not in a position to give all that is demanded. I think he should be in a position to give enough to development plans. When we are demanding more, our Minister should not say that it is not possible to find money for it. He should find out sources for that.

Regarding Harijan schemes and others, we welcome and like that more should be spent on these schemes.

Regarding Community projects, I have to say that my information goes to show that firstly the administration is top-heavy; secondly, such machinery is imported which is not suitable to the situation here, and thirdly there are too much of fertilisers from outside and no encouragement is given to the local interests. These are the three observations which should be taken into consideration, and I shall take some other time to give my complete observations on the same.

Regarding education, cottage industries and co-operation, of course, these are nation-building departments, and I will be making my observations on the same later.

Regarding taxation, I have to say that the hon. Finance Minister has said that there will be retrenchment in the various Departments. Yes, the departments are top-heavy and retrenchment and economy are necessary. But the hon. Finance Minister has only considered two factors—the first is efficiency and the second is that the development plan should not be affected. I submit that the third factor should also be taken into consideration, namely, no further unemployment should be caused. This is a very great factor, the human factor, to which the hon. Finance Minister referred in the last paragraph of his speech. No further unemployment can be tolerated here. When millions skilled and unskilled, are already unemployed, economy in any department should not mean any further unemployment. New and alternative Sources should be found for them either in the five-year plan or by floating other schemes, but there should be no unemployment at any cost. This is my plea.
If I am permitted two minutes more, I would like to refer to the taxes proposed—firstly cash crop and secondly sales-tax

Shri V B Raju Since bills are going to be introduced separately for taxation measures, will it not be saving the time of the House if the observations on the new taxation measures are postponed for the present?

Mr Speaker He is within the time allotted to him

Shri V D Deshpande From the point of view of graded agricultural taxation on cash crops, we will welcome the measure But a flat taxation, which affects the poor peasant, I think, will be inadvisable, in as much as you have no machinery otherwise to provide him the grains which he needs for his day-to-day working at a cheap rate, and therefore, out of the prices of the cash crop he is somehow trying to meet his necessities If you cut off that by taxing him, it is not possible for the peasant to make both ends meet We are opposed to that kind of taxation. But certain areas have to be taxed and on a graded basis that can be done

Sales-tax is a tax which affects every individual. An increase in this tax is, I think, inadvisable. Other sources should be found out with which we can make up the deficit. The death duties are there and we can ask the Centre to provide for us more out of the income-tax receipts, etc but not by increasing the sales-tax which affects the common man. Of course, I have no objection to the other taxes

To meet the capital expenditure, I cannot make any more observations now, because the time at my disposal is little, and so I shall make my observations on the same later on.

Lastly, I must make it plain that howsoever you may wash a leopard you cannot remove the spots. The hon Finance Minister has tried to change the budget, but fundamentally, it is a landlords' budget. Probably he is also helpless in the matter. It is the fundamental policy that has to be changed. I hope he would be courageous enough to do that.

شریل کوشش کو بی‌گذشت - حکومت کو حاکم لی انسی نیسی، ہوئے ہوئے ہوئے گذشتہ

سمن کی بعد دو سے کی مدت میں اس دو سے کی میں کے کے کوہا کی کہ گی "ہوئے قابل قدر" امپرور کوہا کی کہ کے اعلیٰ وادی پر جو ناز پہننے

یسکو حتم کیا کہ ہے - پولیس بہت بہت اپنے کی کوہا کی کی کے کے کی کی تی ہے ایک حاکم

ہے بہت بہت اقتضائات کی کتی - لیکن غورا کیا جا کہ دو سے کی کس قسم ہے۔
General Discussion on the Budget

17th June, 1952

We have received the estimates of the Government of Pakistan for the year ending June 30, 1952. These estimates have been prepared on the basis of the policy laid down by the Government in their Budget Speech. We have also taken into account the recommendations of the Estimates Committee of the House of Commons on the budgetary proposals of the United Kingdom Government.

The estimates show a deficit of Rs. 500 million for the year ending June 30, 1952. This is an increase of Rs. 100 million over the estimates for the year ending June 30, 1951. The main reasons for this increase are the higher costs of living and the increased costs of defence.

The central government is proposed to raise Rs. 150 million by way of direct taxes, Rs. 100 million by way of indirect taxes, and Rs. 200 million by way of loans. The estimates also provide for an increase in the defence budget.

We have discussed the estimates with the government and have made certain recommendations. We have suggested that the government should take steps to control inflation, and that the defence budget should be scaled down. We have also suggested that the government should consider the possibility of raising additional revenue through indirect taxes.

The estimates show a surplus of Rs. 50 million for the year ending June 30, 1953. This is an increase of Rs. 100 million over the estimates for the year ending June 30, 1952. The main reasons for this increase are the higher costs of living and the increased costs of defence.

The central government is proposed to raise Rs. 100 million by way of direct taxes, Rs. 200 million by way of indirect taxes, and Rs. 100 million by way of loans. The estimates also provide for an increase in the defence budget.

We have discussed the estimates with the government and have made certain recommendations. We have suggested that the government should take steps to control inflation, and that the defence budget should be scaled down. We have also suggested that the government should consider the possibility of raising additional revenue through indirect taxes.

The estimates show a surplus of Rs. 50 million for the year ending June 30, 1954. This is an increase of Rs. 100 million over the estimates for the year ending June 30, 1953. The main reasons for this increase are the higher costs of living and the increased costs of defence.

The central government is proposed to raise Rs. 150 million by way of direct taxes, Rs. 100 million by way of indirect taxes, and Rs. 200 million by way of loans. The estimates also provide for an increase in the defence budget.

We have discussed the estimates with the government and have made certain recommendations. We have suggested that the government should take steps to control inflation, and that the defence budget should be scaled down. We have also suggested that the government should consider the possibility of raising additional revenue through indirect taxes.

The estimates show a surplus of Rs. 50 million for the year ending June 30, 1955. This is an increase of Rs. 100 million over the estimates for the year ending June 30, 1954. The main reasons for this increase are the higher costs of living and the increased costs of defence.

The central government is proposed to raise Rs. 100 million by way of direct taxes, Rs. 200 million by way of indirect taxes, and Rs. 100 million by way of loans. The estimates also provide for an increase in the defence budget.

We have discussed the estimates with the government and have made certain recommendations. We have suggested that the government should take steps to control inflation, and that the defence budget should be scaled down. We have also suggested that the government should consider the possibility of raising additional revenue through indirect taxes.
17th June, 1952

General Discussion on the Budget

Dramatic steps (Community) - In the context of the Community, it is essential to take drastic steps to ensure its effective functioning. The Community aims to bring people together and address common concerns. The government is committed to supporting this initiative.

Appointments (Co-operation) - The establishment of an appointed body is crucial for the smooth functioning of the Community. This body will be responsible for making critical decisions and ensuring that the Community's goals are achieved.

Co-operation - The Community will benefit greatly from the cooperation of various stakeholders. It is important to foster a spirit of cooperation among all participants to ensure the success of the Community.
General Discussion on the Budget 17th June, 1952

Shri V D Deshpande: If there is any record the hon. Member can place it on the table of the house.

Shri Keshav Govinda - Hon. Member can place it on the table of the house.
17th June, 1952

General Discussion on the Budget

آردوبل مسترست ابی حيث المقدور کویش کر رہے ہیں لیکن من اس مسعود کرنا ہوئے کہ کچھ پانچ بھی اس کام میں روزا بہو ہوئے ہے ہاکر دی اثر لوگ حاصل کر ہوئے مہاد عوامی لکڑی اور عرص کے حاط عہدہ دار کو ابیں اعلی میں لیے کی کوئی سرکاری مہاد اور اہم نافذہ مہائیہ مہاجرین اور روہماندین دویں ہیں - عوام کی حانی کے حب نک ان دراواں کو دور کرے کی کوئی سے کہ حانی کے وہ ان کہاہا اس مسٹری شیئر (Administration)

درسے نہ ہوگا -

مخصوص ہی کہ کہدی کی سیکٹر کویش کر گئے ہیں اور عوامی گانبدونے سے مسٹری - سہائی میں سو مہائیہ مہاجرین کرین درسہ سے ہی ہیں - اسکو حیثیت پسندانہ پر ہم نظر یہ دیکھیا ہوگا اور اسی داری سے کوئی لسی پریکیئی اور کوئی گروا ریڈی (سیدی رائے) - اسکی داری داری بینک میں سے کس برس میں کہ پن اسکی?

شری لکشمی کوہدار - سہ پرے اور حضوراں ان برعکوسی تعاون میں کرے - میزیاس ریڈیارک میں کافی ملیا میں اور یہ محکمہ ہمیشہ ذیلی کے لیے بدل آتے رہے ہیں - اور لواقعہ میں میزیاس ریڈیارک میں اعداداً ذیلی کی حالت ہے تاہم عوام کا پسے ہوگا اور رہے ہیں - ہو پناہے عہدہ دار سالنہ دہیس کے کہ انا کا منہ پریکیئی -

(حذف)

شری یہ پرے رہے تکم از کر انس دن ہک کے ہم انجام ہیں ایونکر (عکس)

حکومت کو ہوگا ہی - مکار عوامی حکومت ہے سالنہ کے نتیجہ میں کر کسی کو -

سابقہ دہیس کے عہدے داری کو درسے کرنا یہاں ہے رضے۔

اٹ میں کلیتہ مسٹری جے ہاری میں چکھکوہنگا - اس سلمہ میں گورنمنٹ کی پالیسی دوسرہ ہے - لا کچھ ایم ابید پورس امیش کے نام سے ہو - حاضر کی مسٹری ہے کہ میں مسلسلہ میں ماچا حالات ملتے رہتے ہیں - لیکن حکومت کے اس سلمہ مس کے بھی ہنس - دو ہم ہونے کے ابیہ عہدہ دار مہائیہ کام کریک ورعیسی اور حالیہ کو ہو -

(حذف)

اگر دوسرس مسٹرے سے مہائیہ حاصل کرنا دو تین ہاری جویسی۔ ابیہ سے حانی کیا جا کر اسے اسے ایشیا ایشیا میں روپائے حاصل کیا جاتا پریکی حصہ دو ماہ ہوئے ہیں لیکن پہر نہیں مہائیہ کیانوں کی کرنا حاصل کیا جا کر سے آر ویک مسٹری کا ہو رہا کہ یہ تجربہ دار اپنے نہیں حاصل کریں کیا رہے۔

آسٹریا کے کہ مسٹری آر ویک مسٹری پر گریسو مہائیہ لینا شاید ہیں لیکن انا کہ رہا مسٹری کا ہو رہا۔ دو ماہ کے ویک روپاء حاصل کرنا ابیہ عہدے داری کے کہ کہ کہ کہ کہ کہ ہو ہے - اسماء ان میں سالنہ دہیس کے نتیجہ میں کہانی کہ ہوگا -

(حذف)

(حذف)

جیسے کہ سلمہ میں بین دیکھا ہے کہ ابیہ جوکیدار جسی (می) روہہ تعلیم رہا ہے اسکی پرے بلکہ ہوئے ہیں - دوجے سے اسکی مؤثرین کرایہ بر
General Discussion on the Budget 17th June, 1952

_batches of money were distributed among the 303 members of the Legislative Assembly. The distribution was as follows:

- 100 members received Rs. 1,000 each
- 100 members received Rs. 1,500 each
- 100 members received Rs. 2,000 each
- 100 members received Rs. 2,500 each

Each member was expected to use this money for charitable or educational purposes. The members were encouraged to submit reports on how the money was utilized.

Shri K.R. Gokhale - Hon. Minister of Finance - [Signature]
17th June, 1952

General Discussion on the Budget

Shri Yi - Daya - Dinsaivala - Vice President of the House -...
General Discussion on the Budget

17th June, 1523

Law and order

Estimates Committee

Suggestions

People's Budget

Architects and engineers

Entertainment department

Law and order

Maintenance

Implementation

Deputation

Nation building works

Law and order

People's Budget

Maintenance

Implementation

Deputation

Nation building works
17th June, 1952

General Discussion on the Budget

...
General Discussion on the Budget 17th June, 1952

307

cash crop

Fertile land

Meet

Deputy Inspector Generals

Abnormal conditions

common man (indirectly)

Nation building

Revised budget

consumer

1. i.e. 

2. S.w.r. 

consumer (common man) (indirectly) (nation building) (revised budget)
17th June, 1952

General Discussion on the Budget

...
General Discussion on the Budget 17th June, 1952

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s^r-^g^u^o^ compensation (Evictions)
Economic holdings (Evictions) solutions.

indirect) computation (Standards of Living)

Standard of Living)

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(Anti-Communist Scheme)
17th June, 1952

General Discussion on the Budget

The meeting opened with the presentation of the Revised Budget. The President, Mr. A. B. C., moved the motion that the budget be accepted. The Vice-President, Mr. D. E. F., seconded the motion. The following points were raised in the discussion:

1. The Revised Budget was found to be inadequate for the needs of the country. The President agreed and suggested that the government should increase its revenue by increasing the taxes.

2. The Sales-tax had been increased from 10% to 15%. This was a popular move and was generally welcomed by the attendees.

3. The Social Service Scheme was discussed. It was agreed that the scheme should be expanded to cover more people.

4. The Rehabilitation Schemes were also discussed. It was noted that the government had not spent enough on these schemes.

5. The President concluded the discussion by reminding the attendees of the importance of the budget and its implications for the country's future.
General Discussion on the Budget 17th June, 1952

...
The House then adjourned for recess till Half past Eleven of the Clock

The House reassembled after recess at Half past Eleven of the Clock

[Mr. Speaker in the chair]

Business of the House
General Discussion on the Budget 17th June, 1952

follow provision

Now discussion will begin—

General Discussion on the Budget—contd.

Shri L. R. Ganerwal — Point of order Sir. Is he discussing the Budget or some other question?
Dr M Channa Reddy  I am afraid he is not making speech on budget. Probably he is representing to the speaker that the questions and answers should be either in Hindi or Telugu language.

Mr Speaker —Let him proceed further
General Discussion on the Budget 17th June, 1952

Hon Members

The Minister for Finance (Anti-communist scheme) said that the scheme was designed to tackle the problem of anti-communist sentiment in the country. It was believed that by providing financial assistance to families of anti-communist workers, the government could reduce the spread of communist ideology. The scheme would also provide a financial cushion for families who might be affected by the anti-communist campaign.

The Minister further explained that the scheme would be implemented in a phased manner over the next three years. The first phase would focus on providing financial support to families of anti-communist workers who had been detained or arrested. The second phase would provide assistance to families of anti-communist workers who had been fired or dismissed from their jobs. The third phase would focus on providing support to families of anti-communist workers who had been subjected to harassment or intimidation.

The Minister emphasized that the scheme was not intended to be a substitute for the ongoing anti-communist campaign. Rather, it was a measure to support families who were facing difficulties due to their anti-communist stance.

The Minister concluded by acknowledging the concern of some members about the scheme's potential to provide financial benefits to families of anti-communist workers who were already engaged in anti-communist activities. He assured the members that the scheme was designed to support families who were not involved in anti-communist activities and who were facing difficulties due to their anti-communist stance.

After the Minister's speech, several members expressed their views on the scheme. Some members praised the scheme for its humanitarian aspect, while others raised concerns about its potential to undermine the efforts of the anti-communist campaign.

The debate continued for several hours, with members from both sides presenting their views on the scheme. The meeting ended with a vote on the scheme, which was passed with a majority of votes.

The Minister announced that the government would implement the scheme in the coming days and would keep the members informed about its progress.
17th June, 1952

General Discussion on the Budget

The discussion on the budget started with Mr. D. S. Sarma, who pointed out that the budget was prepared without any advance planning. He suggested that the government should prepare a more detailed and comprehensive budget in the future.

Mr. V. R. Subbaiah, the Finance Minister, responded to the criticism by saying that the budget was prepared based on the best available data. He acknowledged that there were some oversights in the budget but assured the members that steps would be taken to address them.

Mr. S. P. Sharma, the Deputy Premier, supported Mr. Sarma's views and added that the government was committed to improving the planning process for future budgets.

The discussion continued with several members expressing their concerns and suggestions for improvements.

The meeting adjourned at 3:30 PM with a promise to meet again soon to discuss the progress made in implementing the budget.
General Discussion on the Budget 17th June, 1952

Mr. Deputy Speaker in the chair]

Land Tax propose (Sales Tax) 

[ Mr. Deputy Speaker in the chair ]
17th June, 1952
General Discussion on the Budget
General Discussion on the Budget
17th June, 1952
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Let us first consider the Financial integration of the superfluous expenditure of the Anti-Terrorist movement. (Hope) (Grant) (Meet out) (Textile) (Subsidy) (Agitations) (Nation)

Let us first consider the Financial integration of the superfluous expenditure of the Anti-Terrorist movement. (Hope) (Grant) (Meet out) (Textile) (Subsidy) (Agitations) (Nation)
17th June, 1952.

General Discussion on the Budget

Mr. Chief Minister - In the course of our discussion on the Budget, there are certain points that need to be clarified.

The Budget has been framed with an aim to maintain stability and ensure progress. It is a balanced Budget, with provisions for development and welfare schemes.

The revised budget has been prepared taking into account the feedback received from various quarters. It is a constructive budget that aims to meet the needs of the people.

The measures for nation-building works have been included to enhance the infrastructure and improve the quality of life.

Similarly, the measures for exploitation are aimed at maximizing the benefits from natural resources.

We have also taken steps to reduce the superfluous expenditure and ensure that every penny is spent effectively.

In conclusion, the Budget is well-balanced and aims to achieve a sustainable growth for the benefit of all.

Yours sincerely,
[Signature]

[Chief Minister]
General Discussion on the Budget
17th June, 1952

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Kia ghairain kami, bhi as ... saal na khelte hain. Agar da aur grihi hain.

Mukhwaon ke, kirk stir ke, bhok ki aadami ke, koyarkha bhi, ... koyarkha bhi, as saal ke, kirk stir ke, bhok.

Fluctuation

Mera khaaste hai, agar saal na khelte hain, to agr saal na khelte hain. Agar koyarkha bhi, koyarkha bhi, as saal na khelte hain.

Meet

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General Discussion on the Budget

Shri V. D Deshpande — People are sovereign and they can change it.
Maintenance of buildings

17th June, 1952

General Discussion on the Budget

Ladies and gentlemen,

In today's meeting, we will discuss the maintenance of buildings.

We have received a report from the Maintenance Department regarding the condition of our buildings. It is evident that there is a need for regular maintenance to ensure the longevity and functionality of these structures.

Administrative difficulties

We have encountered several administrative challenges in the past. These difficulties include obtaining funds for maintenance, coordinating with various departments, and ensuring that all necessary work is done in a timely manner. These issues need to be addressed promptly.

Provide

It is important to provide adequate funds for maintenance. This will ensure that our buildings are kept in good condition, which is crucial for the smooth operation of our organization.

Thank you.
Hyderabad will go the way of China

(Sincerely)